

Wetland Summary Sheet



Project Name: Florence LWI

		Wetland Code:	Wetland 1
Date(s) of assessment:	July 16, 2010	Size (acres):	8.11
Data Sheet Number(s):	9	Cowardin Class(es):	PEMC, PFO4C
Investigator(s):	A. Hawkins / S. Eisner	HGM Class(es):	DCNP

TRS quarter section tax lot:	1812120000702, 1812141000113, 1812141000300
Street address or location:	East end of 18th Street and Willow
Latitude:	44.012201°
Longitude:	-124.090047°
Locally Significant?:	Yes
Hydrologic basin:	171002060804
Soil -- Mapped series:	Heceta fine sand, Dune land
Hydrologic Source:	Groundwater

Dominant Wetland Vegetation			
TREES / SHRUBS		VINES / HERBS	
<i>Pinus contorta</i>	<i>Shore pine</i>	<i>Juncus nevadensis</i>	Sierra Rush
<i>Spirea douglasii</i>	Douglas spirea	<i>Juncus ensifolius</i>	Dagger-Leaf Rush
<i>Salix hookeriana</i>	Hooker's willow	<i>Juncus falcatus</i>	Sickle-Leaf Rush
		<i>Carex sitchensis</i>	Sitka Sedge

Comments:
 Complex of several depressional areas, inundated during the winter and spring. These wetlands were grouped because they are located in the same geomorphic position, are influenced by the local groundwater table, and have similar adjacent land use patterns. These wetlands are dominated by herbaceous vegetation, but with a scattered overstory of *Pinus contorta* at the north end of the wetland. Adjacent upland is mostly bare sand. Bordered to west by residential development and to the east by parking lots. Portions of this wetland obtained concurrence for a prior wetland delineation: WD1999-0356 & WD2003-0416. The boundary along the northwest extent was confirmed by DSL just prior to LWI approval: WD2013-0142.

COWARDIN CODES:	E2FO = estuarine forested	E2SS = estuarine scrub shrub	E2EM = estuarine emergent
PFO = palustrine forested	PSS = palustrine scrub-shrub	PEM = palustrine emergent	PUB = palustrine unconsolidated bottom
HGM CODES:	EFB = Estuarine Fringe Embayment	EFR = Estuarine Fringe Riverine	RFT = Riverine Flow Through
RI = River Impounding	LFH = Lacustrine Fringe Headwater	LFV = Lacustrine Fringe Valley	DB = Depressional Bog
DA- Depressional Alkaline	DO = Depressional Outflow	DCP = Depressional Closed Permanent	DCNP = Depressional Nonpermanent
	S = Slope	FL = Flats	

ORWAP SCORES SHEET (Version 2.0.2)

Florence Local Wetland Inventory

Wetland 1

SPECIFIC FUNCTIONS	Relative Effectiveness of the Function	Relative Values of the Function
Water Storage & Delay (WS)	5.75	3.67
Sediment Retention & Stabilization (SR)	10.00	5.29
Phosphorus Retention (PR)	10.00	7.19
Nitrate Removal & Retention (NR)	10.00	4.76
Thermoregulation (T)	0.00	0.00
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	1.25	
Organic Matter Export (OE)	0.00	
Aquatic Invertebrate Habitat (INV)	4.13	6.00
Anadromous Fish Habitat (FA)	0.00	4.88
Non-anadromous Fish Habitat (FR)	5.87	10.00
Amphibian & Reptile Habitat (AM)	1.74	6.67
Waterbird Feeding Habitat (WBF)	4.88	4.00
Waterbird Nesting Habitat (WBN)	0.00	6.67
Songbird, Raptor, & Mammal Habitat (SBM)	3.21	6.67
Pollinator Habitat (POL)	2.71	3.06
Native Plant Diversity (PD)	5.94	6.67

GROUPED FUNCTIONS	Group Scores (functions)	Group Scores (values)
Hydrologic Function (WS)	5.75	3.67
Water Quality Group (WQ)	10.00	7.19
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	1.25	
Fish Support Group (FISH)	5.87	10.00
Aquatic Support Group (AQ)	4.88	6.67
Terrestrial Support Group (TERR)	5.94	6.67
Public Use & Recognition (PU)		2.38
Provisioning Services (PS)		0.00

OTHER ATTRIBUTES		
Wetland Ecological Condition		6.54
Wetland Stressors		5.54
Wetland Sensitivity		10.00

HGM Class - Relative Probabilities (select max)	
Estuarine	0.00
Riverine	0.00
Slope	0.00
Flat	0.00
Depressional	0.00
Lacustrine	0.00

Wetland Summary Sheet



Project Name: Florence LWI

	Wetland Code:	Wetland 2
Date(s) of assessment: July 16 & August 11, 2010	Size (acres):	2.59
Data Sheet Number(s): 7, 11	Cowardin Class(es):	PSS1C
Investigator(s): A. Hawkins / S. Eisner	HGM Class(es):	Slope

TRS quarter section tax lot:	1812040000117, 1812041300077, 1812041402100, 1812041402200, 1812041402301, 1812041402303, 1812044200077
Street address or location:	East of 4th Avenue; north of Heceta Beach Road
Latitude:	44.036084°
Longitude:	-124.128587°
Locally Significant?:	Yes
Hydrologic basin:	171002050704
Soil -- Mapped series:	Yaquina loamy fine sand, Waldport fine sand
Hydrologic Source:	Groundwater, Surface

Dominant Wetland Vegetation			
TREES / SHRUBS		VINES / HERBS	
<i>Spiraea douglasii</i>	Douglas' Spirea	<i>Carex obnupta</i>	Slough Sedge
<i>Salix hookeriana</i>	Hooker willow	<i>Nuphar luteum</i>	Yellow Cow-Lily
<i>Malus fusca</i>	Pacific Crabapple		
<i>Lonicera involucrata</i>	Bearberry honeysuckle		

Comments:
 The northern wetland boundaries are generally defined by steep banks. The western portion includes a small pond on its north end. High quality wetland; including numerous snags and dense emergent vegetation in the understory. The wetland is crossed by two driveways off of Rhododendron Drive/4th Avenue. Adjacent upland species include: *Vaccinium ovatum*, *Gaultheria shallon*, *Pinus contorta*, *Myrica californica*, *Picea sitchensis*.

COWARDIN CODES:	E2FO = estuarine forested	E2SS = estuarine scrub shrub	E2EM = estuarine emergent
PFO = palustrine forested	PSS = palustrine scrub-shrub	PEM = palustrine emergent	PUB = palustrine unconsolidated bottom
HGM CODES:	EFB = Estuarine Fringe Embayment	EFR = Estuarine Fringe Riverine	RFT = Riverine Flow Through
RI = River Impounding	LFH = Lacustrine Fringe Headwater	LFV = Lacustrine Fringe Valley	DB = Depressional Bog
DA- Depressional Alkaline	DO = Depressional Outflow	DCP = Depressional Closed Permanent	DCNP = Depressional Nonpermanent
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ORWAP SCORES SHEET (Version 2.0.2)

Florence Local Wetland Inventory

Wetland 2

SPECIFIC FUNCTIONS	Relative Effectiveness of the Function	Relative Values of the Function
Water Storage & Delay (WS)	2.67	3.08
Sediment Retention & Stabilization (SR)	5.43	5.34
Phosphorus Retention (PR)	2.89	6.07
Nitrate Removal & Retention (NR)	5.12	5.25
Thermoregulation (T)	3.89	3.33
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	2.18	
Organic Matter Export (OE)	5.42	
Aquatic Invertebrate Habitat (INV)	4.82	6.37
Anadromous Fish Habitat (FA)	0.00	4.20
Non-anadromous Fish Habitat (FR)	3.91	3.33
Amphibian & Reptile Habitat (AM)	6.37	7.33
Waterbird Feeding Habitat (WBF)	4.20	4.00
Waterbird Nesting Habitat (WBN)	0.00	6.67
Songbird, Raptor, & Mammal Habitat (SBM)	4.42	6.67
Pollinator Habitat (POL)	3.96	5.00
Native Plant Diversity (PD)	6.63	6.67

GROUPED FUNCTIONS	Group Scores (functions)	Group Scores (values)
Hydrologic Function (WS)	2.67	3.08
Water Quality Group (WQ)	5.43	6.07
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	2.18	
Fish Support Group (FISH)	3.91	4.20
Aquatic Support Group (AQ)	6.37	7.33
Terrestrial Support Group (TERR)	6.63	6.67
Public Use & Recognition (PU)		0.71
Provisioning Services (PS)		0.00

OTHER ATTRIBUTES		
Wetland Ecological Condition		4.43
Wetland Stressors		3.14
Wetland Sensitivity		5.71

HGM Class - Relative Probabilities (select max)	
Estuarine	0.00
Riverine	1.50
Slope	2.44
Flat	0.00
Depressional	0.00
Lacustrine	0.00

Wetland Summary Sheet



Project Name: Florence LWI

		Wetland Code:	Wetland 3
Date(s) of assessment:	August 12, 2010	Size (acres):	4.59
Data Sheet Number(s):	16, 17	Cowardin Class(es):	PFO4C
Investigator(s):	A. Hawkins / S. Eisner	HGM Class(es):	Slope / Flats

TRS quarter section tax lot:	1812120000702, 1812141000113, 1812141000300
Street address or location:	Northwest of Munsel Lake Road
Latitude:	44.012201°
Longitude:	-124.090047°
Locally Significant?:	No
Hydrologic basin:	171002060804
Soil -- Mapped series:	Heceta fine sand, Dune land
Hydrologic Source:	Precipitation

Dominant Wetland Vegetation			
TREES / SHRUBS		VINES / HERBS	
<i>Pinus contorta</i>	Shore pine	<i>Carex obnupta</i>	Slough sedge
<i>Vaccinium uliginosum</i>	Bog bilberry	<i>Juncus falcatus</i>	Sickle-leaved rush
<i>Spiraea douglasii</i>	Douglas spirea	<i>Juncus nevadensis</i>	Sierra rush

Comments:
 Complex of forested and emergent wetlands west of an advancing dune and northwest of Munsel Lake. Several of these wetlands are seasonally inundated, but dry out in the early spring and summer. Most are depressional and lack a surface connection though adjacent features may be tied to the same groundwater table. These wetlands were grouped because of their geomorphic similarities and proximity.

COWARDIN CODES:	E2FO = estuarine forested	E2SS = estuarine scrub shrub	E2EM = estuarine emergent
PFO = palustrine forested	PSS = palustrine scrub-shrub	PEM = palustrine emergent	PUB = palustrine unconsolidated bottom
HGM CODES:	EFB = Estuarine Fringe Embayment	EFR = Estuarine Fringe Riverine	RFT = Riverine Flow Through
RI = River Impounding	LFH = Lacustrine Fringe Headwater	LFV = Lacustrine Fringe Valley	DB = Depressional Bog
DA- Depressional Alkaline	DO = Depressional Outflow	DCP = Depressional Closed Permanent	DCNP = Depressional Nonpermanent
	S = Slope	FL= Flats	

ORWAP SCORES SHEET (Version 2.0.2)

Florence Local Wetland Inventory

Wetland 3

SPECIFIC FUNCTIONS	Relative Effectiveness of the Function	Relative Values of the Function
Water Storage & Delay (WS)	7.00	4.72
Sediment Retention & Stabilization (SR)	10.00	5.29
Phosphorus Retention (PR)	10.00	6.19
Nitrate Removal & Retention (NR)	10.00	4.76
Thermoregulation (T)	0.00	0.00
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	1.20	
Organic Matter Export (OE)	0.00	
Aquatic Invertebrate Habitat (INV)	6.37	6.89
Anadromous Fish Habitat (FA)	0.00	4.85
Non-anadromous Fish Habitat (FR)	2.16	6.67
Amphibian & Reptile Habitat (AM)	6.89	6.67
Waterbird Feeding Habitat (WBF)	4.85	4.00
Waterbird Nesting Habitat (WBN)	5.24	6.67
Songbird, Raptor, & Mammal Habitat (SBM)	5.26	6.67
Pollinator Habitat (POL)	6.55	0.00
Native Plant Diversity (PD)	5.27	6.67

GROUPED FUNCTIONS	Group Scores (functions)	Group Scores (values)
Hydrologic Function (WS)	7.00	4.72
Water Quality Group (WQ)	10.00	6.19
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	1.20	
Fish Support Group (FISH)	2.16	6.67
Aquatic Support Group (AQ)	6.89	6.67
Terrestrial Support Group (TERR)	6.55	6.67
Public Use & Recognition (PU)		1.55
Provisioning Services (PS)		0.00

OTHER ATTRIBUTES		
Wetland Ecological Condition		6.68
Wetland Stressors		3.75
Wetland Sensitivity		10.00

HGM Class - Relative Probabilities (select max)	
Estuarine	0.00
Riverine	2.50
Slope	1.81
Flat	0.00
Depressional	0.00
Lacustrine	0.00

Wetland Summary Sheet



Project Name: Florence LWI

		Wetland Code:	Wetland 4
Date(s) of assessment:	August 11, 2010	Size (acres):	19.20
Data Sheet Number(s):	12	Cowardin Class(es):	PFO4C, PSS1C
Investigator(s):	A. Hawkins / S. Eisner	HGM Class(es):	Riverine; Slope

TRS quarter section tax lot:	1812230000400, 1812230000900, 1812231400100, 1812240000077, 1812240000088, 1812240001100, 1812240001101, 1812240001102, 1812240001200, 1812242302000, 1812242302001, 1812242302002, 1812242302100, 1812243201300, 1812242301400, 1812243201500, 1812243201600, 1812243201700, 1812243202200, 1812243202300		
Street address or location:	West of N. Fork Siuslaw Rd.		
Latitude:	43.9869		
Longitude:	-124.0838		
Locally Significant?:	Yes		
Hydrologic basin:	171002060702		
Soil -- Mapped series:	Waldport fine sand, Yaquina loamy fine sand		
Hydrologic Source:	Surface, Groundwater		

Dominant Wetland Vegetation			
TREES / SHRUBS		VINES / HERBS	
<i>Thuja plicata</i>	Western Red Cedar	<i>Lysichitum americanum</i>	American Skunk-Cabbage
<i>Myrica californica</i>	Pacific Wax-Myrtle	<i>Blechnum spicant</i>	Deer Fern
<i>Pinus contorta</i>	Shore Pine	<i>Darlingtonia californica</i>	California Pitcher-Plant
<i>Rubus spectabilis</i>	Salmonberry	<i>Drosera rotundifolia</i>	Round-Leaf Sundew
<i>Vaccinium ovatum</i>	Evergreen Huckleberry	<i>Sphagnum sp.</i>	Moss
<i>Gaultheria shallon</i>	Salal		
<i>Ledum glandulosum</i>	Smooth Labrador-Tea		

Comments:
 Part of large forested wetland. Water drains to the south eventually flowing into the North Fork Siuslaw beneath N. Fork Siuslaw Road. Upland vegetation is *Acer macrophyllum*, *Polystichum munitum*, *Rubus spectabilis*. Southern portion of wetland is mature forested wetland. The 1996 inventory noted that this wetland includes an uncommon plant community of *Ledum* and *Sphagnum*; as well as sundew and *Darlingtonia*. Portions of this wetland obtained concurrence for a prior wetland delineation: WD2007-0746.

COWARDIN CODES:	E2FO = estuarine forested	E2SS = estuarine scrub shrub	E2EM = estuarine emergent
PFO = palustrine forested	PSS = palustrine scrub-shrub	PEM = palustrine emergent	PUB = palustrine unconsolidated bottom
HGM CODES:	EFB = Estuarine Fringe Embayment	EFR = Estuarine Fringe Riverine	RFT = Riverine Flow Through
RI = River Impounding	LFH = Lacustrine Fringe Headwater	LFV = Lacustrine Fringe Valley	DB = Depressional Bog
DA- Depressional Alkaline	DO = Depressional Outflow	DCP = Depressional Closed Permanent	DCNP = Depressional Nonpermanent
	S = Slope	FL = Flats	

ORWAP SCORES SHEET (Version 2.0.2)

Florence Local Wetland Inventory

Wetland 4

SPECIFIC FUNCTIONS	Relative Effectiveness of the Function	Relative Values of the Function
Water Storage & Delay (WS)	2.31	7.64
Sediment Retention & Stabilization (SR)	5.48	6.44
Phosphorus Retention (PR)	6.05	6.18
Nitrate Removal & Retention (NR)	6.17	5.23
Thermoregulation (T)	3.78	7.50
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	3.48	
Organic Matter Export (OE)	6.11	
Aquatic Invertebrate Habitat (INV)	5.47	6.78
Anadromous Fish Habitat (FA)	6.56	10.00
Non-anadromous Fish Habitat (FR)	3.21	6.67
Amphibian & Reptile Habitat (AM)	4.38	7.33
Waterbird Feeding Habitat (WBF)	5.63	10.00
Waterbird Nesting Habitat (WBN)	5.42	7.17
Songbird, Raptor, & Mammal Habitat (SBM)	6.78	7.33
Pollinator Habitat (POL)	7.61	5.00
Native Plant Diversity (PD)	7.46	7.51

GROUPED FUNCTIONS	Group Scores (functions)	Group Scores (values)
Hydrologic Function (WS)	2.31	7.64
Water Quality Group (WQ)	6.17	7.50
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	3.48	
Fish Support Group (FISH)	6.56	10.00
Aquatic Support Group (AQ)	6.11	10.00
Terrestrial Support Group (TERR)	7.61	7.51
Public Use & Recognition (PU)		0.00
Provisioning Services (PS)		0.00

OTHER ATTRIBUTES		
Wetland Ecological Condition		5.07
Wetland Stressors		4.36
Wetland Sensitivity		10.00

HGM Class - Relative Probabilities (select max)	
Estuarine	0.00
Riverine	5.50
Slope	3.69
Flat	0.00
Depressional	0.00
Lacustrine	0.00

Wetland Summary Sheet



Project Name: Florence LWI

		Wetland Code:	Wetland 5
Date(s) of assessment:	Fall 2010	Size (acres):	50.36
Data Sheet Number(s):	5	Cowardin Class(es):	PABH, PEMJ, PFO1C, PFO1J, PFO4C, PSS1J
Investigator(s):	A. Hawkins / S. Eisner	HGM Class(es):	Riverine; Slope

TRS quarter section tax lot:	1812130001700, 1812144000200, 1812240000077, 1812240000406, 1812240000614, 1812240000619, 1812240000700, 1812240000900, 1812240000902, 1812240001100, 1812242300077, 1812242300102, 1812242300104, 1812242300105, 1812242301200, 1812242301300, 1812242301900, 1812242302300, 1812242302400, 1812242302500, 1812242302600, 1812242302700, 1812242302800, 1812242302900, 1812242303000, 1812243200077, 1812243200100, 1812243200200, 1812243200300, 1812243202100		
Street address or location:	East of Munsel Lake Rd.		
Latitude:	43.9972		
Longitude:	-124.083		
Locally Significant?:	Yes		
Hydrologic basin:	171002060702		
Soil -- Mapped series:	Yaquina loamy fine sand, Brallier variant muck, Waldport fine sand		
Hydrologic Source:	Surface, Groundwater		

Dominant Wetland Vegetation			
TREES / SHRUBS		VINES / HERBS	
<i>Alnus rubra</i>	Red Alder	<i>Carex obnupta</i>	Slough sedge
<i>Thuja plicata</i>	Wester red cedar	<i>Athyrium filix-femina</i>	Subarctic Lady Fern
		<i>Lysichitum americanum</i>	American Skunk-Cabbage
		<i>Oenanthe sarmentosa</i>	Water-Parsley
		<i>Deschampsia cespitosa</i>	Tufted Hairgrass
		<i>Potentilla anserina</i>	Silverweed
		<i>Agrostis alba</i>	Redtop

Comments:
 Large forested wetland east of Munsel Lake Road. Southern limits extend to the edge of the study area, to the limits of estuarine influence. Except for the extreme north end, north of North Fork Siuslaw River Road, the wetland is bordered to the west by residential development; as is a portion of its east side. Red alder is the dominant tree cover, with western red cedar and spruce. Adjacent upland vegetation includes Douglas fir, big leaf maple, salmonberry and sword fern. Portions of this wetland obtained concurrence for a prior wetland delineation: WD1996-0268.

COWARDIN CODES:	E2FO = estuarine forested	E2SS = estuarine scrub shrub	E2EM = estuarine emergent
PFO = palustrine forested	PSS = palustrine scrub-shrub	PEM = palustrine emergent	PUB = palustrine unconsolidated bottom
HGM CODES:	EFB = Estuarine Fringe Embayment	EFR = Estuarine Fringe Riverine	RFT = Riverine Flow Through
RI = River Impounding	LFH = Lacustrine Fringe Headwater	LFV = Lacustrine Fringe Valley	DB = Depressional Bog
DA- Depressional Alkaline	DO = Depressional Outflow	DCP = Depressional Closed Permanent	DCNP = Depressional Nonpermanent
	S = Slope	FL= Flats	

ORWAP SCORES SHEET (Version 2.0.2)

Florence Local Wetland Inventory

Wetland 5

SPECIFIC FUNCTIONS	Relative Effectiveness of the Function	Relative Values of the Function
Water Storage & Delay (WS)	3.09	7.22
Sediment Retention & Stabilization (SR)	5.27	6.66
Phosphorus Retention (PR)	4.55	6.18
Nitrate Removal & Retention (NR)	5.09	6.06
Thermoregulation (T)	7.39	7.50
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	2.42	
Organic Matter Export (OE)	7.52	
Aquatic Invertebrate Habitat (INV)	6.13	7.89
Anadromous Fish Habitat (FA)	7.89	10.00
Non-anadromous Fish Habitat (FR)	3.50	6.67
Amphibian & Reptile Habitat (AM)	4.75	7.33
Waterbird Feeding Habitat (WBF)	6.56	7.33
Waterbird Nesting Habitat (WBN)	5.59	5.50
Songbird, Raptor, & Mammal Habitat (SBM)	7.36	6.67
Pollinator Habitat (POL)	8.79	5.00
Native Plant Diversity (PD)	8.10	10.00

GROUPED FUNCTIONS	Group Scores (functions)	Group Scores (values)
Hydrologic Function (WS)	3.09	7.22
Water Quality Group (WQ)	7.39	7.50
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	2.42	
Fish Support Group (FISH)	7.89	10.00
Aquatic Support Group (AQ)	7.52	7.33
Terrestrial Support Group (TERR)	8.79	10.00
Public Use & Recognition (PU)		0.00
Provisioning Services (PS)		0.00

OTHER ATTRIBUTES		
Wetland Ecological Condition		7.29
Wetland Stressors		2.85
Wetland Sensitivity		10.00

HGM Class - Relative Probabilities (select max)	
Estuarine	0.00
Riverine	4.50
Slope	10.00
Flat	0.00
Depressional	0.00
Lacustrine	0.00

Wetland Summary Sheet



Project Name: Florence LWI

		Wetland Code:	Wetland 6
Date(s) of assessment:	August 2010	Size (acres):	30.72
Data Sheet Number(s):	None	Cowardin Class(es):	PSS1C, PEMC, PFO4C
Investigator(s):	A. Hawkins / S. Eisner	HGM Class(es):	Riverine, Slope

TRS quarter section tax lot:	1812144000200, 1812230000100, 1812230000102, 1812232105608, 1812232105619, 1812232105700, 1812232107300, 1812232107400, 1812232107500, 1812232402800, 1812232402900, 1812232407600		
Street address or location:	Munsell Creek County Park (and north)		
Latitude:	43.9936		
Longitude:	-124.0939		
Locally Significant?:	Yes		
Hydrologic basin:	171002060804		
Soil -- Mapped series:	Yaquina loamy fine sand, Waldport fine sand, Dune land		
Hydrologic Source:	Groundwater, Precipitation		

Dominant Wetland Vegetation			
TREES / SHRUBS		VINES / HERBS	
<i>Pinus contorta</i>	Shore pine	<i>Carex obnupta</i>	Slough sedge
<i>Vaccinium uliginosum</i>	Bog bilberry		
<i>Spiraea douglasii</i>	Douglas spirea		
<i>Salix sp.</i>	Willow		

Comments:
 The southern extent of this wetland is located in Munsell Creek County Park and continues northward into undeveloped shrub land to the north. Munsel Creek flows southward through the western portion of the wetland. The greater wetland area is bounded by residential development along its west side with sand dunes to the east. Portions of this wetland obtained concurrence for a prior wetland delineation: WD2009-0011.

COWARDIN CODES:	E2FO = estuarine forested	E2SS = estuarine scrub shrub	E2EM = estuarine emergent
PFO = palustrine forested	PSS = palustrine scrub-shrub	PEM = palustrine emergent	PUB = palustrine unconsolidated bottom
HGM CODES:	EFB = Estuarine Fringe Embayment	EFR = Estuarine Fringe Riverine	RFT = Riverine Flow Through
RI = River Impounding	LFH = Lacustrine Fringe Headwater	LFV = Lacustrine Fringe Valley	DB = Depressional Bog
DA- Depressional Alkaline	DO = Depressional Outflow	DCP = Depressional Closed Permanent	DCNP = Depressional Nonpermanent
	S = Slope	FL = Flats	

ORWAP SCORES SHEET (Version 2.0.2)

Florence Local Wetland Inventory

Wetland 6

SPECIFIC FUNCTIONS	Relative Effectiveness of the Function	Relative Values of the Function
Water Storage & Delay (WS)	1.77	2.17
Sediment Retention & Stabilization (SR)	4.77	6.51
Phosphorus Retention (PR)	2.59	5.68
Nitrate Removal & Retention (NR)	4.84	5.39
Thermoregulation (T)	3.39	7.50
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	2.77	
Organic Matter Export (OE)	7.39	
Aquatic Invertebrate Habitat (INV)	5.39	6.95
Anadromous Fish Habitat (FA)	6.95	10.00
Non-anadromous Fish Habitat (FR)	3.38	6.67
Amphibian & Reptile Habitat (AM)	4.03	7.33
Waterbird Feeding Habitat (WBF)	5.66	4.00
Waterbird Nesting Habitat (WBN)	5.63	6.67
Songbird, Raptor, & Mammal Habitat (SBM)	6.54	6.67
Pollinator Habitat (POL)	7.51	5.00
Native Plant Diversity (PD)	6.94	7.43

GROUPED FUNCTIONS	Group Scores (functions)	Group Scores (values)
Hydrologic Function (WS)	1.77	2.17
Water Quality Group (WQ)	4.84	7.50
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	2.77	
Fish Support Group (FISH)	6.95	10.00
Aquatic Support Group (AQ)	7.39	7.33
Terrestrial Support Group (TERR)	7.51	7.43
Public Use & Recognition (PU)		0.00
Provisioning Services (PS)		0.00

OTHER ATTRIBUTES		
Wetland Ecological Condition		5.70
Wetland Stressors		4.41
Wetland Sensitivity		10.00

HGM Class - Relative Probabilities (select max)	
Estuarine	0.00
Riverine	3.50
Slope	2.19
Flat	0.00
Depressional	0.00
Lacustrine	0.00

Wetland Summary Sheet



Project Name: Florence LWI

		Wetland Code:	Wetland 7
Date(s) of assessment:	August 2010	Size (acres):	2.75
Data Sheet Number(s):	None	Cowardin Class(es):	PFO1C
Investigator(s):	A. Hawkins / S. Eisner	HGM Class(es):	Flat

TRS quarter section tax lot:	1812033400077, 1812033400900, 1812102100077, 1812102104700, 1812402104800, 1812102105700, 1812102105800, 1812102106100
Street address or location:	South of Heceta Beach Road
Latitude:	44.027360°
Longitude:	-124.117013°
Locally Significant?:	Yes
Hydrologic basin:	171002060804
Soil -- Mapped series:	140 Yaquina loamy fine sand
Hydrologic Source:	Groundwater

Dominant Wetland Vegetation			
TREES / SHRUBS		VINES / HERBS	
<i>Salix sp.</i>	Willow		

Comments:
 South of Heceta Beach Road, between Windleaf and Heceta Park Roads. Isolated forested wetland dominated by willows.

COWARDIN CODES:	E2FO = estuarine forested	E2SS = estuarine scrub shrub	E2EM = estuarine emergent
PFO = palustrine forested	PSS = palustrine scrub-shrub	PEM = palustrine emergent	PUB = palustrine unconsolidated bottom
HGM CODES:	EFB = Estuarine Fringe Embayment	EFR = Estuarine Fringe Riverine	RFT = Riverine Flow Through
RI = River Impounding	LFH = Lacustrine Fringe Headwater	LFV = Lacustrine Fringe Valley	DB = Depressional Bog
DA- Depressional Alkaline	DO = Depressional Outflow	DCP = Depressional Closed Permanent	DCNP = Depressional Nonpermanent
	S = Slope	FL = Flats	

ORWAP SCORES SHEET (Version 2.0.2)

Florence Local Wetland Inventory

Wetland 7

SPECIFIC FUNCTIONS	Relative Effectiveness of the Function	Relative Values of the Function
Water Storage & Delay (WS)	6.00	3.17
Sediment Retention & Stabilization (SR)	10.00	4.73
Phosphorus Retention (PR)	10.00	6.03
Nitrate Removal & Retention (NR)	10.00	4.13
Thermoregulation (T)	0.00	0.00
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	2.15	
Organic Matter Export (OE)	0.00	
Aquatic Invertebrate Habitat (INV)	4.95	6.41
Anadromous Fish Habitat (FA)	0.00	4.58
Non-anadromous Fish Habitat (FR)	2.21	6.67
Amphibian & Reptile Habitat (AM)	6.41	7.33
Waterbird Feeding Habitat (WBF)	4.58	4.00
Waterbird Nesting Habitat (WBN)	0.00	6.67
Songbird, Raptor, & Mammal Habitat (SBM)	4.23	6.67
Pollinator Habitat (POL)	5.23	5.00
Native Plant Diversity (PD)	4.63	6.67

GROUPED FUNCTIONS	Group Scores (functions)	Group Scores (values)
Hydrologic Function (WS)	6.00	3.17
Water Quality Group (WQ)	10.00	6.03
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	2.15	
Fish Support Group (FISH)	2.21	6.67
Aquatic Support Group (AQ)	6.41	7.33
Terrestrial Support Group (TERR)	5.23	6.67
Public Use & Recognition (PU)		10.00
Provisioning Services (PS)		0.00

OTHER ATTRIBUTES		
Wetland Ecological Condition		3.72
Wetland Stressors		4.50
Wetland Sensitivity		10.00

HGM Class - Relative Probabilities (select max)	
Estuarine	0.00
Riverine	0.50
Slope	2.38
Flat	6.46
Depressional	5.28
Lacustrine	0.00

Wetland Summary Sheet



Project Name: Florence LWI

		Wetland Code:	Wetland 8
Date(s) of assessment:	August 2010	Size (acres):	1.78
Data Sheet Number(s):	None	Cowardin Class(es):	PFO4B
Investigator(s):	A. Hawkins / S. Eisner	HGM Class(es):	Flat

TRS quarter section tax lot:	1812273100055, 1812273100077, 1812273100300, 1812273100900, 1812273101902
Street address or location:	North of 9th Street
Latitude:	43.9761
Longitude:	-124.1171
Locally Significant?:	Yes
Hydrologic basin:	171002060804
Soil -- Mapped series:	Waldport fine sand
Hydrologic Source:	Groundwater

Dominant Wetland Vegetation			
TREES / SHRUBS		VINES / HERBS	
<i>Pinus contorta</i>	Shore pine		

Comments:
 This wetland is identified on the National Wetland Inventory and the 1996 inventory. Its presence or absence could not be confirmed from off-site observations. The limits of this feature as identified for the inventory are based on air photo interpretation.

COWARDIN CODES:	E2FO = estuarine forested	E2SS = estuarine scrub shrub	E2EM = estuarine emergent
PFO = palustrine forested	PSS = palustrine scrub-shrub	PEM = palustrine emergent	PUB = palustrine unconsolidated bottom
HGM CODES:	EFB = Estuarine Fringe Embayment	EFR = Estuarine Fringe Riverine	RFT = Riverine Flow Through
RI = River Impounding	LFH = Lacustrine Fringe Headwater	LFV = Lacustrine Fringe Valley	DB = Depressional Bog
DA- Depressional Alkaline	DO = Depressional Outflow	DCP = Depressional Closed Permanent	DCNP = Depressional Nonpermanent
	S = Slope	FL= Flats	

ORWAP SCORES SHEET (Version 2.0.2)

Florence Local Wetland Inventory

Wetland 8

SPECIFIC FUNCTIONS	Relative Effectiveness of the Function	Relative Values of the Function
Water Storage & Delay (WS)	3.50	3.08
Sediment Retention & Stabilization (SR)	10.00	5.15
Phosphorus Retention (PR)	10.00	6.03
Nitrate Removal & Retention (NR)	10.00	4.33
Thermoregulation (T)	0.00	0.00
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	2.58	
Organic Matter Export (OE)	0.00	
Aquatic Invertebrate Habitat (INV)	6.72	6.66
Anadromous Fish Habitat (FA)	0.00	4.26
Non-anadromous Fish Habitat (FR)	0.67	6.67
Amphibian & Reptile Habitat (AM)	6.66	6.67
Waterbird Feeding Habitat (WBF)	4.26	4.00
Waterbird Nesting Habitat (WBN)	0.00	6.67
Songbird, Raptor, & Mammal Habitat (SBM)	5.76	6.67
Pollinator Habitat (POL)	5.99	0.83
Native Plant Diversity (PD)	5.11	6.67

GROUPED FUNCTIONS	Group Scores (functions)	Group Scores (values)
Hydrologic Function (WS)	3.50	3.08
Water Quality Group (WQ)	10.00	6.03
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	2.58	
Fish Support Group (FISH)	0.67	6.67
Aquatic Support Group (AQ)	6.72	6.67
Terrestrial Support Group (TERR)	5.99	6.67
Public Use & Recognition (PU)		0.00
Provisioning Services (PS)		0.00

OTHER ATTRIBUTES		
Wetland Ecological Condition		7.46
Wetland Stressors		3.06
Wetland Sensitivity		10.00

HGM Class - Relative Probabilities (select max)	
Estuarine	0.00
Riverine	0.50
Slope	2.38
Flat	6.67
Depressional	3.06
Lacustrine	0.00

Wetland Summary Sheet



Project Name: Florence LWI

		Wetland Code:	Wetland 9
Date(s) of assessment:	August 2010	Size (acres):	0.69
Data Sheet Number(s):	None	Cowardin Class(es):	PFO1B
Investigator(s):	A. Hawkins / S. Eisner	HGM Class(es):	Slope

TRS quarter section tax lot:	1812260000077, 1812260000100
Street address or location:	W. of N. Fork Siuslaw River Rd.
Latitude:	43.9781
Longitude:	-124.0833
Locally Significant?:	No
Hydrologic basin:	171002060702
Soil -- Mapped series:	Waldport fine sand
Hydrologic Source:	Groundwater

Dominant Wetland Vegetation			
TREES / SHRUBS		VINES / HERBS	
<i>Malus fusca</i>	Pacific Crabapple	<i>Phalaris arundiancea</i>	Reed Canary Grass
<i>Salix hookeriana</i>	Hooker Willow	<i>Rubus ursinus</i>	Californian Dewberry
<i>Spiraea douglasii</i>	Douglas' Spirea	<i>Carex obnupta</i>	Sough Sedge
<i>Lonicera involucrata</i>	Bearberry Honeysuckle	<i>Oenanthe sarmentosa</i>	Water-Parsley

Comments:
 Scrub shrub (willow) dominated wetland west of North Fork Siuslaw River Road. Wetland drains beneath the road through a small culvert. Adjacent upland species include *Picea sitchensis*, *Gaultheria shallon*, *Vaccinium ovatum*, *Myrica californica*.

COWARDIN CODES:	E2FO = estuarine forested	E2SS = estuarine scrub shrub	E2EM = estuarine emergent
PFO = palustrine forested	PSS = palustrine scrub-shrub	PEM = palustrine emergent	PUB = palustrine unconsolidated bottom
HGM CODES:	EFB = Estuarine Fringe Embayment	EFR = Estuarine Fringe Riverine	RFT = Riverine Flow Through
RI = River Impounding	LFH = Lacustrine Fringe Headwater	LFV = Lacustrine Fringe Valley	DB = Depressional Bog
DA- Depressional Alkaline	DO = Depressional Outflow	DCP = Depressional Closed Permanent	DCNP = Depressional Nonpermanent
	S = Slope	FL = Flats	

ORWAP SCORES SHEET (Version 2.0.2)

Florence Local Wetland Inventory

Wetland 9

SPECIFIC FUNCTIONS	Relative Effectiveness of the Function	Relative Values of the Function
Water Storage & Delay (WS)	3.46	2.17
Sediment Retention & Stabilization (SR)	7.37	4.95
Phosphorus Retention (PR)	5.40	5.28
Nitrate Removal & Retention (NR)	5.70	4.38
Thermoregulation (T)	0.42	1.25
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	2.99	
Organic Matter Export (OE)	5.47	
Aquatic Invertebrate Habitat (INV)	6.69	7.12
Anadromous Fish Habitat (FA)	0.00	4.55
Non-anadromous Fish Habitat (FR)	2.30	6.67
Amphibian & Reptile Habitat (AM)	7.12	4.00
Waterbird Feeding Habitat (WBF)	4.55	4.00
Waterbird Nesting Habitat (WBN)	0.00	3.00
Songbird, Raptor, & Mammal Habitat (SBM)	5.67	6.67
Pollinator Habitat (POL)	7.01	1.67
Native Plant Diversity (PD)	7.90	6.67

GROUPED FUNCTIONS	Group Scores (functions)	Group Scores (values)
Hydrologic Function (WS)	3.46	2.17
Water Quality Group (WQ)	7.37	5.28
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	2.99	
Fish Support Group (FISH)	2.30	6.67
Aquatic Support Group (AQ)	7.12	4.00
Terrestrial Support Group (TERR)	7.90	6.67
Public Use & Recognition (PU)		0.71
Provisioning Services (PS)		0.00

OTHER ATTRIBUTES		
Wetland Ecological Condition		6.19
Wetland Stressors		3.52
Wetland Sensitivity		5.12

HGM Class - Relative Probabilities (select max)	
Estuarine	0.00
Riverine	0.90
Slope	2.69
Flat	0.00
Depressional	0.00
Lacustrine	0.00

Wetland Summary Sheet



Project Name: Florence LWI

		Wetland Code:	Wetland 10
Date(s) of assessment:	August 2010	Size (acres):	1.34
Data Sheet Number(s):	None	Cowardin Class(es):	PSS1C
Investigator(s):	A. Hawkins / S. Eisner	HGM Class(es):	Slope

TRS quarter section tax lot:	1812260000077, 1812260000100
Street address or location:	West of North Fork Siuslaw River Road and Munsel Lake Rd.
Latitude:	43.9795
Longitude:	-124.0833
Locally Significant?:	No
Hydrologic basin:	171002060702
Soil -- Mapped series:	Waldport fine sand
Hydrologic Source:	Groundwater

Dominant Wetland Vegetation			
TREES / SHRUBS		VINES / HERBS	
<i>Ledum glandulosum</i>	Smooth Labrador-Tea	<i>Sphagnum sp.</i>	Moss
<i>Spiraea douglasii</i>	Douglas' Spirea	<i>Drosera rotundifolia</i>	Round-Leaf Sundew
<i>Salix hookeriana</i>	Hooker Willow		

Comments:
Wetland on tribal property west of North Fork Siuslaw River. Dominated by a variety of native shrub and emergent vegetation.

