

(A Component Unit of the City of Florence, Oregon)

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Year Ended June 30, 2016

(A Component Unit of the City of Florence, Oregon)

Annual Financial Report

Year Ended June 30, 2016

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

(A Component Unit of the City of Florence, Oregon)

June 30, 2016

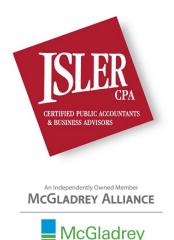
# BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Term Expires December 31,

Joshua Greene, Chair, City of Florence Council Member	2017
John Scott, Vice-Chair	2016
Joe Henry, City of Florence Mayor	2016
Ron Priesler, City of Florence Council Member	2016
Ron Caputo	2016
Mike Webb	2015
Patricia Riley	2016
Woody Woodbury	2016
Dave Braley	2015

FINANCIAL SECTION

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



Board of Directors Florence Urban Renewal Agency Florence, Oregon

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Florence Urban Renewal Agency (the Agency), a component unit of the City of Florence, Oregon, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Agency's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Agency's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund as of June 30, 2016, and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# **Other Matters**

# Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the management's discussion and analysis in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the management discussion and analysis because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

## Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Agency's basic financial statements. The introductory section and other supplemental information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements.

The other supplemental information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion the other supplemental information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

## **Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**

In accordance with the Minimum Standards of Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, we have issued our report dated on February 27, 2017 our consideration of the Agency's compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on compliance.

Isler CPA

Paul R Nielson

by Paul Nielson, CPA, a member of the firm Eugene, Oregon February 27, 2017

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FLORENCE URBAN RENEWAL AGENCY

## Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016

This Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is presented to facilitate financial analysis and provide an overview of the financial activities of the Florence Urban Renewal Agency (the Agency) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. Information in the MD&A is based on currently known facts, decisions and conditions. Please read it in conjunction with the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes to those financial statements. All amounts in thousands unless stated otherwise.

## FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Agency's assets totaled \$109 on at June 30, 2016, and consisted mainly of cash and cash equivalents of \$86.
- The Agency's liabilities totaled \$1,691 at June 30, 2016, and consisted mainly of long-term debt of \$1,575.
- Net position (assets minus liabilities) was a deficit of \$1,582 at June 30, 2016. Net position decreased by \$(446).
- As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Agency's two funds reported a combined fund balance of \$16, a decrease of \$501.
- Revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, totaled \$332 and consisted mainly of property taxes of \$328.

## **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The Agency's basic financial statements are presented using the integrated approach as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34. The basic financial statements are comprised of three components:

- 1. Government-wide financial statements
- 2. Fund financial statements
- 3. Notes to the basic financial statements

The Agency has combined the government-wide and fund financial statements using a columnar format that reconciles individual line items of fund financial data to government-wide data in a separate column.

The basic financial statements present financial information about the Agency as a whole and about its activities. Following the basic financial statements is the Schedule of Property Tax Transactions and the report by the independent certified public accountants, as required by statute.

## **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are comprised of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities and are designed to present the financial picture of the Agency in a manner similar to a private-sector business (i.e. from the economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting).

The Statement of Net Position includes all assets of the Agency (including infrastructure) as well as all liabilities (including long-term debt). Net position is the difference between assets and liabilities, which is one way to measure the Agency's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Agency's net position may be an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flow. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes).

## Fund Financial Statements

Funds are used to segregate resources for specific activities or objectives. The Agency has two governmental funds: the General Fund and the Urban Renewal Debt Service Fund.

The Governmental Funds' statements emphasize available financial resources rather than net income. They are prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting.

### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide information that is essential for a full understanding of the data presented in the government-wide and fund financial statements (the basic financial statements). Information such as significant accounting policies and detail of certain assets and liabilities are included in the notes that should be read in conjunction with the basic financial statements.

## **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

#### Statements of Net Position

The Agency's liabilities exceeded assets by \$1,582 at June 30, 2016. The largest portions of its net position were capital assets net of related debt and cash and cash equivalents. A condensed version of the Statement of Net Position follows:

Amounts in thousands	2016	2015
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Property Taxes Receivable Total assets	\$86 	\$
Liabilities Note payable Other liabilities Total liabilities	1,575 <u>116</u> 1,691	1,665 
Net Position Restricted for debt service Unrestricted	87 (1,669)	(1,136)
Total net position	<u>\$ (1,582)</u>	<u>\$ (1,136)</u>

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Agency reports a negative balance in unrestricted net position. There was an increase in total net position of \$(446). Long-term debt decreased by \$90. This is a result the Agency making scheduled debt payments.