COWARDIN CODES:	E2FO = estuarine forested	E2SS = estuarine scrub shrub	E2EM = estuarine emergent
PFO = palustrine forested	PSS = palustrine scrub-shrub	PEM = palustrine emergent	PUB = palustrine unconsolidated bottom
HGM CODES:	EFB = Estuarine Fringe Embayment	EFR = Estuarine Fringe Riverine	RFT = Riverine Flow Through
RI = River Impounding	LFH = Lacustrine Fringe Headwater	LFV = Lacustrine Fringe Valley	DB = Depressional Bog
DA- Depressional Alkaline	DO = Depressional Outflow	DCP = Depressional Closed Permanent	DCNP = Depressional Nonpermanent
	S = Slope	FL= Flats	

ORWAP SCORES SHEET (Version 2.0.2)

Florence Local Wetland Inventory

Wetland 10

SPECIFIC FUNCTIONS	Relative Effectiveness of the Function	Relative Values of the Function
Water Storage & Delay (WS)	4.50	2.17
Sediment Retention & Stabilization (SR)	10.00	5.43
Phosphorus Retention (PR)	10.00	5.40
Nitrate Removal & Retention (NR)	10.00	4.50
Thermoregulation (T)	0.00	0.00
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	2.56	
Organic Matter Export (OE)	0.00	
Aquatic Invertebrate Habitat (INV)	7.40	7.87
Anadromous Fish Habitat (FA)	0.00	6.23
Non-anadromous Fish Habitat (FR)	3.69	6.67
Amphibian & Reptile Habitat (AM)	7.87	4.00
Waterbird Feeding Habitat (WBF)	6.23	4.00
Waterbird Nesting Habitat (WBN)	5.56	3.00
Songbird, Raptor, & Mammal Habitat (SBM)	5.90	6.67
Pollinator Habitat (POL)	7.39	1.67
Native Plant Diversity (PD)	5.98	6.67

GROUPED FUNCTIONS	Group Scores (functions)	Group Scores (values)
Hydrologic Function (WS)	4.50	2.17
Water Quality Group (WQ)	10.00	5.43
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	2.56	
Fish Support Group (FISH)	3.69	6.67
Aquatic Support Group (AQ)	7.87	4.00
Terrestrial Support Group (TERR)	7.39	6.67
Public Use & Recognition (PU)		10.00
Provisioning Services (PS)		0.00

OTHER ATTRIBUTES		
Wetland Ecological Condition		6.94
Wetland Stressors		3.40
Wetland Sensitivity		10.00

HGM Class - Relative Probabilities (select max)	
Estuarine	0.00
Riverine	0.00
Slope	3.75
Flat	0.00
Depressional	0.00
Lacustrine	0.00

Wetland Summary Sheet



Project Name: Florence LWI

		Wetland Code:	Wetland 11
Date(s) of assessment:	August 2010	Size (acres):	7.49
Data Sheet Number(s):	None	Cowardin Class(es):	PFO4C, PUBHx
Investigator(s):	A. Hawkins / S. Eisner	HGM Class(es):	Slope

TRS quarter section tax lot:	1812144000200, 1812231100100, 1812231100101		
Street address or location:	West of Munsel Lake Road north of Rhodo Dunes Golf Course		
Latitude:	43.9994		
Longitude:	-124.0865		
Locally Significant?:	Yes		
Hydrologic basin:	171002060702		
Soil -- Mapped series:	Yaquina loamy fine sand, Waldport fine sand, Netarts fine sand, Dune land		
Hydrologic Source:	Surface, Groundwater		

Dominant Wetland Vegetation			
TREES / SHRUBS		VINES / HERBS	
<i>Pinus contorta</i>	Shore pine	<i>Carex obnupta</i>	Slough sedge
<i>Alnus rubra</i>	Red alder		
<i>Rubus spectabilis</i>	Salmonberry		

Comments:
 Offsite assessment performed utilizing air photos. This wetland adjoins residential development at the north end of Ocean Dunes Golf Links. The two forested portions are undeveloped, but the ponded portion is bordered to the east by a residential subdivision. One of the golf course's tees is located west of the pond, with its associated fairway to the south. Portions of this wetland obtained concurrence for prior wetland delineations; the most recent being WD2009-0011.

COWARDIN CODES:	E2FO = estuarine forested	E2SS = estuarine scrub shrub	E2EM = estuarine emergent
PFO = palustrine forested	PSS = palustrine scrub-shrub	PEM = palustrine emergent	PUB = palustrine unconsolidated bottom
HGM CODES:	EFB = Estuarine Fringe Embayment	EFR = Estuarine Fringe Riverine	RFT = Riverine Flow Through
RI = River Impounding	LFH = Lacustrine Fringe Headwater	LFV = Lacustrine Fringe Valley	DB = Depressional Bog
DA- Depressional Alkaline	DO = Depressional Outflow	DCP = Depressional Closed Permanent	DCNP = Depressional Nonpermanent
	S = Slope	FL= Flats	

ORWAP SCORES SHEET (Version 2.0.2)

Florence Local Wetland Inventory

Wetland 11

SPECIFIC FUNCTIONS	Relative Effectiveness of the Function	Relative Values of the Function
Water Storage & Delay (WS)	2.76	6.81
Sediment Retention & Stabilization (SR)	6.93	5.59
Phosphorus Retention (PR)	5.15	5.51
Nitrate Removal & Retention (NR)	6.58	5.26
Thermoregulation (T)	2.78	2.50
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	2.50	
Organic Matter Export (OE)	4.86	
Aquatic Invertebrate Habitat (INV)	5.86	7.35
Anadromous Fish Habitat (FA)	0.00	4.52
Non-anadromous Fish Habitat (FR)	2.83	6.67
Amphibian & Reptile Habitat (AM)	4.86	7.33
Waterbird Feeding Habitat (WBF)	4.52	4.00
Waterbird Nesting Habitat (WBN)	4.36	3.00
Songbird, Raptor, & Mammal Habitat (SBM)	7.35	6.67
Pollinator Habitat (POL)	9.01	5.00
Native Plant Diversity (PD)	7.40	7.72

GROUPED FUNCTIONS	Group Scores (functions)	Group Scores (values)
Hydrologic Function (WS)	2.76	6.81
Water Quality Group (WQ)	6.93	5.59
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	2.50	
Fish Support Group (FISH)	2.83	6.67
Aquatic Support Group (AQ)	5.86	7.33
Terrestrial Support Group (TERR)	9.01	7.72
Public Use & Recognition (PU)		0.95
Provisioning Services (PS)		0.00

OTHER ATTRIBUTES		
Wetland Ecological Condition		5.32
Wetland Stressors		3.16
Wetland Sensitivity		10.00

HGM Class - Relative Probabilities (select max)	
Estuarine	0.00
Riverine	0.00
Slope	0.00
Flat	0.00
Depressional	1.31
Lacustrine	0.00

Wetland Summary Sheet



Project Name: Florence LWI

		Wetland Code:	Wetland 12
Date(s) of assessment:	Fall 2010	Size (acres):	56.30
Data Sheet Number(s):	None	Cowardin Class(es):	PEMC, PFO4C, PSS1C
Investigator(s):	A. Hawkins / S. Eisner	HGM Class(es):	Depressional, Flats

TRS quarter section tax lot:	1812110000077, 1812110000100, 1812110000200, 1812110000201, 1812110000202, 1812110001300, 1812110001302, 1812110001800, 1812110002000, 1812110002300, 1812110002300, 1812110002400, 1812110002500, 1812113200300, 1812113200400, 1812113201600, 1812113300100, 1812120000702
Street address or location:	South of Taylor Road.
Latitude:	44.0181
Longitude:	-124.0942
Locally Significant?:	Yes
Hydrologic basin:	171002060804
Soil -- Mapped series:	Yaquina loamy fine sand, Netarts fine sand, Dune land
Hydrologic Source:	Groundwater

Dominant Wetland Vegetation			
TREES / SHRUBS		VINES / HERBS	
<i>Pinus contorta</i>	Shore Pine	<i>Carex obnupta</i>	Slough Sedge
<i>Vaccinium uliginosum</i>	Bog Blueberry	<i>Juncus falcatus</i>	Sickle-Leaf Rush
<i>Spiraea douglasii</i>	Douglas' Spirea	<i>Claytonia sibirica</i>	Western Springbeauty
<i>Salix hookeriana</i>	Hooker Willow	<i>Carex viridula</i>	Little Green Sedge
		<i>Deschampsia cespitosa</i>	Tufted Hairgrass

Comments:
 Complex of primarily forested wetlands located in largely undeveloped areas east of Hwy 101. Includes areas of open water. Areas without a shore pine overstory are often dominated by bog blueberry and sedges and rushes. Seasonally inundated by a shallow groundwater table. Portions of this wetland obtained concurrence for a prior wetland delineation: WD2001-0264, WD2002-0108 & WD2009-0009.

ORWAP SCORES SHEET (Version 2.0.2)

Florence Local Wetland Inventory

Wetland 12

SPECIFIC FUNCTIONS	Relative Effectiveness of the Function	Relative Values of the Function
Water Storage & Delay (WS)	3.25	2.17
Sediment Retention & Stabilization (SR)	10.00	4.92
Phosphorus Retention (PR)	10.00	4.94
Nitrate Removal & Retention (NR)	10.00	4.44
Thermoregulation (T)	0.00	0.00
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	2.34	
Organic Matter Export (OE)	0.00	
Aquatic Invertebrate Habitat (INV)	7.48	8.39
Anadromous Fish Habitat (FA)	0.00	5.79
Non-anadromous Fish Habitat (FR)	3.33	6.67
Amphibian & Reptile Habitat (AM)	8.39	7.33
Waterbird Feeding Habitat (WBF)	5.79	4.00
Waterbird Nesting Habitat (WBN)	6.17	6.67
Songbird, Raptor, & Mammal Habitat (SBM)	7.53	6.67
Pollinator Habitat (POL)	7.76	5.00
Native Plant Diversity (PD)	7.50	7.77

GROUPED FUNCTIONS	Group Scores (functions)	Group Scores (values)
Hydrologic Function (WS)	3.25	2.17
Water Quality Group (WQ)	10.00	4.94
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	2.34	
Fish Support Group (FISH)	3.33	6.67
Aquatic Support Group (AQ)	8.39	7.33
Terrestrial Support Group (TERR)	7.76	7.77
Public Use & Recognition (PU)		0.00
Provisioning Services (PS)		0.00

OTHER ATTRIBUTES		
Wetland Ecological Condition		6.70
Wetland Stressors		3.44
Wetland Sensitivity		10.00

HGM Class - Relative Probabilities (select max)	
Estuarine	0.00
Riverine	0.50
Slope	1.50
Flat	5.52
Depressional	6.11
Lacustrine	0.00

Wetland Summary Sheet



Project Name: Florence LWI

		Wetland Code:	Wetland 13
Date(s) of assessment:	August 2010	Size (acres):	17.44
Data Sheet Number(s):	None	Cowardin Class(es):	PEMC, PFO4C, PSS1C
Investigator(s):	A. Hawkins / S. Eisner	HGM Class(es):	Flat

TRS quarter section tax lot:	1812020000204, 1812020000205, 1812020000403, 1812110000100, 1812110000202, 1812110002200
Street address or location:	North of Munsel Lake Road, south of Taylor Road
Latitude:	44.0255
Longitude:	-124.0885
Locally Significant?:	No
Hydrologic basin:	171002060804
Soil -- Mapped series:	Waldport fine sand, Dune land
Hydrologic Source:	Groundwater

Dominant Wetland Vegetation			
TREES / SHRUBS		VINES / HERBS	
<i>Spiraea douglasii</i>	Douglas' Spirea	<i>Carex viridula</i>	Little Green Sedge
		<i>Juncus falcatus</i>	Sickle-Leaf Rush
		<i>Eleocharis ovata</i>	Ovate Spikerush
		<i>Ranunculus flammula</i>	Spearwort Butter-Cup
		<i>Potentilla anserina</i>	Silverweed

Comments:
 Complex of wetlands isolated hydrologically from each other. These wetlands are shallow depressions in the sand, seasonally inundated and dominated by low growing herbaceous vegetation. They have been grouped because they are similar in character, being located at the eastern edge of the forested west portion of the large dunal area west of Collard and Clear Lakes. Portions of this wetland obtained concurrence for a prior wetland delineation: WD2001-0264.

COWARDIN CODES:	E2FO = estuarine forested	E2SS = estuarine scrub shrub	E2EM = estuarine emergent
PFO = palustrine forested	PSS = palustrine scrub-shrub	PEM = palustrine emergent	PUB = palustrine unconsolidated bottom
HGM CODES:	EFB = Estuarine Fringe Embayment	EFR = Estuarine Fringe Riverine	RFT = Riverine Flow Through
RI = River Impounding	LFH = Lacustrine Fringe Headwater	LFV = Lacustrine Fringe Valley	DB = Depressional Bog
DA- Depressional Alkaline	DO = Depressional Outflow	DCP = Depressional Closed Permanent	DCNP = Depressional Nonpermanent
	S = Slope	FL = Flats	

ORWAP SCORES SHEET (Version 2.0.2)

Florence Local Wetland Inventory

Wetland 13

SPECIFIC FUNCTIONS	Relative Effectiveness of the Function	Relative Values of the Function
Water Storage & Delay (WS)	5.75	2.17
Sediment Retention & Stabilization (SR)	10.00	5.35
Phosphorus Retention (PR)	10.00	5.82
Nitrate Removal & Retention (NR)	10.00	4.49
Thermoregulation (T)	0.00	0.00
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	1.70	
Organic Matter Export (OE)	0.00	
Aquatic Invertebrate Habitat (INV)	5.25	7.01
Anadromous Fish Habitat (FA)	0.00	5.36
Non-anadromous Fish Habitat (FR)	2.32	6.67
Amphibian & Reptile Habitat (AM)	7.01	6.67
Waterbird Feeding Habitat (WBF)	5.36	4.00
Waterbird Nesting Habitat (WBN)	5.45	6.67
Songbird, Raptor, & Mammal Habitat (SBM)	5.35	6.67
Pollinator Habitat (POL)	4.59	0.00
Native Plant Diversity (PD)	5.90	6.67

GROUPED FUNCTIONS	Group Scores (functions)	Group Scores (values)
Hydrologic Function (WS)	5.75	2.17
Water Quality Group (WQ)	10.00	5.82
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	1.70	
Fish Support Group (FISH)	2.32	6.67
Aquatic Support Group (AQ)	7.01	6.67
Terrestrial Support Group (TERR)	5.90	6.67
Public Use & Recognition (PU)		0.48
Provisioning Services (PS)		0.00

OTHER ATTRIBUTES		
Wetland Ecological Condition		7.46
Wetland Stressors		5.27
Wetland Sensitivity		10.00

HGM Class - Relative Probabilities (select max)	
Estuarine	0.00
Riverine	0.00
Slope	0.00
Flat	10.00
Depressional	0.00
Lacustrine	0.00

Wetland Summary Sheet



Project Name: Florence LWI

		Wetland Code:	Wetland 14
Date(s) of assessment:	August 2010	Size (acres):	23.78
Data Sheet Number(s):	None	Cowardin Class(es):	PEMC, PFO4C
Investigator(s):	A. Hawkins / S. Eisner	HGM Class(es):	Depressional, Flats

TRS quarter section tax lot:	1812020000200, 1812020000205, 1812020000400, 1812020000402, 1812020000403, 1812020000601, 1812110000100
Street address or location:	Confined by east end of Friendly Acres and dune complex west of Clear Lake
Latitude:	44.0341
Longitude:	-124.0899
Locally Significant?:	No
Hydrologic basin:	171002060804
Soil -- Mapped series:	Waldport fine sand, Yaquina loamy fine sand
Hydrologic Source:	Groundwater

Dominant Wetland Vegetation			
TREES / SHRUBS		VINES / HERBS	
<i>Vaccinium uliginosum</i>	Bog Blueberry	<i>Carex obnupta</i>	Slough Sedge
<i>Spiraea douglasii</i>	Douglas Spirea	<i>Deschampsia cespitosa</i>	Tufted Hairgrass
<i>Pinus contorta</i>	Shore Pine	<i>Juncus balticus</i>	Baltic Rush
		<i>Juncus acuminatus</i>	Taper-Tip Rush
		<i>Juncus effusus</i>	Soft Rush
		<i>Juncus falcatus</i>	Sickle-Leaf Rush

Comments:
 Complex of isolated wetlands dominated by bog blueberry and Douglas spirea with an overstory of Pinus contorta. Seasonally inundated. These wetlands were grouped because they are located in the same geomorphic position, are influenced by the local groundwater table, and have similar adjacent land use patterns.

COWARDIN CODES:	E2FO = estuarine forested	E2SS = estuarine scrub shrub	E2EM = estuarine emergent
PFO = palustrine forested	PSS = palustrine scrub-shrub	PEM = palustrine emergent	PUB = palustrine unconsolidated bottom
HGM CODES:	EFB = Estuarine Fringe Embayment	EFR = Estuarine Fringe Riverine	RFT = Riverine Flow Through
RI = River Impounding	LFH = Lacustrine Fringe Headwater	LFV = Lacustrine Fringe Valley	DB = Depressional Bog
DA- Depressional Alkaline	DO = Depressional Outflow	DCP = Depressional Closed Permanent	DCNP = Depressional Nonpermanent
	S = Slope	FL = Flats	

ORWAP SCORES SHEET (Version 2.0.2)

Florence Local Wetland Inventory

Wetland 14

SPECIFIC FUNCTIONS	Relative Effectiveness of the Function	Relative Values of the Function
Water Storage & Delay (WS)	4.25	2.17
Sediment Retention & Stabilization (SR)	10.00	5.07
Phosphorus Retention (PR)	10.00	4.94
Nitrate Removal & Retention (NR)	10.00	4.11
Thermoregulation (T)	0.00	0.00
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	1.97	
Organic Matter Export (OE)	0.00	
Aquatic Invertebrate Habitat (INV)	7.29	8.04
Anadromous Fish Habitat (FA)	0.00	5.04
Non-anadromous Fish Habitat (FR)	3.52	6.67
Amphibian & Reptile Habitat (AM)	8.04	6.67
Waterbird Feeding Habitat (WBF)	5.04	4.00
Waterbird Nesting Habitat (WBN)	5.44	6.67
Songbird, Raptor, & Mammal Habitat (SBM)	6.66	6.67
Pollinator Habitat (POL)	6.94	0.00
Native Plant Diversity (PD)	6.16	6.67

GROUPED FUNCTIONS	Group Scores (functions)	Group Scores (values)
Hydrologic Function (WS)	4.25	2.17
Water Quality Group (WQ)	10.00	5.07
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	1.97	
Fish Support Group (FISH)	3.52	6.67
Aquatic Support Group (AQ)	8.04	6.67
Terrestrial Support Group (TERR)	6.94	6.67
Public Use & Recognition (PU)		0.00
Provisioning Services (PS)		0.00

OTHER ATTRIBUTES		
Wetland Ecological Condition		7.46
Wetland Stressors		1.56
Wetland Sensitivity		10.00

HGM Class - Relative Probabilities (select max)	
Estuarine	0.00
Riverine	1.00
Slope	1.25
Flat	4.74
Depressional	10.28
Lacustrine	0.00

Wetland Summary Sheet



Project Name: Florence LWI

		Wetland Code:	Wetland 15
Date(s) of assessment:	August 2010	Size (acres):	3.83
Data Sheet Number(s):	None	Cowardin Class(es):	PFO4C
Investigator(s):	A. Hawkins / S. Eisner	HGM Class(es):	Lacustrine

TRS quarter section tax lot:	1812010000200, 1812010000206
Street address or location:	West edge of Collard Lake
Latitude:	44.0363
Longitude:	-124.0799
Locally Significant?:	No
Hydrologic basin:	171002060804
Soil -- Mapped series:	Bullards-Ferrelo loams
Hydrologic Source:	Groundwater

Dominant Wetland Vegetation			
TREES / SHRUBS		VINES / HERBS	
<i>Pinus contorta</i>	Shore pine		
<i>Tsuga heterophylla</i>	Western hemlock		

Comments:
 Forested wetland along the west edge of Collard Lake. Likely dominated by spruce and shore pine. Wetland assessment was completed entirely from offsite; mostly from aerial photo interpretation.

COWARDIN CODES:	E2FO = estuarine forested	E2SS = estuarine scrub shrub	E2EM = estuarine emergent
PFO = palustrine forested	PSS = palustrine scrub-shrub	PEM = palustrine emergent	PUB = palustrine unconsolidated bottom
HGM CODES:	EFB = Estuarine Fringe Embayment	EFR = Estuarine Fringe Riverine	RFT = Riverine Flow Through
RI = River Impounding	LFH = Lacustrine Fringe Headwater	LFV = Lacustrine Fringe Valley	DB = Depressional Bog
DA- Depressional Alkaline	DO = Depressional Outflow	DCP = Depressional Closed Permanent	DCNP = Depressional Nonpermanent
	S = Slope	FL= Flats	

ORWAP SCORES SHEET (Version 2.0.2)

Florence Local Wetland Inventory

Wetland 15

SPECIFIC FUNCTIONS	Relative Effectiveness of the Function	Relative Values of the Function
Water Storage & Delay (WS)	2.63	2.33
Sediment Retention & Stabilization (SR)	5.09	4.85
Phosphorus Retention (PR)	2.55	5.33
Nitrate Removal & Retention (NR)	4.66	4.69
Thermoregulation (T)	3.28	6.67
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	2.38	
Organic Matter Export (OE)	7.14	
Aquatic Invertebrate Habitat (INV)	5.54	6.99
Anadromous Fish Habitat (FA)	6.68	10.00
Non-anadromous Fish Habitat (FR)	3.80	6.67
Amphibian & Reptile Habitat (AM)	4.47	6.67
Waterbird Feeding Habitat (WBF)	5.46	4.00
Waterbird Nesting Habitat (WBN)	5.21	6.67
Songbird, Raptor, & Mammal Habitat (SBM)	6.99	6.67
Pollinator Habitat (POL)	7.02	0.00
Native Plant Diversity (PD)	7.84	6.67

GROUPED FUNCTIONS	Group Scores (functions)	Group Scores (values)
Hydrologic Function (WS)	2.63	2.33
Water Quality Group (WQ)	5.09	6.67
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	2.38	
Fish Support Group (FISH)	6.68	10.00
Aquatic Support Group (AQ)	7.14	6.67
Terrestrial Support Group (TERR)	7.84	6.67
Public Use & Recognition (PU)		0.48
Provisioning Services (PS)		0.00

OTHER ATTRIBUTES		
Wetland Ecological Condition		6.18
Wetland Stressors		1.10
Wetland Sensitivity		10.00

HGM Class - Relative Probabilities (select max)	
Estuarine	0.00
Riverine	0.00
Slope	0.00
Flat	0.00
Depressional	0.00
Lacustrine	10.00

Wetland Summary Sheet



Project Name: Florence LWI

		Wetland Code:	Wetland 16
Date(s) of assessment:	August 2010	Size (acres):	2.93
Data Sheet Number(s):	None	Cowardin Class(es):	PEMC, PFO4C
Investigator(s):	A. Hawkins / S. Eisner	HGM Class(es):	Flat

TRS quarter section tax lot:	1812020000400, 1812020000402, 1812020000601, 1812023005602
Street address or location:	End of Friendly Acres Road
Latitude:	44.0317
Longitude:	-124.0936
Locally Significant?:	No
Hydrologic basin:	171002060804
Soil -- Mapped series:	Yaquina loamy fine sand, Waldport fine sand
Hydrologic Source:	Groundwater

Dominant Wetland Vegetation			
TREES / SHRUBS		VINES / HERBS	
<i>Pinus contorta</i>	Shore pine	<i>Carex obnupta</i>	Slough Sedge
<i>Spiraea douglasii</i>	Douglas' Spirea	<i>Juncus sp.</i>	Rush
<i>Vaccinium uliginosum</i>	Bog Blueberry		

Comments:
 Isolated wetland dominated by bog blueberry and Douglas' spirea with an overstory of Pinus contorta. These wetlands are seasonally inundated.

COWARDIN CODES:	E2FO = estuarine forested	E2SS = estuarine scrub shrub	E2EM = estuarine emergent
PFO = palustrine forested	PSS = palustrine scrub-shrub	PEM = palustrine emergent	PUB = palustrine unconsolidated bottom
HGM CODES:	EFB = Estuarine Fringe Embayment	EFR = Estuarine Fringe Riverine	RFT = Riverine Flow Through
RI = River Impounding	LFH = Lacustrine Fringe Headwater	LFV = Lacustrine Fringe Valley	DB = Depressional Bog
DA- Depressional Alkaline	DO = Depressional Outflow	DCP = Depressional Closed Permanent	DCNP = Depressional Nonpermanent
	S = Slope	FL= Flats	

ORWAP SCORES SHEET (Version 2.0.2)

Florence Local Wetland Inventory

Wetland 16

SPECIFIC FUNCTIONS	Relative Effectiveness of the Function	Relative Values of the Function
Water Storage & Delay (WS)	3.25	2.17
Sediment Retention & Stabilization (SR)	10.00	4.85
Phosphorus Retention (PR)	10.00	5.07
Nitrate Removal & Retention (NR)	10.00	4.57
Thermoregulation (T)	0.00	0.00
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	2.26	
Organic Matter Export (OE)	0.00	
Aquatic Invertebrate Habitat (INV)	6.00	7.67
Anadromous Fish Habitat (FA)	0.00	4.35
Non-anadromous Fish Habitat (FR)	0.74	6.67
Amphibian & Reptile Habitat (AM)	7.67	7.33
Waterbird Feeding Habitat (WBF)	4.35	4.00
Waterbird Nesting Habitat (WBN)	0.00	6.67
Songbird, Raptor, & Mammal Habitat (SBM)	6.31	6.67
Pollinator Habitat (POL)	6.15	5.00
Native Plant Diversity (PD)	6.68	6.70

GROUPED FUNCTIONS	Group Scores (functions)	Group Scores (values)
Hydrologic Function (WS)	3.25	2.17
Water Quality Group (WQ)	10.00	5.07
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	2.26	
Fish Support Group (FISH)	0.74	6.67
Aquatic Support Group (AQ)	7.67	7.33
Terrestrial Support Group (TERR)	6.68	6.70
Public Use & Recognition (PU)		0.00
Provisioning Services (PS)		0.00

OTHER ATTRIBUTES		
Wetland Ecological Condition		6.30
Wetland Stressors		3.08
Wetland Sensitivity		10.00

HGM Class - Relative Probabilities (select max)	
Estuarine	0.00
Riverine	0.50
Slope	1.75
Flat	6.46
Depressional	1.94
Lacustrine	0.00

Wetland Summary Sheet



Project Name: Florence LWI

		Wetland Code:	Wetland 17
Date(s) of assessment:	August 2010	Size (acres):	2.49
Data Sheet Number(s):	None	Cowardin Class(es):	PFO4C, PEMY
Investigator(s):	A. Hawkins / S. Eisner	HGM Class(es):	Flat

TRS quarter section tax lot:	1812020000200, 1812022000402, 1812022402300, 181202402400, 1812022402500, 1812022402600, 1812022402700
Street address or location:	North of Brownings Corner
Latitude:	44.0374
Longitude:	-124.0938
Locally Significant?:	No
Hydrologic basin:	171002060804
Soil -- Mapped series:	Yaquina loamy fine sand, Waldport fine sand, Dune land
Hydrologic Source:	Groundwater

Dominant Wetland Vegetation			
TREES / SHRUBS		VINES / HERBS	
<i>Pinus contorta</i>	Shore Pine	<i>Carex obnupta</i>	Slough Sedge
<i>Vaccinium uliginosum</i>	Bog Blueberry	<i>Juncus effusus</i>	Soft Rush
		<i>Juncus falcatus</i>	Sickle-Leaf Rush
		<i>Polytrichum sp.</i>	Moss

Comments:
 Isolated wetlands dominated by *Pinus contorta* in the overstory. These wetlands were grouped because they are located in the same geomorphic position, are influenced by the local groundwater table, and have similar adjacent land use patterns. North of the road in an interdunal area. Portions of this wetland obtained concurrence for a prior wetland delineation: WD2000-0275

COWARDIN CODES:	E2FO = estuarine forested	E2SS = estuarine scrub shrub	E2EM = estuarine emergent
PFO = palustrine forested	PSS = palustrine scrub-shrub	PEM = palustrine emergent	PUB = palustrine unconsolidated bottom
HGM CODES:	EFB = Estuarine Fringe Embayment	EFR = Estuarine Fringe Riverine	RFT = Riverine Flow Through
RI = River Impounding	LFH = Lacustrine Fringe Headwater	LFV = Lacustrine Fringe Valley	DB = Depressional Bog
DA- Depressional Alkaline	DO = Depressional Outflow	DCP = Depressional Closed Permanent	DCNP = Depressional Nonpermanent
	S = Slope	FL = Flats	

ORWAP SCORES SHEET (Version 2.0.2)

Florence Local Wetland Inventory

Wetland 17

SPECIFIC FUNCTIONS	Relative Effectiveness of the Function	Relative Values of the Function
Water Storage & Delay (WS)	3.25	2.17
Sediment Retention & Stabilization (SR)	10.00	5.33
Phosphorus Retention (PR)	10.00	5.57
Nitrate Removal & Retention (NR)	10.00	4.90
Thermoregulation (T)	0.00	0.00
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	2.59	0.00
Organic Matter Export (OE)	0.00	0.00
Aquatic Invertebrate Habitat (INV)	6.06	7.87
Anadromous Fish Habitat (FA)	0.00	4.61
Non-anadromous Fish Habitat (FR)	2.05	6.67
Amphibian & Reptile Habitat (AM)	7.87	7.33
Waterbird Feeding Habitat (WBF)	4.61	4.00
Waterbird Nesting Habitat (WBN)	0.00	6.67
Songbird, Raptor, & Mammal Habitat (SBM)	6.67	6.67
Pollinator Habitat (POL)	6.67	5.00
Native Plant Diversity (PD)	7.09	6.99

GROUPED FUNCTIONS	Group Scores (functions)	Group Scores (values)
Hydrologic Function (WS)	3.25	2.17
Water Quality Group (WQ)	10.00	5.57
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	2.59	0.00
Fish Support Group (FISH)	2.05	6.67
Aquatic Support Group (AQ)	7.87	7.33
Terrestrial Support Group (TERR)	7.09	6.99
Public Use & Recognition (PU)	0.00	0.00
Provisioning Services (PS)	0.00	0.00

OTHER ATTRIBUTES		
Wetland Ecological Condition		5.30
Wetland Stressors		5.01
Wetland Sensitivity		10.00

HGM Class - Relative Probabilities (select max)	
Estuarine	0.00
Riverine	0.50
Slope	1.75
Flat	5.83
Depressional	5.28
Lacustrine	0.00

Wetland Summary Sheet



Project Name: Florence LWI

		Wetland Code:	Wetland 18
Date(s) of assessment:	August 2010	Size (acres):	0.58
Data Sheet Number(s):	None	Cowardin Class(es):	PFO4C
Investigator(s):	A. Hawkins / S. Eisner	HGM Class(es):	Depressional outflow

TRS quarter section tax lot:	1812022400100, 1812022400500, 1812022402001
Street address or location:	North of Brownings Corner, east of Hwy 101
Latitude:	44.0366
Longitude:	-124.0983
Locally Significant?:	No
Hydrologic basin:	171002060804
Soil -- Mapped series:	Yaquina loamy fine sand
Hydrologic Source:	Groundwater

Dominant Wetland Vegetation			
TREES / SHRUBS		VINES / HERBS	
<i>Malus fusca</i>	Pacific Crabapple	<i>Carex obnupta</i>	Slough Sedge
<i>Spiraea douglasii</i>	Douglas' Spirea		
<i>Lonicera involucrata</i>	Bearberry Honeysuckle		

Comments:
 Dunal depressions with seasonal ponded water. Culverted under Brownings Corner, drains to south.

COWARDIN CODES:	E2FO = estuarine forested	E2SS = estuarine scrub shrub	E2EM = estuarine emergent
PFO = palustrine forested	PSS = palustrine scrub-shrub	PEM = palustrine emergent	PUB = palustrine unconsolidated bottom
HGM CODES:	EFB = Estuarine Fringe Embayment	EFR = Estuarine Fringe Riverine	RFT = Riverine Flow Through
RI = River Impounding	LFH = Lacustrine Fringe Headwater	LFV = Lacustrine Fringe Valley	DB = Depressional Bog
DA- Depressional Alkaline	DO = Depressional Outflow	DCP = Depressional Closed Permanent	DCNP = Depressional Nonpermanent
	S = Slope	FL = Flats	

ORWAP SCORES SHEET (Version 2.0.2)

Florence Local Wetland Inventory

Wetland 18

SPECIFIC FUNCTIONS	Relative Effectiveness of the Function	Relative Values of the Function
Water Storage & Delay (WS)	3.85	2.33
Sediment Retention & Stabilization (SR)	6.46	5.31
Phosphorus Retention (PR)	4.78	5.78
Nitrate Removal & Retention (NR)	5.16	4.83
Thermoregulation (T)	0.83	1.67
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	3.08	
Organic Matter Export (OE)	5.81	
Aquatic Invertebrate Habitat (INV)	5.56	6.92
Anadromous Fish Habitat (FA)	0.00	3.89
Non-anadromous Fish Habitat (FR)	1.59	6.67
Amphibian & Reptile Habitat (AM)	6.92	7.33
Waterbird Feeding Habitat (WBF)	3.89	4.00
Waterbird Nesting Habitat (WBN)	0.00	6.67
Songbird, Raptor, & Mammal Habitat (SBM)	5.85	6.67
Pollinator Habitat (POL)	6.25	5.00
Native Plant Diversity (PD)	7.71	6.67

GROUPED FUNCTIONS	Group Scores (functions)	Group Scores (values)
Hydrologic Function (WS)	3.85	2.33
Water Quality Group (WQ)	6.46	5.78
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	3.08	
Fish Support Group (FISH)	1.59	6.67
Aquatic Support Group (AQ)	6.92	7.33
Terrestrial Support Group (TERR)	7.71	6.67
Public Use & Recognition (PU)		1.19
Provisioning Services (PS)		0.00

OTHER ATTRIBUTES		
Wetland Ecological Condition		5.18
Wetland Stressors		2.93
Wetland Sensitivity		5.08

HGM Class - Relative Probabilities (select max)	
Estuarine	0.00
Riverine	0.90
Slope	2.38
Flat	5.42
Depressional	3.06
Lacustrine	0.00

Wetland Summary Sheet



Project Name: Florence LWI

		Wetland Code:	Wetland 19
Date(s) of assessment:	July 15, 2010	Size (acres):	4.47
Data Sheet Number(s):	3	Cowardin Class(es):	PFO4C
Investigator(s):	A. Hawkins / S. Eisner	HGM Class(es):	Depressional

TRS quarter section tax lot:	1812023002000, 1812023002100, 1812023005300, 1812023005400, 1812023005500
Street address or location:	South of Friendly Acres, east of Hwy. 101
Latitude:	44.0318
Longitude:	-124.0983
Locally Significant?:	No
Hydrologic basin:	171002060804
Soil -- Mapped series:	Waldport fine sand, Yaquina loamy fine sand
Hydrologic Source:	Groundwater, Precipitation

Dominant Wetland Vegetation			
TREES / SHRUBS		VINES / HERBS	
<i>Pinus contorta</i>	Shore Pine		
<i>Ledum glandulosum</i>	Smooth Labrador-Tea		
<i>Vaccinium uliginosum</i>	Bog Blueberry		
<i>Salix hookeriana</i>	Hooker Willow		

Comments:
 Forested shrub wetland in depression east of Hwy 101. Wetland is bordered on all sides by residential development. Adjacent upland species include *Pinus contorta*, *Vaccinium ovatum*, *Rhododendron macrophyllum*. All or a portion of this wetland obtained concurrence for a prior wetland delineation: WD2005-0281.

COWARDIN CODES:	E2FO = estuarine forested	E2SS = estuarine scrub shrub	E2EM = estuarine emergent
PFO = palustrine forested	PSS = palustrine scrub-shrub	PEM = palustrine emergent	PUB = palustrine unconsolidated bottom
HGM CODES:	EFB = Estuarine Fringe Embayment	EFR = Estuarine Fringe Riverine	RFT = Riverine Flow Through
RI = River Impounding	LFH = Lacustrine Fringe Headwater	LFV = Lacustrine Fringe Valley	DB = Depressional Bog
DA- Depressional Alkaline	DO = Depressional Outflow	DCP = Depressional Closed Permanent	DCNP = Depressional Nonpermanent
	S = Slope	FL = Flats	

ORWAP SCORES SHEET (Version 2.0.2)

Florence Local Wetland Inventory

Wetland 19

SPECIFIC FUNCTIONS	Relative Effectiveness of the Function	Relative Values of the Function
Water Storage & Delay (WS)	3.25	2.17
Sediment Retention & Stabilization (SR)	10.00	5.04
Phosphorus Retention (PR)	10.00	5.36
Nitrate Removal & Retention (NR)	10.00	4.49
Thermoregulation (T)	0.00	0.00
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	2.14	
Organic Matter Export (OE)	0.00	
Aquatic Invertebrate Habitat (INV)	6.32	7.31
Anadromous Fish Habitat (FA)	0.00	5.11
Non-anadromous Fish Habitat (FR)	2.64	3.33
Amphibian & Reptile Habitat (AM)	7.31	6.67
Waterbird Feeding Habitat (WBF)	5.11	4.00
Waterbird Nesting Habitat (WBN)	5.19	6.67
Songbird, Raptor, & Mammal Habitat (SBM)	5.89	6.67
Pollinator Habitat (POL)	6.53	0.00
Native Plant Diversity (PD)	6.17	6.67

GROUPED FUNCTIONS	Group Scores (functions)	Group Scores (values)
Hydrologic Function (WS)	3.25	2.17
Water Quality Group (WQ)	10.00	5.36
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	2.14	
Fish Support Group (FISH)	2.64	5.11
Aquatic Support Group (AQ)	7.31	6.67
Terrestrial Support Group (TERR)	6.53	6.67
Public Use & Recognition (PU)		0.71
Provisioning Services (PS)		0.00

OTHER ATTRIBUTES		
Wetland Ecological Condition		6.16
Wetland Stressors		2.65
Wetland Sensitivity		10.00

HGM Class - Relative Probabilities (select max)	
Estuarine	0.00
Riverine	0.50
Slope	1.25
Flat	5.36
Depressional	6.94
Lacustrine	0.00

Wetland Summary Sheet



Project Name: Florence LWI

		Wetland Code:	Wetland 20
Date(s) of assessment:	August 2010	Size (acres):	1.97
Data Sheet Number(s):	None	Cowardin Class(es):	PFO4C
Investigator(s):	A. Hawkins / S. Eisner	HGM Class(es):	Flat

TRS quarter section tax lot:	1812023002500, 1812023002501, 1812023002700, 1812023005601, 1812023005602
Street address or location:	South of Friendly Acres, east of Hwy. 101
Latitude:	44.03
Longitude:	-124.0967
Locally Significant?:	No
Hydrologic basin:	171002060804
Soil -- Mapped series:	Waldport fine sand
Hydrologic Source:	Groundwater, Precipitation

Dominant Wetland Vegetation			
TREES / SHRUBS		VINES / HERBS	
<i>Ledum glandulosum</i>	Smooth Labrador-Tea	<i>Deschampsia cespitosa</i>	Tufted Hairgrass
<i>Vaccinium uliginosum</i>	Bog Blueberry	<i>Juncus acuminatus</i>	Taper-Tip Rush
<i>Spiraea douglasii</i>	Douglas' Spirea		

Comments:
 Includes isolated wetland with seasonal inundation just east of Hwy 101, as well as smaller, apparently isolated wetlands to the east. Residential development common in the vicinity of these wetlands. Adjacent upland species include: *Pinus contorta*, *Vaccinium ovatum*, *Rhododendron macrophyllum*. These wetlands were grouped because they are located in the same geomorphic position, have similar vegetation communities and have similar adjoining land use patterns.