# Statements of Activities

The Agency's Statements of Activities for fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, follows:

Amounts in thousands	2016	2015		
Revenues General Revenues: Property taxes Investment earnings	\$ 328 1	\$		
Miscellaneous	332			
Expenses Economic development Interest expense	692 86	43 112		
Total expenses	778	155		
Increase (decrease) in net position	(446)	162		
Net position, beginning of the year	(1,136)	(1,298)		
Net position, end of the year	<u>\$ (1,582)</u>	<u>\$ (1,136)</u>		

The cost of the Agency's economic development activities totaled \$692 for the year, an increase of \$649 over the prior fiscal year.

## Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Agency uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental funds.** The focus of the Agency's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of expendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Agency's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Agency's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$16, a decrease of \$501.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Agency. At the end of the current fiscal year, the fund balance of the General Fund was \$(71) deficit, a decrease of \$334 during the current fiscal year.

## DEBT ADMINISTRATION

At June 30, 2016, the Agency had \$1,575 outstanding in a loan. The line was drawn on to refinance a 2011 loan for improvements in the Old Town Urban Renewal District. The debt balance at June 30, 2015 was \$1,665 and principal payments of \$1,665 were made during the year.

For more detailed information on the Agency's long-term debt, refer to accompanying notes to the financial statements.

## **ECONOMIC FACTORS**

The Urban Renewal Agency continues to be an important partner in economic development within the City of Florence, providing necessary infrastructure improvements to support continued growth and quality of service to those within the Agency's boundaries. Increasing property values within the boundaries of the Agency translate into increasing tax increment available. That tax increment is used to pay debt service on loans issued to fund projects and improvements.

Agency expenditures are based on the Urban Renewal Plan appropriately titled Florence Downtown Preservation and Renewal Plan adopted on August 14, 2006 with the passing of Ordinance No. 7, Series 2006. The vision of the Agency is to preserve and revitalize the Downtown Area as the primary cultural, tourist, commercial and community core to serve all of Florence's citizens and visitors by encouraging continuing growth, development and enhancement consistent with Florence's small-town ambiance and character.

## NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The Agency's General Fund budget for fiscal year 2016-17 includes debt proceeds of \$1.725 million, representing the final draw on the intergovernmental loan from the City of Florence. Project expenditures include \$1.3 million for capital outlay for the ReVision Florence project (\$600,000), development projects (\$500,000), artwork (\$125,000) and sidewalks (\$75,000). Additionally, \$249,300 is budgeted for materials and services including \$166,800 to reimburse the City for staff support to operate the Agency and its programs and projects. Other programs funded include a parking study and design assistance.

Property taxes are projected to increase to \$0.36 million. Property taxes are used to pay the Agency's debt service, which is budgeted at \$0.13 million, representing the first payment on the City's semi-annual debt service payments. Subsequent annual debt service requirements are estimated at \$0.256 million.

#### **Financial Contact**

The Agency's financial statements are designed to present users (citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors) with a general overview of the Agency's finances and to demonstrate the Agency's accountability. If you have questions about the report or need additional financial information, please contact the City's Finance Department at info@ci.florence.or.us.

# **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

### Governmental Funds Balance Sheet / Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2016

ASSETS	General Fund		Debt Service Fund		Total		Adjustments		_	tatement of et Position
Cash and cash equivalents Property taxes receivable	\$	_ 22,910	\$	86,636 -	\$	86,636 22,910	\$	-	\$	86,636 22,910
Total assets	\$	22,910	\$	86,636	\$	109,546		-		109,546
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable and accrued expenses Due to City of Florence Accrued interest payable	\$	8,442 64,378 -	\$	- - -	\$	8,442 64,378 -	\$	- - 773	\$	8,442 64,378 43,773
Long-term debt: Due within one year Due in more than one year		-		-		-	56,0 1,518,5			56,058 1,518,579
Total liabilities		72,820				72,820	1,618,4	410		1,691,230
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	;									
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		21,105				21,105	(21,	<u>105)</u>		
FUND BALANCES / NET POSITION										
Fund balances: Restricted for debt service Unassigned		- (71,015)		86,636		86,636 (71,015)	(86,6 71,0			
Total fund balances		(71,015)		86,636		15,621	(15,6	<u>521)</u>		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	22,910	<u>\$</u>	86,636	\$	109,546				
Net position: Restricted for debt service Unrestricted							86,6 <u>\$ (1,668,3</u>		\$	86,636 (1,668,320)

Adjustment to unavailable revenue is because the focus of governmental funds is on short-term financing, some assets, such as receivables, will not be available to pay for current-period expenditures. Receivables are offset by unavailable revenue in the governmental funds, and thus are not included in the fund balance. Receivables are not offset in the Statement of Net Position

Adjustment to accrued interest payable and long-term debt are due to long-term liabilities applicable to the Agency's governmental activities that are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are reported in the Statement of Net Position.

## Statement of Governmental Fund Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance / Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total	Adjustments	Statement of Activities
GENERAL REVENUES					
Property taxes Interest income Miscellaneous Income	\$	\$ 326,617 946 -	\$ 327,845 1,382 <u>3,025</u>	\$ (150) 	\$ 327,695 1,382 <u>3,025</u>
Total revenues	4,689	327,563	332,252	(150)	332,102
URBAN RENEWAL EXPENDITURES/ EXPENSES					
Economic development Debt service:	448,823	242,897	691,720	-	691,720
Principal Interest expense	-	1,665,000 50,867	1,665,000 50,867	(1,665,000) 35,448	- 86,315
Total expenditures/expenses	448,823	1,958,764	2,407,587	(1,629,552)	778,035
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures / expenses	(444,134)	(1,631,201)	(2,075,335)	1,629,402	(445,933)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/(USES) Loan proceeds	110,349	1,464,288	1,574,637	(1,574,637)	
Total other financing sources	110,349	1,464,288	1,574,637	(1,574,637)	
Change in fund balance/net position	(333,785)	(166,913)	(500,698)	54,765	(445,933)
Fund balance / net position:					
Beginning of year	262,770	253,549	516,319	(1,652,070)	(1,135,751)
End of year	<u>\$ (71,015)</u>	<u>\$ 86,636</u>	<u>\$ 15,621</u>	<u>\$ (1,597,305)</u>	<u>\$ (1,581,684)</u>

Adjustment to property tax revenue for the change in unavailable revenues reported on the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the governmental fund.

Adjustment to interest expense and debt service principal payments is due to long-term liabilities applicable to the Agency's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are reported in the Statement of Net Position.

Adjustment to loan proceeds is because the focus of governmental funds is on short-term financing, an increase in outstanding debt is recognized as an inflow of resources as it is available to pay for current-period expenditures. Additions to long-term debt are not included on the Statement of Activities; they are recognized in the long-term debt balance on the Statement of Net Position.

# GENERAL FUND Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Bu	dget		
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Budget
Revenues:				
Property taxes Investment earnings Other revenue	\$- 8,300 	\$ 	\$  1,228 436 <u>3,025</u>	\$ 1,228 (7,864) <u>3,025</u>
Total revenues	8,300	8,300	4,689	(3,611)
Expenditures:				
Materials and services Capital Outlay Contingency	251,250 1,025,000 1,074,250	251,250 1,025,000 1,074,250	320,254 128,569 	(69,004) 896,431 1,074,250
Total expenditures	2,350,500	2,350,500	448,823	1,901,677
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(2,342,200)	(2,342,200)	(444,134)	1,898,066
Other financing sources:				
Loan proceeds Net change in fund balance	<u>2,150,000</u> (192,200)	<u>2,150,000</u> (192,200)	<u>110,349</u> (333,785)	<u>(2,039,651)</u> (141,585)
Fund balance:				
Beginning of year End of year	<u>    192,200  </u> \$        -	<u> </u>	<u>262,770</u> \$ (71,015)	70,570 \$ (71,015)

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016

## Note I - Summary of significant accounting policies

### A. Organization

Florence Urban Renewal Agency (the Agency) was organized in 2006 under the provisions of ORS Chapter 457 as the urban renewal agency in the City of Florence, Oregon ("City"), responsible for implementing various public improvement programs as identified in the City Center Revitalization Plan. The Agency's Board of Directors is appointed by the City of Florence City Council.

The "tax increment financing" method is being used to provide funds for the Agency. Under this method, a base year value within the urban renewal area is established (2007, in this case). Any increase in the assessed value over that base year cannot be used by the assessor to compute tax rates for local taxing bodies. The assessor computes the tax rate on the base year value of the area, then applies that rate to the increase in assessed value. The tax on the increased value can be used by the Agency only to pay indebtedness incurred to finance the urban renewal projects.