COWARDIN CODES:	E2FO = estuarine forested	E2SS = estuarine scrub shrub	E2EM = estuarine emergent
PFO = palustrine forested	PSS = palustrine scrub-shrub	PEM = palustrine emergent	PUB = palustrine unconsolidated bottom
HGM CODES:	EFB = Estuarine Fringe Embayment	EFR = Estuarine Fringe Riverine	RFT = Riverine Flow Through
RI = River Impounding	LFH = Lacustrine Fringe Headwater	LFV = Lacustrine Fringe Valley	DB = Depressional Bog
DA- Depressional Alkaline	DO = Depressional Outflow	DCP = Depressional Closed Permanent	DCNP = Depressional Nonpermanent
	S = Slope	FL = Flats	

ORWAP SCORES SHEET (Version 2.0.2)

Florence Local Wetland Inventory

Wetland 20

SPECIFIC FUNCTIONS	Relative Effectiveness of the Function	Relative Values of the Function
Water Storage & Delay (WS)	3.25	2.17
Sediment Retention & Stabilization (SR)	10.00	5.02
Phosphorus Retention (PR)	10.00	5.36
Nitrate Removal & Retention (NR)	10.00	4.49
Thermoregulation (T)	0.00	0.00
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	2.41	
Organic Matter Export (OE)	0.00	
Aquatic Invertebrate Habitat (INV)	5.80	7.34
Anadromous Fish Habitat (FA)	0.00	4.37
Non-anadromous Fish Habitat (FR)	0.83	6.67
Amphibian & Reptile Habitat (AM)	7.34	7.33
Waterbird Feeding Habitat (WBF)	4.37	4.00
Waterbird Nesting Habitat (WBN)	0.00	6.67
Songbird, Raptor, & Mammal Habitat (SBM)	6.06	6.67
Pollinator Habitat (POL)	6.01	5.00
Native Plant Diversity (PD)	6.05	6.67

GROUPED FUNCTIONS	Group Scores (functions)	Group Scores (values)
Hydrologic Function (WS)	3.25	2.17
Water Quality Group (WQ)	10.00	5.36
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	2.41	
Fish Support Group (FISH)	0.83	6.67
Aquatic Support Group (AQ)	7.34	7.33
Terrestrial Support Group (TERR)	6.06	6.67
Public Use & Recognition (PU)		1.19
Provisioning Services (PS)		0.00

OTHER ATTRIBUTES		
Wetland Ecological Condition		4.68
Wetland Stressors		3.46
Wetland Sensitivity		10.00

HGM Class - Relative Probabilities (select max)	
Estuarine	0.00
Riverine	0.50
Slope	1.75
Flat	6.46
Depressional	1.94
Lacustrine	0.00

Wetland Summary Sheet



Project Name: Florence LWI

		Wetland Code:	Wetland 21
Date(s) of assessment:	August 2010	Size (acres):	23.01
Data Sheet Number(s):	None	Cowardin Class(es):	PFO4C
Investigator(s):	A. Hawkins / S. Eisner	HGM Class(es):	Slope

TRS quarter section tax lot:	1712350003400, 1712350003500, 1812022001901, 1812022003600, 1812022003700, 1812022003800, 1812022003900, 1812023005700, 1812023005800, 1812023005900, 1812023006000, 1812030000100		
Street address or location:	West of Brownings Corner, west of Hwy 101		
Latitude:	44.0368		
Longitude:	-124.1025		
Locally Significant?:	No		
Hydrologic basin:	171002060804		
Soil -- Mapped series:	Waldport fine sand, Yaquina loamy fine sand, Netarts fine sand		
Hydrologic Source:	Groundwater, Precipitation		

Dominant Wetland Vegetation			
TREES / SHRUBS		VINES / HERBS	
<i>Pinus contorta</i>	Shore pine	<i>Carex obnupta</i>	Slough sedge
<i>Salix spp.</i>	Willow		

Comments:
 Area to north of old horseradish nursery. These wetlands were grouped because they are located in the same geomorphic position and have similar adjacent land use patterns. Northern end is mostly undisturbed; southern portion less so due to proximity to nursery and other development. Large high quality wetland which extends north, flanked by dune on the west. Wetland boundaries determined primarily through air photo interpretation. Portions of this wetland obtained concurrence for a prior wetland delineation: WD2007-0674 & WD2007-0255.

COWARDIN CODES:	E2FO = estuarine forested	E2SS = estuarine scrub shrub	E2EM = estuarine emergent
PFO = palustrine forested	PSS = palustrine scrub-shrub	PEM = palustrine emergent	PUB = palustrine unconsolidated bottom
HGM CODES:	EFB = Estuarine Fringe Embayment	EFR = Estuarine Fringe Riverine	RFT = Riverine Flow Through
RI = River Impounding	LFH = Lacustrine Fringe Headwater	LFV = Lacustrine Fringe Valley	DB = Depressional Bog
DA- Depressional Alkaline	DO = Depressional Outflow	DCP = Depressional Closed Permanent	DCNP = Depressional Nonpermanent
	S = Slope	FL= Flats	

ORWAP SCORES SHEET (Version 2.0.2)

Florence Local Wetland Inventory

Wetland 21

SPECIFIC FUNCTIONS	Relative Effectiveness of the Function	Relative Values of the Function
Water Storage & Delay (WS)	4.50	3.58
Sediment Retention & Stabilization (SR)	10.00	5.50
Phosphorus Retention (PR)	10.00	6.49
Nitrate Removal & Retention (NR)	10.00	4.97
Thermoregulation (T)	0.00	0.00
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	2.05	0.00
Organic Matter Export (OE)	0.00	0.00
Aquatic Invertebrate Habitat (INV)	5.93	7.84
Anadromous Fish Habitat (FA)	0.00	4.91
Non-anadromous Fish Habitat (FR)	2.95	6.67
Amphibian & Reptile Habitat (AM)	7.84	7.33
Waterbird Feeding Habitat (WBF)	4.91	4.00
Waterbird Nesting Habitat (WBN)	0.00	6.67
Songbird, Raptor, & Mammal Habitat (SBM)	6.99	6.67
Pollinator Habitat (POL)	6.97	5.00
Native Plant Diversity (PD)	6.30	7.22

GROUPED FUNCTIONS	Group Scores (functions)	Group Scores (values)
Hydrologic Function (WS)	4.50	3.58
Water Quality Group (WQ)	10.00	6.49
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	2.05	0.00
Fish Support Group (FISH)	2.95	6.67
Aquatic Support Group (AQ)	7.84	7.33
Terrestrial Support Group (TERR)	6.99	7.22
Public Use & Recognition (PU)	0.00	0.00
Provisioning Services (PS)	0.00	0.00

OTHER ATTRIBUTES		
Wetland Ecological Condition		3.68
Wetland Stressors		4.60
Wetland Sensitivity		10.00

HGM Class - Relative Probabilities (select max)	
Estuarine	0.00
Riverine	0.50
Slope	1.81
Flat	0.00
Depressional	0.00
Lacustrine	0.00

Wetland Summary Sheet



Project Name: Florence LWI

		Wetland Code:	Wetland 22
Date(s) of assessment:	7/15/2010	Size (acres):	1.56
Data Sheet Number(s):	4	Cowardin Class(es):	L2ABY
Investigator(s):	A. Hawkins / S. Eisner	HGM Class(es):	Lacustrine

TRS quarter section tax lot:	1812141000113, 1812141000114, 1812141001200, 1812141001300, 1812141001400, 1812141001500, 1812141001500, 1812141001600
Street address or location:	Northwest end of Munsel Lake
Latitude:	44.00888
Longitude:	-124.08714
Locally Significant?:	No
Hydrologic basin:	171002060804
Soil -- Mapped series:	Waldport fine sand
Hydrologic Source:	Surface

Dominant Wetland Vegetation			
TREES / SHRUBS		VINES / HERBS	
<i>Alnus rubra</i>	red alder	<i>Scirpus micrperpus</i>	Small fruited bulrush
<i>Salix sp.</i>	willow	<i>Carex obnupta</i>	slough sedge
<i>Thuja plicata</i>	western red cedar		

Comments:
 Northwest end of Munsel Lake. Begins near 48-inch culvert beneath Martin Road. This wetland is the littoral area of the lake. Banks are relatively steep. Area is inundated year-round.

COWARDIN CODES:	E2FO = estuarine forested	E2SS = estuarine scrub shrub	E2EM = estuarine emergent
PFO = palustrine forested	PSS = palustrine scrub-shrub	PEM = palustrine emergent	PUB = palustrine unconsolidated bottom
HGM CODES:	EFB = Estuarine Fringe Embayment	EFR = Estuarine Fringe Riverine	RFT = Riverine Flow Through
RI = River Impounding	LFH = Lacustrine Fringe Headwater	LFV = Lacustrine Fringe Valley	DB = Depressional Bog
DA- Depressional Alkaline	DO = Depressional Outflow	DCP = Depressional Closed Permanent	DCNP = Depressional Nonpermanent
	S = Slope	FL = Flats	

ORWAP SCORES SHEET (Version 2.0.2)

Florence Local Wetland Inventory

Wetland 22

SPECIFIC FUNCTIONS	Relative Effectiveness of the Function	Relative Values of the Function
Water Storage & Delay (WS)	3.13	2.67
Sediment Retention & Stabilization (SR)	4.21	4.60
Phosphorus Retention (PR)	1.58	6.11
Nitrate Removal & Retention (NR)	4.05	4.52
Thermoregulation (T)	3.67	6.67
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	1.40	
Organic Matter Export (OE)	6.97	
Aquatic Invertebrate Habitat (INV)	5.25	7.06
Anadromous Fish Habitat (FA)	7.06	10.00
Non-anadromous Fish Habitat (FR)	5.45	7.86
Amphibian & Reptile Habitat (AM)	3.51	6.67
Waterbird Feeding Habitat (WBF)	5.71	4.00
Waterbird Nesting Habitat (WBN)	5.92	6.67
Songbird, Raptor, & Mammal Habitat (SBM)	4.12	6.67
Pollinator Habitat (POL)	3.63	0.83
Native Plant Diversity (PD)	6.34	6.67

GROUPED FUNCTIONS	Group Scores (functions)	Group Scores (values)
Hydrologic Function (WS)	3.13	2.67
Water Quality Group (WQ)	4.21	6.67
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	1.40	
Fish Support Group (FISH)	7.06	10.00
Aquatic Support Group (AQ)	6.97	6.67
Terrestrial Support Group (TERR)	6.34	6.67
Public Use & Recognition (PU)		1.19
Provisioning Services (PS)		2.00

OTHER ATTRIBUTES		
Wetland Ecological Condition		7.79
Wetland Stressors		3.65
Wetland Sensitivity		3.75

HGM Class - Relative Probabilities (select max)	
Estuarine	0.00
Riverine	0.00
Slope	0.00
Flat	0.00
Depressional	0.00
Lacustrine	10.00

Wetland Summary Sheet



Project Name: Florence LWI

		Wetland Code:	Wetland 23
Date(s) of assessment:	Fall 2010	Size (acres):	60.57
Data Sheet Number(s):	6	Cowardin Class(es):	PEMC, PEMY, PFO1C, PFO4C
Investigator(s):	A. Hawkins / S. Eisner	HGM Class(es):	DCNP, DCP, Slope

TRS quarter section tax lot:	1712340000400, 1812030000100, 1812030000200, 1812033400402
Street address or location:	North of Heceta Beach Road
Latitude:	44.0378
Longitude:	-124.112
Locally Significant?:	No
Hydrologic basin:	171002050704
Soil -- Mapped series:	Waldport fine sand, Yaquina loamy fine sand, Dune land
Hydrologic Source:	Groundwater, Precipitation

Dominant Wetland Vegetation			
TREES / SHRUBS		VINES / HERBS	
<i>Pinus contorta</i>	Shore pine	<i>Carex obnupta</i>	Slough sedge
<i>Salix spp</i>	Willows	<i>Scirpus microcarpus</i>	Smallfruit bulrush

Comments:
 Large high quality wetland north of Heceta Beach Road. Margins defined by active to partially stabilized dunes. Lots of snags, structurally diverse vegetation dominated by shore pine, though lowlands are dominated by willow. Extensive seasonal, and in some depressions annual, ponding.

COWARDIN CODES:	E2FO = estuarine forested	E2SS = estuarine scrub shrub	E2EM = estuarine emergent
PFO = palustrine forested	PSS = palustrine scrub-shrub	PEM = palustrine emergent	PUB = palustrine unconsolidated bottom
HGM CODES:	EFB = Estuarine Fringe Embayment	EFR = Estuarine Fringe Riverine	RFT = Riverine Flow Through
RI = River Impounding	LFH = Lacustrine Fringe Headwater	LFV = Lacustrine Fringe Valley	DB = Depressional Bog
DA- Depressional Alkaline	DO = Depressional Outflow	DCP = Depressional Closed Permanent	DCNP = Depressional Nonpermanent
	S = Slope	FL= Flats	

ORWAP SCORES SHEET (Version 2.0.2)

Florence Local Wetland Inventory

Wetland 23

SPECIFIC FUNCTIONS	Relative Effectiveness of the Function	Relative Values of the Function
Water Storage & Delay (WS)	4.50	2.17
Sediment Retention & Stabilization (SR)	10.00	5.45
Phosphorus Retention (PR)	10.00	5.44
Nitrate Removal & Retention (NR)	10.00	4.11
Thermoregulation (T)	0.00	0.00
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	1.67	0.00
Organic Matter Export (OE)	0.00	0.00
Aquatic Invertebrate Habitat (INV)	5.88	8.28
Anadromous Fish Habitat (FA)	0.00	5.47
Non-anadromous Fish Habitat (FR)	4.26	3.33
Amphibian & Reptile Habitat (AM)	8.28	7.33
Waterbird Feeding Habitat (WBF)	5.47	5.11
Waterbird Nesting Habitat (WBN)	5.48	6.67
Songbird, Raptor, & Mammal Habitat (SBM)	6.66	6.67
Pollinator Habitat (POL)	6.72	5.00
Native Plant Diversity (PD)	6.38	7.21

GROUPED FUNCTIONS	Group Scores (functions)	Group Scores (values)
Hydrologic Function (WS)	4.50	2.17
Water Quality Group (WQ)	10.00	5.45
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	1.67	0.00
Fish Support Group (FISH)	4.26	5.47
Aquatic Support Group (AQ)	8.28	7.33
Terrestrial Support Group (TERR)	6.72	7.21
Public Use & Recognition (PU)	0.00	10.00
Provisioning Services (PS)	0.00	0.00

OTHER ATTRIBUTES		
Wetland Ecological Condition		5.93
Wetland Stressors		4.23
Wetland Sensitivity		10.00

HGM Class - Relative Probabilities (select max)	
Estuarine	0.00
Riverine	0.00
Slope	0.00
Flat	0.00
Depressional	0.00
Lacustrine	0.00

Wetland Summary Sheet



Project Name: Florence LWI

		Wetland Code:	Wetland 24
Date(s) of assessment:	August 12, 2010	Size (acres):	46.66
Data Sheet Number(s):	14	Cowardin Class(es):	PFO4C, PSS1C, PUBH
Investigator(s):	A. Hawkins / S. Eisner	HGM Class(es):	DCP

<p>TRS quarter section tax lot: 1812030000200, 1812030000300, 1812030000300, 1812033300100, 1812033300200, 1812033300300, 1812033300400, 1812033400077, 1812033400200, 1812033400300, 1812033400401, 1812033400402, 1812033400405, 1812033400503, 1812041100077, 1812041100600, 1812041100700, 1812041104701, 1812041104705, 1812041104710, 1812041402302, 1812041402304, 1812100000102, 1812100000104, 1812100000106, 1812100000120, 1812100000121, 1812101000077, 1812101000700, 1812101000800, 1812101001300, 1812101001400, 1812101001500, 1812101001600, 1812101001700, 1812101001800, 1812101001900, 1812101002000, 1812101010400, 1812101010400, 1812101200077, 1812101200100, 1812101200200, 1812101200300, 1812101200400, 1812101200500, 1812101201100, 1812101201200, 1812101201600, 1812101300100, 1812101300200, 1812101300500, 1812102100300, 1812102100400, 1812104000200</p> <p>Street address or location: North of Heceta Beach Road, Heceta Lake</p> <p>Latitude: 44.0312</p> <p>Longitude: -124.1188</p> <p>Locally Significant?: Yes</p> <p>Hydrologic basin: 171002050704</p>
<p>Soil -- Mapped series: Waldport fine sand, Yaquina loamy fine sand, Dune land</p> <p>Hydrologic Source: Groundwater, Precipitation</p>

Dominant Wetland Vegetation			
TREES / SHRUBS		VINES / HERBS	
<i>Pinus contorta</i>	Shore pine	<i>Carex obnupta</i>	Slough sedge
<i>Salix hookeriana</i>	Hookers willow		
<i>Spiraea douglasii</i>	Douglas spirea		
<i>Alnus rubra</i>	Red alder		

Comments:
 A grouping of wetlands in the bottom of interdunal swales. These wetlands were grouped because they are located in the same geomorphic position and have similar adjacent land use patterns. This is a large, high quality wetland with perennial open water through the deepest depressions. The remaining areas are generally only seasonally inundated. Residential development to south. Largely forested or shrubby, except where inundation is common, this wetland has an abundance of snags. Portions of this wetland obtained concurrence for a prior wetland delineation: WD2001-0297 & WD2001-0401.

COWARDIN CODES:	E2FO = estuarine forested	E2SS = estuarine scrub shrub	E2EM = estuarine emergent
PFO = palustrine forested	PSS = palustrine scrub-shrub	PEM = palustrine emergent	PUB = palustrine unconsolidated bottom
HGM CODES:	EFB = Estuarine Fringe Embayment	EFR = Estuarine Fringe Riverine	RFT = Riverine Flow Through
RI = River Impounding	LFH = Lacustrine Fringe Headwater	LFV = Lacustrine Fringe Valley	DB = Depressional Bog
DA- Depressional Alkaline	DO = Depressional Outflow	DCP = Depressional Closed Permanent	DCNP = Depressional Nonpermanent
	S = Slope	FL = Flats	

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Florence Local Wetland Inventory

Wetland 24

SPECIFIC FUNCTIONS	Relative Effectiveness of the Function	Relative Values of the Function
Water Storage & Delay (WS)	5.75	2.17
Sediment Retention & Stabilization (SR)	10.00	5.31
Phosphorus Retention (PR)	10.00	5.61
Nitrate Removal & Retention (NR)	10.00	4.24
Thermoregulation (T)	0.00	0.00
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	1.47	0.00
Organic Matter Export (OE)	0.00	0.00
Aquatic Invertebrate Habitat (INV)	6.29	7.82
Anadromous Fish Habitat (FA)	0.00	4.95
Non-anadromous Fish Habitat (FR)	3.54	6.67
Amphibian & Reptile Habitat (AM)	7.82	7.33
Waterbird Feeding Habitat (WBF)	4.95	4.00
Waterbird Nesting Habitat (WBN)	4.44	6.67
Songbird, Raptor, & Mammal Habitat (SBM)	6.34	6.67
Pollinator Habitat (POL)	7.08	5.00
Native Plant Diversity (PD)	5.72	7.09

GROUPED FUNCTIONS	Group Scores (functions)	Group Scores (values)
Hydrologic Function (WS)	5.75	2.17
Water Quality Group (WQ)	10.00	5.61
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	1.47	0.00
Fish Support Group (FISH)	3.54	6.67
Aquatic Support Group (AQ)	7.82	7.33
Terrestrial Support Group (TERR)	7.08	7.09
Public Use & Recognition (PU)	0.00	0.48
Provisioning Services (PS)	0.00	0.00

OTHER ATTRIBUTES		
Wetland Ecological Condition		6.05
Wetland Stressors		2.23
Wetland Sensitivity		10.00

HGM Class - Relative Probabilities (select max)	
Estuarine	0.00
Riverine	0.00
Slope	0.00
Flat	0.00
Depressional	0.00
Lacustrine	0.00

Wetland Summary Sheet



Project Name: Florence LWI

		Wetland Code:	Wetland 25
Date(s) of assessment:	Fall 2010	Size (acres):	9.69
Data Sheet Number(s):	8	Cowardin Class(es):	PSS1C, PFO4C
Investigator(s):	A. Hawkins / S. Eisner	HGM Class(es):	Slope

TRS quarter section tax lot:	1812030000200, 1812033300500, 1812033300600, 1812040000102, 1812040000110, 1812040000120, 1812040000121, 1812041402305, 1812044404300, 1812044404400
Street address or location:	North of Heceta Beach Road
Latitude:	44.0333
Longitude:	-124.1251
Locally Significant?:	Yes
Hydrologic basin:	171002050704
Soil -- Mapped series:	Waldport fine sand, Yaquina loamy fine sand
Hydrologic Source:	Groundwater, Precipitation

Dominant Wetland Vegetation			
TREES / SHRUBS		VINES / HERBS	
<i>Pinus contorta</i>	Shore Pine	<i>Carex obnupta</i>	Slough Sedge
<i>Malus fusca</i>	Pacific Crabapple	<i>Potentilla palustris</i>	Marsh cinquefoil
<i>Ledum glandulosum</i>	Smooth Labrador-Tea	<i>Carex sitchensis</i>	Sitka Sedge
<i>Myrica californica</i>	Pacific Wax-Myrtle	<i>Eleocharis sp.</i>	Spikerush
<i>Salix hookeriana</i>	Hooker Willow	<i>Juncus sp.</i>	Rush
<i>Lonicera involucrata</i>	Bearberry honeysuckle	<i>Lysichitum americanum</i>	American Skunk-Cabbage
<i>Spiraea douglasii</i>	Douglas' Spirea		

Comments:
 Predominantly forest and scrub shrub wetland, with open water and emergent components. Drains west in channel that is culverted under 4th Street, drains to ocean. Upland species: *Vaccinium ovatum*, *Gaultheria shallon*, *Pinus contorta*.

COWARDIN CODES:	E2FO = estuarine forested	E2SS = estuarine scrub shrub	E2EM = estuarine emergent
PFO = palustrine forested	PSS = palustrine scrub-shrub	PEM = palustrine emergent	PUB = palustrine unconsolidated bottom
HGM CODES:	EFB = Estuarine Fringe Embayment	EFR = Estuarine Fringe Riverine	RFT = Riverine Flow Through
RI = River Impounding	LFH = Lacustrine Fringe Headwater	LFV = Lacustrine Fringe Valley	DB = Depressional Bog
DA- Depressional Alkaline	DO = Depressional Outflow	DCP = Depressional Closed Permanent	DCNP = Depressional Nonpermanent
	S = Slope	FL = Flats	

ORWAP SCORES SHEET (Version 2.0.2)

Florence Local Wetland Inventory

Wetland 25

SPECIFIC FUNCTIONS	Relative Effectiveness of the Function	Relative Values of the Function
Water Storage & Delay (WS)	3.00	2.17
Sediment Retention & Stabilization (SR)	5.52	5.02
Phosphorus Retention (PR)	2.59	5.28
Nitrate Removal & Retention (NR)	5.11	4.38
Thermoregulation (T)	1.39	3.33
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	1.56	
Organic Matter Export (OE)	7.23	
Aquatic Invertebrate Habitat (INV)	5.90	6.98
Anadromous Fish Habitat (FA)	0.00	5.41
Non-anadromous Fish Habitat (FR)	2.59	3.33
Amphibian & Reptile Habitat (AM)	6.98	7.33
Waterbird Feeding Habitat (WBF)	5.41	4.00
Waterbird Nesting Habitat (WBN)	5.09	6.67
Songbird, Raptor, & Mammal Habitat (SBM)	5.55	6.67
Pollinator Habitat (POL)	5.83	5.00
Native Plant Diversity (PD)	3.50	6.70

GROUPED FUNCTIONS	Group Scores (functions)	Group Scores (values)
Hydrologic Function (WS)	3.00	2.17
Water Quality Group (WQ)	5.52	5.28
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	1.56	
Fish Support Group (FISH)	2.59	5.41
Aquatic Support Group (AQ)	7.23	7.33
Terrestrial Support Group (TERR)	5.83	6.70
Public Use & Recognition (PU)		1.19
Provisioning Services (PS)		0.00

OTHER ATTRIBUTES		
Wetland Ecological Condition		5.18
Wetland Stressors		3.73
Wetland Sensitivity		3.45

HGM Class - Relative Probabilities (select max)	
Estuarine	0.00
Riverine	1.50
Slope	1.81
Flat	0.00
Depressional	0.00
Lacustrine	0.00

Wetland Summary Sheet



Project Name: Florence LWI

		Wetland Code:	Wetland 26
Date(s) of assessment:	August 2010	Size (acres):	1.23
Data Sheet Number(s):	None	Cowardin Class(es):	PFO4C
Investigator(s):	A. Hawkins / S. Eisner	HGM Class(es):	Slope

TRS quarter section tax lot:	1812033300077, 1812033302201, 1812033302300, 1812033302400, 1812033302500, 1812033302600, 1812033400077, 1812033400600, 1812033401000		
Street address or location:	South of Heceta Beach Road		
Latitude:	44.0296		
Longitude:	-124.1201		
Locally Significant?:	Yes		
Hydrologic basin:	171002060804		
Soil -- Mapped series:	Yaquina loamy fine sand, Waldport fine sand, Netarts fine sand		
Hydrologic Source:	Groundwater		

Dominant Wetland Vegetation			
TREES / SHRUBS		VINES / HERBS	
<i>Pinus contorta</i>	Shore Pine	<i>Carex obnupta</i>	Slough Sedge
<i>Salix hookeriana</i>	Hooker Willow		

Comments:
 Series of small, apparently isolated forested wetlands south of Heceta Beach Road. Dominated by willows. Adjacent upland species: *Myrica californica*, *Gaultheria shallon*, *Rhamnus purshiana*, *Spiraea douglasii*.

COWARDIN CODES:	E2FO = estuarine forested	E2SS = estuarine scrub shrub	E2EM = estuarine emergent
PFO = palustrine forested	PSS = palustrine scrub-shrub	PEM = palustrine emergent	PUB = palustrine unconsolidated bottom
HGM CODES:	EFB = Estuarine Fringe Embayment	EFR = Estuarine Fringe Riverine	RFT = Riverine Flow Through
RI = River Impounding	LFH = Lacustrine Fringe Headwater	LFV = Lacustrine Fringe Valley	DB = Depressional Bog
DA- Depressional Alkaline	DO = Depressional Outflow	DCP = Depressional Closed Permanent	DCNP = Depressional Nonpermanent
	S = Slope	FL= Flats	

ORWAP SCORES SHEET (Version 2.0.2)

Florence Local Wetland Inventory

Wetland 26

SPECIFIC FUNCTIONS	Relative Effectiveness of the Function	Relative Values of the Function
Water Storage & Delay (WS)	3.25	2.42
Sediment Retention & Stabilization (SR)	10.00	5.03
Phosphorus Retention (PR)	10.00	5.57
Nitrate Removal & Retention (NR)	10.00	3.99
Thermoregulation (T)	0.00	0.00
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	1.64	
Organic Matter Export (OE)	0.00	
Aquatic Invertebrate Habitat (INV)	5.11	6.00
Anadromous Fish Habitat (FA)	0.00	4.19
Non-anadromous Fish Habitat (FR)	2.89	6.67
Amphibian & Reptile Habitat (AM)	5.98	6.67
Waterbird Feeding Habitat (WBF)	4.19	4.00
Waterbird Nesting Habitat (WBN)	0.00	6.67
Songbird, Raptor, & Mammal Habitat (SBM)	4.04	6.67
Pollinator Habitat (POL)	4.36	0.00
Native Plant Diversity (PD)	5.95	6.67

GROUPED FUNCTIONS	Group Scores (functions)	Group Scores (values)
Hydrologic Function (WS)	3.25	2.42
Water Quality Group (WQ)	10.00	5.57
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	1.64	
Fish Support Group (FISH)	2.89	6.67
Aquatic Support Group (AQ)	5.98	6.67
Terrestrial Support Group (TERR)	5.95	6.67
Public Use & Recognition (PU)		1.19
Provisioning Services (PS)		0.00

OTHER ATTRIBUTES		
Wetland Ecological Condition		4.35
Wetland Stressors		3.36
Wetland Sensitivity		10.00

HGM Class - Relative Probabilities (select max)	
Estuarine	0.00
Riverine	0.50
Slope	1.81
Flat	0.00
Depressional	0.00
Lacustrine	0.00

Wetland Summary Sheet



Project Name: Florence LWI

		Wetland Code:	Wetland 27
Date(s) of assessment:	August 12, 2010	Size (acres):	89.97
Data Sheet Number(s):	15	Cowardin Class(es):	PEMC, PEMY, PFO4C
Investigator(s):	A. Hawkins / S. Eisner	HGM Class(es):	Flat

TRS quarter section tax lot: 1812023002901, 1812023003000, 1812023003100, 1812023003300, 1812023003400, 1812023003500, 1812023003700, 1812023003800, 1812023003805, 1812030000300, 1812030000500, 1812101000077, 1812101000200, 1812101000900, 1812101002300, 1812101002400, 1812101002500, 1812101003000, 1812101003300, 1812101003400, 1812101003500, 1812101003600, 1812101003700, 1812101003800, 1812101004600, 1812101004700, 1812101004900, 1812101005000, 1812101005100, 1812101005200, 1812101005300, 1812101005400, 1812101005500, 1812101005600, 1812101005700, 1812101005800, 1812101005900, 1812101006000, 1812101006900, 1812101007100, 1812101007200, 1812101007300, 1812101007400, 1812101007500, 1812101007600, 1812101007700, 1812101008100, 1812101008200, 1812101008300, 1812101008400, 1812101008500, 1812101008600, 1812101008700, 1812101008800, 1812101008900, 1812101009000, 1812101009100, 1812101009200, 1812101009300, 1812101009500, 1812101009600, 1812101009800, 1812101009900, 1812101010000, 1812101010200, 1812101010300, 1812104000101, 1812110000077, 1812110000600, 1812110001500, 1812110002600, 1812110002700, 1812110002800, 1812110002900, 1812110003000	
Street address or location:	West of Hwy 101 North of Heceta Beach Road
Latitude:	44.0277
Longitude:	-124.1062
Locally Significant?:	Yes
Hydrologic basin:	171002060804
Soil -- Mapped series:	Dune land, Yaquina loamy fine sand, Netarts fine sand, Waldport fine sand
Hydrologic Source:	Groundwater, Precipitation

Dominant Wetland Vegetation			
TREES / SHRUBS		VINES / HERBS	
<i>Spiraea douglasii</i>	Douglas' Spirea	<i>Carex obnupta</i>	Slough Sedge
<i>Ledum glandulosum</i>	Smooth Labrador-Tea	<i>Juncus ensifolius</i>	Dagger-Leaf Rush
<i>Vaccinium uliginosum</i>	Bog Blueberry	<i>Lysichitum americanum</i>	American Skunk-Cabbage
<i>Salix hookeriana</i>	Hooker Willow	<i>Blechnum spicant</i>	Deer Fern
<i>Pinus contorta</i>	Shore pine	<i>Deschampsia cespitosa</i>	Tufted Hairgrass

Comments:
 Large high quality wetland. These wetlands were grouped because they are located in the same geomorphic position, are influenced by the local groundwater table, and have similar adjacent land use patterns. Northern portion is located on BLM land; the southern portion is surrounded by a developing residential area. A 0.6 acre wetland mitigation site is located in the southern portion of the wetland, north of the development. Dunes border the wetland on all sides across its northern extent. Adjacent upland species include: *Pinus contorta*, *Gaultheria shallon*, *Vaccinium ovatum*, *Rhododendron*, *Rhamnus*. Portions of this wetland obtained concurrence for a prior wetland delineation: WD1997-0286 & WD2001-0401.

COWARDIN CODES:	E2FO = estuarine forested	E2SS = estuarine scrub shrub	E2EM = estuarine emergent
PFO = palustrine forested	PSS = palustrine scrub-shrub	PEM = palustrine emergent	PUB = palustrine unconsolidated bottom
HGM CODES:	EFB = Estuarine Fringe Embayment	EFR = Estuarine Fringe Riverine	RFT = Riverine Flow Through
RI = River Impounding	LFH = Lacustrine Fringe Headwater	LFV = Lacustrine Fringe Valley	DB = Depressional Bog
DA- Depressional Alkaline	DO = Depressional Outflow	DCP = Depressional Closed Permanent	DCNP = Depressional Nonpermanent
	S = Slope	FL = Flats	

ORWAP SCORES SHEET (Version 2.0.2)

Florence Local Wetland Inventory

Wetland 27

SPECIFIC FUNCTIONS	Relative Effectiveness of the Function	Relative Values of the Function
Water Storage & Delay (WS)	3.50	2.67
Sediment Retention & Stabilization (SR)	10.00	5.50
Phosphorus Retention (PR)	10.00	6.28
Nitrate Removal & Retention (NR)	10.00	4.88
Thermoregulation (T)	0.00	0.00
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	1.93	
Organic Matter Export (OE)	0.00	
Aquatic Invertebrate Habitat (INV)	5.00	6.78
Anadromous Fish Habitat (FA)	0.00	4.73
Non-anadromous Fish Habitat (FR)	3.22	2.36
Amphibian & Reptile Habitat (AM)	6.78	7.33
Waterbird Feeding Habitat (WBF)	4.73	7.33
Waterbird Nesting Habitat (WBN)	4.84	6.67
Songbird, Raptor, & Mammal Habitat (SBM)	5.23	6.67
Pollinator Habitat (POL)	5.35	5.00
Native Plant Diversity (PD)	5.34	6.67

GROUPED FUNCTIONS	Group Scores (functions)	Group Scores (values)
Hydrologic Function (WS)	3.50	2.67
Water Quality Group (WQ)	10.00	6.28
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	1.93	
Fish Support Group (FISH)	3.22	4.73
Aquatic Support Group (AQ)	6.78	7.33
Terrestrial Support Group (TERR)	5.35	6.67
Public Use & Recognition (PU)		1.90
Provisioning Services (PS)		0.00

OTHER ATTRIBUTES		
Wetland Ecological Condition		4.85
Wetland Stressors		3.33
Wetland Sensitivity		10.00

HGM Class - Relative Probabilities (select max)	
Estuarine	0.00
Riverine	0.00
Slope	0.00
Flat	10.00
Depressional	0.00
Lacustrine	0.00

Wetland Summary Sheet



Project Name: Florence LWI

		Wetland Code:	Wetland 28
Date(s) of assessment:	August 2010	Size (acres):	5.85
Data Sheet Number(s):	None	Cowardin Class(es):	PFO1C, PFO4C, PUBH
Investigator(s):	A. Hawkins / S. Eisner	HGM Class(es):	Slope

TRS quarter section tax lot:	1812104000077, 1812104000101, 1812104000605, 1812104000702, 1812104000703, 1812113200077, 1812113200200, 1812113200900, 1812113201000, 1812113201400, 1812113201500, 1812113202100
Street address or location:	North of Heceta Beach Road, west of Hwy 101
Latitude:	44.0191
Longitude:	-124.1046
Locally Significant?:	Yes
Hydrologic basin:	171002060804
Soil -- Mapped series:	Netarts fine sand, Yaquina loamy fine sand, Waldport find sand
Hydrologic Source:	Groundwater, Precipitation

Dominant Wetland Vegetation			
TREES / SHRUBS		VINES / HERBS	
<i>Spiraea douglasii</i>	Douglas' Spirea	<i>Carex sp.</i>	Sedge
<i>Vaccinium uliginosum</i>	Bog Blueberry	<i>Juncus effusus</i>	Soft Rush
<i>Ledum glandulosum</i>	Smooth Labrador-Tea	<i>Juncus acuminatus</i>	Taper-Tip Rush
<i>Pinus contorta</i>	Shore Pine	<i>Juncus ensifolius</i>	Dagger-Leaf Rush
<i>Salix hookeriana</i>	Hooker Willow		
<i>Salix lasiandra</i>	Pacific Willow		

Comments:
 Series of scrub shrub wetlands. Some evidence of ponded water, but no outlet. These wetlands were grouped because they are located in the same geomorphic position and have similar adjacent land use patterns. Adjacent upland includes *Vaccinium ovatum*, *Gaultheria shallon*, *Cytisus scoparius*, *Pinus contorta*, and *Rhododendron macrophyllum*. Portions of this wetland obtained concurrence for a prior wetland delineation: WD2006-0116.

COWARDIN CODES:	E2FO = estuarine forested	E2SS = estuarine scrub shrub	E2EM = estuarine emergent
PFO = palustrine forested	PSS = palustrine scrub-shrub	PEM = palustrine emergent	PUB = palustrine unconsolidated bottom
HGM CODES:	EFB = Estuarine Fringe Embayment	EFR = Estuarine Fringe Riverine	RFT = Riverine Flow Through
RI = River Impounding	LFH = Lacustrine Fringe Headwater	LFV = Lacustrine Fringe Valley	DB = Depressional Bog
DA- Depressional Alkaline	DO = Depressional Outflow	DCP = Depressional Closed Permanent	DCNP = Depressional Nonpermanent
	S = Slope	FL = Flats	

ORWAP SCORES SHEET (Version 2.0.2)

Florence Local Wetland Inventory

Wetland 28

SPECIFIC FUNCTIONS	Relative Effectiveness of the Function	Relative Values of the Function
Water Storage & Delay (WS)	2.25	2.17
Sediment Retention & Stabilization (SR)	10.00	5.04
Phosphorus Retention (PR)	10.00	5.28
Nitrate Removal & Retention (NR)	10.00	4.71
Thermoregulation (T)	0.00	0.00
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	1.84	
Organic Matter Export (OE)	0.00	
Aquatic Invertebrate Habitat (INV)	5.97	6.38
Anadromous Fish Habitat (FA)	0.00	3.63
Non-anadromous Fish Habitat (FR)	3.90	6.67
Amphibian & Reptile Habitat (AM)	6.38	7.33
Waterbird Feeding Habitat (WBF)	3.63	4.00
Waterbird Nesting Habitat (WBN)	4.77	6.67
Songbird, Raptor, & Mammal Habitat (SBM)	4.37	6.67
Pollinator Habitat (POL)	5.72	5.00
Native Plant Diversity (PD)	5.85	6.67

GROUPED FUNCTIONS	Group Scores (functions)	Group Scores (values)
Hydrologic Function (WS)	2.25	2.17
Water Quality Group (WQ)	10.00	5.28
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	1.84	
Fish Support Group (FISH)	3.90	6.67
Aquatic Support Group (AQ)	6.38	7.33
Terrestrial Support Group (TERR)	5.85	6.67
Public Use & Recognition (PU)		1.19
Provisioning Services (PS)		0.00

OTHER ATTRIBUTES		
Wetland Ecological Condition		4.97
Wetland Stressors		3.19
Wetland Sensitivity		10.00

HGM Class - Relative Probabilities (select max)	
Estuarine	0.00
Riverine	0.50
Slope	2.19
Flat	0.00
Depressional	0.00
Lacustrine	0.00

Wetland Summary Sheet



Project Name: Florence LWI

		Wetland Code:	Wetland 29
Date(s) of assessment:	August 2010	Size (acres):	65.14
Data Sheet Number(s):	None	Cowardin Class(es):	PEMC, PFO1C, PFO4C, PSS1C, PUBH
Investigator(s):	A. Hawkins / S. Eisner	HGM Class(es):	Depressional, Slope

TRS quarter section tax lot:	1812101301400, 1812104000077, 1812104000100, 1812104000400, 1812104000500, 1812104000800, 1812104000900, 1812104001000, 1812104001100, 1812104001300, 1812104001402, 1812104001500, 1812104001600, 1812104001701, 1812104001800, 1812113200077, 1812150000200, 1812150000300, 1812150001700		
Street address or location:	South of Heceta Beach Road, west of Hwy 101		
Latitude:	44.0166		
Longitude:	-124.1109		
Locally Significant?:	No		
Hydrologic basin:	171002060804		
Soil -- Mapped series:	Yaquina loamy fine sand, Waldport find sand, Dune land, Netarts fine sand		
Hydrologic Source:	Groundwater, Precipitation		

Dominant Wetland Vegetation			
TREES / SHRUBS		VINES / HERBS	
<i>Vaccinium uliginosum</i>	Bog Blueberry	<i>Carex obnupta</i>	Slough Sedge
<i>Salix hookeriana</i>	Hooker Willow	<i>Festuca rubra</i>	Red Fescue
		<i>Juncus sp.</i>	Rush
		<i>Carex viridula</i>	Little Green Sedge
		<i>Juncus leseurii</i>	Salt Rush
		<i>Eleocharis palustris</i>	Common Spikerush
		<i>Ranunculus flammula</i>	Spearwort Butter-Cup
		<i>Carex sitchensis</i>	Sitka Sedge

Comments:
 Large, high quality wetland with a variety of open water, scrub shrub and emergent communities. These wetlands were grouped because they are located in the same geomorphic position, are influenced by the local groundwater table, and have similar adjacent land use patterns. Northern portion is located on private property; the central and southern portions are located on County property. The southern wetlands are generally defined topographically by stabilized and advancing sand dunes. Adjacent upland species: *Pinus contorta*, *Myrica californica*, *Gaultheria shallon*, *Vaccinium ovatum*, *Spiraea douglasii*. Portions of this wetland obtained concurrence for a prior wetland delineation: WD2007-0745 & WD2007-0747.

COWARDIN CODES:	E2FO = estuarine forested	E2SS = estuarine scrub shrub	E2EM = estuarine emergent
PFO = palustrine forested	PSS = palustrine scrub-shrub	PEM = palustrine emergent	PUB = palustrine unconsolidated bottom
HGM CODES:	EFB = Estuarine Fringe Embayment	EFR = Estuarine Fringe Riverine	RFT = Riverine Flow Through
RI = River Impounding	LFH = Lacustrine Fringe Headwater	LFV = Lacustrine Fringe Valley	DB = Depressional Bog
DA- Depressional Alkaline	DO = Depressional Outflow	DCP = Depressional Closed Permanent	DCNP = Depressional Nonpermanent
	S = Slope	FL= Flats	

ORWAP SCORES SHEET (Version 2.0.2)

Florence Local Wetland Inventory

Wetland 29

SPECIFIC FUNCTIONS	Relative Effectiveness of the Function	Relative Values of the Function
Water Storage & Delay (WS)	4.50	2.17
Sediment Retention & Stabilization (SR)	10.00	5.13
Phosphorus Retention (PR)	10.00	5.36
Nitrate Removal & Retention (NR)	10.00	4.83
Thermoregulation (T)	0.00	0.00
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	1.53	
Organic Matter Export (OE)	0.00	
Aquatic Invertebrate Habitat (INV)	5.22	6.41
Anadromous Fish Habitat (FA)	0.00	4.33
Non-anadromous Fish Habitat (FR)	3.33	6.67
Amphibian & Reptile Habitat (AM)	6.41	7.33
Waterbird Feeding Habitat (WBF)	4.33	4.00
Waterbird Nesting Habitat (WBN)	4.32	6.67
Songbird, Raptor, & Mammal Habitat (SBM)	4.71	6.67
Pollinator Habitat (POL)	4.31	5.00
Native Plant Diversity (PD)	5.43	6.67

GROUPED FUNCTIONS	Group Scores (functions)	Group Scores (values)
Hydrologic Function (WS)	4.50	2.17
Water Quality Group (WQ)	10.00	5.36
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	1.53	
Fish Support Group (FISH)	3.33	6.67
Aquatic Support Group (AQ)	6.41	7.33
Terrestrial Support Group (TERR)	5.43	6.67
Public Use & Recognition (PU)		1.90
Provisioning Services (PS)		0.00

OTHER ATTRIBUTES		
Wetland Ecological Condition		6.07
Wetland Stressors		2.59
Wetland Sensitivity		10.00

HGM Class - Relative Probabilities (select max)	
Estuarine	0.00
Riverine	0.00
Slope	0.00
Flat	0.00
Depressional	0.00
Lacustrine	0.00

Wetland Summary Sheet



Project Name: Florence LWI

		Wetland Code:	Wetland 30
Date(s) of assessment:	August 2010	Size (acres):	6.88
Data Sheet Number(s):	None	Cowardin Class(es):	PFO1C
Investigator(s):	A. Hawkins / S. Eisner	HGM Class(es):	Depressional

TRS quarter section tax lot:	1812104001600, 1812150001700
Street address or location:	On County property between Hwy 101 and Shelter Cove Subdivision
Latitude:	44.0117
Longitude:	-124.1129
Locally Significant?:	No
Hydrologic basin:	171002060804
Soil -- Mapped series:	Waldport fine sand, Yaquina loamy fine sand
Hydrologic Source:	Groundwater

Dominant Wetland Vegetation			
TREES / SHRUBS		VINES / HERBS	
<i>Pinus contorta</i>	Shore Pine	<i>Rubus ursinus</i>	California Dewberry
<i>Spiraea douglasii</i>	Douglas' spirea	<i>Rubus discolor</i>	Himalayan Blackberry
<i>Vaccinium uliginosum</i>	Bog Blueberry	<i>Deschampsia cespitosa</i>	Tufted Hairgrass
<i>Alnus rubra</i>	Red Alder	<i>Carex obnupta</i>	Slough Sedge
<i>Salix hookeriana</i>	Hooker Willow	<i>Juncus effusus</i>	Soft Rush
<i>Rubus spectabilis</i>	Salmonberry	<i>Juncus sp.</i>	Rush

Comments:
 Series of interdunal swales surrounded by *Pinus* and *Gaultheria* dominated upland. Dominant groundcover includes *Deschampsia* and *Vaccinium*. Wetland fringes are dominated by willows. These wetlands were grouped because they are located in the same geomorphic position and have similar vegetation communities.

COWARDIN CODES:	E2FO = estuarine forested	E2SS = estuarine scrub shrub	E2EM = estuarine emergent
PFO = palustrine forested	PSS = palustrine scrub-shrub	PEM = palustrine emergent	PUB = palustrine unconsolidated bottom
HGM CODES:	EFB = Estuarine Fringe Embayment	EFR = Estuarine Fringe Riverine	RFT = Riverine Flow Through
RI = River Impounding	LFH = Lacustrine Fringe Headwater	LFV = Lacustrine Fringe Valley	DB = Depressional Bog
DA- Depressional Alkaline	DO = Depressional Outflow	DCP = Depressional Closed Permanent	DCNP = Depressional Nonpermanent
	S = Slope	FL = Flats	

ORWAP SCORES SHEET (Version 2.0.2)

Florence Local Wetland Inventory

Wetland 30

SPECIFIC FUNCTIONS	Relative Effectiveness of the Function	Relative Values of the Function
Water Storage & Delay (WS)	3.50	1.67
Sediment Retention & Stabilization (SR)	10.00	5.00
Phosphorus Retention (PR)	10.00	5.11
Nitrate Removal & Retention (NR)	10.00	4.33
Thermoregulation (T)	0.00	0.00
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	1.93	
Organic Matter Export (OE)	0.00	
Aquatic Invertebrate Habitat (INV)	5.70	7.42
Anadromous Fish Habitat (FA)	0.00	4.75
Non-anadromous Fish Habitat (FR)	3.97	6.67
Amphibian & Reptile Habitat (AM)	7.42	7.33
Waterbird Feeding Habitat (WBF)	4.75	4.00
Waterbird Nesting Habitat (WBN)	5.32	6.67
Songbird, Raptor, & Mammal Habitat (SBM)	5.10	6.67
Pollinator Habitat (POL)	5.40	5.00
Native Plant Diversity (PD)	6.16	6.67

GROUPED FUNCTIONS	Group Scores (functions)	Group Scores (values)
Hydrologic Function (WS)	3.50	1.67
Water Quality Group (WQ)	10.00	5.11
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	1.93	
Fish Support Group (FISH)	3.97	6.67
Aquatic Support Group (AQ)	7.42	7.33
Terrestrial Support Group (TERR)	6.16	6.67
Public Use & Recognition (PU)		0.00
Provisioning Services (PS)		0.00

OTHER ATTRIBUTES		
Wetland Ecological Condition		4.43
Wetland Stressors		2.75
Wetland Sensitivity		10.00

HGM Class - Relative Probabilities (select max)	
Estuarine	0.00
Riverine	0.50
Slope	1.88
Flat	5.36
Depressional	13.61
Lacustrine	0.00

Wetland Summary Sheet



Project Name: Florence LWI

		Wetland Code:	Wetland 31
Date(s) of assessment:	August 2010	Size (acres):	89.33
Data Sheet Number(s):	None	Cowardin Class(es):	PABH, PFO4C, PSS1C, PUBH
Investigator(s):	A. Hawkins / S. Eisner	HGM Class(es):	Depressional open, Slope

TRS quarter section tax lot:	1812040000200, 1812044300077, 1812044302600, 1812044303500, 1812090000240, 1812090000241, 1812090000242, 1812090000243, 1812090000244, 1812090000246, 1812090000247, 1812090000250, 1812090000251, 1812090000500, 1812090000602		
Street address or location:	Either side of N Jetty Road; east to base of terrace (below Rhododendron Drive)		
Latitude:	44.0233		
Longitude:	-124.1312		
Locally Significant?:	No		
Hydrologic basin:	171002060804		
Soil -- Mapped series:	Heceta fine sand, Waldport fine sand, Dune land		
Hydrologic Source:	Groundwater, Precipitation		

Dominant Wetland Vegetation			
TREES / SHRUBS		VINES / HERBS	
<i>Pinus contorta</i>	<i>Shore pine</i>		
<i>Salix spp.</i>	<i>Willow</i>		

Comments:
 Large wetland complex on State property; located primarily east of N Jetty Road. Wetland maintains a seasonal hydrologic connection to the Siuslaw River via culverts under Jetty Road. These wetlands were grouped because they are located in the similar geomorphic positions and are hydrologically connected.

COWARDIN CODES:	E2FO = estuarine forested	E2SS = estuarine scrub shrub	E2EM = estuarine emergent
PFO = palustrine forested	PSS = palustrine scrub-shrub	PEM = palustrine emergent	PUB = palustrine unconsolidated bottom
HGM CODES:	EFB = Estuarine Fringe Embayment	EFR = Estuarine Fringe Riverine	RFT = Riverine Flow Through
RI = River Impounding	LFH = Lacustrine Fringe Headwater	LFV = Lacustrine Fringe Valley	DB = Depressional Bog
DA- Depressional Alkaline	DO = Depressional Outflow	DCP = Depressional Closed Permanent	DCNP = Depressional Nonpermanent
	S = Slope	FL= Flats	

ORWAP SCORES SHEET (Version 2.0.2)

Florence Local Wetland Inventory

Wetland 31

SPECIFIC FUNCTIONS	Relative Effectiveness of the Function	Relative Values of the Function
Water Storage & Delay (WS)	2.71	2.92
Sediment Retention & Stabilization (SR)	5.89	5.24
Phosphorus Retention (PR)	2.48	5.78
Nitrate Removal & Retention (NR)	6.17	4.13
Thermoregulation (T)	5.44	7.50
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	2.55	
Organic Matter Export (OE)	5.70	
Aquatic Invertebrate Habitat (INV)	5.89	7.93
Anadromous Fish Habitat (FA)	7.93	10.00
Non-anadromous Fish Habitat (FR)	6.98	6.67
Amphibian & Reptile Habitat (AM)	4.40	7.33
Waterbird Feeding Habitat (WBF)	5.74	7.33
Waterbird Nesting Habitat (WBN)	4.63	6.67
Songbird, Raptor, & Mammal Habitat (SBM)	6.30	6.67
Pollinator Habitat (POL)	6.06	5.00
Native Plant Diversity (PD)	5.64	7.03

GROUPED FUNCTIONS	Group Scores (functions)	Group Scores (values)
Hydrologic Function (WS)	2.71	2.92
Water Quality Group (WQ)	6.17	7.50
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	2.55	
Fish Support Group (FISH)	7.93	10.00
Aquatic Support Group (AQ)	5.89	7.33
Terrestrial Support Group (TERR)	6.30	7.03
Public Use & Recognition (PU)		0.95
Provisioning Services (PS)		0.00

OTHER ATTRIBUTES		
Wetland Ecological Condition		6.02
Wetland Stressors		2.80
Wetland Sensitivity		10.00

HGM Class - Relative Probabilities (select max)	
Estuarine	0.00
Riverine	0.00
Slope	0.00
Flat	0.00
Depressional	0.00
Lacustrine	0.00

Wetland Summary Sheet



Project Name: Florence LWI

		Wetland Code:	Wetland 32
Date(s) of assessment:	August 2010	Size (acres):	8.76
Data Sheet Number(s):	None	Cowardin Class(es):	L2ABH, PFO4C
Investigator(s):	A. Hawkins / S. Eisner	HGM Class(es):	Lacustrine

TRS quarter section tax lot:	1812120000701, 1812120000702, 1812130001000, 1812130001800, 1812141000104, 1812141000113, 1812141000202
Street address or location:	Ackerley Lake
Latitude:	44.0116
Longitude:	-124.0849
Locally Significant?:	No
Hydrologic basin:	171002060804
Soil -- Mapped series:	Netarts fine sand, Bullards-Ferrelo loams
Hydrologic Source:	Surface

Dominant Wetland Vegetation			
TREES / SHRUBS		VINES / HERBS	
<i>Pinus contorta</i>	Shore pine	<i>Carex obnupta</i>	Slough sedge
<i>Alnus rubra</i>	Red alder		

Comments:
 This wetland includes an aquatic and forested area along the west side of Ackerley Lake south to Munsel Lake as well as three forested areas adjoining Munsel Lake. The lacustrine portion begins at the confluence of the Clear Lake drainage channel and Ackerley Lake. Vegetation identified above has not been confirmed but is presumed to be present based upon observation of similar habitats in the Florence area.

COWARDIN CODES:	E2FO = estuarine forested	E2SS = estuarine scrub shrub	E2EM = estuarine emergent
PFO = palustrine forested	PSS = palustrine scrub-shrub	PEM = palustrine emergent	PUB = palustrine unconsolidated bottom
HGM CODES:	EFB = Estuarine Fringe Embayment	EFR = Estuarine Fringe Riverine	RFT = Riverine Flow Through
RI = River Impounding	LFH = Lacustrine Fringe Headwater	LFV = Lacustrine Fringe Valley	DB = Depressional Bog
DA- Depressional Alkaline	DO = Depressional Outflow	DCP = Depressional Closed Permanent	DCNP = Depressional Nonpermanent
	S = Slope	FL = Flats	

ORWAP SCORES SHEET (Version 2.0.2)

Florence Local Wetland Inventory

Wetland 32

SPECIFIC FUNCTIONS	Relative Effectiveness of the Function	Relative Values of the Function
Water Storage & Delay (WS)	2.26	2.00
Sediment Retention & Stabilization (SR)	4.46	4.88
Phosphorus Retention (PR)	5.56	5.92
Nitrate Removal & Retention (NR)	5.05	4.33
Thermoregulation (T)	3.61	6.67
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	2.18	
Organic Matter Export (OE)	6.90	
Aquatic Invertebrate Habitat (INV)	5.33	7.65
Anadromous Fish Habitat (FA)	6.64	10.00
Non-anadromous Fish Habitat (FR)	4.70	7.73
Amphibian & Reptile Habitat (AM)	5.52	7.33
Waterbird Feeding Habitat (WBF)	5.46	4.00
Waterbird Nesting Habitat (WBN)	5.26	6.67
Songbird, Raptor, & Mammal Habitat (SBM)	7.65	6.67
Pollinator Habitat (POL)	8.73	5.00
Native Plant Diversity (PD)	6.59	7.96

GROUPED FUNCTIONS	Group Scores (functions)	Group Scores (values)
Hydrologic Function (WS)	2.26	2.00
Water Quality Group (WQ)	5.56	6.67
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	2.18	
Fish Support Group (FISH)	6.64	10.00
Aquatic Support Group (AQ)	6.90	7.33
Terrestrial Support Group (TERR)	8.73	7.96
Public Use & Recognition (PU)		2.22
Provisioning Services (PS)		2.00

OTHER ATTRIBUTES		
Wetland Ecological Condition		6.77
Wetland Stressors		1.48
Wetland Sensitivity		3.37

HGM Class - Relative Probabilities (select max)	
Estuarine	0.00
Riverine	0.00
Slope	0.00
Flat	0.00
Depressional	0.00
Lacustrine	10.00

Wetland Characterization Sheet



Project Name: Florence LWI

		Wetland Code:	Wetland 33
Date(s) of assessment:	August 2010	Size (acres):	0.61
Data Sheet Number(s):	None	Cowardin Class(es):	PFO4C
Investigator(s):	A. Hawkins / S. Eisner	HGM Class(es):	Flat, depressional

TRS quarter section tax lot:	1812150001600
Street address or location:	Wetland between Hwy 101 and Shelter Cove Subdivision
Latitude:	44.0071
Longitude:	-124.1173
Locally Significant?:	Yes
Hydrologic basin:	171002060804
Soil -- Mapped series:	Yaquina loamy fine sand
Hydrologic Source:	Groundwater

Dominant Wetland Vegetation			
TREES / SHRUBS		VINES / HERBS	
<i>Pinus contorta</i>	Shore Pine	<i>Deschampsia cespitosa</i>	Tufted Hairgrass
<i>Spiraea douglasii</i>	Douglas' Spirea	<i>Carex obnupta</i>	Slough Sedge
<i>Vaccinium uliginosum</i>	Bog Blueberry	<i>Juncus effusus</i>	Soft Rush
<i>Salix sp.</i>	Willow		

Comments:
 Interdunal swale surrounded by Pinus and Gaultheria dominated upland. Wetland is dominated by tufted hairgrass and bog blueberry. Wetland fringe is dominated by shrubs (willows).

COWARDIN CODES:	E2FO = estuarine forested	E2SS = estuarine scrub shrub	E2EM = estuarine emergent
PFO = palustrine forested	PSS = palustrine scrub-shrub	PEM = palustrine emergent	PUB = palustrine unconsolidated bottom
HGM CODES:	EFB = Estuarine Fringe Embayment	EFR = Estuarine Fringe Riverine	RFT = Riverine Flow Through
RI = River Impounding	LFH = Lacustrine Fringe Headwater	LFV = Lacustrine Fringe Valley	DB = Depressional Bog
DA- Depressional Alkaline	DO = Depressional Outflow	DGP = Depressional Closed Permanent	DCNP = Depressional Nonpermanent
	S = Slope	FL = Flats	

ORWAP SCORES SHEET (Version 2.0.2)

Florence Local Wetland Inventory

Wetland 33

SPECIFIC FUNCTIONS	Relative Effectiveness of the Function	Relative Values of the Function
Water Storage & Delay (WS)	4.50	1.67
Sediment Retention & Stabilization (SR)	10.00	4.77
Phosphorus Retention (PR)	10.00	4.69
Nitrate Removal & Retention (NR)	10.00	3.86
Thermoregulation (T)	0.00	0.00
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	1.99	
Organic Matter Export (OE)	0.00	
Aquatic Invertebrate Habitat (INV)	6.46	7.36
Anadromous Fish Habitat (FA)	0.00	4.27
Non-anadromous Fish Habitat (FR)	1.22	6.67
Amphibian & Reptile Habitat (AM)	7.36	7.33
Waterbird Feeding Habitat (WBF)	4.27	4.00
Waterbird Nesting Habitat (WBN)	0.00	6.67
Songbird, Raptor, & Mammal Habitat (SBM)	6.55	6.67
Pollinator Habitat (POL)	7.09	5.00
Native Plant Diversity (PD)	5.99	6.97

GROUPED FUNCTIONS	Group Scores (functions)	Group Scores (values)
Hydrologic Function (WS)	4.50	1.67
Water Quality Group (WQ)	10.00	4.77
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	1.99	
Fish Support Group (FISH)	1.22	6.67
Aquatic Support Group (AQ)	7.36	7.33
Terrestrial Support Group (TERR)	7.09	6.97
Public Use & Recognition (PU)		10.00
Provisioning Services (PS)		0.00

OTHER ATTRIBUTES		
Wetland Ecological Condition		6.64
Wetland Stressors		3.19
Wetland Sensitivity		10.00

HGM Class - Relative Probabilities (select max)	
Estuarine	0.00
Riverine	0.50
Slope	1.50
Flat	6.15
Depressional	2.78
Lacustrine	0.00

Wetland Summary Sheet



Project Name: Florence LWI

		Wetland Code:	Wetland 34
Date(s) of assessment:	August 11, 2010	Size (acres):	1.88
Data Sheet Number(s):	10	Cowardin Class(es):	PFO1C
Investigator(s):	A. Hawkins / S. Eisner	HGM Class(es):	Riverine

TRS quarter section tax lot:	1812222302000, 1812222302100, 1812222301201, 1812223333703, 1812220000701, 181222100066
Street address or location:	East and west of Rhododendron Drive south of 35th
Latitude:	43.9952
Longitude:	-124.1176
Locally Significant?:	Yes
Hydrologic basin:	171002060804
Soil -- Mapped series:	Yaquina-Urban land complex, Dune lands
Hydrologic Source:	Groundwater, Surface

Dominant Wetland Vegetation			
TREES / SHRUBS		VINES / HERBS	
<i>Lonicera involucrata</i>	Bearberry Honeysuckle	<i>Rubus discolor</i>	Himalayan Blackberry
<i>Alnus rubra</i>	Red Alder	<i>Juncus effusus</i>	Soft Rush
<i>Salix hookeriana</i>	Hooker Willow	<i>Holcus lanatus</i>	Common Velvet Grass
		<i>Erechitites minima</i>	Burnweed
		<i>Equisetum arvense</i>	Field Horsetail
		<i>Epilobium watsonii</i>	Watson's Willow-Herb

Comments:
Wetland at valley bottom associated with stream east of Rhododendron Drive. Northern portion is confined by residential development on both sides. West of the wetland the stream enters a culvert which outlets into the Siuslaw River. Portions of this feature have been delineated and received concurrence from DSL (WD#'s 2006-0740 & 1999-0227).

COWARDIN CODES:	E2FO = estuarine forested	E2SS = estuarine scrub shrub	E2EM = estuarine emergent
PFO = palustrine forested	PSS = palustrine scrub-shrub	PEM = palustrine emergent	PUB = palustrine unconsolidated bottom
HGM CODES:	EFB = Estuarine Fringe Embayment	EFR = Estuarine Fringe Riverine	RFT = Riverine Flow Through
RI = River Impounding	LFH = Lacustrine Fringe Headwater	LFV = Lacustrine Fringe Valley	DB = Depressional Bog
DA- Depressional Alkaline	DO = Depressional Outflow	DCP = Depressional Closed Permanent	DCNP = Depressional Nonpermanent
	S = Slope	FL= Flats	

ORWAP SCORES SHEET (Version 2.0.2)

Florence Local Wetland Inventory

Wetland 34

SPECIFIC FUNCTIONS	Relative Effectiveness of the Function	Relative Values of the Function
Water Storage & Delay (WS)	1.64	1.67
Sediment Retention & Stabilization (SR)	5.03	6.64
Phosphorus Retention (PR)	2.60	5.76
Nitrate Removal & Retention (NR)	4.66	4.68
Thermoregulation (T)	4.94	5.00
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	3.15	
Organic Matter Export (OE)	6.06	
Aquatic Invertebrate Habitat (INV)	4.21	6.00
Anadromous Fish Habitat (FA)	0.00	4.16
Non-anadromous Fish Habitat (FR)	2.57	6.67
Amphibian & Reptile Habitat (AM)	2.88	6.67
Waterbird Feeding Habitat (WBF)	4.16	4.00
Waterbird Nesting Habitat (WBN)	0.00	6.67
Songbird, Raptor, & Mammal Habitat (SBM)	4.55	6.67
Pollinator Habitat (POL)	4.66	0.83
Native Plant Diversity (PD)	4.53	6.67

GROUPED FUNCTIONS	Group Scores (functions)	Group Scores (values)
Hydrologic Function (WS)	1.64	1.67
Water Quality Group (WQ)	5.03	6.64
Carbon Sequestration (CS)	3.15	
Fish Support Group (FISH)	2.57	6.67
Aquatic Support Group (AQ)	6.06	6.67
Terrestrial Support Group (TERR)	4.66	6.67
Public Use & Recognition (PU)		0.00
Provisioning Services (PS)		0.00

OTHER ATTRIBUTES		
Wetland Ecological Condition		7.46
Wetland Stressors		3.79
Wetland Sensitivity		5.06

HGM Class - Relative Probabilities (select max)	
Estuarine	0.00
Riverine	3.50
Slope	1.44
Flat	0.00
Depressional	0.00
Lacustrine	0.00

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM - Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region

Project/Site: Florence LWI City/County: Florence/Lane Sampling Date: 7/8/2010
 Applicant/Owner: City of Florence State: OR Sampling Point: 1
 Investigator(s): CR/AH Section, Township, Range: Section 22, T 18 South, R 12 West
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): swale Local relief (concave, convex, none): _____ Slope (%): _____
 Subregion (LRR): LRR A Lat: _____ Long: _____ Datum: _____
 Soil Map Unit Name: Waldport fine sand NWI Classification: None
 Are climatic/hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes X No _____ (if no, explain in Remarks)
 Are vegetation _____ Soil _____ or Hydrology _____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? (Y/N) Y
 Are vegetation _____ Soil _____ or Hydrology _____ naturally problematic? If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____ Hydric Soil Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____ Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____	Is Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes <u>X</u> No _____
Remarks:	

VEGETATION - Use scientific names of plants.

	absolute % cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	
Tree Stratum (plot size: <u>30</u>)				
1 <u><i>Pinus contorta</i></u>	<u>50</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>FAC</u>	Dominance Test worksheet: Number of Dominant Species That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>3</u> (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>3</u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100%</u> (A/B)
2 _____	_____	_____	_____	
3 _____	_____	_____	_____	
4 _____	_____	_____	_____	
<u>50</u>	= Total Cover			
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (plot size: <u>5</u>)				
1 <u><i>Salix sitchensis</i></u>	<u>3</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>FACW</u>	Prevalence Index Worksheet: Total % Cover of _____ Multiply by: _____ OBL Species _____ x 1 = <u>0</u> FACW species _____ x 2 = <u>0</u> FAC Species _____ x 3 = <u>0</u> FACU Species _____ x 4 = <u>0</u> UPL Species _____ x 5 = <u>0</u> Column Totals <u>0</u> (A) <u>0</u> (B) Prevalence Index =B/A = <u>#DIV/0!</u>
2 _____	_____	_____	_____	
3 _____	_____	_____	_____	
4 _____	_____	_____	_____	
<u>3</u>	= Total Cover			
Herb Stratum (plot size: <u>30</u>)				
1 <u><i>Carex obnupta</i></u>	<u>95</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>OBL</u>	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: <u>X</u> Dominance Test is >50% _____ Prevalence Index is ≤ 3.0 ¹ _____ Morphological Adaptations ¹ (provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) _____ Wetland Non-Vascular Plants ¹ _____ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
2 _____	_____	_____	_____	
3 _____	_____	_____	_____	
4 _____	_____	_____	_____	
5 _____	_____	_____	_____	
6 _____	_____	_____	_____	
7 _____	_____	_____	_____	
8 _____	_____	_____	_____	
<u>95</u>	= Total Cover			
Woody Vine Stratum (plot size: _____)				
1 _____	_____	_____	_____	¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____
2 _____	_____	_____	_____	
<u>0</u>	= Total Cover			
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum _____				
Remarks:				

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (Inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
0-2	10YR 2/2	100					Sandy Loam	
2-18	2.5Y 5/3	95	10YR 4/6	5	C	M	Sand	organic streaking

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains.

²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)

Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³:

<input type="checkbox"/> Histosol (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5)	<input type="checkbox"/> 2 cm Muck (A10)
<input type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Red Parent Material (TF2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except MLRA 1)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other (explain in Remarks)
<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8)	

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Restrictive Layer (if present):

Type: None
 Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes X No _____

Remarks:

Sample site is a depressional area that meets hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology indicators. Prominent concentrations in the form of streaks of organic material in a sandy soil were observed. Despite not meeting any of the criteria above, the observed soils are hydric.

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:

Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)

Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)

<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water stained Leaves (B9) (Except MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Water stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA1, 2, 4A, and 4B)
<input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Salt Crust (B11)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)	<input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Geomorphic Position (D2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3)
<input type="checkbox"/> Iron Deposits (B5)	<input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Plowed Soils (C6)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Fac-Neutral Test (D5)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A)	<input type="checkbox"/> Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A)
<input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)	<input type="checkbox"/> Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)		

Field Observations:

Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No X Depth (inches): _____
 Water Table Present? Yes _____ No X Depth (inches): _____
 Saturation Present? Yes _____ No X Depth (inches): _____
 (includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes X No _____

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

None

Remarks:

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM - Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region

Project/Site: Florence LWI City/County: Florence/Lane Sampling Date: 7/8/2010
 Applicant/Owner: City of Florence State: OR Sampling Point: 2
 Investigator(s): CR/AH Section, Township, Range: Section 22, T 18 South, R 12 West
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): _____ Local relief (concave, convex, none): _____ Slope (%): _____
 Subregion (LRR): LRR A Lat: _____ Long: _____ Datum: _____
 Soil Map Unit Name: Waldport fine sand NWI Classification: None
 Are climatic/hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes X No _____ (if no, explain in Remarks)
 Are vegetation _____ Soil _____ or Hydrology _____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? (Y/N) Y
 Are vegetation _____ Soil _____ or Hydrology _____ naturally problematic? If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____	Is Sampled Area within a Wetland?	Yes _____	No <u>X</u>
Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No <u>X</u>			
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No <u>X</u>			
Remarks:			

VEGETATION - Use scientific names of plants.

	absolute % cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	
Tree Stratum (plot size: <u>30</u>)				Dominance Test worksheet: Number of Dominant Species That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>1</u> (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>1</u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100%</u> (A/B)
1 <u><i>Pinus contorta</i></u>	<u>95</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>FAC</u>	
2 _____				
3 _____				
4 _____				
	<u>95</u>	= Total Cover		
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (plot size: _____)				
1 _____				
2 _____				
3 _____				
4 _____				
5 _____				
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cover		
Herb Stratum (plot size: _____)				
1 _____				
2 _____				
3 _____				
4 _____				
5 _____				
6 _____				
7 _____				
8 _____				
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cover		
Woody Vine Stratum (plot size: _____)				
1 _____				
2 _____				
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cover		
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum <u>100</u>				

Prevalence Index Worksheet:			
Total % Cover of		Multiply by:	
OBL Species	_____	x 1 =	<u>0</u>
FACW species	_____	x 2 =	<u>0</u>
FAC Species	_____	x 3 =	<u>0</u>
FACU Species	_____	x 4 =	<u>0</u>
UPL Species	_____	x 5 =	<u>0</u>
Column Totals	<u>0</u>	(A)	<u>0</u>
Prevalence Index =B/A =			<u>#DIV/0!</u>

Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:	
<u>X</u>	Dominance Test is >50%
_____	Prevalence Index is ≤ 3.0 ¹
_____	Morphological Adaptations ¹ (provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
_____	Wetland Non-Vascular Plants ¹
_____	Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)

¹Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present?	Yes <u>X</u>	No _____
--	--------------	----------

Remarks:
Dense overstory with no groundcover.

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (Inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
3-0	Duff	100						
0-18	2.5Y 5/3	100					Sand	

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains.

²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)

Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³:

<input type="checkbox"/> Histosol (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5)	<input type="checkbox"/> 2 cm Muck (A10)
<input type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Red Parent Material (TF2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except MLRA 1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (explain in Remarks)
<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7)	³ Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8)	

Restrictive Layer (if present):

Type: None
 Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes X No _____

Remarks:

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:

Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)

Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)

<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water stained Leaves (B9) (Except MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA1, 2, 4A, and 4B)
<input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Salt Crust (B11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10)
<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)	<input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Geomorphic Position (D2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3)
<input type="checkbox"/> Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Plowed Soils (C6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Fac-Neutral Test (D5)
<input type="checkbox"/> Iron Deposits (B5)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A)	<input type="checkbox"/> Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)	<input type="checkbox"/> Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7)
<input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)		

Field Observations:

Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No X Depth (inches): _____
 Water Table Present? Yes _____ No X Depth (inches): _____
 Saturation Present? Yes _____ No X Depth (inches): _____
 (includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No X

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

None

Remarks:

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM - Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region

Project/Site: Florence LWI City/County: Florence/Lane Sampling Date: 7/15/2010
 Applicant/Owner: City of Florence State: OR Sampling Point: 3
 Investigator(s): AH/SE Section, Township, Range: Section 2, T 18 South, R 12 West
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): _____ Local relief (concave, convex, none): _____ Slope (%): _____
 Subregion (LRR): LRR A Lat: _____ Long: _____ Datum: _____
 Soil Map Unit Name: Yaquina loamy fine sand NWI Classification: PEMC
 Are climatic/hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes X No _____ (if no, explain in Remarks)
 Are vegetation _____ Soil _____ or Hydrology _____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? (Y/N) Y
 Are vegetation _____ Soil _____ or Hydrology _____ naturally problematic? If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____ Hydric Soil Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____ Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____	Is Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes <u>X</u> No _____
Remarks:	

VEGETATION - Use scientific names of plants.

	absolute % cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	
Tree Stratum (plot size: _____)				
1 _____	_____	_____	_____	Dominance Test worksheet: Number of Dominant Species That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>2</u> (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>2</u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100%</u> (A/B)
2 _____	_____	_____	_____	
3 _____	_____	_____	_____	
4 _____	_____	_____	_____	
<u>0</u>	= Total Cover			
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (plot size: <u>5</u>)				
1 <u><i>Spiraea douglasii</i></u>	<u>30</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>FACW</u>	Prevalence Index Worksheet: Total % Cover of _____ Multiply by: _____ OBL Species _____ x 1 = <u>0</u> FACW species _____ x 2 = <u>0</u> FAC Species _____ x 3 = <u>0</u> FACU Species _____ x 4 = <u>0</u> UPL Species _____ x 5 = <u>0</u> Column Totals <u>0</u> (A) <u>0</u> (B) Prevalence Index =B/A = <u>#DIV/0!</u>
2 <u><i>Myrica californica</i></u>	<u>70</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>FACW</u>	
3 _____	_____	_____	_____	
4 _____	_____	_____	_____	
<u>100</u>	= Total Cover			
Herb Stratum (plot size: _____)				
1 _____	_____	_____	_____	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: <u>X</u> Dominance Test is >50% _____ Prevalence Index is ≤ 3.0 ¹ _____ Morphological Adaptations ¹ (provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) _____ Wetland Non-Vascular Plants ¹ _____ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
2 _____	_____	_____	_____	
3 _____	_____	_____	_____	
4 _____	_____	_____	_____	
5 _____	_____	_____	_____	
6 _____	_____	_____	_____	
7 _____	_____	_____	_____	
<u>0</u>	= Total Cover			
Woody Vine Stratum (plot size: _____)				
1 _____	_____	_____	_____	¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____
2 _____	_____	_____	_____	
<u>0</u>	= Total Cover			
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum _____				

Remarks:
Additional wetland vegetation: Carex obnupta, Pinus contorta, some Vaccinium ovatum.

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (Inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
3-0	Duff							
0-3	10YR 4/2	100					sand	
3-18	10YR 4/2	30	10YR 4/6	20	C	M	sand	soft masses
			10YR 4/4	50	C	M		soft masses

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)		Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ :	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Histosol (A1)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5)	<input type="checkbox"/> 2 cm Muck (A10)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Red Parent Material (TF2)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except MLRA 1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (explain in Remarks)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7)		³ Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8)		

Restrictive Layer (if present):

Type: None

Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes X No _____

Remarks:

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:

Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)		Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water stained Leaves (B9) (Except MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA1, 2, 4A, and 4B)	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Salt Crust (B11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10)	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)	<input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Geomorphic Position (D2)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Plowed Soils (C6)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Fac-Neutral Test (D5)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Iron Deposits (B5)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A)	<input type="checkbox"/> Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)	<input type="checkbox"/> Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)			
<input type="checkbox"/> Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)			

Field Observations:

Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No X Depth (inches): _____

Water Table Present? Yes X No _____ Depth (inches): 7

Saturation Present? Yes X No _____ Depth (inches): 0

(includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes X No _____

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

None

Remarks:

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM - Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region

Project/Site: Florence LWI City/County: Florence/Lane Sampling Date: 7/15/2010
 Applicant/Owner: City of Florence State: OR Sampling Point: 4
 Investigator(s): AH/SE Section, Township, Range: Section 14, T 18 South, R 12 West
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): _____ Local relief (concave, convex, none): _____ Slope (%): _____
 Subregion (LRR): LRR A Lat: _____ Long: _____ Datum: _____
 Soil Map Unit Name: Waldport fine sand NWI Classification: L2ABH
 Are climatic/hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes X No _____ (if no, explain in Remarks)
 Are vegetation _____ Soil _____ or Hydrology _____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? (Y/N) Y
 Are vegetation _____ Soil _____ or Hydrology _____ naturally problematic? If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____	Is Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes <u>X</u> No _____
Hydric Soil Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____	
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____	
Remarks:	

VEGETATION - Use scientific names of plants.

	absolute % cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	
Tree Stratum (plot size: <u>30</u>)				Dominance Test worksheet: Number of Dominant Species That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>5</u> (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>5</u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100%</u> (A/B)
1	<u>15</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>FAC</u>	
2	<u>20</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>FAC</u>	
3				
4				
	<u>35</u>	= Total Cover		
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (plot size: <u>5</u>)				
1	<u>2</u>		<u>FAC</u>	
2	<u>15</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>FACW</u>	
3	<u>15</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>FACW</u>	
4	<u>3</u>		<u>FACU</u>	
5				
	<u>35</u>	= Total Cover		
Herb Stratum (plot size: <u>5</u>)				Prevalence Index Worksheet: Total % Cover of _____ Multiply by: _____ OBL Species _____ x 1 = <u>0</u> FACW species _____ x 2 = <u>0</u> FAC Species _____ x 3 = <u>0</u> FACU Species _____ x 4 = <u>0</u> UPL Species _____ x 5 = <u>0</u> Column Totals <u>0</u> (A) <u>0</u> (B) Prevalence Index =B/A = <u>#DIV/0!</u>
1	<u>93</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>OBL</u>	
2	<u>2</u>		<u>UPL</u>	
3	<u>3</u>		<u>OBL</u>	
4				
5				
6				
7				
8				
	<u>98</u>	= Total Cover		
Woody Vine Stratum (plot size: _____)				
1				
2				
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cover		
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum _____				

Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
X Dominance Test is >50%
 _____ Prevalence Index is ≤ 3.0¹
 _____ Morphological Adaptations¹ (provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
 _____ Wetland Non-Vascular Plants¹
 _____ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain)

¹Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes X No _____

Remarks:
Additional wetland vegetation: Salix sp., Lysichiton americanum, Juncus tenuis, Scirpus sp., Nuphar luteum.

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (Inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
0-8	7.5YR 2.5/1	100					Sand	fine, silty. High oreganic content.
8-12	2.5Y 4/1	100					Sand	fine.

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains.

²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)

Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³:

<input type="checkbox"/> Histosol (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5)	<input type="checkbox"/> 2 cm Muck (A10)
<input type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Red Parent Material (TF2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except MLRA 1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (explain in Remarks)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8)	

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Restrictive Layer (if present):

Type: None
 Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes X No _____

Remarks:

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:

Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)

Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)

<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water stained Leaves (B9) (Except MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA1, 2, 4A, and 4B)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Salt Crust (B11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)	<input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Geomorphic Position (D2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3)
<input type="checkbox"/> Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Plowed Soils (C6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Fac-Neutral Test (D5)
<input type="checkbox"/> Iron Deposits (B5)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A)	<input type="checkbox"/> Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)	<input type="checkbox"/> Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7)
<input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)		

Field Observations:

Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No X Depth (inches): _____
 Water Table Present? Yes X No _____ Depth (inches): 3
 Saturation Present? Yes X No _____ Depth (inches): 0
 (includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes X No _____

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

None

Remarks:

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM - Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region

Project/Site: Florence LWI City/County: Florence/Lane Sampling Date: 7/15/2010
 Applicant/Owner: City of Florence State: OR Sampling Point: 5
 Investigator(s): AH/SE Section, Township, Range: Section 24, T 18 South, R 12 West
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): _____ Local relief (concave, convex, none): _____ Slope (%): _____
 Subregion (LRR): LRR A Lat: _____ Long: _____ Datum: _____
 Soil Map Unit Name: Yaquina loamy fine sand NWI Classification: None
 Are climatic/hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes X No _____ (if no, explain in Remarks)
 Are vegetation _____ Soil _____ or Hydrology _____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? (Y/N) Y
 Are vegetation _____ Soil _____ or Hydrology _____ naturally problematic? If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____	Is Sampled Area within a Wetland?	Yes <u>X</u>	No _____
Hydric Soil Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____		Yes <u>X</u>	No _____
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____			
Remarks:			

VEGETATION - Use scientific names of plants.

	absolute % cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	
Tree Stratum (plot size: <u>30</u>)				Dominance Test worksheet: Number of Dominant Species That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>5</u> (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>5</u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100%</u> (A/B)
1 <u><i>Alnus rubra</i></u>	<u>60</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>FAC</u>	
2 <u><i>Tsuga heterophylla</i></u>	<u>5</u>		<u>FACU</u>	
3 _____				
4 _____				
	<u>65</u>	= Total Cover		
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (plot size: <u>5</u>)				
1 <u><i>Rubus spectabilis</i></u>	<u>20</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>FAC</u>	
2 _____				
3 _____				
4 _____				
5 _____				
	<u>20</u>	= Total Cover		
Herb Stratum (plot size: <u>5</u>)				
1 <u><i>Equisetum arvense</i></u>	<u>5</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>FAC</u>	
2 <u><i>Lysichiton americanum</i></u>	<u>10</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>OBL</u>	
3 <u><i>Athyrium filix-femina</i></u>	<u>5</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>FAC</u>	
4 <u><i>Polystichum munitum</i></u>	<u>3</u>		<u>FACU</u>	
5 _____				
6 _____				
7 _____				
8 _____				
	<u>23</u>	= Total Cover		
Woody Vine Stratum (plot size: _____)				
1 _____				
2 _____				
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cover		
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum <u>20</u>				
Prevalence Index Worksheet: Total % Cover of _____ Multiply by: _____ OBL Species _____ x 1 = <u>0</u> FACW species _____ x 2 = <u>0</u> FAC Species _____ x 3 = <u>0</u> FACU Species _____ x 4 = <u>0</u> UPL Species _____ x 5 = <u>0</u> Column Totals <u>0</u> (A) <u>0</u> (B) Prevalence Index =B/A = <u>#DIV/0!</u>				
Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: <u>X</u> Dominance Test is >50% _____ Prevalence Index is ≤ 3.0 ¹ _____ Morphological Adaptations ¹ (provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) _____ Wetland Non-Vascular Plants ¹ _____ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)				
¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____				

Remarks:
Other wetland vegetation: Salix sp., Ribes sp., Tsuga heterophylla, Thuja plicata, Oenanthe sarmentosa, Polystichum munitum.