The Agency's financial statements include all activities and organizations with which the Agency exercises authoritative appointment of governing authority or where financial dependency on the Agency exists. The Agency has no potential component units but, as determined under generally accepted accounting principles, is considered to be a component unit of the City, and, as such, is included in the basic financial statements of the City for the year ended June 30, 2016, copies of which can be obtained from the Finance Department of the City of Florence.

## B. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial presentation

The Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Statement of Activities and Governmental Fund Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances display information about the Agency, including all of its financial activities. The Agency's activities are financed primarily through property taxes.

The basic financial statements listed in the table of contents provide information about the Agency's funds. These funds account for the general administration of the Agency's urban renewal areas and for the acquisition and rehabilitation of property within the designated urban renewal areas. The financial statements are initially (left-most columns) reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Property tax and assessments receivable are recognized at the time property owners are assessed for property improvements. Property tax and assessments receivable expected to be collected within sixty days following the year end are considered measurable and available and are recognized as revenue. All other revenue items are considered to measurable and available only when cash is received by the Agency.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

- The *General Fund* is the Agency's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in the debt service fund.
- The *Debt Service Fund* accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

On the same basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents, the balances are reported (right-most columns) using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting* using an "adjustments" column. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Nonexchange transactions, in which the Agency receives value without giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes. On the accrual basis of accounting, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the taxes are levied.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the basic financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016

## Note I - Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

## C. Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

## D. Assets, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position or fund balance

## 1. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

## 2. Property taxes receivable

Real and personal property taxes are assessed and become a lien against the property as of July 1 each year, and are payable in three installments on November 15, February 15, and May 15. Discounts are allowed if the amount due is received by November 15 or February 15. Taxes unpaid and outstanding are considered delinquent on May 16. Management has determined that an allowance for uncollectible accounts is not required for property taxes.

## 3. Capital assets

The Agency does not have any capital assets. Once a project is completed it is transferred to the City.

## 4. Long-term liabilities

In the basic financial statements, under the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting, the face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures. Bond premiums and discounts are recognized during the current period.

In the basic financial statements under the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016

## Note I - Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

### 5. Fund balance

In the fund financial statements, the fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. The fund balance classifications are:

*Nonspendable* - resources cannot be spent because they are either in a nonspendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Resources in nonspendable form include inventories, prepaids and deposits, and assets held for sale.

*Restricted* - constraints placed on the use of resources are either: (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grants, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

*Committed* - the Board passes an ordinance that places specific constraints on how the resources may be used. The Board can modify or rescind the ordinance at any time through passage of an additional ordinance.

Assigned - resources that are constrained by the Agency's intent to use them for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed when the board approves which resources should be "reserved" during the adoption of the annual budget.

*Unassigned* - resources that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned within the General Fund. This classification is also used to report any negative fund balance amounts in other governmental funds.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Agency's policy to use restricted resources first, followed by committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the General Fund had deficit fund balance of \$71,015.

## E. Budget

A budget is prepared and legally adopted for all funds on a basis consistent with Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS 294 - Local Budget Law). The budget is adopted by the Board, appropriations made, and the tax levy is declared no later than June 30. The resolution authorizing appropriations for each fund sets the level by which expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations. Appropriations at the principal object levels - personnel, materials and services (including contractual payments), capital outlay, debt service, and operating contingency - are the levels of control established by the resolution. The detailed budget document, however, is required to contain more specific, detailed information for the above mentioned expenditure categories. Management may make transfers of appropriations within object levels. However, transfers of appropriations between object levels require the approval of the Board. Unexpected additional resources may be added to the budget through the use of a supplemental budget. The Board, at a regular Board meeting, may adopt supplemental budgets of less than 10% of the fund's original budget. A supplemental budget greater than 10% of the fund's original budget requires hearings before the public, publication in newspapers, and approval by the Board.