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (Inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
0-13	7.5YR 2.5/1	100					Sandy Loam	fine, with high organic content.

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains.

²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)

Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³:

<input type="checkbox"/> Histosol (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5)	<input type="checkbox"/> 2 cm Muck (A10)
<input type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Red Parent Material (TF2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except MLRA 1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (explain in Remarks)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8)	

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Restrictive Layer (if present):

Type: None
 Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes X No _____

Remarks:

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:

Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)

Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water stained Leaves (B9) (Except MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA1, 2, 4A, and 4B)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Salt Crust (B11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)	<input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Geomorphic Position (D2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3)
<input type="checkbox"/> Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Plowed Soils (C6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Fac-Neutral Test (D5)
<input type="checkbox"/> Iron Deposits (B5)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A)	<input type="checkbox"/> Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)	<input type="checkbox"/> Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7)
<input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)		

Field Observations:

Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No X Depth (inches): _____
 Water Table Present? Yes X No _____ Depth (inches): 12
 Saturation Present? Yes X No _____ Depth (inches): 0
 (includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes X No _____

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

None

Remarks:

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM - Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region

Project/Site: Florence LWI City/County: Florence/Lane Sampling Date: 7/16/2010
 Applicant/Owner: City of Florence State: OR Sampling Point: 6
 Investigator(s): AH/SE Section, Township, Range: Section 3, T 18 South, R 12 West
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): _____ Local relief (concave, convex, none): _____ Slope (%): _____
 Subregion (LRR): LRR A Lat: _____ Long: _____ Datum: _____
 Soil Map Unit Name: Dune land NWI Classification: PSSC
 Are climatic/hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes X No _____ (if no, explain in Remarks)
 Are vegetation _____ Soil _____ or Hydrology _____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? (Y/N) Y
 Are vegetation _____ Soil _____ or Hydrology _____ naturally problematic? If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____	Is Sampled Area within a Wetland?	Yes <u>X</u>	No _____
Hydric Soil Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____		Yes <u>X</u>	No _____
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____			
Remarks:			

VEGETATION - Use scientific names of plants.

	absolute % cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	
Tree Stratum (plot size: <u>30</u>)				Dominance Test worksheet: Number of Dominant Species That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>3</u> (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>3</u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100%</u> (A/B)
1 <u><i>Pinus contorta</i></u>	<u>30</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>FAC</u>	
2 _____				
3 _____				
4 _____				
	<u>30</u>	= Total Cover		
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (plot size: <u>5</u>)				
1 <u><i>Salix sp.</i></u>	<u>15</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>(FAC to FACW)</u>	
2 _____				
3 _____				
4 _____				
5 _____				
	<u>15</u>	= Total Cover		
Herb Stratum (plot size: <u>5</u>)				
1 <u><i>Scirpus microcarpus</i></u>	<u>40</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>OBL</u>	
2 _____				
3 _____				
4 _____				
5 _____				
6 _____				
7 _____				
8 _____				
	<u>40</u>	= Total Cover		
Woody Vine Stratum (plot size: _____)				
1 _____				
2 _____				
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cover		
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum <u>60</u>				
Prevalence Index Worksheet: Total % Cover of _____ Multiply by: _____ OBL Species _____ x 1 = <u>0</u> FACW species _____ x 2 = <u>0</u> FAC Species _____ x 3 = <u>0</u> FACU Species _____ x 4 = <u>0</u> UPL Species _____ x 5 = <u>0</u> Column Totals <u>0</u> (A) <u>0</u> (B) Prevalence Index =B/A = <u>#DIV/0!</u>				
Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: <u>X</u> Dominance Test is >50% _____ Prevalence Index is ≤ 3.0 ¹ _____ Morphological Adaptations ¹ (provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) _____ Wetland Non-Vascular Plants ¹ _____ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)				
¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____				
Remarks:				

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (Inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
1-0	Duff							
0-12	10YR 4/2	100					Sand	

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains.

²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)

Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³:

<input type="checkbox"/> Histosol (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5)	<input type="checkbox"/> 2 cm Muck (A10)
<input type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Red Parent Material (TF2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except MLRA 1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (explain in Remarks)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8)	

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Restrictive Layer (if present):

Type: None
 Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes X No _____

Remarks:

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:

Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)

Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)

<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water stained Leaves (B9) (Except MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA1, 2, 4A, and 4B)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Salt Crust (B11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)	<input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Geomorphic Position (D2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3)
<input type="checkbox"/> Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Plowed Soils (C6)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Fac-Neutral Test (D5)
<input type="checkbox"/> Iron Deposits (B5)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A)	<input type="checkbox"/> Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)	<input type="checkbox"/> Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7)
<input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)		

Field Observations:

Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No X Depth (inches): _____
 Water Table Present? Yes X No _____ Depth (inches): 3
 Saturation Present? Yes X No _____ Depth (inches): 0
 (includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes x No _____

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

None

Remarks:

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM - Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region

Project/Site: Florence LWI City/County: Florence/Lane Sampling Date: 7/16/2010
 Applicant/Owner: City of Florence State: OR Sampling Point: 7
 Investigator(s): AH/SE Section, Township, Range: Section 4, T 18 South, R 12 West
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): _____ Local relief (concave, convex, none): _____ Slope (%): _____
 Subregion (LRR): LRR A Lat: _____ Long: _____ Datum: _____
 Soil Map Unit Name: Yaquina loamy fine sand NWI Classification: None
 Are climatic/hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes X No _____ (if no, explain in Remarks)
 Are vegetation _____ Soil _____ or Hydrology _____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? (Y/N) Y
 Are vegetation _____ Soil _____ or Hydrology _____ naturally problematic? If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____	Is Sampled Area within a Wetland?	Yes <u>X</u>	No _____
Hydric Soil Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____		Yes <u>X</u>	No _____
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____			
Remarks:			

VEGETATION - Use scientific names of plants.

	absolute % cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	
Tree Stratum (plot size: <u>30</u>)				Dominance Test worksheet: Number of Dominant Species That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>5</u> (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>5</u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100%</u> (A/B)
1	<u>70</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>(FAC to FACW)</u>	
2				
3				
4				
	<u>70</u>	= Total Cover		
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (plot size: <u>5</u>)				Prevalence Index Worksheet: Total % Cover of _____ Multiply by: _____ OBL Species _____ x 1 = <u>0</u> FACW species _____ x 2 = <u>0</u> FAC Species _____ x 3 = <u>0</u> FACU Species _____ x 4 = <u>0</u> UPL Species _____ x 5 = <u>0</u> Column Totals <u>0</u> (A) <u>0</u> (B) Prevalence Index =B/A = <u>#DIV/0!</u>
1	<u>3</u>		<u>FACW</u>	
2	<u>5</u>		<u>UPL</u>	
3	<u>30</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>FACW</u>	
4	<u>25</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>FAC</u>	
5	<u>20</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>(FAC to FACW)</u>	
	<u>83</u>	= Total Cover		
Herb Stratum (plot size: <u>5</u>)				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: <u>X</u> Dominance Test is >50% _____ Prevalence Index is ≤ 3.0 ¹ _____ Morphological Adaptations ¹ (provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) _____ Wetland Non-Vascular Plants ¹ _____ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain) ¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
1	<u>30</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>OBL</u>	
2				
3				
4				
5				
6				
7				
8				
	<u>30</u>	= Total Cover		
Woody Vine Stratum (plot size: _____)				
1				
2				
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cover		
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum <u>40</u>				
Remarks:				Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (Inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
0-5	7.5YR 3/3	100						muck; nearly all organic material
5-8	5Y 2.5/1	100					Sand	mucky
8-12	2.5Y 3/1	100					Sand	fine sand, no organics

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains.

²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)

Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³:

<input type="checkbox"/>	Histosol (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/>	Sandy Redox (S5)	<input type="checkbox"/>	2 cm Muck (A10)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Histic Epipedon (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/>	Stripped Matrix (S6)	<input type="checkbox"/>	Red Parent Material (TF2)
<input type="checkbox"/>	Black Histic (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/>	Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except MLRA 1)	<input type="checkbox"/>	Other (explain in Remarks)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	<input type="checkbox"/>	Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)		
<input type="checkbox"/>	Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	<input type="checkbox"/>	Depleted Matrix (F3)		
<input type="checkbox"/>	Thick Dark Surface (A12)	<input type="checkbox"/>	Redox Dark Surface (F6)		
<input type="checkbox"/>	Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)	<input type="checkbox"/>	Depleted Dark Surface (F7)		
<input type="checkbox"/>	Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)	<input type="checkbox"/>	Redox Depressions (F8)		

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Restrictive Layer (if present):

Type: None
 Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes X No _____

Remarks:

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:

Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)

Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)

<input type="checkbox"/>	Surface Water (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/>	Water stained Leaves (B9) (Except MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B)	<input type="checkbox"/>	Water stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA1, 2, 4A, and 4B)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	High Water Table (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/>	Salt Crust (B11)	<input type="checkbox"/>	Drainage Patterns (B10)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Saturation (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/>	Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)	<input type="checkbox"/>	Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
<input type="checkbox"/>	Water Marks (B1)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	<input type="checkbox"/>	Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
<input type="checkbox"/>	Sediment Deposits (B2)	<input type="checkbox"/>	Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3)	<input type="checkbox"/>	Geomorphic Position (D2)
<input type="checkbox"/>	Drift Deposits (B3)	<input type="checkbox"/>	Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	<input type="checkbox"/>	Shallow Aquitard (D3)
<input type="checkbox"/>	Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	<input type="checkbox"/>	Recent Iron Reduction in Plowed Soils (C6)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Fac-Neutral Test (D5)
<input type="checkbox"/>	Iron Deposits (B5)	<input type="checkbox"/>	Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A)	<input type="checkbox"/>	Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A)
<input type="checkbox"/>	Surface Soil Cracks (B6)	<input type="checkbox"/>	Other (Explain in Remarks)	<input type="checkbox"/>	Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7)
<input type="checkbox"/>	Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)				
<input type="checkbox"/>	Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)				

Field Observations:

Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No X Depth (inches): _____
 Water Table Present? Yes X No _____ Depth (inches): 1
 Saturation Present? Yes X No _____ Depth (inches): 0
 (includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes X No _____

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

None

Remarks:

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM - Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region

Project/Site: Florence LWI City/County: Florence/Lane Sampling Date: 7/16/2010
 Applicant/Owner: City of Florence State: OR Sampling Point: 8
 Investigator(s): AH/SE Section, Township, Range: Section 4, T 18 South, R 12 West
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): _____ Local relief (concave, convex, none): _____ Slope (%): _____
 Subregion (LRR): LRR A Lat: _____ Long: _____ Datum: _____
 Soil Map Unit Name: Yaquina loamy fine sand NWI Classification: None
 Are climatic/hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes X No _____ (if no, explain in Remarks)
 Are vegetation _____ Soil _____ or Hydrology _____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? (Y/N) Y
 Are vegetation _____ Soil _____ or Hydrology _____ naturally problematic? If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____	Is Sampled Area within a Wetland?	Yes <u>X</u>	No _____
Hydric Soil Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____		Yes <u>X</u>	No _____
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____			
Remarks:			

VEGETATION - Use scientific names of plants.

	absolute % cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	
Tree Stratum (plot size: <u>30</u>)				Dominance Test worksheet: Number of Dominant Species That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>5</u> (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>5</u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100%</u> (A/B)
1 <u>Myrica californica</u>	<u>40</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>FACW</u>	
2 <u>Picea sitchensis</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>FAC</u>	
3 <u>Picea sp.</u>	<u>5</u>		<u>(FAC)</u>	
4 _____				
	<u>65</u>	= Total Cover		
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (plot size: <u>5</u>)				
1 <u>Spiraea douglasii</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>FACW</u>	
2 <u>Salix sp.</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>(FAC to FACW)</u>	
3 <u>Myrica californica</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>FACW</u>	
4 _____				
5 _____				
	<u>55</u>	= Total Cover		
Herb Stratum (plot size: _____)				
1 _____				
2 _____				
3 _____				
4 _____				
5 _____				
6 _____				
7 _____				
8 _____				
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cover		
Woody Vine Stratum (plot size: _____)				
1 _____				
2 _____				
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cover		
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum <u>70</u>				
Remarks:				

Total % Cover of	Multiply by:
OBL Species _____	x 1 = <u>0</u>
FACW species _____	x 2 = <u>0</u>
FAC Species _____	x 3 = <u>0</u>
FACU Species _____	x 4 = <u>0</u>
UPL Species _____	x 5 = <u>0</u>
Column Totals <u>0</u> (A)	<u>0</u> (B)
Prevalence Index =B/A = <u>#DIV/0!</u>	

Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:

X Dominance Test is >50%
 _____ Prevalence Index is ≤ 3.0¹
 _____ Morphological Adaptations¹ (provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
 _____ Wetland Non-Vascular Plants¹
 _____ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain)

¹Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes X No _____

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (Inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
8-0	Duff							
0-4	10YR 2/2	100					Sandy Loam	high organic content
4-10	2.5Y 3/2	95	7.5YR 2.5/3	5	C	M	Sand	

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains.

²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)

Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³:

<input type="checkbox"/> Histosol (A1)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5)	<input type="checkbox"/> 2 cm Muck (A10)
<input type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Red Parent Material (TF2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except MLRA 1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (explain in Remarks)
<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7)	³ Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8)	

Restrictive Layer (if present):

Type: None
 Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes X No _____

Remarks:

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:

Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)

Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)

<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water stained Leaves (B9) (Except MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA1, 2, 4A, and 4B)
<input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Salt Crust (B11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)	<input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Geomorphic Position (D2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3)
<input type="checkbox"/> Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Plowed Soils (C6)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Fac-Neutral Test (D5)
<input type="checkbox"/> Iron Deposits (B5)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A)	<input type="checkbox"/> Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)	<input type="checkbox"/> Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7)
<input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)		

Field Observations:

Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No X Depth (inches): _____
 Water Table Present? Yes X No _____ Depth (inches): 12
 Saturation Present? Yes X No _____ Depth (inches): 6
 (includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes X No _____

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

None

Remarks:

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM - Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region

Project/Site: Florence LWI City/County: Florence/Lane Sampling Date: 7/16/2010
 Applicant/Owner: City of Florence State: OR Sampling Point: 9
 Investigator(s): AH/SE Section, Township, Range: Section 26 T 18 South, R 12 West
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): depression Local relief (concave, convex, none): convex Slope (%): _____
 Subregion (LRR): LRR A Lat: _____ Long: _____ Datum: _____
 Soil Map Unit Name: Dune land NWI Classification: PUSC
 Are climatic/hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes X No _____ (if no, explain in Remarks)
 Are vegetation _____ Soil _____ or Hydrology _____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? (Y/N) Y
 Are vegetation _____ Soil _____ or Hydrology _____ naturally problematic? If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____	Is Sampled Area within a Wetland?	Yes <u>X</u>	No _____
Hydric Soil Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____		Yes <u>X</u>	No _____
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____			
Remarks:			

VEGETATION - Use scientific names of plants.

	absolute % cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	
Tree Stratum (plot size: _____)				Dominance Test worksheet: Number of Dominant Species That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>1</u> (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>2</u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>50%</u> (A/B)
1 _____				
2 _____				
3 _____				
4 _____				
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cover		
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (plot size: _____)				
1 _____				
2 _____				
3 _____				
4 _____				
5 _____				
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cover		
Herb Stratum (plot size: <u>5</u>)				Prevalence Index Worksheet: Total % Cover of _____ Multiply by: _____ OBL Species _____ x 1 = <u>0</u> FACW species _____ x 2 = <u>0</u> FAC Species _____ x 3 = <u>0</u> FACU Species _____ x 4 = <u>0</u> UPL Species _____ x 5 = <u>0</u> Column Totals <u>0</u> (A) <u>0</u> (B) Prevalence Index =B/A = <u>#DIV/0!</u>
1 <u>Unidentified bunchgrass</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>unknown</u>	
2 <u>Salix sp.</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>(FACW)</u>	
3 <u>(presumably S. hookeriana)</u>				
4 _____				
5 _____				
6 _____				
7 _____				
8 _____				
	<u>18</u>	= Total Cover		
Woody Vine Stratum (plot size: _____)				
1 _____				
2 _____				
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cover		
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum <u>90 to 95</u>				

Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
 _____ Dominance Test is >50%
 _____ Prevalence Index is ≤ 3.0¹
 _____ Morphological Adaptations¹ (provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
 _____ Wetland Non-Vascular Plants¹
X Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain)

¹Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes X No _____

Remarks:
Though Pinus contorta is common along the edges of this wetland, the interior is sparsely vegetated. The apparent combined result of seasonal ponding and sandy soils. Other species in the vicinity: S. hookeriana shrubs, Spiraea douglasii, and several species of rushes.

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (Inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
0-18	10YR 4/3	96	10YR 4/6	4	C	M	Sand	

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains.

²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)

Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³:

<input type="checkbox"/> Histosol (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5)	<input type="checkbox"/> 2 cm Muck (A10)
<input type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Red Parent Material (TF2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except MLRA 1)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other (explain in Remarks)
<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8)	

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Restrictive Layer (if present):

Type: None
 Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes X No _____

Remarks:

Sample site fails to meet any specific hydric soil indicator. However, evidence of a dry season water table indicates that extended periods of shallow saturation earlier in the growing season are likely. Two weeks of saturation during the growing season is sufficient to develop anaerobic conditions and therefore meet the definition of a hydric soil.

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:

Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)

Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water stained Leaves (B9) (Except MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA1, 2, 4A, and 4B)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Salt Crust (B11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)	<input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Geomorphic Position (D2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3)
<input type="checkbox"/> Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Plowed Soils (C6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Fac-Neutral Test (D5)
<input type="checkbox"/> Iron Deposits (B5)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A)	<input type="checkbox"/> Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)	<input type="checkbox"/> Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7)
<input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)		

Field Observations:

Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No X Depth (inches): _____
 Water Table Present? Yes X No _____ Depth (inches): 12
 Saturation Present? Yes X No _____ Depth (inches): 8
 (includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes X No _____

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

None

Remarks:

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM - Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region

Project/Site: Florence LWI City/County: Florence/Lane Sampling Date: 8/11/2010
 Applicant/Owner: City of Florence State: OR Sampling Point: 10
 Investigator(s): AH/SE Section, Township, Range: Section 22, T 18 South, R 12 West
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): _____ Local relief (concave, convex, none): _____ Slope (%): _____
 Subregion (LRR): LRR A Lat: _____ Long: _____ Datum: _____
 Soil Map Unit Name: Dune land NWI Classification: PFOC
 Are climatic/hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes X No _____ (if no, explain in Remarks)
 Are vegetation _____ Soil _____ or Hydrology _____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? (Y/N) Y
 Are vegetation _____ Soil _____ or Hydrology _____ naturally problematic? If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____	Is Sampled Area within a Wetland?	Yes <u>X</u>	No _____
Hydric Soil Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____		Yes <u>X</u>	No _____
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____			
Remarks:			

VEGETATION - Use scientific names of plants.

	absolute % cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	
Tree Stratum (plot size: <u>30</u>)				Dominance Test worksheet: Number of Dominant Species That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>5</u> (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>6</u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>83%</u> (A/B)
1 <u><i>Alnus rubra</i></u>	<u>10</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>FAC</u>	
2 <u><i>Salix sp.</i></u>	<u>40</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>(FAC to FACW)</u>	
3 _____				
4 _____				
	<u>50</u>	= Total Cover		
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (plot size: <u>5</u>)				
1 <u><i>Rubus spectabilis</i></u>	<u>10</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>FAC</u>	
2 <u><i>Rubus discolor</i></u>	<u>3</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>FACU</u>	
3 _____				
4 _____				
5 _____				
	<u>13</u>	= Total Cover		
Herb Stratum (plot size: <u>5</u>)				
1 <u><i>Equisetum arvense</i></u>	<u>35</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>FAC</u>	
2 <u><i>Carex unilateralis</i></u>	<u>15</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>FACW</u>	
3 <u><i>Carex obnupta</i></u>	<u>10</u>		<u>OBL</u>	
4 _____				
5 _____				
6 _____				
7 _____				
8 _____				
	<u>60</u>	= Total Cover		
Woody Vine Stratum (plot size: _____)				
1 _____				
2 _____				
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cover		
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum <u>30</u>				
Prevalence Index Worksheet:				
Total % Cover of _____		Multiply by: _____		
OBL Species _____	x 1 =	<u>0</u>		
FACW species _____	x 2 =	<u>0</u>		
FAC Species _____	x 3 =	<u>0</u>		
FACU Species _____	x 4 =	<u>0</u>		
UPL Species _____	x 5 =	<u>0</u>		
Column Totals <u>0</u> (A)		<u>0</u> (B)		
Prevalence Index =B/A = <u>#DIV/0!</u>				
Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:				
<u>X</u>	Dominance Test is >50%			
_____	Prevalence Index is ≤ 3.0 ¹			
_____	Morphological Adaptations ¹ (provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)			
_____	Wetland Non-Vascular Plants ¹			
_____	Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)			
¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.				
Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____				

Remarks:
Additional wetland vegetation: 2 Salix sp., Gaultheria shallon, Polystichum munitum, Cytisus scoparius, Rubus ursinus, Lonicera involucrata, Pinus contorta, Lotus corniculatus, Myrica californica.

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (Inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
0-3	5YR 2.5/2	100					Sandy Loam	
3-12	5Y 5/3	98	10YR 4/6	2	C	M	Sand	fine

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.) **Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³:**

<input type="checkbox"/> Histosol (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5)	<input type="checkbox"/> 2 cm Muck (A10)
<input type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Red Parent Material (TF2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except MLRA 1)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other (explain in Remarks)
<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8)	

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Restrictive Layer (if present):

Type: None

Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes X No _____

Remarks:
Sample site fails to meet any specific hydric soil indicator. However, saturation into mid-summer indicates that extended periods of saturation can be presumed. Two weeks of saturation during the growing season is sufficient to develop anaerobic conditions and therefore meet the definition of a hydric soil.

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:

Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)		Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water stained Leaves (B9) (Except MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA1, 2, 4A, and 4B)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Salt Crust (B11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)	<input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Geomorphic Position (D2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3)
<input type="checkbox"/> Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Plowed Soils (C6)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Fac-Neutral Test (D5)
<input type="checkbox"/> Iron Deposits (B5)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A)	<input type="checkbox"/> Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)	<input type="checkbox"/> Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7)
<input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)		

Field Observations:

Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No X Depth (inches): _____

Water Table Present? Yes X No _____ Depth (inches): 12

Saturation Present? Yes X No _____ Depth (inches): 5

(includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes X No _____

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:
None

Remarks:

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM - Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region

Project/Site: Florence LWI City/County: Florence/Lane Sampling Date: 8/11/2010
 Applicant/Owner: City of Florence State: OR Sampling Point: 11
 Investigator(s): AH/SE Section, Township, Range: Section 4, T 18 South, R 12 West
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): _____ Local relief (concave, convex, none): _____ Slope (%): _____
 Subregion (LRR): LRR A Lat: _____ Long: _____ Datum: _____
 Soil Map Unit Name: Yaquina loamy fine sand NWI Classification: None
 Are climatic/hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes X No _____ (if no, explain in Remarks)
 Are vegetation _____ Soil _____ or Hydrology _____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? (Y/N) Y
 Are vegetation _____ Soil _____ or Hydrology _____ naturally problematic? If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____	Is Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes <u>X</u> No _____
Hydric Soil Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____	
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____	
Remarks:	

VEGETATION - Use scientific names of plants.

	absolute % cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	
Tree Stratum (plot size: <u>30</u>)				Dominance Test worksheet: Number of Dominant Species That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>5</u> (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>5</u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100%</u> (A/B)
1	<u>10</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>FAC</u>	
2				
3				
4	<u>10</u>	= Total Cover		
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (plot size: <u>5</u>)				Prevalence Index Worksheet: Total % Cover of _____ Multiply by: OBL Species _____ x 1 = <u>0</u> FACW species _____ x 2 = <u>0</u> FAC Species _____ x 3 = <u>0</u> FACU Species _____ x 4 = <u>0</u> UPL Species _____ x 5 = <u>0</u> Column Totals <u>0</u> (A) <u>0</u> (B) Prevalence Index =B/A = <u>#DIV/0!</u>
1	<u>15</u>	<u>(FAC to FACW)</u>	<u>FACW</u>	
2	<u>20</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>FACW</u>	
3	<u>35</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>FACW</u>	
4	<u>15</u>		<u>UPL</u>	
5	<u>5</u>		<u>FAC</u>	
	<u>90</u>	= Total Cover		
Herb Stratum (plot size: _____)				Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: <u>X</u> Dominance Test is >50% _____ Prevalence Index is ≤ 3.0 ¹ _____ Morphological Adaptations ¹ (provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) _____ Wetland Non-Vascular Plants ¹ _____ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
1	<u>10</u>		<u>(FAC)</u>	
2	<u>30</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>FACW</u>	
3	<u>25</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>OBL</u>	
4				
5				
6				
7				
8				
	<u>65</u>	= Total Cover		
Woody Vine Stratum (plot size: _____)				¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____
1				
2				
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cover		
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum <u>0</u>				

Remarks:

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (Inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
0-3	10YR 2/1	100					Sandy Loam	
3-19	2.5Y 4/3	96	10YR 3/4	4	C	M	Sand	fine to coarse mottles

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains.

²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)

Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³:

<input type="checkbox"/> Histosol (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5)	<input type="checkbox"/> 2 cm Muck (A10)
<input type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Red Parent Material (TF2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except MLRA 1)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other (explain in Remarks)
<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8)	

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Restrictive Layer (if present):

Type: None
 Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes X No _____

Remarks:

Sample site fails to meet any specific hydric soil indicator. However, evidence of a dry season water table indicates that extended periods of shallow saturation earlier in the growing season are likely. Two weeks of saturation during the growing season is sufficient to develop anaerobic conditions and therefore meet the definition of a hydric soil.

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:

Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)

Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)

<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water stained Leaves (B9) (Except MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Water stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA1, 2, 4A, and 4B)
<input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Salt Crust (B11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Geomorphic Position (D2)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3)
<input type="checkbox"/> Iron Deposits (B5)	<input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Plowed Soils (C6)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Fac-Neutral Test (D5)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A)	<input type="checkbox"/> Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A)
<input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)	<input type="checkbox"/> Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)		

Field Observations:

Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No X Depth (inches): _____
 Water Table Present? Yes X No _____ Depth (inches): 19
 Saturation Present? Yes X No _____ Depth (inches): 16
 (includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes X No _____

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

None

Remarks:

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM - Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region

Project/Site: Florence LWI City/County: Florence/Lane Sampling Date: 8/11/2010
 Applicant/Owner: City of Florence State: OR Sampling Point: 12
 Investigator(s): AH/SE Section, Township, Range: Section 24, T 18 South, R 12 West
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): _____ Local relief (concave, convex, none): _____ Slope (%): _____
 Subregion (LRR): LRR A Lat: _____ Long: _____ Datum: _____
 Soil Map Unit Name: Waldport fine sand NWI Classification: None
 Are climatic/hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes X No _____ (if no, explain in Remarks)
 Are vegetation _____ Soil _____ or Hydrology _____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? (Y/N) Y
 Are vegetation _____ Soil _____ or Hydrology _____ naturally problematic? If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____	Is Sampled Area within a Wetland?	Yes <u>X</u>	No _____
Hydric Soil Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____		Yes <u>X</u>	No _____
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____			
Remarks:			

VEGETATION - Use scientific names of plants.

	absolute % cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	
Tree Stratum (plot size: <u>30</u>)				Dominance Test worksheet: Number of Dominant Species That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>4</u> (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>7</u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>57%</u> (A/B)
1 <u><i>Thuja plicata</i></u>	<u>45</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>FAC</u>	
2 <u><i>Tsuga heterophylla</i></u>	<u>35</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>FACU</u>	
3 <u><i>Pinus contorta</i></u>	<u>2</u>		<u>FAC</u>	
4 <u><i>Myrica californica</i></u>	<u>20</u>		<u>FACW</u>	
	<u>102</u>	= Total Cover		
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (plot size: <u>5</u>)				
1 <u><i>Myrica californica</i></u>	<u>15</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>FACW</u>	
2 <u><i>Gaultheria shallon</i></u>	<u>40</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>FACU</u>	
3 _____				
4 _____				
5 _____				
	<u>55</u>	= Total Cover		
Herb Stratum (plot size: <u>5</u>)				
1 <u><i>Lysichiton americanum</i></u>	<u>30</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>OBL</u>	
2 <u><i>Gaultheria shallon</i></u>	<u>15</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>FACU</u>	
3 <u><i>Blechnum spicant</i></u>	<u>20</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>FAC</u>	
4 _____				
5 _____				
6 _____				
7 _____				
8 _____				
	<u>65</u>	= Total Cover		
Woody Vine Stratum (plot size: _____)				
1 _____				
2 _____				
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cover		
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum <u>10</u>				
Prevalence Index Worksheet: Total % Cover of _____ Multiply by: _____ OBL Species _____ x 1 = <u>0</u> FACW species _____ x 2 = <u>0</u> FAC Species _____ x 3 = <u>0</u> FACU Species _____ x 4 = <u>0</u> UPL Species _____ x 5 = <u>0</u> Column Totals <u>0</u> (A) <u>0</u> (B) Prevalence Index =B/A = <u>#DIV/0!</u>				
Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: <u>X</u> Dominance Test is >50% _____ Prevalence Index is ≤ 3.0 ¹ _____ Morphological Adaptations ¹ (provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) _____ Wetland Non-Vascular Plants ¹ _____ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)				
¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____				

Remarks:
Bryophytes 80%.

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (Inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
0-3	10YR 2/1	100					Loam	high organic
3-8	7.5YR 2.5/2	100						muck
8-15	10YR 4/1	100					Sand	fine

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains.

²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)

Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³:

<input type="checkbox"/>	Histosol (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/>	Sandy Redox (S5)	<input type="checkbox"/>	2 cm Muck (A10)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Histic Epipedon (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/>	Stripped Matrix (S6)	<input type="checkbox"/>	Red Parent Material (TF2)
<input type="checkbox"/>	Black Histic (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/>	Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except MLRA 1)	<input type="checkbox"/>	Other (explain in Remarks)
<input type="checkbox"/>	Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	<input type="checkbox"/>	Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)		
<input type="checkbox"/>	Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	<input type="checkbox"/>	Depleted Matrix (F3)		
<input type="checkbox"/>	Thick Dark Surface (A12)	<input type="checkbox"/>	Redox Dark Surface (F6)		
<input type="checkbox"/>	Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)	<input type="checkbox"/>	Depleted Dark Surface (F7)		
<input type="checkbox"/>	Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)	<input type="checkbox"/>	Redox Depressions (F8)		

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Restrictive Layer (if present):

Type: None
 Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes X No _____

Remarks:

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:

Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)

Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)

<input type="checkbox"/>	Surface Water (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/>	Water stained Leaves (B9) (Except MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B)	<input type="checkbox"/>	Water stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA1, 2, 4A, and 4B)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	High Water Table (A2)			<input type="checkbox"/>	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Saturation (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/>	Salt Crust (B11)	<input type="checkbox"/>	Drainage Patterns (B10)
<input type="checkbox"/>	Water Marks (B1)	<input type="checkbox"/>	Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)	<input type="checkbox"/>	Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
<input type="checkbox"/>	Sediment Deposits (B2)	<input type="checkbox"/>	Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	<input type="checkbox"/>	Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
<input type="checkbox"/>	Drift Deposits (B3)	<input type="checkbox"/>	Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3)	<input type="checkbox"/>	Geomorphic Position (D2)
<input type="checkbox"/>	Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	<input type="checkbox"/>	Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	<input type="checkbox"/>	Shallow Aquitard (D3)
<input type="checkbox"/>	Iron Deposits (B5)	<input type="checkbox"/>	Recent Iron Reduction in Plowed Soils (C6)	<input type="checkbox"/>	Fac-Neutral Test (D5)
<input type="checkbox"/>	Surface Soil Cracks (B6)	<input type="checkbox"/>	Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A)	<input type="checkbox"/>	Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A)
<input type="checkbox"/>	Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	<input type="checkbox"/>	Other (Explain in Remarks)	<input type="checkbox"/>	Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7)
<input type="checkbox"/>	Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)				

Field Observations:

Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No X Depth (inches): _____
 Water Table Present? Yes X No _____ Depth (inches): 9
 Saturation Present? Yes X No _____ Depth (inches): 3
 (includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes X No _____

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

None

Remarks:

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM - Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region

Project/Site: Brandt Property City/County: Florence/Lane Sampling Date: 7/6/2010
 Applicant/Owner: Craig & Kathleen Brandt State: OR Sampling Point: 13
 Investigator(s): AH/CR Section, Township, Range: Section 14, T 18 South, R 12 West
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): toe of slope Local relief (concave, convex, none): none Slope (%): < 20
 Subregion (LRR): LRR A Lat: 44.0098 Long: 124.0865 Datum: DD.DD
 Soil Map Unit Name: Netarts fine sand NWI Classification: None
 Are climatic/hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes X No _____ (if no, explain in Remarks)
 Are vegetation _____ Soil _____ or Hydrology _____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? (Y/N) Y
 Are vegetation _____ Soil _____ or Hydrology _____ naturally problematic? If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No <u>X</u>	Is Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes _____ No <u>X</u>
Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No <u>X</u>	
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No <u>X</u>	
Remarks:	

VEGETATION - Use scientific names of plants.

Tree Stratum (plot size: <u>30</u>)	absolute % cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status
1 <u><i>Pinus contorta</i></u>	<u>5</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>FAC</u>
2 _____	_____	_____	_____
3 _____	_____	_____	_____
4 _____	_____	_____	_____
	<u>5</u>	= Total Cover	
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (plot size: <u>5</u>)	absolute % cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status
1 <u><i>Gaultheria shallon</i></u>	<u>50</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>FACU</u>
2 <u><i>Rhamnus purshiana</i></u>	<u>20</u>	_____	<u>FAC</u>
3 <u><i>Ledum glandulosum</i></u>	<u>30</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>FACW</u>
4 <u><i>Spiraea douglasii</i></u>	<u>3</u>	_____	<u>FACW</u>
5 <u><i>Vaccinium ovatum</i></u>	<u>30</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>UPL</u>
	<u>133</u>	= Total Cover	
Herb Stratum (plot size: <u>5</u>)	absolute % cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status
1 <u><i>Polystichum munitum</i></u>	<u>15</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>FACU</u>
2 _____	_____	_____	_____
3 _____	_____	_____	_____
4 _____	_____	_____	_____
5 _____	_____	_____	_____
6 _____	_____	_____	_____
7 _____	_____	_____	_____
8 _____	_____	_____	_____
	<u>15</u>	= Total Cover	
Woody Vine Stratum (plot size: _____)	absolute % cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status
1 _____	_____	_____	_____
2 _____	_____	_____	_____
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cover	
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum _____			

Dominance Test worksheet:

Number of Dominant Species That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 2 (A)

Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 5 (B)

Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 40% (A/B)

Prevalence Index Worksheet:

Total % Cover of	Multiply by:	
OBL Species _____	x 1 =	<u>0</u>
FACW species _____	x 2 =	<u>0</u>
FAC Species _____	x 3 =	<u>0</u>
FACU Species _____	x 4 =	<u>0</u>
UPL Species _____	x 5 =	<u>0</u>
Column Totals <u>0</u> (A)		<u>0</u> (B)

Prevalence Index = B/A = #DIV/0!

Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:

_____ Dominance Test is >50%

_____ Prevalence Index is ≤ 3.0¹

_____ Morphological Adaptations¹ (provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)

_____ Wetland Non-Vascular Plants¹

_____ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain)

¹Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes _____ No X

Remarks:

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (Inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
0-10	10YR 2/1	100					loam	loamy duff
10-18	10YR 2/2	100					Sand	

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains.

²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)

Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³:

<input type="checkbox"/> Histosol (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5)	<input type="checkbox"/> 2 cm Muck (A10)
<input type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Red Parent Material (TF2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except MLRA 1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (explain in Remarks)
<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8)	

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Restrictive Layer (if present):

Type: none
 Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes _____ No X

Remarks:

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:

Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)

Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)

<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water stained Leaves (B9) (Except MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA1, 2, 4A, and 4B)
<input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Salt Crust (B11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)	<input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Geomorphic Position (D2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3)
<input type="checkbox"/> Iron Deposits (B5)	<input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Plowed Soils (C6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Fac-Neutral Test (D5)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A)	<input type="checkbox"/> Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A)
<input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)	<input type="checkbox"/> Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)		

Field Observations:

Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No X Depth (inches): _____
 Water Table Present? Yes _____ No X Depth (inches): _____
 Saturation Present? Yes _____ No X Depth (inches): _____
 (includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes _____ No X

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

none

Remarks:

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM - Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region

Project/Site: Florence LWI City/County: Florence/Lane Sampling Date: 8/12/2010
 Applicant/Owner: City of Florence State: OR Sampling Point: 14
 Investigator(s): AH/SE Section, Township, Range: Section 3, T 18 South, R 12 West
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): swale Local relief (concave, convex, none): _____ Slope (%): _____
 Subregion (LRR): LRR A Lat: _____ Long: _____ Datum: _____
 Soil Map Unit Name: Yaquina loamy fine sand NWI Classification: PUBH
 Are climatic/hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes X No _____ (if no, explain in Remarks)
 Are vegetation _____ Soil _____ or Hydrology _____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? (Y/N) Y
 Are vegetation _____ Soil _____ or Hydrology _____ naturally problematic? If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____	Is Sampled Area within a Wetland?	Yes <u>X</u>	No _____
Hydric Soil Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____		Yes <u>X</u>	No _____
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____			
Remarks:			

VEGETATION - Use scientific names of plants.

	absolute % cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	
Tree Stratum (plot size: _____)				Dominance Test worksheet: Number of Dominant Species That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>2</u> (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>2</u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100%</u> (A/B)
1	_____	_____	_____	
2	_____	_____	_____	
3	_____	_____	_____	
4	_____	_____	_____	
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cover		
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (plot size: <u>5</u>)				
1	<u><i>Spiraea douglasii</i></u>	<u>X</u>	<u>FACW</u>	
2	<u><i>Salix hookeriana</i></u>	<u>5</u>	<u>FACW</u>	
3	_____	_____	_____	
4	_____	_____	_____	
5	_____	_____	_____	
	<u>105</u>	= Total Cover		
Herb Stratum (plot size: <u>5</u>)				Prevalence Index Worksheet: Total % Cover of _____ Multiply by: _____ OBL Species _____ x 1 = <u>0</u> FACW species _____ x 2 = <u>0</u> FAC Species _____ x 3 = <u>0</u> FACU Species _____ x 4 = <u>0</u> UPL Species _____ x 5 = <u>0</u> Column Totals <u>0</u> (A) <u>0</u> (B) Prevalence Index =B/A = <u>#DIV/0!</u>
1	<u><i>Carex obnupta</i></u>	<u>20</u>	<u>X</u> <u>OBL</u>	
2	_____	_____	_____	
3	_____	_____	_____	
4	_____	_____	_____	
5	_____	_____	_____	
6	_____	_____	_____	
7	_____	_____	_____	
8	_____	_____	_____	
	<u>20</u>	= Total Cover		
Woody Vine Stratum (plot size: _____)				
1	_____	_____	_____	
2	_____	_____	_____	
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cover		
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum _____				

Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:
 Dominance Test is >50%
 Prevalence Index is ≤ 3.0¹
 Morphological Adaptations¹ (provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
 Wetland Non-Vascular Plants¹
 Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain)

¹Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes X No _____

Remarks:
Additional wetland vegetation: few small Pinus contorta.

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (Inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
0-3	10YR 2/1	100						muck
3-13	7.5YR 3/2	100					Sand	fine

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)		Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ :	
<input type="checkbox"/> Histosol (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5)	<input type="checkbox"/> 2 cm Muck (A10)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Red Parent Material (TF2)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except MLRA 1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (explain in Remarks)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6)		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7)		³ Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8)		

Restrictive Layer (if present):

Type: None

Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes X No _____

Remarks:

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:

Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)		Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water stained Leaves (B9) (Except MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA1, 2, 4A, and 4B)	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Salt Crust (B11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10)	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)	<input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2)	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Geomorphic Position (D2)	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Plowed Soils (C6)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Fac-Neutral Test (D5)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Iron Deposits (B5)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A)	<input type="checkbox"/> Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)	<input type="checkbox"/> Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7)	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)			
<input type="checkbox"/> Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)			

Field Observations:

Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No X Depth (inches): _____

Water Table Present? Yes X No _____ Depth (inches): 0

Saturation Present? Yes X No _____ Depth (inches): 3

(includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes X No _____

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

None

Remarks:

On prior visit on 6/17/10 there was three feet of water at this location. Property owner indicated that there has been significant ponding during the last two winters; two winters prior to that, little seasonal ponding.

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM - Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region

Project/Site: Florence LWI City/County: Florence/Lane Sampling Date: 8/12/2010
 Applicant/Owner: City of Florence State: OR Sampling Point: 15
 Investigator(s): AH/SE Section, Township, Range: Section 11, T 18 South, R 12 West
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): _____ Local relief (concave, convex, none): _____ Slope (%): _____
 Subregion (LRR): LRR A Lat: _____ Long: _____ Datum: _____
 Soil Map Unit Name: Yaquina loamy fine sand NWI Classification: PFOC
 Are climatic/hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes X No _____ (if no, explain in Remarks)
 Are vegetation _____ Soil _____ or Hydrology _____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? (Y/N) Y
 Are vegetation _____ Soil _____ or Hydrology _____ naturally problematic? If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____	Is Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes <u>X</u> No _____
Hydric Soil Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____	
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____	
Remarks:	

VEGETATION - Use scientific names of plants.

Tree Stratum (plot size: <u>30</u>)	absolute % cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status
1 <u><i>Pinus contorta</i></u>	<u>10</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>FAC</u>
2 _____	_____	_____	_____
3 _____	_____	_____	_____
4 _____	_____	_____	_____
	<u>10</u>	= Total Cover	
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (plot size: <u>5</u>)	absolute % cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status
1 <u><i>Ledum glandulosum</i></u>	<u>10</u>	_____	<u>FACW</u>
2 <u><i>Vaccinium uliginosum</i></u>	<u>60</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>FACW</u>
3 <u><i>Spiraea douglasii</i></u>	<u>15</u>	_____	<u>FACW</u>
4 _____	_____	_____	_____
5 _____	_____	_____	_____
	<u>85</u>	= Total Cover	
Herb Stratum (plot size: <u>5</u>)	absolute % cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status
1 <u>Unidentified grass</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>(FAC)</u>
2 <u><i>Juncus tenuis</i></u>	<u>10</u>	_____	<u>FACW</u>
3 <u><i>Carex obnupta</i></u>	<u>10</u>	_____	<u>OBL</u>
4 _____	_____	_____	_____
5 _____	_____	_____	_____
6 _____	_____	_____	_____
7 _____	_____	_____	_____
8 _____	_____	_____	_____
	<u>40</u>	= Total Cover	
Woody Vine Stratum (plot size: _____)	absolute % cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status
1 _____	_____	_____	_____
2 _____	_____	_____	_____
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cover	
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum	<u>30*</u>		

Dominance Test worksheet:

Number of Dominant Species That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 3 (A)

Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 3 (B)

Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 100% (A/B)

Prevalence Index Worksheet:

Total % Cover of	Multiply by:	
OBL Species _____	x 1 =	<u>0</u>
FACW species _____	x 2 =	<u>0</u>
FAC Species _____	x 3 =	<u>0</u>
FACU Species _____	x 4 =	<u>0</u>
UPL Species _____	x 5 =	<u>0</u>
Column Totals <u>0</u> (A)		<u>0</u> (B)

Prevalence Index = B/A = #DIV/0!

Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:

X Dominance Test is >50%

_____ Prevalence Index is ≤ 3.0¹

_____ Morphological Adaptations¹ (provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)

_____ Wetland Non-Vascular Plants¹

_____ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain)

¹Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes X No _____

Remarks:
 *Groundcover included up to 30% cover by an unidentified Bryophyte.
 Additional wetland vegetation: *Myrica californica* shrub.

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (Inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
0-18	10YR 4/3	80	10YR 4/6	20	C	CS	Sand	

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains.

²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)

Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³:

<input type="checkbox"/> Histosol (A1)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5)	<input type="checkbox"/> 2 cm Muck (A10)
<input type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Red Parent Material (TF2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except MLRA 1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (explain in Remarks)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8)	

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Restrictive Layer (if present):

Type: None
 Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes X No _____

Remarks:

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:

Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)

Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)

<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water stained Leaves (B9) (Except MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA1, 2, 4A, and 4B)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Salt Crust (B11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)	<input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Geomorphic Position (D2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Plowed Soils (C6)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Fac-Neutral Test (D5)
<input type="checkbox"/> Iron Deposits (B5)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A)	<input type="checkbox"/> Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)	<input type="checkbox"/> Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7)
<input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)		

Field Observations:

Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No X Depth (inches): _____
 Water Table Present? Yes X No _____ Depth (inches): 7
 Saturation Present? Yes X No _____ Depth (inches): 1
 (includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes X No _____

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

None

Remarks:

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM - Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region

Project/Site: Florence LWI City/County: Florence/Lane Sampling Date: 8/12/2010
 Applicant/Owner: City of Florence State: OR Sampling Point: 16
 Investigator(s): AH/SE Section, Township, Range: Section 14, T 18 South, R 12 West
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): _____ Local relief (concave, convex, none): _____ Slope (%): _____
 Subregion (LRR): LRR A Lat: _____ Long: _____ Datum: _____
 Soil Map Unit Name: Dune land NWI Classification: None
 Are climatic/hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes X No _____ (if no, explain in Remarks)
 Are vegetation _____ Soil _____ or Hydrology _____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? (Y/N) Y
 Are vegetation _____ Soil _____ or Hydrology _____ naturally problematic? If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____	Is Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes <u>X</u> No _____
Hydric Soil Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____	
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____	
Remarks:	

VEGETATION - Use scientific names of plants.

	absolute % cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	
Tree Stratum (plot size: <u>30</u>)				
1 <u><i>Pinus contorta</i></u>	<u>20</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>FAC</u>	Dominance Test worksheet: Number of Dominant Species That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>4</u> (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>4</u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100%</u> (A/B)
2 _____	_____	_____	_____	
3 _____	_____	_____	_____	
4 _____	_____	_____	_____	
	<u>20</u>	= Total Cover		
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (plot size: _____)				
1 _____	_____	_____	_____	Prevalence Index Worksheet: Total % Cover of _____ Multiply by: _____ OBL Species _____ x 1 = <u>0</u> FACW species _____ x 2 = <u>0</u> FAC Species _____ x 3 = <u>0</u> FACU Species _____ x 4 = <u>0</u> UPL Species _____ x 5 = <u>0</u> Column Totals <u>0</u> (A) <u>0</u> (B) Prevalence Index =B/A = <u>#DIV/0!</u>
2 _____	_____	_____	_____	
3 _____	_____	_____	_____	
4 _____	_____	_____	_____	
5 _____	<u>0</u>	= Total Cover		
Herb Stratum (plot size: <u>5</u>)				
1 <u><i>Carex obnupta</i></u>	<u>10</u>	_____	<u>OBL</u>	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: <u>X</u> Dominance Test is >50% _____ Prevalence Index is ≤ 3.0 ¹ _____ Morphological Adaptations ¹ (provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) _____ Wetland Non-Vascular Plants ¹ _____ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
2 <u><i>Juncus falcatus</i></u>	<u>35</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>FACW</u>	
3 <u><i>Juncus nevadensis</i></u>	<u>35</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>FACW</u>	
4 _____	_____	_____	_____	
5 _____	_____	_____	_____	
6 _____	_____	_____	_____	
7 _____	_____	_____	_____	
8 _____	<u>80</u>	= Total Cover		
Woody Vine Stratum (plot size: _____)				
1 _____	_____	_____	_____	¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____
2 _____	_____	_____	_____	
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cover		
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum	<u>20</u>			
Remarks:				

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (Inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
0-18	10YR 4/3	70	10YR 4/6	30	C	CS	Sand	

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains. ²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)		Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils ³ :	
<input type="checkbox"/> Histosol (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5)	<input type="checkbox"/> 2 cm Muck (A10)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Red Parent Material (TF2)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except MLRA 1)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other (explain in Remarks)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7)		³ Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8)		

Restrictive Layer (if present):

Type: None

Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes No

Remarks: **Sample site is a depressional area that meets hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology indicators. Prominent concentrations in the form of coated sand grains were observed. Despite not meeting any of the criteria above, the observed soils are hydric.**

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:

Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)		Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water stained Leaves (B9) (Except MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA1, 2, 4A, and 4B)	
<input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Salt Crust (B11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)	<input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Geomorphic Position (D2)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Plowed Soils (C6)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Fac-Neutral Test (D5)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Iron Deposits (B5)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A)	<input type="checkbox"/> Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)	<input type="checkbox"/> Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)			
<input type="checkbox"/> Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)			

Field Observations:

Surface Water Present? Yes No Depth (inches): _____

Water Table Present? Yes No Depth (inches): _____

Saturation Present? (includes capillary fringe) Yes No Depth (inches): _____

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes No

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:
None

Remarks:

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM - Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region

Project/Site: Florence LWI City/County: Florence/Lane Sampling Date: 8/12/2010
 Applicant/Owner: City of Florence State: OR Sampling Point: 17
 Investigator(s): AH/SE Section, Township, Range: Section 14, T 18 South, R 12 West
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): shallow depression Local relief (concave, convex, none): _____ Slope (%): _____
 Subregion (LRR): LRR A Lat: _____ Long: _____ Datum: _____
 Soil Map Unit Name: Heceta fine sand NWI Classification: PEMC
 Are climatic/hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes X No _____ (if no, explain in Remarks)
 Are vegetation _____ Soil _____ or Hydrology _____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? (Y/N) Y
 Are vegetation _____ Soil _____ or Hydrology _____ naturally problematic? If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____ Hydric Soil Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____ Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____	Is Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes <u>X</u> No _____
Remarks:	

VEGETATION - Use scientific names of plants.

	absolute % cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	
Tree Stratum (plot size: _____)				
1 _____	_____	_____	_____	Dominance Test worksheet: Number of Dominant Species That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>2</u> (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>2</u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>100%</u> (A/B)
2 _____	_____	_____	_____	
3 _____	_____	_____	_____	
4 _____	_____	_____	_____	
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cover		
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (plot size: <u>5</u>)				
1 <u>Vaccinium uliginosum</u>	<u>80</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>FACW</u>	Prevalence Index Worksheet: Total % Cover of _____ Multiply by: _____ OBL Species _____ x 1 = <u>0</u> FACW species _____ x 2 = <u>0</u> FAC Species _____ x 3 = <u>0</u> FACU Species _____ x 4 = <u>0</u> UPL Species _____ x 5 = <u>0</u> Column Totals <u>0</u> (A) <u>0</u> (B) Prevalence Index =B/A = <u>#DIV/0!</u>
2 <u>Spiraea douglasii</u>	<u>5</u>	_____	<u>FACW</u>	
3 _____	_____	_____	_____	
4 _____	_____	_____	_____	
5 _____	<u>85</u>	= Total Cover		
Herb Stratum (plot size: <u>5</u>)				
1 <u>Juncus falcatus</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>FACW</u>	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: <u>X</u> Dominance Test is >50% _____ Prevalence Index is ≤ 3.0 ¹ _____ Morphological Adaptations ¹ (provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) _____ Wetland Non-Vascular Plants ¹ _____ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
2 _____	_____	_____	_____	
3 _____	_____	_____	_____	
4 _____	_____	_____	_____	
5 _____	_____	_____	_____	
6 _____	_____	_____	_____	
7 _____	_____	_____	_____	
8 _____	<u>10</u>	= Total Cover		
Woody Vine Stratum (plot size: _____)				
1 _____	_____	_____	_____	¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____
2 _____	_____	_____	_____	
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cover		
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum _____				

Remarks:
Additional wetland vegetation in the vicinity: Pinus contorta.

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (Inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
0-20	10YR 4/3	100					Sand	

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains.

²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)

Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³:

<input type="checkbox"/> Histosol (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5)	<input type="checkbox"/> 2 cm Muck (A10)
<input type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Red Parent Material (TF2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except MLRA 1)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other (explain in Remarks)
<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8)	

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Restrictive Layer (if present):

Type: None
Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes X No _____

Remarks:
The sample site has strong evidence of extended, though seasonal, periods of ponding with water depths likely approaching 2 feet. Though dry at the time of assessment, the ground surface has an algal mat layer in many areas. An air photo from June 2006 indicates ponding extending into the early summer. Photos from other years show no evidence of ponding in August. Observed vegetation confirms the presence of at least seasonally saturated soils.

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:

Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)

Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)

<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water stained Leaves (B9) (Except MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA1, 2, 4A, and 4B)
<input type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Salt Crust (B11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10)
<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Geomorphic Position (D2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Plowed Soils (C6)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Fac-Neutral Test (D5)
<input type="checkbox"/> Iron Deposits (B5)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A)	<input type="checkbox"/> Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)	<input type="checkbox"/> Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7)
<input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)		

Field Observations:

Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No X Depth (inches): _____
Water Table Present? Yes X No _____ Depth (inches): 20
Saturation Present? Yes X No _____ Depth (inches): 18
(includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes X No _____

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

None

Remarks:

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM - Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region

Project/Site: Brandt Property City/County: Florence/Lane Sampling Date: 7/6/2010
 Applicant/Owner: Craig & Kathleen Brandt State: OR Sampling Point: 18
 Investigator(s): AH/CR Section, Township, Range: Section 14, T 18 South, R 12 West
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): wetland fringe Local relief (concave, convex, none): none Slope (%): 0
 Subregion (LRR): LRR A Lat: 44.0098 Long: 124.0865 Datum: DD.DD
 Soil Map Unit Name: Netarts fine sand NWI Classification: L2ABH
 Are climatic/hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes X No _____ (if no, explain in Remarks)
 Are vegetation _____ Soil _____ or Hydrology _____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? (Y/N) Y
 Are vegetation _____ Soil _____ or Hydrology _____ naturally problematic? If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____	Is Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes <u>X</u> No _____
Hydric Soil Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____	
Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____	
Remarks:	

VEGETATION - Use scientific names of plants.

	absolute % cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	
Tree Stratum (plot size: _____)				
1 _____	_____	_____	_____	
2 _____	_____	_____	_____	
3 _____	_____	_____	_____	
4 _____	_____	_____	_____	
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cover		
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (plot size: _____)				
1 _____	_____	_____	_____	
2 _____	_____	_____	_____	
3 _____	_____	_____	_____	
4 _____	_____	_____	_____	
5 _____	_____	_____	_____	
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cover		
Herb Stratum (plot size: <u>5</u>)				
1 <u>Juncus falcatus</u>	<u>70</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>FACW</u>	
2 <u>Juncus effusus</u>	<u>10</u>		<u>FACW</u>	
3 <u>Agrostis tenuis</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>FAC</u>	
4 _____	_____	_____	_____	
5 _____	_____	_____	_____	
6 _____	_____	_____	_____	
7 _____	_____	_____	_____	
8 _____	_____	_____	_____	
	<u>100</u>	= Total Cover		
Woody Vine Stratum (plot size: _____)				
1 _____	_____	_____	_____	
2 _____	_____	_____	_____	
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cover		
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum _____				
Remarks:				

Dominance Test worksheet:

Number of Dominant Species
That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 2 (A)

Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: 2 (B)

Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: 100% (A/B)

Prevalence Index Worksheet:

Total % Cover of	Multiply by:	
OBL Species _____	x 1 =	<u>0</u>
FACW species _____	x 2 =	<u>0</u>
FAC Species _____	x 3 =	<u>0</u>
FACU Species _____	x 4 =	<u>0</u>
UPL Species _____	x 5 =	<u>0</u>
Column Totals <u>0</u> (A)		<u>0</u> (B)

Prevalence Index =B/A = #DIV/0!

Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators:

X Dominance Test is >50%
 _____ Prevalence Index is ≤ 3.0¹
 _____ Morphological Adaptations¹ (provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet)
 _____ Wetland Non-Vascular Plants¹
 _____ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation¹ (Explain)

¹Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes X No _____

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (Inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
0-18	10YR 3/2	50	10YR 3/4	10	C	M	Sand	mixed soil profile
0-18	10YR 4/2	40					Sand	mixed soil profile

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains.

²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)

Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³:

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Histosol (A1)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5)	<input type="checkbox"/> 2 cm Muck (A10)
<input type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Red Parent Material (TF2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except MLRA 1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (explain in Remarks)
<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8)	

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Restrictive Layer (if present):

Type: none
 Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes X No _____

Remarks:

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:

Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)

Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water stained Leaves (B9) (Except MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA1, 2, 4A, and 4B)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Salt Crust (B11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)	<input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Geomorphic Position (D2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3)
<input type="checkbox"/> Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Plowed Soils (C6)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Fac-Neutral Test (D5)
<input type="checkbox"/> Iron Deposits (B5)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A)	<input type="checkbox"/> Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)	<input type="checkbox"/> Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7)
<input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)		

Field Observations:

Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No X Depth (inches): _____
 Water Table Present? Yes X No _____ Depth (inches): 10
 Saturation Present? Yes X No _____ Depth (inches): 10
 (includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes X No _____

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

none

Remarks:

WETLAND DETERMINATION DATA FORM - Western Mountains, Valleys, and Coast Region

Project/Site: Florence LWI City/County: Florence/Lane Sampling Date: 8/12/2010
 Applicant/Owner: City of Florence State: OR Sampling Point: 13
 Investigator(s): AH/SE Section, Township, Range: _____
 Landform (hillslope, terrace, etc.): _____ Local relief (concave, convex, none): _____ Slope (%): _____
 Subregion (LRR): _____ Lat: _____ Long: _____ Datum: _____
 Soil Map Unit Name: _____ NWI Classification: _____
 Are climatic/hydrologic conditions on the site typical for this time of year? Yes _____ No _____ (if no, explain in Remarks)
 Are vegetation _____ Soil _____ or Hydrology _____ significantly disturbed? Are "Normal Circumstances" present? (Y/N) _____
 Are vegetation _____ Soil _____ or Hydrology _____ naturally problematic? If needed, explain any answers in Remarks.)

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS – Attach site map showing sampling point locations, transects, important features, etc.

Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____ Hydric Soil Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____ Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____	Is Sampled Area within a Wetland? Yes <u>X</u> No _____
Remarks: _____	

VEGETATION - Use scientific names of plants.

	absolute % cover	Dominant Species?	Indicator Status	
Tree Stratum (plot size: _____)				
1 _____	_____	_____	_____	Dominance Test worksheet: Number of Dominant Species That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: _____ (A) Total Number of Dominant Species Across All Strata: <u>3</u> (B) Percent of Dominant Species That are OBL, FACW, or FAC: <u>0%</u> (A/B)
2 _____	_____	_____	_____	
3 _____	_____	_____	_____	
4 _____	_____	_____	_____	
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cover		
Sapling/Shrub Stratum (plot size: _____)				
1 _____	_____	_____	_____	Prevalence Index Worksheet: Total % Cover of _____ Multiply by: _____ OBL Species _____ x 1 = <u>0</u> FACW species _____ x 2 = <u>0</u> FAC Species _____ x 3 = <u>0</u> FACU Species _____ x 4 = <u>0</u> UPL Species _____ x 5 = <u>0</u> Column Totals <u>0</u> (A) <u>0</u> (B) Prevalence Index =B/A = <u>#DIV/0!</u>
2 _____	_____	_____	_____	
3 _____	_____	_____	_____	
4 _____	_____	_____	_____	
5 _____	_____	_____	_____	
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cover		
Herb Stratum (plot size: <u>5</u>)				
1 <u>Festuca like</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>#N/A</u>	Hydrophytic Vegetation Indicators: <u>X</u> Dominance Test is >50% _____ Prevalence Index is ≤ 3.0 ¹ _____ Morphological Adaptations ¹ (provide supporting data in Remarks or on a separate sheet) _____ Wetland Non-Vascular Plants ¹ _____ Problematic Hydrophytic Vegetation ¹ (Explain)
2 <u>Salicornia virginica</u>	<u>10</u>	_____	<u>OBL</u>	
3 <u>Agrostis like</u>	<u>45</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>#N/A</u>	
4 <u>Juncus tenuis like</u>	<u>10</u>	_____	<u>#N/A</u>	
5 <u>fleshy-not pickleweed</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>X</u>	<u>#N/A</u>	
6 <u>yellow flower</u>	<u>5</u>	_____	<u>#N/A</u>	
7 _____	_____	_____	_____	
8 _____	_____	_____	_____	
	<u>130</u>	= Total Cover		
Woody Vine Stratum (plot size: _____)				
1 _____	_____	_____	_____	¹ Indicators of hydric soil and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic. Hydrophytic Vegetation Present? Yes <u>X</u> No _____
2 _____	_____	_____	_____	
	<u>0</u>	= Total Cover		
% Bare Ground in Herb Stratum _____				
Remarks: _____				

Profile Description: (Describe to the depth needed to document the indicator or confirm the absence of indicators.)

Depth (Inches)	Matrix		Redox Features				Texture	Remarks
	Color (moist)	%	Color (moist)	%	Type ¹	Loc ²		
0-3	10YR 4/3	80	7.5YR 4/6	20			Sand	ORs in upper 3 inches
3-16	10YR 4/3	88	10YR 4/6	12	C	CS	Sand	

¹Type: C=Concentration, D=Depletion, RM=Reduced Matrix, CS=Covered or Coated Sand Grains.

²Location: PL=Pore Lining, M=Matrix.

Hydric Soil Indicators: (Applicable to all LRRs, unless otherwise noted.)

Indicators for Problematic Hydric Soils³:

<input type="checkbox"/> Histosol (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Redox (S5)	<input type="checkbox"/> 2 cm Muck (A10)
<input type="checkbox"/> Histic Epipedon (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stripped Matrix (S6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Red Parent Material (TF2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Black Histic (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Mucky Mineral (F1) (except MLRA 1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (explain in Remarks)
<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide (A4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Loamy Gleyed Matrix (F2)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Below Dark Surface (A11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Matrix (F3)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Thick Dark Surface (A12)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Dark Surface (F6)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Mucky Mineral (S1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Depleted Dark Surface (F7)	
<input type="checkbox"/> Sandy Gleyed Matrix (S4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Redox Depressions (F8)	

³Indicators of hydrophytic vegetation and wetland hydrology must be present, unless disturbed or problematic.

Restrictive Layer (if present):

Type: None
 Depth (inches): _____

Hydric Soil Present? Yes X No _____

Remarks:

HYDROLOGY

Wetland Hydrology Indicators:

Primary Indicators (minimum of one required; check all that apply)

Secondary Indicators (2 or more required)

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Surface Water (A1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water stained Leaves (B9) (Except MLRA 1, 2, 4A, and 4B)	<input type="checkbox"/> Water stained Leaves (B9) (MLRA1, 2, 4A, and 4B)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> High Water Table (A2)	<input type="checkbox"/> Salt Crust (B11)	<input type="checkbox"/> Drainage Patterns (B10)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Saturation (A3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Aquatic Invertebrates (B13)	<input type="checkbox"/> Dry-Season Water Table (C2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Water Marks (B1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrogen Sulfide Odor (C1)	<input type="checkbox"/> Saturation Visible on Aerial Imagery (C9)
<input type="checkbox"/> Sediment Deposits (B2)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Oxidized Rhizospheres along Living Roots (C3)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Geomorphic Position (D2)
<input type="checkbox"/> Drift Deposits (B3)	<input type="checkbox"/> Presence of Reduced Iron (C4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Shallow Aquitard (D3)
<input type="checkbox"/> Algal Mat or Crust (B4)	<input type="checkbox"/> Recent Iron Reduction in Plowed Soils (C6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Fac-Neutral Test (D5)
<input type="checkbox"/> Iron Deposits (B5)	<input type="checkbox"/> Stunted or Stressed Plants (D1) (LRR A)	<input type="checkbox"/> Raised Ant Mounds (D6) (LRR A)
<input type="checkbox"/> Surface Soil Cracks (B6)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (Explain in Remarks)	<input type="checkbox"/> Frost-Heave Hummocks (D7)
<input type="checkbox"/> Inundation Visible on Aerial Imagery (B7)		
<input type="checkbox"/> Sparsely Vegetated Concave Surface (B8)		

Field Observations:

Surface Water Present? Yes _____ No X Depth (inches): _____
 Water Table Present? Yes X No _____ Depth (inches): 10
 Saturation Present? Yes X No _____ Depth (inches): 4
 (includes capillary fringe)

Wetland Hydrology Present? Yes X No _____

Describe Recorded Data (stream gauge, monitoring well, aerial photos, previous inspections), if available:

None

Remarks:

Field F Data Form

Wetland Group

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34

Table with columns for Q#, Indicator, Conditions, and 34 numbered columns for indicator answers (1=Yes, 0=No). Rows include F1 (Presence of Specific Wetland Types) and F2 (Wetland Type of Conservation Concern).

Is part of the site tidal? If yes, answer next 2 questions. If no, SKIP TO # F5.

Table with columns for F3 (Low Marsh) and F4 (Tidal-Nontidal Hydroconnectivity). Rows include indicators for low marsh percentage and hydroconnectivity types.

Field F Data Form		Wetland Group	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34		
Q#	Indicator	Conditions	Indicator answers: 1 = Yes / 0 = No																																			
F5	Interrupted Hydroperiod	Select one: during 4 of the last 5 years most of the AA has been constantly covered with surface water, but it went mostly dry at least once . during 4 of the last 5 years most of the AA has been constantly dry on the surface (i.e., saturated only below the surface), but during at least one event most of it was flooded , even if only briefly. neither of above unknown	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
F6	Saturated-only Wetland	No part of the AA is ever inundated (contains at least 1 inch of water above the land surface) for more than 14 consecutive days during a normal year. That is, it is a saturated-only wetland. If true, mark "1" here, then SKIP TO F39 (Herbaceous Extent)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
F7	Seasonal Water Extent	During normal years, the percent of the AA that is inundated only seasonally (more than 14 consecutive days but no more than 9 months, or in tidal wetlands is "high marsh" that is inundated by tides fewer than half the days in any month) is: >75% of the AA 50-75% of the AA 25-50% of the AA 5-25% of the AA <5% of the AA, or none	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
F8	Extent of Persistent Surface Water (Dry Season)	When the AA's surface water is at its lowest annual level, the percent of the AA still containing surface water (whether obscured by vegetation or not) is: >95% of the AA 50-95% of the AA 25-50% of the AA 1-25% of the AA None of the above, and the AA contains or is part of a fringe wetland. SKIP to F10 None of the above, and not a fringe wetland. SKIP to F10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
F9	Onsite Surface Water Isolation (Dry Season)	When the AA's surface water is at its lowest annual level (for tidal wetlands = annual lowest tide), the percent of the surface water that is in or connected to flowing channels that exit the AA, compared to surface water that is outside of channels and their floodplains (e.g., in small depressions that do not connect annually to the channel if any) is: all (100%) located in channels, swales, or other areas with a surface water connection to a river, lake, or estuary at all times of year 75-99% in or connected to channels, swales, or contiguous lake/ estuary, 1-25% in isolated pools 50-75% in or connected to channels, swales, or other areas with a surface water connection to a river, lake, or estuary at all times of year. 25-50% in isolated pools 25-50% in or connected to channels, swales, or other areas with a surface water connection to a river, lake, or estuary at all times of year. 50-75% in isolated pools 1-25% in or connected to channels, swales, or other areas with a surface water connection to a river, lake, or estuary at all times of year. 75-99% in isolated pools all located in isolated pools or a single isolated pond from which no surface water exits when levels are lowest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
F10	Onsite Surface Water Isolation (Wet Season)	During the wettest time of a normal year , the percent of the surface water that is in or connected to ditches, swales, or flowing channels that exit the AA, compared to surface water that is in isolated pools that do not connect annually to channels or swales (if any), is: all (100%) located in channels, swales, or in other areas with a wet-season surface connection to channels or to a contiguous lake or estuary 75-99% in or connected to channels, swales, or contiguous lake/ estuary, 1-25% in isolated pools 50-75% in or connected to channels, swales, or contiguous lake/ estuary, 25-50% in isolated pools 25-50% in or connected to channels, swales, or contiguous lake/ estuary, 50-75% in isolated pools 1-25% in or connected to channels, swales, or contiguous lake/ estuary, 75-99% in isolated pools all located in isolated pools or a single isolated pond from which no surface water exits	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
F11	Predominant Water Fluctuation Range	During most years, the difference in surface water level between the driest and wettest time of year in most of the area that is not inundated year-round is: >6 ft change 3-6 ft change 1-3 ft change 0.5 - 1 ft change <0.5 ft or no change (stable)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
F12	Predominant Depth Class	When present, surface water in most of the AA is usually: >6 ft deep 2-6 ft deep 1-2 ft deep 0.5 - 1 ft deep <0.5 ft deep (but >0)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
F13	Depth Class Distribution	When present, surface water in most of the AA usually consists of (select one): One depth class (use the classes in F12) that comprises >90% of the AA's inundated area One depth class that comprises >50% of the AA's inundated area Neither of above	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	
F14	Deep Spots	Ponded nontidal water deeper than 3 ft covers at least 1 acre or >5% of the AA during (check all that apply): most of the period (generally, November-April) when waterfowl are migrating or wintering, and/ or amphibians are in aquatic phases most of the period (generally, May-August) when waterfowl are breeding neither of above (no ponded water >3 ft deep is that extensive) impossible to tell	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	0		

Field F Data Form		Wetland Group	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	
			Indicator answers: 1 = Yes / 0 = No																																		
F47	Cover of Woody Invasives	Conditions																																			
		Within parts of the AA having shrubs or woody vines, the areal cover is:																																			
		overwhelmingly (>80%) non-natives that are categorized as invasive (see column E). Mark "1" in next column and write names of dominant invasives in column E. Then SKIP to F49 .	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
		overwhelmingly other non-natives . Mark "1" in next column and write names of dominant non-native shrubs/ vines in column E. Then SKIP to F49 .	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
		mostly (50-80%) non-natives. Mark "1" in next column and write names of dominant non-native shrubs/ vines in column E. Then SKIP to F49 .	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		mostly (50-80%) natives	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		overwhelmingly (>80%) natives	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
F48	Shrub & Vine Species Dominance	Of just the shrub & woody vine species that are native:																																			
		one or two of the native species together comprise >80% of the native shrub & vine cover. Mark "1" in next column and write names of dominant species in column E.	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1
		no two of the native species together comprise >80% of the native shrub & vine cover	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0
F49	Shrub & Vine Species Ubiquity	Of all the shrub & woody vine species in this AA:																																			
		all are species that are common among Oregon's wetlands.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
		at least one native species is not common among Oregon's wetlands and it covers >1% of the AA or >100 sq. ft. See file ORWAP_SupplInfo, worksheet P_UnCom . Mark "1" in next column and write species in column E.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Species referenced in F49																																			
F50	Woody Diameter Classes	Select all the types occupying >5% of the wooded part of the AA or >5% of its wooded upland edge if anv.																																			
		deciduous 1-4" diameter and >3 ft tall	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1
		evergreen 1-4" diameter and >3 ft tall	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	
		deciduous 4-9" diameter	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1
		evergreen 4-9" diameter	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
		dead standing 4-9" diameter	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1
		deciduous 9-21" diameter	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1
		evergreen 9-21" diameter	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1
		dead standing 9-21" diameter	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0
		deciduous >21" diameter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
		evergreen >21" diameter	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0
		dead standing >21" diameter	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Lacks woody vegetation, or none of above occupy >5% of the wooded part of the AA or 5% of the length of the upland edge.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
F51	N Fixers	Within the vegetated part of the AA, the cover of nitrogen-fixing plants (e.g., alder, sweetgale, legumes) is:																																			
		<1% or none	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0
		1-25%	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	
		25-50%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
		50-75%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		>75%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
F52	Waterfowl Food Plants	The percent of the vegetated part of the AA, excluding areas that are never inundated , which contains one or more of these plants: <i>Alisma</i> spp., <i>Beckmannia</i> spp., <i>Polygonum</i> spp. (natives only), <i>Potamogeton</i> (<i>Stuckenia</i>) spp., <i>Ruppia</i> spp., <i>Sagittaria</i> spp., <i>Sparganium</i> spp., <i>Zostera</i> spp., is:																																			
		<1% or none, and none are known to occur commonly within the same wetland or within 300 ft of this AA	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
		<1% or none, but some are known to occur commonly within the same wetland or within 300 ft of this AA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		1-10%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		10-50%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		>50%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
F53	History of Fire or Vegetation Removal	The last time that >5% of the AA's vegetation cover was burned or harvested for hay or timber was:																																			
		0-12 months ago, and this occurs almost annually within part of the AA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
		0-12 months ago, but was not an annual (or near-annual) event	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		1-5 years ago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		>5 years ago, or never	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
		unknown	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
F54	Height Uniformity of Dominant Stratum	Within the stratum (herbaceous, shrub, or tree) that covers the most onsite area, the wetland plants during maximum annual cover condition are mostly:																																			
		of nearly uniform height (+ or - 20% of average)	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
		of very diverse heights (e.g., short & tall forbs, short & mid-height grasses)	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
F55	Bare Ground & Accumulated Plant Litter	Consider the parts of the AA that usually are not inundated in May, or are inundated by tides at least once annually. Viewed from 6 inches above the soil surface, the condition in most of this area during May is:																																			
		little or no (<5%) bare ground or plant litter (thatch) is visible between erect stems or under canopy. This can occur if ground surface is extensively blanketed by moss, graminoids with great stem densities, or plants with ground-hugging foliage.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		some (5-20%) bare ground or litter is visible. Herbaceous plants have moderate stem densities and do not closely hug the ground.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
		much (20-50%) bare ground or plant litter is visible. Low stem density and/or tall plants with little near-ground foliage. May be mostly woody plants, woody vines, cattail, bulrush, sparse annuals.	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0																								

Field F Data Form		Wetland Group		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34									
Q#	Indicator	Conditions	Indicator answers: 1 = Yes / 0 = No																																											
F56	Upland Edge Shape Complexity	Most of the edge between the wetland and upland is (select one):	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W									
		<i>Linear</i> : a significant proportion of the wetland's upland edge is straight, as in wetlands bounded by partly or wholly by dikes or roads	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0						
		<i>Convoluted</i> : Wetland perimeter is many times longer than maximum width of the wetland, with many alcoves and indentations ("fingers")	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0					
		<i>Intermediate</i> : Wetland's perimeter either (a) is only mildly convoluted, or (b) mixed -- contains about lengths of linear and convoluted segments.	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1					
F57	Upland Inclusions	The extent of inclusions of upland within the AA (as indicated by their topography, plants, and/or soils) is:																																												
		Many (e.g., wetland-upland "mosaic")	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0						
		Few or none	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1					
F58	Soil Composition in the Soil Pit	The composition of the soil in the soil pit at the ground surface (uppermost soil layer and excluding the <i>duff</i> layer, see protocol in ORWAP Manual, section 2.3.2) is:																																												
		<i>Loamy</i> : includes silt, silt loam, loam, sandy loam	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0					
		<i>Clayey</i> : includes clay, clay loam, silty clay, silty clay loam, sandy clay, sandy clay loam	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
		<i>Organic</i> : includes muck, mucky peat, peat, and mucky mineral	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0			
		<i>Coarse</i> : includes sand, loamy sand, gravel, cobble, stones, boulders, fluvents, fluvaquents, riverwash	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1				
F59	Downed Wood	The number of downed wood pieces longer than 6 ft and with diameter >6", and not persistently submerged, is:																																												
		Several (>5 if AA is >10 acres, or >2 for smaller AAs)	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1				
		Few or none	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1			
F60	Ground Irregularity	The number of animal burrows, mounds, hummocks, boulders, upturned trees, islands, natural levees, dry channels, pits, wide soil cracks, and microdepressions (in parts of the AA that lack persistent water) is:																																												
		Several (extensive micro-topography)	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0			
		Few or none (minimal microtopography; <1% of the area that isn't persistently inundated); e.g., many flat sites having a single hydroperiod	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0				
		Intermediate	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1		
F61	Internal Gradient	The gradient along most of the AA's water flow paths (both sheet and channel flow) is:																																												
		>10%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
		6-10%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
		2-5%	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1			
		Flat (<2%, no slope or flow is ever apparent, or AA is an estuarine fringe wetland). Includes most depositional sites	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	0			
F62	Fish Access From Offsite	Small fish (e.g., stickleback, minnow) from elsewhere in the watershed can access part of this AA for at least 2 days during most years or are known to already be present onsite.	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0				
		Within the AA or within its wetland or within 300 ft of AA, there are bridges, buildings, caves, or ledges with openings/ crevices, well-maintained bird or bat boxes, elevated platforms, or other artificial structures suitable for nesting by some native bird or bat species.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
F64	Cliffs, Banks, or Beaver	In the AA or within its wetland or within 100 ft of the AA, there are elevated terrestrial features such as cliffs, stream banks, excavated pits, or pumice walls (but not riprap) that extend at least 6 ft nearly vertically, are unvegetated, and potentially contain crevices or other substrate suitable for nesting or den areas. Or there is evidence that beaver have used this AA (e.g., gnawed limbs).	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
F65	Visibility	The maximum percent of the wetland that is visible from the best vantage point on public roads, public parking lots, public buildings, or public paved paths that adjoin or are within 300 ft of the AA (select one) is:																																												
		>50%	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
		25-50%	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
F66	Ownership	<25%	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
		Most of the AA is (select one):																																												
F67	Public Access	in public ownership	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0				
		in private ownership	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0		
		For most of the AA, permission for access is normally given or allowed:																																												
		to anyone, mostly unrestricted	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	
		to anyone, but significant restrictions (e.g., limited dates, permit required)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
F68	Non-consumptive Uses - Actual or Potential	only on a case-by-case basis, but with few other restrictions	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
		only on a case-by-case basis, with restrictions (e.g., limited dates, permit required)	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
		seldom or never	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
		(do not know)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Assuming access permission was granted, select all statements that are true of this AA as it currently exists:																																												
		Walking is physically possible in >5% of the AA during most of year, e.g., free of deep water and dense shrub thickets	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
F69	Sustained Scientific Use	All or part of the AA (or an area within sight of the AA and within 100 ft) would be physically accessible to people in wheelchairs, e.g., paved and flat	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
		Maintained roads, parking areas, or foot-trails are within 30 ft of the AA, or the AA can be accessed most of the year by boat	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0																	