Noncompliance with Oregon Budget Law for the year ended June 30, 2016 is as follows:

The general fund reported expenditures in excess of budgeted appropriations for materials and services in the amount of \$69,004.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016

## Note II - Detailed notes on all funds

## A. Cash and cash equivalents

*Custodial Credit Risk.* This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Agency's deposits may not be returned to it. The Agency does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk, but follows the requirements of ORS 295. The Agency's cash is covered by federal depository insurance and by the Public Funds Collateralization Program (PFCP) of the State of Oregon. The PFCP is a shared liability structure for participating bank depositories. Barring any exceptions, a bank depository is required to pledge collateral valued at least 10% of their quarter-end public fund deposits if they are well capitalized, 25% of their quarter-end public fund deposits if they are undercapitalized or assigned to pledge 110% by the Office of State Treasurer. In the event of bank failure, the entire pool of collateral pledged by all qualified Oregon public funds bank depositories is available to repay deposits of public funds of government entities. At June 30, 2016, the Agency's deposits were insured by federal depository insurance or collateralized under the PFCP.

## B. Long-term Debt

In July 2011 the Agency received a loan from Oregon Pacific Bank in the amount of \$2,500,000. The loan is payable in semi-annual installments with a 6% interest rate, maturing on June 1, 2026. The loan was retired using a combination of refinancing and existing Agency resources. In August 2015 the Agency received a loan from the City of Florence in the amount of \$1,547,637. The loan is payable in annual installments with a variable interest rate of 3.25% to 7.25%, maturing on September 1, 2035. Loan activity and balances for the year ended June 30, 2016 was as follows:

	B	eginning of year	Additions		Payments		 End of year	Current portion		
2011 Oregon Pacific Bank Loan 2015 City of Florence Loan	\$	1,665,000 	\$	_ 1,574,637_	\$	(1,665,000)	\$ _ 1,574,637_	\$	56,058	
Total	\$	1,665,000	\$	1,574,637	\$	(1,665,000)	\$ 1,574,637	\$	56,058	

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the 2015 City of Florence Loan at year end are as follows:

Fiscal Year	 Principal		nterest
2017	\$ 56,058	\$	50,970
2018	58,758		49,079
2019	60,695		47,111
2020	62,695		45,199
2021	64,640		42,981
2022 - 2026	357,132		190,218
2027 - 2031	398,149		198,039
2032 - 2036	 516,510		100,555
Total	\$ 1,574,637	\$	724,152

### Note III- Other information

#### A. Risk management

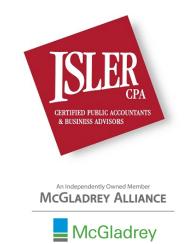
The Agency is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries commercial insurance. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior year and settled claims have not reached the level of commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

# SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

# DEBT SERVICE FUND Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original		 Final		Actual	Variance with Budget	
Revenues:							
Property taxes Investment earnings	\$3	344,300 1,000	\$ 344,300 1,000	\$	326,617 946	\$	(17,683) (54)
Total revenues	3	345,300	 345,300		327,563		(17,737)
Expenditures:							
Debt service Materials and services Contingency	, -	309,361 249,000 89,895	 1,809,361 249,000 89,895		1,715,867 242,897 -		93,494 6,103 89,895
Total expenditures	2,1	148,256	2,148,256		1,958,764		189,492
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,8	302,956)	(1,802,956)		(1,631,201)		171,755
Other financing sources (uses):							
Loan proceeds	1,5	550,000	 1,550,000		1,464,288		(85,712)
Net change in fund balance	(2	252,956)	(252,956)		(166,913)		86,043
Fund Balance:							
Beginning of year	2	252,956	 252,956		253,549		593
End of year	\$		\$ 	\$	86,636	\$	86,636

**COMPLIANCE SECTION** 



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT REQUIRED BY OREGON STATE REGULATIONS

To the Board of Directors Florence Urban Renewal Agency Florence, Oregon

We have audited the basic financial statements of Florence Urban Renewal Agency (the "Agency"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and have issued our report thereon dated February 27, 2017. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the provisions of the Minimum Standards for Auditors of Oregon Municipal Corporations, prescribed by the Secretary of State. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

# Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Agency's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statements amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

We performed procedures to the extent we considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures which included, but were not limited to the following:

- Deposit of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295)
- Indebtedness limitations, restrictions and repayment
- Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294)
- Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law
- Programs funded from outside sources
- Authorized investment of surplus funds (ORS Chapter 294)
- Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, 279C)

In connection with our testing nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe the Agency was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations except as follows:

1. Expenditures exceeded budgeted amounts as described in Note I. E. to the financial statements.

# OAR 162-10-0230 Internal Control

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Agency's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Agency's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the board of directors/council members/commissioners and management of the Agency and the Oregon Secretary of State and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these parties.

Paul R Nielson

By, Paul Nielson member of the firm Eugene, Oregon February 27, 2017