Field F Data Form		Wetland Group	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34						
Q#	Indicator	Conditions	Indicator answers: 1 = Yes / 0 = No																																							
F71	Domestic Wells	Wells that currently provide drinking water are:																																								
		Within 500 ft and downslope from the AA or at same elevation	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
		500-1000 ft and downslope or at same elevation	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
		>1000 ft downslope, or none downslope, or AA is tidal, or no information	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1				
F72	Sediment Removal	Excessive accumulation of sediment has caused frequent problems for large boats, with shoaling necessitating frequent dredging, in waters that are located:																																								
		contiguous to the AA, or <1 mile downslope from the AA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0				
		1-5 miles downslope	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
		>5 miles downslope, or no shoaling, or no boats, or no information	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1				
F73	Devegetation	The percent of the AA's vegetation cover that normally grows taller than 4 inches but which has been persistently reduced to less than that height by mowing (many times per year), plowing, and/or grazing by domestic or wild animals is:																																								
		>95%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
		50-90%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
		5-50%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
		<5%, or grazing/ mowing does not cause the described condition	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
F74	Core Area 1	The part of the AA almost never visited by humans during an average year probably comprises:																																								
		>95% of the AA	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0		
		50-95%	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1		
		5-50% and inhabited building is within 300 ft of the AA, or <5% and no inhabited building is within 300 ft of the AA	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0		
		none of the above	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
F75	Core Area 2	The part of the AA visited by humans almost daily for several weeks during an average year probably comprises:																																								
		>95% of the AA	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
		50-95%	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
		5-50%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
		<5%	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1
F76	Weed Source Along Upland Edge	Along the AA's boundary with upland, the percent of the upland edge (within 10 ft of AA) that is occupied by species that are marked as invasive in the Plants worksheet is:																																								
		most (>50%) of the upland edge	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
		much (5-50%) of the upland edge	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
		some (1-5%) of the upland edge	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	
		none of the upland edge (invasives apparently absent), or AA is not within 10 ft of upland	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0		
F77	Natural Land Cover in Buffer	Within 100 ft upslope of the AA's wetland-upland boundary, the percent of the upland that contains natural (not necessarily native) land cover is:																																								
		>90%, or there is no upland boundary	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0		
		60 to 90%	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1		
		30 to 60%	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0		
		5 to 30%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
		<5%	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
F78	Type of Land Cover Alteration in Buffer	Within 100 ft upslope of the AA's wetland-upland boundary, the upland land cover that is not natural (as defined above) is mostly:																																								
		impervious surface, e.g., paved road, parking lot, building, exposed rock	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
		bare previous surface, e.g., dirt road, dike, dunes, recent clearcut, landslide	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	
		cultivated row crops or orchard	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
		artificially landscaped areas or lawn	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
		grain fields, or grassland grazed or mowed to a height usually shorter than 4 inches	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
		other (buffer is >90% natural land cover or AA occupies all of an island)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
F79	Buffer Slope	Along the AA's wetland-upland boundary and extending 100 ft uphill, the slope of the land is mostly:																																								
		<1% (flat -- almost no noticeable slope, or there is no upland boundary)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	
		2-5%	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
		5-30%	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
		>30%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
F80	Edge Slope	Within 10 ft of ponded surface water (if any) in early summer, the percent of the herbaceous area (wetland or upland) that has a gentle or moderate slope (less than 5% slope) is:																																								
		>75%	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0														

'x' indicates that the condition was deemed satisfied; or activity is or was present

S6 Accelerated Inputs of Nutrients, Contaminants, and/or Salts			
In the last column, place an X next to any item -- occurring in either the AA or its CA -- that is likely to have accelerated the inputs of nutrients, contaminants, or salts to the AA			
stormwater or wastewater effluent (including failing septic systems), landfills	x	X	x
irrigation water discharges into the AA, including saline seeps			x
livestock, dogs			x
fertilizers applied to lawns, ag lands, or other areas in the CA	x		x
pesticides applied to lawns, ag lands, roadsides, or other areas in the CA, but excluding spot applications for controlling non-natives in the AA	x		x
dumping of large amounts of wood, leaves, grass clippings, trash into the AA or its tributaries			x
artificial drainage of upslope lands			x
reflooding of soils that had been dry for many years			
fire retardants from aerial firefighting			
oil or chemical spills (not just chronic inputs) from nearby roads			x
erosion of nutrient-rich or contaminated soils			
chemical wastes from mining, oil/ gas extraction, other industrial sources			
other human-related disturbances within the CA	x		x
sources not related directly to humans, e.g., fire, extensive cover of nitrogen-fixing plants (e.g., alder), concentrations of waterbirds or other wildlife			
If any items were checked above, then for each row of the table below assign points (3, 2, or 1) in the last column that describe the combined maximum effect of those items in generating loads of nutrients, contaminants, or salts reaching the AA. To estimate that, contrast it with the condition if checked items never occurred or were no longer present.			
	Severe (3 pts)	Medium (2 pts)	Mild (1 pt)
Usual toxicity of most toxic contaminants	industrial effluent or 303d* for toxics	domestic effluent, cropland, or 303d for nutrients	mildly impacting (livestock, pets, low density residential)
Frequency & duration of input	frequent and year-round	frequent but mostly seasonal	infrequent & during high runoff events mainly
AA proximity to main sources (actual or potential)	0-50 ft	50-300 ft or in groundwater	in other part of contributing area
* categorized by ODEQ as Water Quality Limited (303d) and toxic substances are listed by ODEQ as one reason. See item D40 in data form OF.			
0 if Sum= 0, (1 pt) if Sum= 1-3. (2 pt) if 4-5. (3 pt) if 6-7. (4 pt) if 8. (5 pt) if 9.			
sum=			
final score=			
S7 Excessive Sediment Loading from Contributing Area			
In the last column, place an X next to any item present in the CA that is likely to have elevated the load of waterborne or windborne sediment reaching the AA from its CA.			
erosion from plowed fields, fill, timber harvest, dirt roads, vegetation clearing, fires	x		x
erosion from construction, in-channel machinery in the CA			x
erosion from off-road vehicles in the CA	x	x	x
erosion from livestock or foot traffic in the CA	x		
stormwater or wastewater effluent	x	x	x
sediment from gravel mining, other mining, oil/ gas extraction			
accelerated channel downcutting or headcutting of tributaries due to altered land use			
other human-related disturbances within the CA	x		x
natural processes within the CA, e.g., streambank erosion, landslides, erosion of erosion-prone soils especially following fire, floods			x
If any items were checked above, then for each row of the table below assign points (3, 2, or 1) in the last column that describe the combined maximum effect of those items in increasing the amount or transport of sediment into the AA. To estimate that, contrast it with the condition if checked items never occurred or were no longer present.			
	Severe (3 pts)	Medium (2 pts)	Mild (1 pt)
Erosion in CA	extensive evidence, high intensity*	potentially (based on high-intensity* land use) or scattered evidence	potentially (based on low-intensity* land use) with little or no direct evidence
Recentness of significant soil disturbance in the CA	current & ongoing	1-12 months ago	>1 yr ago
Duration of sediment inputs to the AA	frequent and year-round	frequent but mostly seasonal	infrequent & during high runoff events mainly
AA proximity to actual or potential sources	0-50 ft, or farther but on steep erodible slopes	50-300 ft	in other part of contributing area
* high-intensity= plowing, grading, excavation, erosion with or without veg removal; low-intensity= veg removal only with little or no apparent erosion			
0 if Sum= 0, (1 pt) if Sum= 1-4. (2 pt) if 5-6. (3 pt) if 7-8. (4 pt) if 9-10. (5 pt) if >10.			
sum=			
final score=			



Oregon

John A. Kitzhaber, MD, Governor

Department of State Lands

775 Summer Street NE, Suite 100

Salem, OR 97301-1279

(503) 986-5200

FAX (503) 378-4844

www.oregonstatelands.us

June 21, 2012

Sandra Belson
Community Development Director
City of Florence
250 Highway 101
Florence, OR 97439

State Land Board

John A. Kitzhaber, MD
Governor

Re: Approval of Significance Criteria for Identifying Locally Significant Wetlands

Kate Brown
Secretary of State

Ted Wheeler
State Treasurer

Dear Ms. Belson:

In a letter dated March 29, 2010, the Department of State Lands (DSL) granted permission to the City of Florence to use the *Oregon Rapid Wetland Assessment Protocol* (ORWAP) to assess wetlands as part of the Siuslaw Estuary Partnership project, as allowed by Oregon administrative rules governing Local Wetlands Inventories (141-086-0185) for your Local Wetlands Inventory and Goal 5/Goal 17 planning.

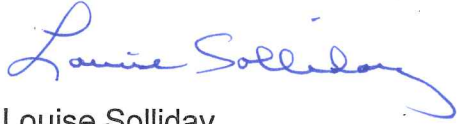
ORWAP has not yet been incorporated into the administrative rules for identifying Locally Significant Wetlands (OAR 141-86-300 through 350). Because Florence piloted the use of ORWAP for this purpose before administrative rule changes were made, you have worked closely with DSL's wetlands planning staff and stakeholders of the Siuslaw Estuary Partnership project to develop significance criteria based upon the ORWAP results.

In lieu of the administrative rules for identifying Locally Significant Wetlands (OAR 141-86-300 through 350), the criteria that will be used for determining significance of non-Goal 17 wetlands in the Florence urban growth boundary (UGB), as outlined in the April 30, 2012 Siuslaw Estuary Partnership document entitled "Proposed Florence Wetlands Significance Criteria and Protection Measures" (enclosed), are wetlands that score at or above the 75th percentile in either Function or Value for one or more of the following Grouped Functions, as defined in the Oregon Rapid Wetlands Assessment Protocol (ORWAP):

- a. Hydrologic Control (water storage and delay or "flood control"); or
- b. Water Quality (sediment retention and stabilization, phosphorus retention, nitrate removal and retention, and thermoregulation); or
- c. Habitat for fish, aquatic, or terrestrial species.

By way of this letter, DSL grants approval of the aforementioned criteria for determining locally significant wetlands for your Goal 5 planning. We appreciate your interest in using ORWAP for your project. This effort has been very informative for DSL's work on future rule revisions.

Sincerely,



Louise Solliday
Director

cc: Amanda Punton, DLCD
Dave Perry, DLCD, Newport Office
Peter Ryan, DSL

Siuslaw Estuary Partnership

An Integrated Multiple Objective Approach To Watershed Protection and Restoration

Proposed Florence Wetlands Significance Criteria and Protection Measures April 30, 2012

The Wetlands and Riparian Area Team met on March 6, 2012 and concurred with this proposal for determining the significance of, and measures to protect, wetlands in the Florence urban growth boundary (UGB). The Stakeholder Groups forwarded this proposal to the public for comment at their meetings in March and April. Then, the public provided comment on the proposal at the April 30, 2012 Open House.

In this paper, the significance criteria are applied to the wetlands and assessment, using the Oregon Rapid Wetland Assessment Protocol (ORWAP) in the 2010 Draft Florence Area Wetland and Riparian Inventory (Draft Inventory), prepared by Pacific Habitat Services for the Siuslaw Estuary Partnership (Partnership). The application of the significance criteria in this paper is based on the Draft Inventory; thus, the findings are subject to change based on the results of the Department of State Lands' (DSL) review. Any modifications made to the inventory or assessment as a result of DSL's review will be incorporated into the final analysis of wetlands and their significance.

Scope and Study Area

Statewide Planning Goal 5 criteria and protection measures apply to non-Statewide Planning Goal 17 wetlands in the Florence Area Inventory within the Florence Urban Growth Boundary (UGB) which is where Florence's land use measures would apply.¹

The 2010 Florence Area Wetlands Inventory, once approved by DSL, will replace the 1996 Florence Wetlands Inventory in the State Wetland Inventory (SWI), both within and outside the UGB.² In addition, if Lane County elects to determine significance of non-Goal 17 wetlands outside the UGB, the criteria ultimately selected for the Florence UGB may help guide that effort. At their meeting on March 22, the Elected Official Stakeholders will be asked to provide guidance on the question of whether or not to apply Goal 5 protection measures to wetlands outside the UGB.

¹ OAR 660-023-0240. Relationship of Goal 5 to Other Goals

"(2) The requirements of Goals 15, 16, 17, and 19 shall supersede requirements of this division for natural resources that are also subject to and regulated under one or more of those goals. However, local governments may rely on a Goal 5 inventory produced under OAR 660-023-0030 and other applicable inventory requirements of this division to satisfy the inventory requirements under Goal 17 for resource sites subject to Goal 17."

² In accordance with OAR 141-086-0185, "once approved by the Department of State Lands (DSL), the Local Wetland Inventory (LWI) must be used in place of the National Wetlands Inventory (NWI) and is incorporated into the "State Wetland Inventory" (SWI). The SWI is an inventory which contains the location, wetlands types, and approximate boundaries of wetlands in the State of Oregon. This inventory is continually revised as additional information is received or obtained by the Division of State Lands. The approved LWI must be used by cities and counties in lieu of the NWI for notifying the Department of land use applications affecting mapped wetlands and other waters (ORS 215.418 and 227.350).

Significance

1. The criterion for determining significance of non-Goal 17 wetlands in the Florence urban growth boundary (UGB) is wetlands that score at or above the 75th percentile in either Function or Value for one or more of the following Grouped Functions, as defined in the Oregon Rapid Wetlands Assessment Protocol (ORWAP):
 - a. Hydrologic Control (water storage and delay or “flood control”); or
 - b. Water Quality (sediment retention and stabilization, phosphorus retention, nitrate removal and retention, and thermoregulation); or
 - c. Habitat for fish, aquatic, or terrestrial species.

2. The results of the analysis are presented in Table 1, ORWAP Summary for Florence LWI Functions and Values of Grouped Functions, attached. In applying the significance criterion to the Draft Florence Area Inventory, the sixteen non-Goal 17 wetlands in the Florence UGB are significant, as shown in Table 1. This is almost exclusively due to their high Function or Value in providing flood control and water quality protection. All of the wetlands, except Wetland 25, meet the criteria for Hydrologic Control or Water Quality; and Wetland 25 meets the criteria for Aquatic Habitat and is also at the head of a significant riparian corridor. In addition, all of the wetlands except 8, 26, and 34 meet the criteria for providing habitat for fish, aquatic, and/or terrestrial species.

Protection

1. The proposed protection measures are to:
 - a. apply the Safe Harbor approach in Statewide Planning Goal 5, attached, to protect significant wetlands in the UGB;
 - b. include a Variance procedure that recognizes the rights of a property owner to develop property that would otherwise be unbuildable (avoids unconstitutional “taking” of private property without just compensation); and
 - c. Use the ESEE (Economic, Social, Environmental, and Energy) Analysis prescribed in Statewide Planning Goal 5 to address conflicts between construction of planned infrastructure projects and resource conservation in the Florence UGB. The ESEE analysis for public utilities and transportation facilities will evaluate these conflicts within the urban growth boundary and propose the appropriate level of resource protection in these areas. Note: The Goal 5 Administrative Rules for ESEE Analysis are attached.

Analysis

1. The proposed approach to determining significance for the Florence Area Inventory bases significance on the ORWAP scores separately for relative effectiveness of the Function and Value of the wetland. The proposed criteria do not require high scores in both the Functions and Values.

Grouped Functions in ORWAP	
Grouped Functions	Component Functions
Hydrologic Function	Water Storage and Delay (WS)
Water Quality Support Group	Sediment Retention and Stabilization (SR) Phosphorus Retention (PR)

Grouped Functions in ORWAP	
Grouped Functions	Component Functions
	Nitrate Removal & Retention (NR) Thermoregulation (T)
Fish Support Group	Anadromous Fish Habitat (FA) Non-anadromous Fish Habitat (FR)
Aquatic Habitat Support Group	Organic Matter Export (OE) Aquatic Invertebrate Habitat (INV) Amphibian and Reptile Habitat (AM) Waterbird Feeding Habitat (WBF) Waterbird Nesting Habitat (WBN)
Terrestrial Habitat Support Group	Songbird, Raptor, and Mammal Habitat (SBM) Pollinator Habitat (POL) Native Plant Diversity (PD)

The Florence Wetlands Project is a pilot and, as such, is one of the first attempts to use the ORWAP method for planning purposes. The Wetlands and Riparian Area Protection Team worked together to come to a mutual understanding of how best to use the ORWAP tool and to agree to criterion for significance that makes sense in a planning context.

2. The “service area” for the Florence Comprehensive Plan is the urban growth boundary (UGB). Flood control and water quality are critical issues for the North Florence Dunal Aquifer, both inside and outside the City limits. Wetlands that provide flood control or water quality protection, today or in the future, are of critical importance in providing these two services. For this reason, the proposed criteria take both the Function and the Value of the wetlands into consideration in determining significance.
3. The proposed significance criteria recognize the critical role that wetlands play in controlling floods and protecting water quality in the North Florence Sole Source Dunal Aquifer. All wetlands in the UGB play a role, or will play a role in the future, in Hydrologic Control and/or Water Quality Protection. All but one of the “significant” wetlands meet the criteria for these functions or values, and are thus recommended for protection. The proposed criteria also recognize the importance of wetlands for providing Habitat for fish, aquatic, and terrestrial species. All of the wetlands except 8, 26, and 34 meet the criteria for providing habitat for fish, aquatic, and/or terrestrial species.
4. For wetland protection measures, the proposal is to apply the Safe Harbor approach in Statewide Planning Goal 5, including the Variance procedure, to protect locally significant wetlands in the UGB, and exempt planned infrastructure and public improvement projects using the ESEE Analysis approach in Goal 5. This would mean that the significant wetlands would be protected, with a Variance procedure available that recognizes the rights of a property owner to develop property (avoids unconstitutional “taking” of private property without just compensation); and that planned public improvements can be constructed as long as the needed state and federal permits are obtained.

The proposed protection measures combine the approaches available under State law, i.e., safe harbor and ESEE analysis, in a manner that ensures all properties

will retain some development potential while at the same time allowing planned infrastructure and public improvement projects to proceed as planned. The ESEE analysis is a tool that can be used to ensure that planned infrastructure and public improvements, such as roads, stormwater systems, wastewater systems, and parks, can be constructed as planned, without being subject to the variance process; although any such development will nevertheless be subject to any required state and federal permit processes.

Table 1. Significant Florence Wetlands and ORWAP Scores for Functions (F) and Values (V)

Wet-land #	Hydrologic Control		Water Quality		Fish Habitat		Aquatic Habitat		Terrestrial Habitat		Notes and Significance			
	F	V	F	V	F	V	F	V	F	V	Outside UGB	Goal 17	In City Limits	Significant?
1	5.75	3.67	10	7.19	5.87	10	4.88	6.67	5.94	6.67	Part Out		In part	yes
2	3.5	3.08	10	6.07	3.69	4.2	6.37	7.33	6.63	6.67			Outside	yes
3	7	4.72	10	6.19	2.16	6.67	6.89	6.67	6.55	6.67	Outside			
4	2.31	7.64	6.17	7.5	6.56	10	6.11	10	7.61	7.51	Part Out		In part	yes
5	3.09	7.22	7.39	7.5	7.89	10	6.52	7.33	8.79	10	Part Out	Outside UGB=G17	In part	yes
6	1.77	2.17	4.84	7.5	6.95	10	7.39	7.33	7.51	7.43			Mostly in	yes
7	6.0	3.17	10	6.03	2.21	6.67	6.41	7.33	5.23	6.67			Outside	yes
8	3.5	3.08	10	6.03	0.67	6.67	6.72	6.67	5.99	6.67			In	yes
9	3.46	2.17	7.37	5.28	2.3	6.67	7.12	4.0	7.9	6.67	Outside			
10	4.5	2.17	10	5.43	3.69	6.67	7.87	4.0	7.39	6.67	Outside			
11	2.45	6.39	6.2	4.34	3.01	6.67	8.31	5.67	9.01	7.68			Outside	yes
12	3.25	2.17	10	4.94	3.33	6.67	8.39	7.33	7.76	7.77	Part Out		Mostly Outside	yes
13	5.75	2.17	10	5.82	2.32	6.67	7.01	6.67	5.9	6.67	Outside			
14	4.25	2.17	10	5.07	3.52	6.67	8.04	6.67	6.94	6.67	Outside			
15	2.63	2.33	5.09	6.67	6.68	10	7.14	6.67	7.84	6.67	Outside			
16	3.25	2.17	10	5.07	0.74	6.67	7.67	7.33	6.68	6.7	Outside			
17	3.25	2.17	10	5.57	2.05	6.67	7.87	7.33	7.09	6.99	Outside			
18	3.85	2.33	6.46	5.78	1.59	6.67	6.92	7.33	7.71	6.67	Outside			
19	3.25	2.17	10	5.36	2.64	5.11	7.31	6.67	6.53	6.67	Outside			
20	3.25	2.17	10	5.36	0.83	6.67	7.34	7.33	6.06	6.67	Outside			
21	4.5	3.58	10	6.49	2.95	6.67	7.84	7.33	6.99	7.22	Outside			
22	3.13	2.67	4.21	6.67	7.06	10	6.97	6.67	6.34	6.67	Outside	G17		
23	4.5	2.17	10	5.45	4.26	5.47	8.28	7.33	6.72	7.21	Outside			
24	5.75	2.17	10	5.61	3.54	6.67	7.82	7.33	7.08	7.09	Part Out	Part G17	Outside	yes
25	3	2.17	5.52	5.28	2.59	5.41	7.23	7.33	5.83	6.7	Part Out		Outside	yes
26	3.25	2.42	10	5.57	2.89	6.67	5.98	6.67	5.95	6.67			Outside	yes
27	3.5	2.67	10	6.28	3.22	4.73	6.78	7.33	5.35	6.67	Part Out		Outside	yes
28	2.25	2.17	10	5.28	3.9	6.67	6.38	7.33	5.85	6.67			Outside	yes
29	4.5	2.17	10	5.36	3.33	6.67	6.41	7.33	5.43	6.67		G17		
30	3.5	1.67	10	5.11	3.97	6.67	7.42	7.33	6.16	6.67		G17		
31	2.71	2.92	6.17	7.5	7.93	10	5.89	7.33	6.3	7.03		G17		
32	2.09	2.0	5.08	6.67	6.3	10	7.08	7.33	7.48	7.35	Outside	G17		
33	4.5	1.67	10	4.77	1.22	7.13	7.36	7.33	7.09	6.97			Inside	yes
34	1.64	1.67	5.03	6.64	2.57	6.67	6.06	6.67	4.66	6.67		Part G17	Inside	yes
Mean	3.58	2.87	8.52	5.92	3.66	7.22	7.05	6.97	6.71	6.97				
Median	3.36	2.17	10.00	5.70	3.28	6.67	7.10	7.33	6.66	6.67				
75%	4.50	3.04	10.00	6.60	4.19	7.02	7.61	7.33	7.46	7.08	Significance Threshold			

GOAL 5 ADMINISTRATIVE RULES: WETLANDS

OAR 660-023-0100 Wetlands

(1) For purposes of this rule, a "wetland" is an area that is inundated or saturated by surface water or ground water at a frequency and duration sufficient to support, and that under normal circumstances does support, a prevalence of vegetation typically adapted for life in saturated soil conditions.

(2) Local governments shall amend acknowledged plans and land use regulations prior to or at periodic review to address the requirements of this division, as set out in OAR 660-023-0250(5) through (7). The standard inventory process requirements in OAR 660-023-0030 do not apply to wetlands. Instead, local governments shall follow the requirements of section (3) of this rule in order to inventory and determine significant wetlands.

(3) For areas inside urban growth boundaries (UGBs) and urban unincorporated communities (UUCs), local governments shall:

- (a) Conduct a local wetlands inventory (LWI) using the standards and procedures of OAR 141-086-0110 through 141-086-0240 and adopt the LWI as part of the comprehensive plan or as a land use regulation; and
- (b) Determine which wetlands on the LWI are "significant wetlands" using the criteria adopted by the Division of State Lands (DSL) pursuant to ORS 197.279(3)(b) and adopt the list of significant wetlands as part of the comprehensive plan or as a land use regulation.

(4) For significant wetlands inside UGBs and UUCs, a local government shall:

- (a) Complete the Goal 5 process and adopt a program to achieve the goal following the requirements of OAR 660-023-0040 and 660-023-0050; or
- (b) Adopt a safe harbor ordinance to protect significant wetlands consistent with this subsection, as follows:
 - (A) The protection ordinance shall place restrictions on grading, excavation, placement of fill, and vegetation removal other than perimeter mowing and other cutting necessary for hazard prevention; and
 - (B) The ordinance shall include a variance procedure to consider hardship variances, claims of map error verified by DSL, and reduction or removal of the restrictions under paragraph (A) of this subsection for any lands demonstrated to have been rendered not buildable by application of the ordinance.

(5) For areas outside UGBs and UUCs, local governments shall either adopt the statewide wetland inventory (SWI; see ORS 196.674) as part of the local comprehensive plan or as a land use regulation, or shall use a current version for the purpose of section (7) of this rule.

(6) For areas outside UGBs and UUCs, local governments are not required to amend acknowledged plans and land use regulations in order to determine significant wetlands and complete the Goal 5 process. Local governments that choose to amend acknowledged plans for areas outside UGBs and UUCs in order to inventory and protect significant wetlands shall follow the requirements of sections (3) and (4) of this rule.

(7) All local governments shall adopt land use regulations that require notification of DSL concerning applications for development permits or other land use decisions affecting

wetlands on the inventory, as per ORS 227.350 and 215.418, or on the SWI as provided in section (5) of this rule.

(8) All jurisdictions may inventory and protect wetlands under the procedures and requirements for wetland conservation plans adopted pursuant to ORS 196.668 et seq. A wetlands conservation plan approved by the director of DSL shall be deemed to comply with Goal 5 (ORS 197.279(1)).

Stat. Auth.: ORS 183 & ORS 197

Stats. Implemented: ORS 197.040 & ORS 197.225 - ORS 197.245

Hist.: LCDC 2-1996, f. 8-30-96, cert. ef. 9-1-96

GOAL 5 ADMINISTRATIVE RULES: ESEE ANALYSIS

OAR 660-023-0010

Definitions

(2) "ESEE consequences" are the positive and negative economic, social, nvironmental, and energy (ESEE) consequences that could result from a decision to allow, limit, or prohibit a conflicting use.

(7) "Protect," when applied to an individual resource site, means to limit or prohibit uses that conflict with a significant resource site (except as provided in OAR 660-023-0140, 660-023-0180, and 660-023-0190). When applied to a resource category, "protect" means to develop a program consistent with this division.

660-023-0040

ESEE Decision Process

(1) Local governments shall develop a program to achieve Goal 5 for all significant resource sites based on an analysis of the economic, social, environmental, and energy (ESEE) consequences that could result from a decision to allow, limit, or prohibit a conflicting use. This rule describes four steps to be followed in conducting an ESEE analysis, as set out in detail in sections (2) through (5) of this rule. Local governments are not required to follow these steps sequentially, and some steps anticipate a return to a previous step. However, findings shall demonstrate that requirements under each of the steps have been met, regardless of the sequence followed by the local government. The ESEE analysis need not be lengthy or complex, but should enable reviewers to gain a clear understanding of the conflicts and the consequences to be expected. The steps in the standard ESEE process are as follows:

- (a) Identify conflicting uses;
- (b) Determine the impact area;
- (c) Analyze the ESEE consequences; and
- (d) Develop a program to achieve Goal 5.

(2) Identify conflicting uses. Local governments shall identify conflicting uses that exist, or could occur, with regard to significant Goal 5 resource sites. To identify these uses, local governments shall examine land uses allowed outright or conditionally within the zones applied to the resource site and in its impact area. Local governments are not required to consider allowed uses that would be unlikely to occur in the impact area because existing permanent uses occupy the site. The following shall also apply in the identification of conflicting uses:

(a) If no uses conflict with a significant resource site, acknowledged policies and land use regulations may be considered sufficient to protect the resource site. The determination that there are no conflicting uses must be based on the applicable zoning rather than ownership of the site. (Therefore, public ownership of a site does not by itself support a conclusion that there are no conflicting uses.)

(b) A local government may determine that one or more significant Goal 5 resource sites are conflicting uses with another significant resource site. The local government shall determine the level of protection for each significant site using the ESEE process and/or the requirements in OAR 660-023-0090 through 660-023-0230 (see OAR 660-023-0020(1)).

(3) Determine the impact area. Local governments shall determine an impact area for each significant resource site. The impact area shall be drawn to include only the area in which allowed uses could adversely affect the identified resource. The impact area defines the geographic limits within which to conduct an ESEE analysis for the identified significant resource site.

(4) Analyze the ESEE consequences. Local governments shall analyze the ESEE consequences that could result from decisions to allow, limit, or prohibit a conflicting use. The analysis may address each of the identified conflicting uses, or it may address a group of similar conflicting uses. A local government may conduct a single analysis for two or more resource sites that are within the same area or that are similarly situated and subject to the same zoning. The local government may establish a matrix of commonly occurring conflicting uses and apply the matrix to particular resource sites in order to facilitate the analysis. A local government may conduct a single analysis for a site containing more than one significant Goal 5 resource. The ESEE analysis must consider any applicable statewide goal or acknowledged plan requirements, including the requirements of Goal 5. The analyses of the ESEE consequences shall be adopted either as part of the plan or as a land use regulation.

(5) Develop a program to achieve Goal 5. Local governments shall determine whether to allow, limit, or prohibit identified conflicting uses for significant resource sites. This decision shall be based upon and supported by the ESEE analysis. A decision to prohibit or limit conflicting uses protects a resource site. A decision to allow some or all conflicting uses for a particular site may also be consistent with Goal 5, provided it is supported by the ESEE analysis. One of the following determinations shall be reached with regard to conflicting uses for a significant resource site:

(a) A local government may decide that a significant resource site is of such importance compared to the conflicting uses, and the ESEE consequences of allowing the conflicting uses are so detrimental to the resource, that the conflicting uses should be prohibited.

(b) A local government may decide that both the resource site and the conflicting uses are important compared to each other, and, based on the ESEE analysis, the conflicting uses should be allowed in a limited way that protects the resource site to a desired extent.

(c) A local government may decide that the conflicting use should be allowed fully, notwithstanding the possible impacts on the resource site. The ESEE analysis must demonstrate that the conflicting use is of sufficient importance relative to

the resource site, and must indicate why measures to protect the resource to some extent should not be provided, as per subsection (b) of this section.

Stat. Auth.: ORS 183 & ORS 197

Stats. Implemented: ORS 197.040 & ORS 197.225 - ORS 197.245

Hist.: LCDC 2-1996, f. 8-30-96, cert. ef. 9-1-96

Riparian Width Determination



Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory

RIPARIAN CODE
RMC - 0

Date: 10/24/2010 Investigators: C. Lysdale

Dominant tree species: Sitka Spruce

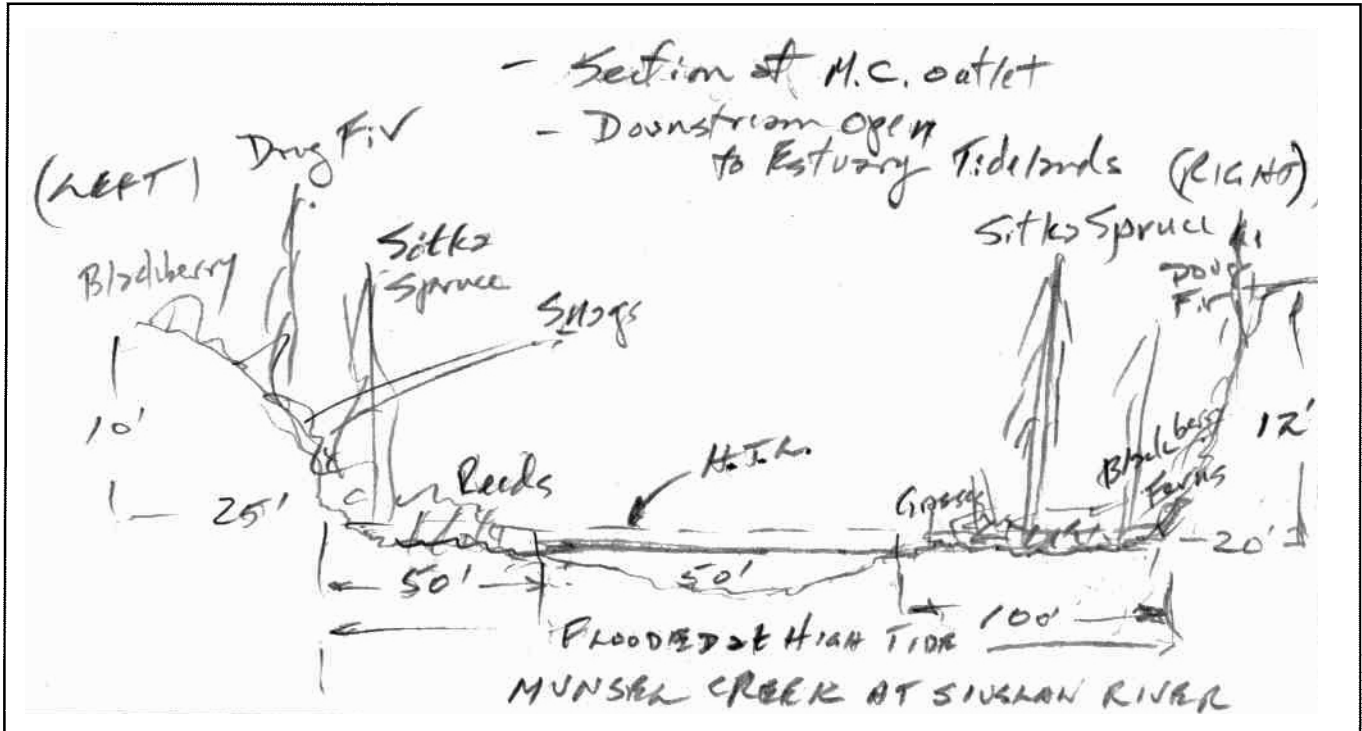
Potential tree height (PTH)/Actual Width of riparian area : 120/25L & 20R feet
(Width measured horizontally from edge of water resource)

PTH determined by:
On-site vegetation Reference site Code _____

Comments: _____

Photos RMC-0Sveg, RMC-0Sstr, RMC-0Sstr1, RMC-0Sest

Typical Cross Section:



Riparian Characterization Form

Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory



GENERAL INFORMATION

Riparian Code: RMC-A Location of data point: RMC-0

Reach Length: _____

Hydrologic Basin: _____

On-site: Off-Site:

WATER RESOURCE INFORMATION

Water Resource: Stream/River: Lake/Pond: Wetland:

Width: 50 Low, 200 High Tide _____ feet

Width: _____ feet

Width: _____ feet

LWI Wetland Code: _____

Water present year-round: Yes No

Are salmonids present in the adjacent water resource? Yes No

Is the water resource listed for temperature on DEQ's 303(d) list: Yes No

Within FEMA-mapped 100-year floodplain: Yes No

Mapped soil series: Walpoort fine sand, 0-12% slopes

Adjacent Land Uses? (Check as many as needed)

Agriculture: Roads:

Commercial/Indus.: Undeveloped:

Residential: Forestry:

Woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines >1 meter)	Herbaceous vegetation (include trees, shrubs, vines <1 meter)
Sitka Spruce	Grasses
Douglas Fir	Reeds
	Bracken Fern
	Blackberry

1 meter = 3.2 feet

Average slope in the riparian area: (Question 1)
 <10:1 (10%) Between 10:1 (10%) and 5:1 (20%) >5:1 (20%) Outside HTL

Extent of impervious surface within the riparian area. (Question 4)
 <10% 10% - 25% >25%

Is the reach constricted by man-made features? (Question 8)
 Yes No

Does the orientation of the riparian area allow for shading of the water resource at midday in summer? (Question 9)

Yes No

Dominant vegetation layer within riparian area? (Question 10)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Does woody vegetation hang over the edge of the water? (Questions 11 & 14)

Yes No

Large woody debris in riparian area? (Question 15)

Yes No

Percent of water resource bordered by vegetated riparian area at least 30 feet wide? (Question 16)

>40% 10% - 40% <10%

Degree of development or human caused disturbance. (Question 19)

<25% 25% - 75% >75%

How does the NRCS soil survey rank water erosion hazard of the dominant mapped unit in the Riparian Area? (Question 5)

low, slight moderate high, very high, severe

What is the dominant vegetation at the top of bank (if defined) or edge of water resource? (Question 3)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Are there flood prone areas (adjacent flat areas, depressions, swales, FEMA mapped 100-year floodplain, etc.) beyond the top of bank or edge of the water resource? (Question 6)

Yes No

Is woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines) greater than 1 meter (3.2 feet) high dominant in the flood prone riparian area?

Yes No or no flood prone area present

How many vegetation layers (i.e. canopy, mid-story, groundcover) are present?

More than 2 2 layers 1 layer or unvegetated

Riparian Width Determination



Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory

RIPARIAN CODE
RMC - 1 South

Date: 9/25/2010 Investigators: C. Lysdale & M. Tilton

Dominant tree species: Sitka Spruce

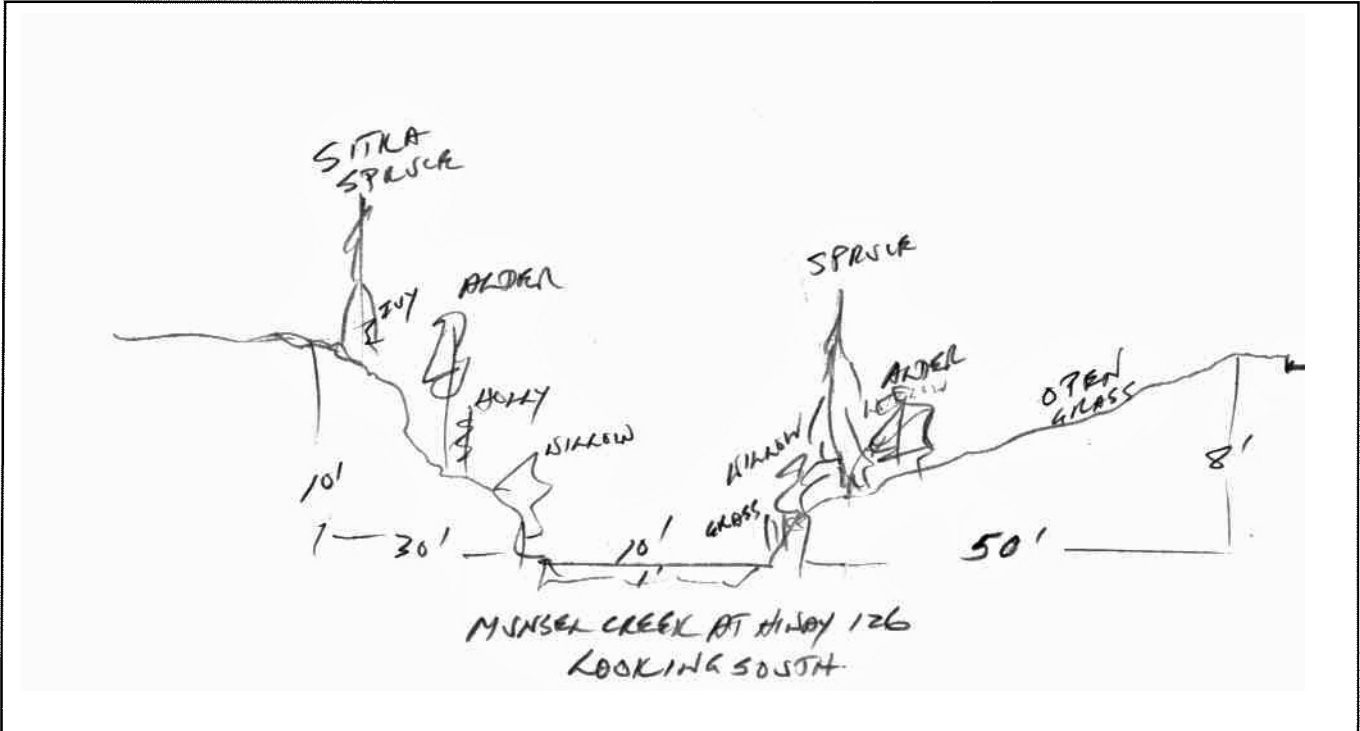
Potential tree height (PTH)/Actual Width of riparian area : 120/30L & 50R feet
(Width measured horizontally from edge of water resource)

PTH determined by:
On-site vegetation Reference site Code _____

Comments: _____

Photos RMC-1S veg & RMC-1S str

Typical Cross Section:



Riparian Characterization Form

Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory



GENERAL INFORMATION

Riparian Code: RMC - 1 South Location of data point: RMC - 1

Reach Length: _____

Hydrologic Basin: _____

On-site: Off-Site:

WATER RESOURCE INFORMATION

Water Resource: Stream/River: Lake/Pond: _____ Wetland: _____

Width: 10 feet

Width: _____ feet

Width: _____ feet

LWI Wetland Code:

Water present year-round: Yes No

Are salmonids present in the adjacent water resource? Yes No

Is the water resource listed for temperature on DEQ's 303(d) list: Yes No

Within FEMA-mapped 100-year floodplain: Yes No

Mapped soil series: Walpoort fine sand, 0-12% slopes

Adjacent Land Uses? (Check as many as needed)

Agriculture: Roads:

Commercial/Indus.: Undeveloped:

Residential: Forestry:

Woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines >1 meter)	Herbaceous vegetation (include trees, shrubs, vines <1 meter)
Sitka Spruce	Grasses
Red Alder	
Willow	

1 meter = 3.2 feet

Average slope in the riparian area: (Question 1)

<10:1 (10%) Between 10:1 (10%) and 5:1 (20%) >5:1 (20%)

Right Left

Extent of impervious surface within the riparian area. (Question 4)

<10% 10% - 25% >25%

Is the reach constricted by man-made features? (Question 8)

Yes No

Does the orientation of the riparian area allow for shading of the water resource at midday in summer? (Question 9)

Yes No

Dominant vegetation layer within riparian area? (Question 10)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Does woody vegetation hang over the edge of the water? (Questions 11 & 14)

Yes No

Large woody debris in riparian area? (Question 15)

Yes No

Percent of water resource bordered by vegetated riparian area at least 30 feet wide? (Question 16)

>40% 10% - 40% <10%

Degree of development or human caused disturbance. (Question 19)

<25% 25% - 75% >75%

How does the NRCS soil survey rank water erosion hazard of the dominant mapped unit in the Riparian Area? (Question 5)

low, slight moderate high, very high, severe

What is the dominant vegetation at the top of bank (if defined) or edge of water resource? (Question 3)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Are there flood prone areas (adjacent flat areas, depressions, swales, FEMA mapped 100-year floodplain, etc.) beyond the top of bank or edge of the water resource? (Question 6)

Yes No

Is woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines) greater than 1 meter (3.2 feet) high dominant in the flood prone riparian area?

Yes No or no flood prone area present

How many vegetation layers (i.e. canopy, mid-story, groundcover) are present?

More than 2 2 layers 1 layer or unvegetated

Riparian Width Determination



Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory

RIPARIAN CODE
RMC - 1 North

Date: 9/25/2010 Investigators: C. Lysdale & M. Tilton

Dominant tree species: Douglas Fir

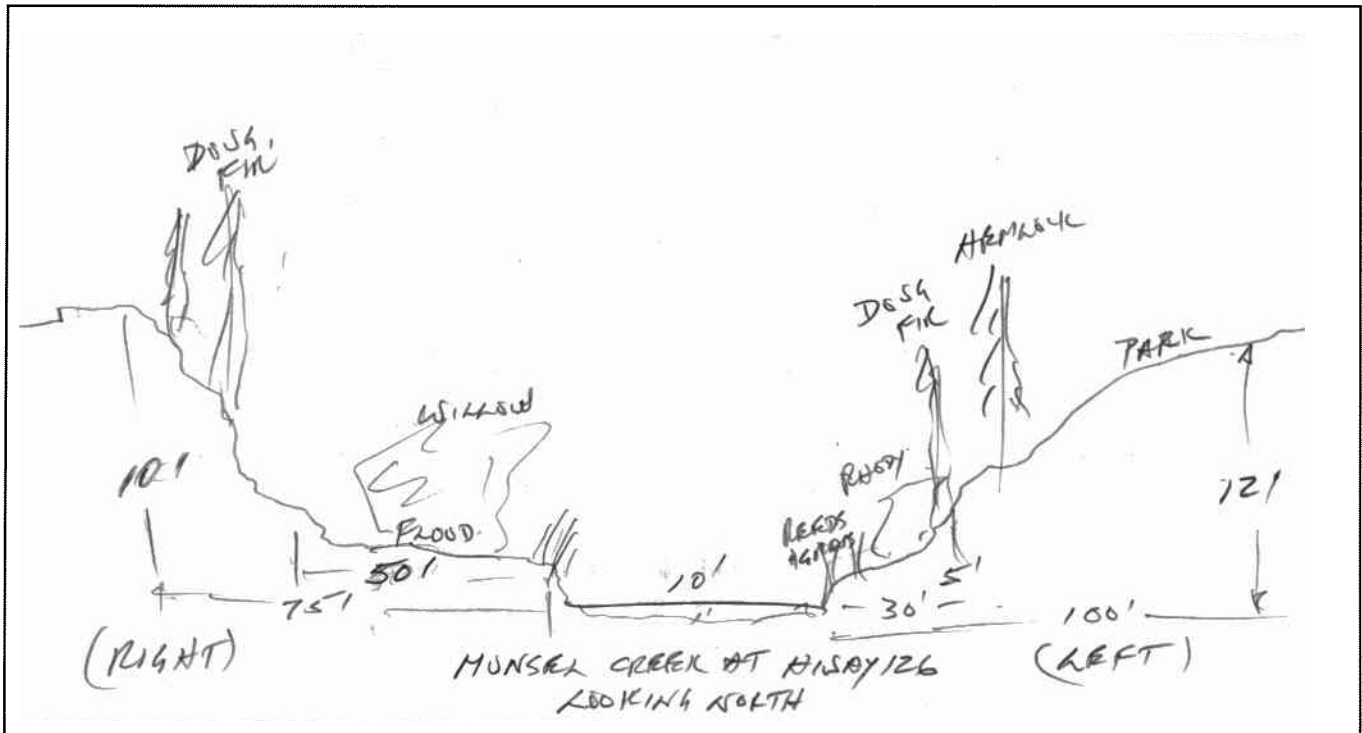
Potential tree height (PTH)/Actual Width of riparian area : 120/100L & 75R feet
(Width measured horizontally from edge of water resource)

PTH determined by:
On-site vegetation Reference site Code _____

Comments: _____

Photos RMC-1N veg & RMC-1N str

Typical Cross Section:



Riparian Characterization Form

Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory



GENERAL INFORMATION

Riparian Code: RMC - 1 North Location of data point: RMC - 1

Reach Length: _____

Hydrologic Basin: _____

On-site: Off-Site:

WATER RESOURCE INFORMATION

Water Resource: Stream/River: Lake/Pond: _____ Wetland: _____

Width: 10 feet

Width: _____ feet

Width: _____ feet

LWI Wetland Code: _____

Water present year-round: Yes No

Are salmonids present in the adjacent water resource? Yes No

Is the water resource listed for temperature on DEQ's 303(d) list: Yes No

Within FEMA-mapped 100-year floodplain: Yes No

Mapped soil series: Yaquina loamy fine sand

Adjacent Land Uses? (Check as many as needed)

Agriculture: Roads:

Commercial/Indus.: Undeveloped:

Residential: Forestry:

Woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines >1 meter)	Herbaceous vegetation (include trees, shrubs, vines <1 meter)
Douglas Fir	Grasses
Western Hemlock	Reeds
Willow	
Rhododendron	

1 meter = 3.2 feet

Average slope in the riparian area: (Question 1)

<10:1 (10%) Between 10:1 (10%) and 5:1 (20%) >5:1 (20%)

Extent of impervious surface within the riparian area. (Question 4)

<10% 10% - 25% >25%

Is the reach constricted by man-made features? (Question 8)

Yes No

Does the orientation of the riparian area allow for shading of the water resource at midday in summer? (Question 9)

Yes No

Dominant vegetation layer within riparian area? (Question 10)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Does woody vegetation hang over the edge of the water? (Questions 11 & 14)

Yes No

Large woody debris in riparian area? (Question 15)

Yes No

Percent of water resource bordered by vegetated riparian area at least 30 feet wide? (Question 16)

>40% 10% - 40% <10%

Degree of development or human caused disturbance. (Question 19)

<25% 25% - 75% >75%

How does the NRCS soil survey rank water erosion hazard of the dominant mapped unit in the Riparian Area? (Question 5)

low, slight moderate high, very high, severe

What is the dominant vegetation at the top of bank (if defined) or edge of water resource? (Question 3)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Are there flood prone areas (adjacent flat areas, depressions, swales, FEMA mapped 100-year floodplain, etc.) beyond the top of bank or edge of the water resource? (Question 6)

Yes No

Is woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines) greater than 1 meter (3.2 feet) high dominant in the flood prone riparian area?

Yes No or no flood prone area present

How many vegetation layers (i.e. canopy, mid-story, groundcover) are present?

More than 2 2 layers 1 layer or unvegetated

Riparian Width Determination



Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory

RIPARIAN CODE
RMC - 2 South

Date: 9/9/2010 Investigators: C. Lysdale

Dominant tree species: Douglas Fir

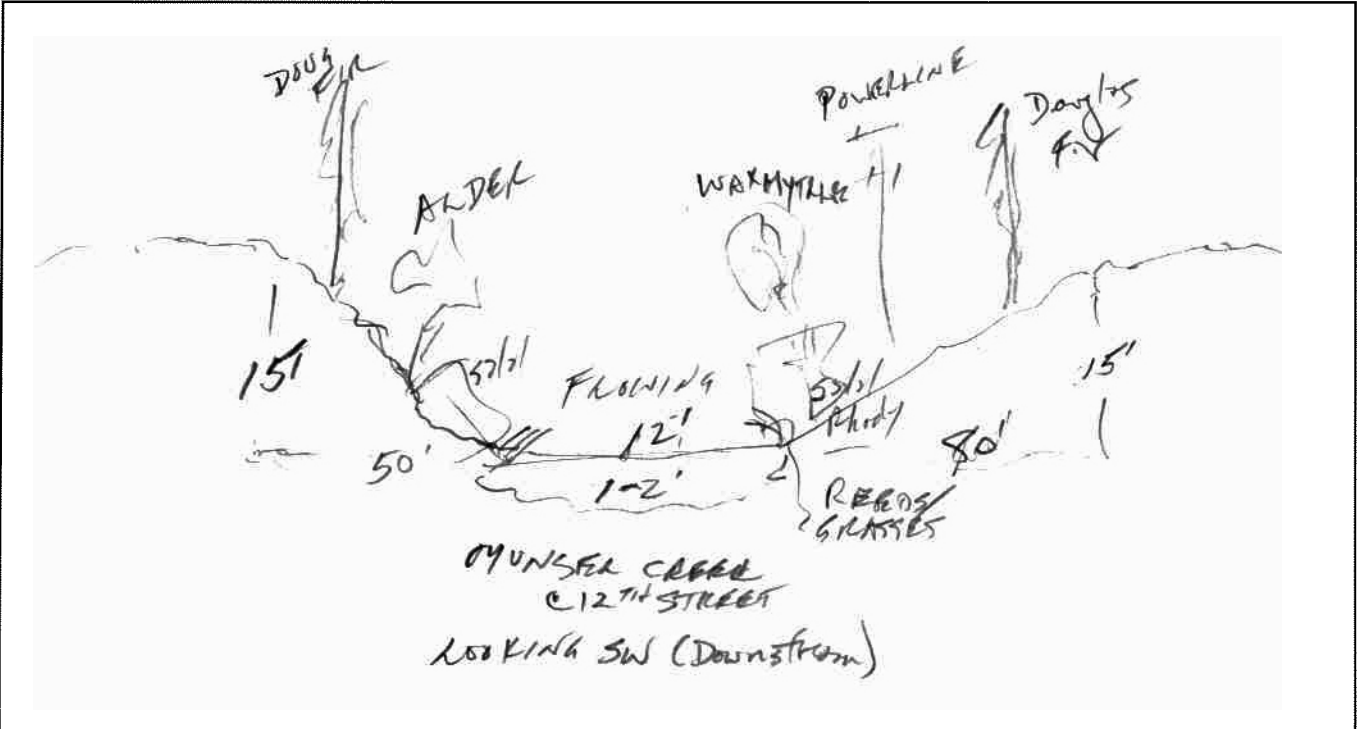
Potential tree height (PTH)/Actual Width of riparian area : 120/50L & 80R feet
(Width measured horizontally from edge of water resource)

PTH determined by:
On-site vegetation Reference site Code _____

Comments: _____

Photos RMC-2S veg & RMC-2S str

Typical Cross Section:



Riparian Characterization Form

Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory



GENERAL INFORMATION

Riparian Code: RMC - 2 South Location of data point: RMC - 2

Reach Length: _____

Hydrologic Basin: _____

On-site: Off-Site:

WATER RESOURCE INFORMATION

Water Resource: Stream/River: Lake/Pond: _____ Wetland: _____

Width: 12 feet

Width: _____ feet

Width: _____ feet

LWI Wetland Code: _____

Water present year-round: Yes No

Are salmonids present in the adjacent water resource? Yes No

Is the water resource listed for temperature on DEQ's 303(d) list: Yes No

Within FEMA-mapped 100-year floodplain: Yes No

Mapped soil series: Yaquina loamy fine sand

Adjacent Land Uses? (Check as many as needed)

Agriculture: Roads:

Commercial/Indus.: Undeveloped:

Residential: Forestry:

Woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines >1 meter)	Herbaceous vegetation (include trees, shrubs, vines <1 meter)
Douglas Fir	Grasses
Red Alder	Reeds
California Wax Myrtle	
Rhododendron	
Salal	

1 meter = 3.2 feet

Average slope in the riparian area: (Question 1)

<10:1 (10%) Between 10:1 (10%) and 5:1 (20%) >5:1 (20%)

Right Left

Extent of impervious surface within the riparian area. (Question 4)

<10% 10% - 25% >25%

Is the reach constricted by man-made features? (Question 8)

Yes No

Does the orientation of the riparian area allow for shading of the water resource at midday in summer? (Question 9)

Yes No

Dominant vegetation layer within riparian area? (Question 10)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Does woody vegetation hang over the edge of the water? (Questions 11 & 14)

Yes No

Large woody debris in riparian area? (Question 15)

Yes No

Percent of water resource bordered by vegetated riparian area at least 30 feet wide? (Question 16)

>40% 10% - 40% <10%

Degree of development or human caused disturbance. (Question 19)

<25% 25% - 75% >75%

How does the NRCS soil survey rank water erosion hazard of the dominant mapped unit in the Riparian Area? (Question 5)

low, slight moderate high, very high, severe

What is the dominant vegetation at the top of bank (if defined) or edge of water resource? (Question 3)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Are there flood prone areas (adjacent flat areas, depressions, swales, FEMA mapped 100-year floodplain, etc.) beyond the top of bank or edge of the water resource? (Question 6)

Yes No

Is woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines) greater than 1 meter (3.2 feet) high dominant in the flood prone riparian area?

Yes No or no flood prone area present

How many vegetation layers (i.e. canopy, mid-story, groundcover) are present?

More than 2 2 layers 1 layer or unvegetated

Riparian Width Determination



Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory

RIPARIAN CODE
RMC - 2 North

Date: 9/9/2010 Investigators: C. Lysdale

Dominant tree species: Douglas Fir

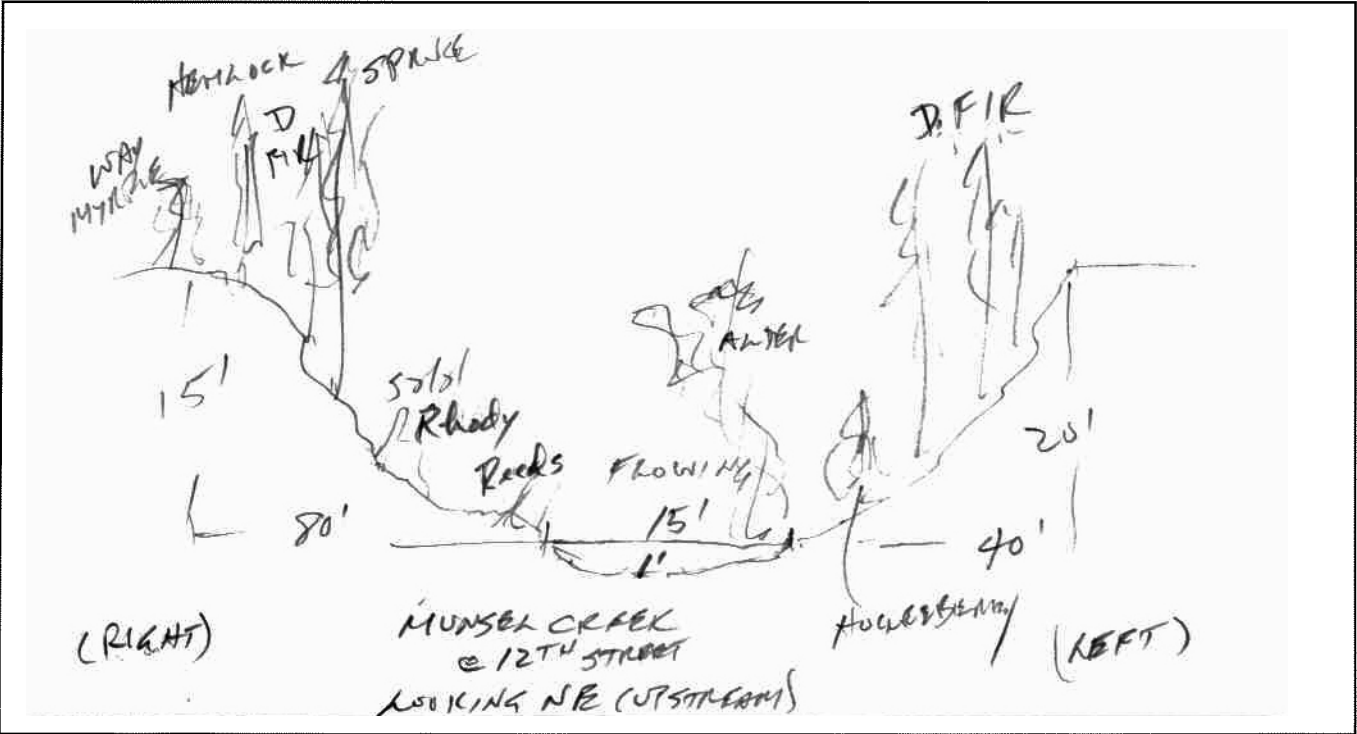
Potential tree height (PTH)/Actual Width of riparian area : 120/40L & 80R feet
(Width measured horizontally from edge of water resource)

PTH determined by:
On-site vegetation Reference site Code _____

Comments: _____

Photos RMC-2N veg & RMC-2N str

Typical Cross Section:



Riparian Characterization Form

Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory



GENERAL INFORMATION

Riparian Code: RMC - 2 North Location of data point: RMC - 2

Reach Length: _____

Hydrologic Basin: _____

On-site: Off-Site:

WATER RESOURCE INFORMATION

Water Resource: Stream/River: Lake/Pond: _____ Wetland: _____

Width: 15 feet

Width: _____ feet

Width: _____ feet

LWI Wetland Code: _____

Water present year-round: Yes No

Are salmonids present in the adjacent water resource? Yes No

Is the water resource listed for temperature on DEQ's 303(d) list: Yes No

Within FEMA-mapped 100-year floodplain: Yes No

Mapped soil series: Yaquina loamy fine sand

Adjacent Land Uses? (Check as many as needed)

Agriculture: Roads:

Commercial/Indus.: Undeveloped:

Residential: Forestry:

Woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines >1 meter)	Herbaceous vegetation (include trees, shrubs, vines <1 meter)
Douglas Fir	Grasses
Western Hemlock	Reeds
Sitka Spruce	
California Wax Myrtle	
Red Alder	
Rhododendron	
Sisal, Huckleberry	

1 meter = 3.2 feet

Average slope in the riparian area: (Question 1)

<10:1 (10%) Between 10:1 (10%) and 5:1 (20%) >5:1 (20%)

Extent of impervious surface within the riparian area. (Question 4)

<10% 10% - 25% >25%

Is the reach constricted by man-made features? (Question 8)

Yes No

Does the orientation of the riparian area allow for shading of the water resource at midday in summer? (Question 9)

Yes No

Dominant vegetation layer within riparian area? (Question 10)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Does woody vegetation hang over the edge of the water? (Questions 11 & 14)

Yes No

Large woody debris in riparian area? (Question 15)

Yes No

Percent of water resource bordered by vegetated riparian area at least 30 feet wide? (Question 16)

>40% 10% - 40% <10%

Degree of development or human caused disturbance. (Question 19)

<25% 25% - 75% >75%

How does the NRCS soil survey rank water erosion hazard of the dominant mapped unit in the Riparian Area? (Question 5)

low, slight moderate high, very high, severe

What is the dominant vegetation at the top of bank (if defined) or edge of water resource? (Question 3)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Are there flood prone areas (adjacent flat areas, depressions, swales, FEMA mapped 100-year floodplain, etc.) beyond the top of bank or edge of the water resource? (Question 6)

Yes No

Is woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines) greater than 1 meter (3.2 feet) high dominant in the flood prone riparian area?

Yes No or no flood prone area present

How many vegetation layers (i.e. canopy, mid-story, groundcover) are present?

More than 2 2 layers 1 layer or unvegetated

Riparian Width Determination



Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory

RIPARIAN CODE
RMC - 3

Date: 9/9/2010 Investigators: C. Lysdale

Dominant tree species: Red Alder

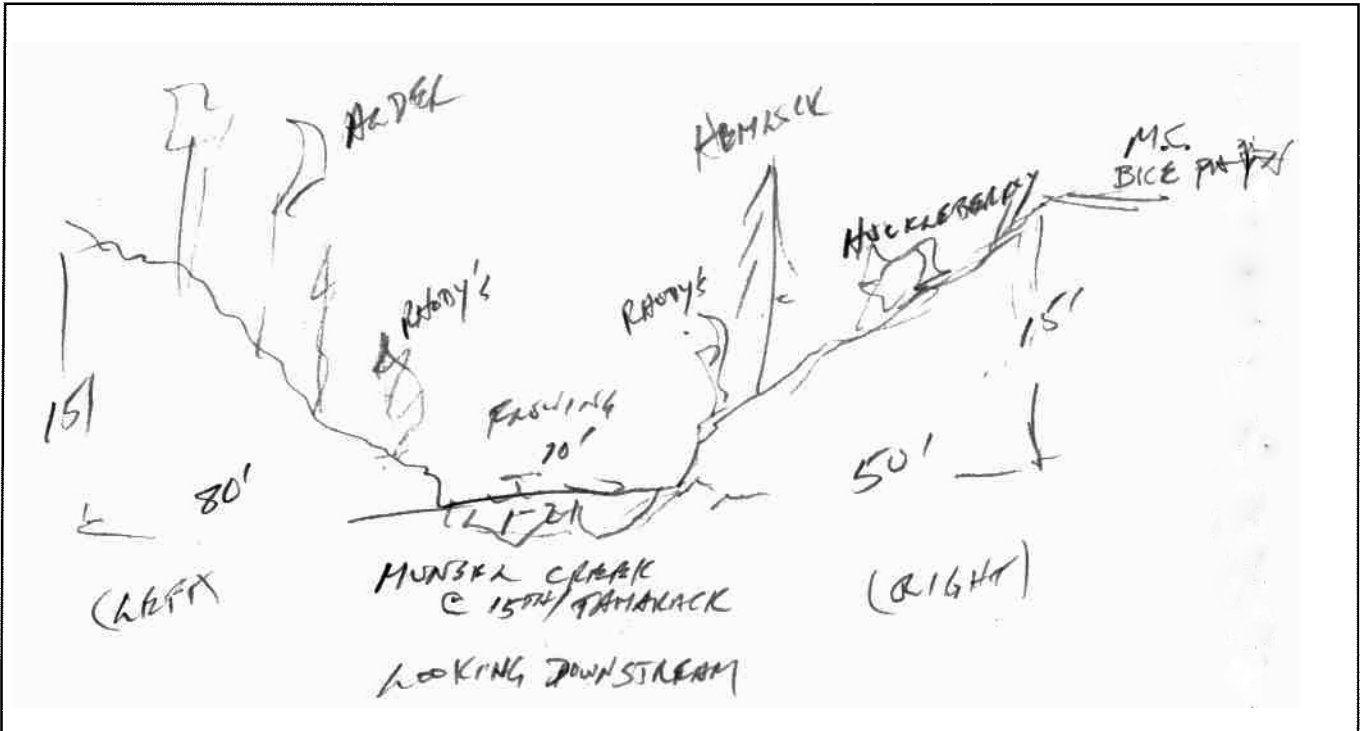
Potential tree height (PTH)/Actual Width of riparian area : 65/80L & 50R feet
(Width measured horizontally from edge of water resource)

PTH determined by:
On-site vegetation Reference site Code _____

Comments: _____

Photos RMC-3veg & RMC-3str

Typical Cross Section:



Riparian Characterization Form

Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory



GENERAL INFORMATION

Riparian Code: RMC - 3 Location of data point: RMC - 3

Reach Length: _____

Hydrologic Basin: _____

On-site: Off-Site:

WATER RESOURCE INFORMATION

Water Resource: Stream/River: Lake/Pond: Wetland:

Width: 10 feet

Width: _____ feet

Width: _____ feet

LWI Wetland Code: _____

Water present year-round: Yes No

Are salmonids present in the adjacent water resource? Yes No

Is the water resource listed for temperature on DEQ's 303(d) list: Yes No

Within FEMA-mapped 100-year floodplain: Yes No

Mapped soil series: Yaquina loamy fine sand

Adjacent Land Uses? (Check as many as needed)

Agriculture: Roads:

Commercial/Indus.: Undeveloped:

Residential: Forestry:

Woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines >1 meter)	Herbaceous vegetation (include trees, shrubs, vines <1 meter)
Western Hemlock	
Red Alder	
Huckleberry	
Rhododendron	

1 meter = 3.2 feet

Average slope in the riparian area: (Question 1)

<10:1 (10%) Between 10:1 (10%) and 5:1 (20%) >5:1 (20%)

Left Right

Extent of impervious surface within the riparian area. (Question 4)

<10% 10% - 25% >25%

Is the reach constricted by man-made features? (Question 8)

Yes No

Does the orientation of the riparian area allow for shading of the water resource at midday in summer? (Question 9)

Yes No

Dominant vegetation layer within riparian area? (Question 10)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Does woody vegetation hang over the edge of the water? (Questions 11 & 14)

Yes No

Large woody debris in riparian area? (Question 15)

Yes No

Percent of water resource bordered by vegetated riparian area at least 30 feet wide? (Question 16)

>40% 10% - 40% <10%

Degree of development or human caused disturbance. (Question 19)

<25% 25% - 75% >75%

How does the NRCS soil survey rank water erosion hazard of the dominant mapped unit in the Riparian Area? (Question 5)

low, slight moderate high, very high, severe

What is the dominant vegetation at the top of bank (if defined) or edge of water resource? (Question 3)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Are there flood prone areas (adjacent flat areas, depressions, swales, FEMA mapped 100-year floodplain, etc.) beyond the top of bank or edge of the water resource? (Question 6)

Yes No

Is woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines) greater than 1 meter (3.2 feet) high dominant in the flood prone riparian area?

Yes No or no flood prone area present

How many vegetation layers (i.e. canopy, mid-story, groundcover) are present?

More than 2 2 layers 1 layer or unvegetated

Riparian Width Determination



Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory

RIPARIAN CODE
RMC - 4

Date: 9/9/2010 Investigators: C. Lysdale

Dominant tree species: Douglas Fir

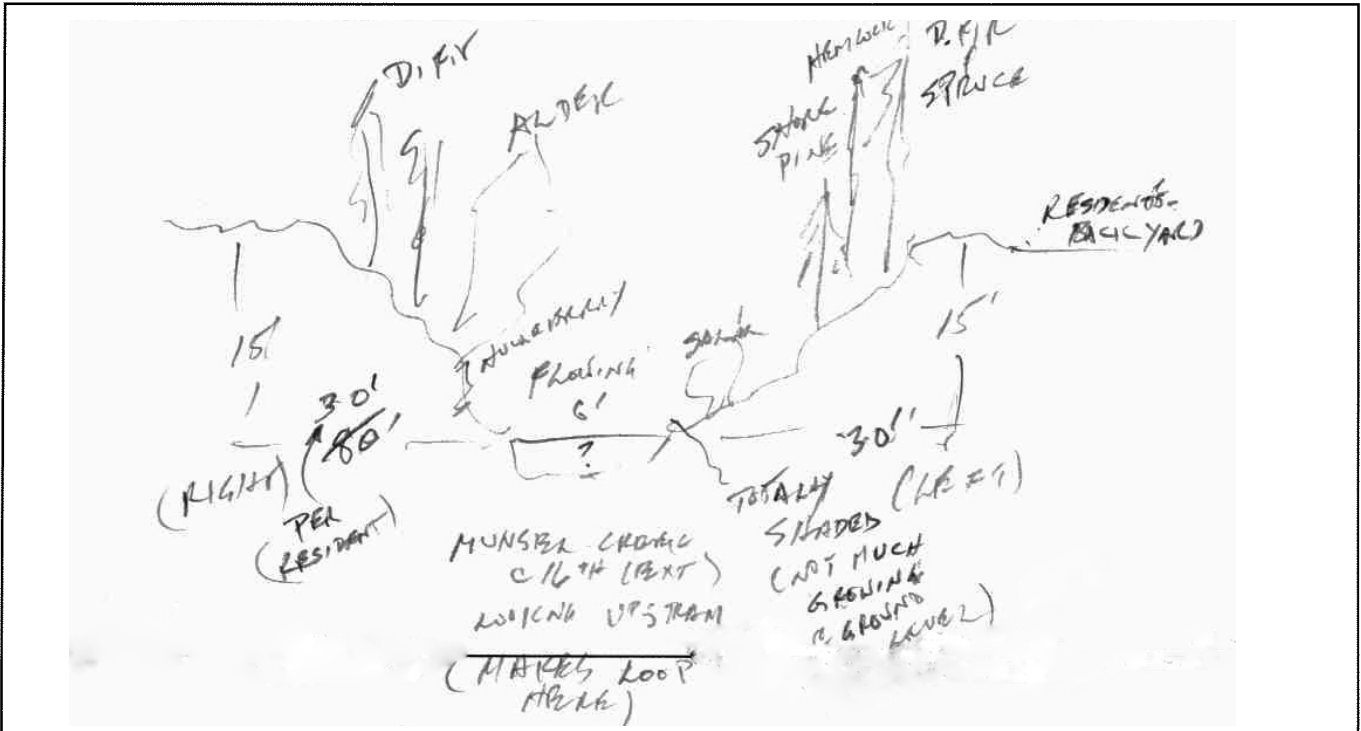
Potential tree height (PTH)/Actual Width of riparian area : 120/30L & 30R feet
(Width measured horizontally from edge of water resource)

PTH determined by:
 On-site vegetation Reference site Code _____

Comments: _____

Photos RMC-4veg & RMC-4str

Typical Cross Section:



Riparian Characterization Form

Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory



GENERAL INFORMATION

Riparian Code: RMC - 4 Location of data point: RMC - 4

Reach Length: _____

Hydrologic Basin: _____

On-site: Off-Site:

WATER RESOURCE INFORMATION

Water Resource: Stream/River: Lake/Pond: _____ Wetland: _____

Width: 6 feet

Width: _____ feet

Width: _____ feet

LWI Wetland Code: _____

Water present year-round: Yes No

Are salmonids present in the adjacent water resource? Yes No

Is the water resource listed for temperature on DEQ's 303(d) list: Yes No

Within FEMA-mapped 100-year floodplain: Yes No

Mapped soil series: Yaquina loamy fine sand

Adjacent Land Uses? (Check as many as needed)

Agriculture: Roads:

Commercial/Indus.: Undeveloped:

Residential: Forestry:

Woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines >1 meter)	Herbaceous vegetation (include trees, shrubs, vines <1 meter)
Douglas Fir	
Western Hemlock	
Red Alder	
Shore Pine	
Salal	
Huckleberry	

1 meter = 3.2 feet

Average slope in the riparian area: (Question 1)

<10:1 (10%) Between 10:1 (10%) and 5:1 (20%) >5:1 (20%)

Extent of impervious surface within the riparian area. (Question 4)

<10% 10% - 25% >25%

Left&Right

Is the reach constricted by man-made features? (Question 8)

Yes No

Does the orientation of the riparian area allow for shading of the water resource at midday in summer? (Question 9)

Yes No

Dominant vegetation layer within riparian area? (Question 10)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Does woody vegetation hang over the edge of the water? (Questions 11 & 14)

Yes No

Large woody debris in riparian area? (Question 15)

Yes No

Percent of water resource bordered by vegetated riparian area at least 30 feet wide? (Question 16)

>40% 10% - 40% <10%

Degree of development or human caused disturbance. (Question 19)

<25% 25% - 75% >75%

How does the NRCS soil survey rank water erosion hazard of the dominant mapped unit in the Riparian Area? (Question 5)

low, slight moderate high, very high, severe

What is the dominant vegetation at the top of bank (if defined) or edge of water resource? (Question 3)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Are there flood prone areas (adjacent flat areas, depressions, swales, FEMA mapped 100-year floodplain, etc.) beyond the top of bank or edge of the water resource? (Question 6)

Yes No

Is woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines) greater than 1 meter (3.2 feet) high dominant in the flood prone riparian area?

Yes No or no flood prone area present

How many vegetation layers (i.e. canopy, mid-story, groundcover) are present?

More than 2 2 layers 1 layer or unvegetated

Riparian Width Determination



Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory

RIPARIAN CODE
RMC - 5 South

Date: 8/25/2010 Investigators: C. Lysdale

Dominant tree species: Douglas Fir

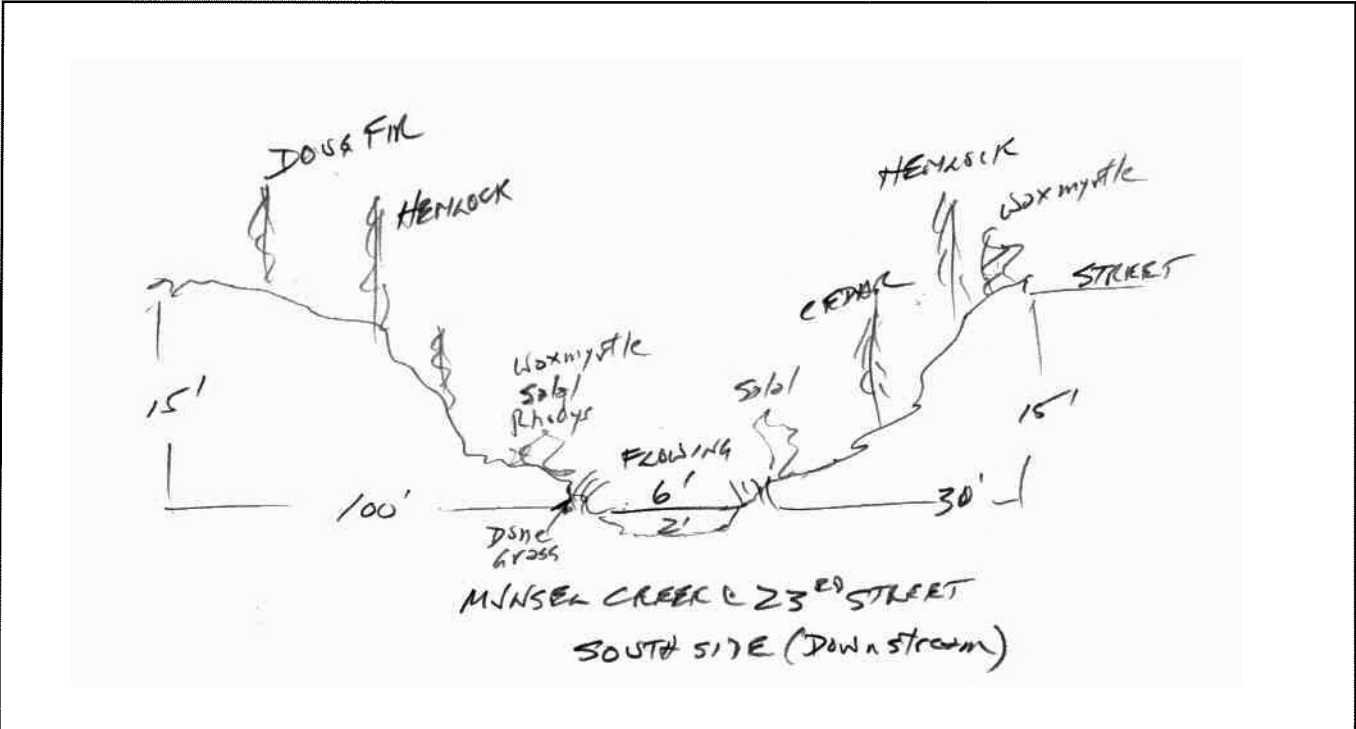
Potential tree height (PTH)/Actual Width of riparian area : 120/100L & 30R feet
(Width measured horizontally from edge of water resource)

PTH determined by:
On-site vegetation Reference site Code _____

Comments: _____

Photos RMC-5S veg & RMC-5S str

Typical Cross Section:



Riparian Characterization Form

Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory



GENERAL INFORMATION

Riparian Code: RMC - 5 South Location of data point: RMC - 5

Reach Length: _____

Hydrologic Basin: _____

On-site: Off-Site:

WATER RESOURCE INFORMATION

Water Resource: Stream/River: Lake/Pond: _____ Wetland: _____

Width: 6 feet

Width: _____ feet

Width: _____ feet

LWI Wetland Code: _____

Water present year-round: Yes No

Are salmonids present in the adjacent water resource? Yes No

Is the water resource listed for temperature on DEQ's 303(d) list: Yes No

Within FEMA-mapped 100-year floodplain: Yes No

Mapped soil series: Yaquina loamy fine sand

Adjacent Land Uses? (Check as many as needed)

Agriculture: Roads:

Commercial/Indus.: Undeveloped:

Residential: Forestry:

Woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines >1 meter)	Herbaceous vegetation (include trees, shrubs, vines <1 meter)
Douglas Fir	Grasses
Western Hemlock	
Rhododendron	
Sisal	
Western Red Cedar	
California Wax Myrtle	

1 meter = 3.2 feet

Average slope in the riparian area: (Question 1)

<10:1 (10%) Between 10:1 (10%) and 5:1 (20%) >5:1 (20%)

Extent of impervious surface within the riparian area. (Question 4)

<10% 10% - 25% >25%

Is the reach constricted by man-made features? (Question 8)

Yes No

Does the orientation of the riparian area allow for shading of the water resource at midday in summer? (Question 9)

Yes No

Dominant vegetation layer within riparian area? (Question 10)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Does woody vegetation hang over the edge of the water? (Questions 11 & 14)

Yes No

Large woody debris in riparian area? (Question 15)

Yes No

Percent of water resource bordered by vegetated riparian area at least 30 feet wide? (Question 16)

>40% 10% - 40% <10%

Degree of development or human caused disturbance. (Question 19)

<25% 25% - 75% >75%

How does the NRCS soil survey rank water erosion hazard of the dominant mapped unit in the Riparian Area? (Question 5)

low, slight moderate high, very high, severe

What is the dominant vegetation at the top of bank (if defined) or edge of water resource? (Question 3)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Are there flood prone areas (adjacent flat areas, depressions, swales, FEMA mapped 100-year floodplain, etc.) beyond the top of bank or edge of the water resource? (Question 6)

Yes No

Is woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines) greater than 1 meter (3.2 feet) high dominant in the flood prone riparian area?

Yes No or no flood prone area present

How many vegetation layers (i.e. canopy, mid-story, groundcover) are present?

More than 2 2 layers 1 layer or unvegetated

Riparian Width Determination



Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory

RIPARIAN CODE
RMC - 5 North

Date: 8/25/2010 Investigators: C. Lysdale

Dominant tree species: Douglas Fir

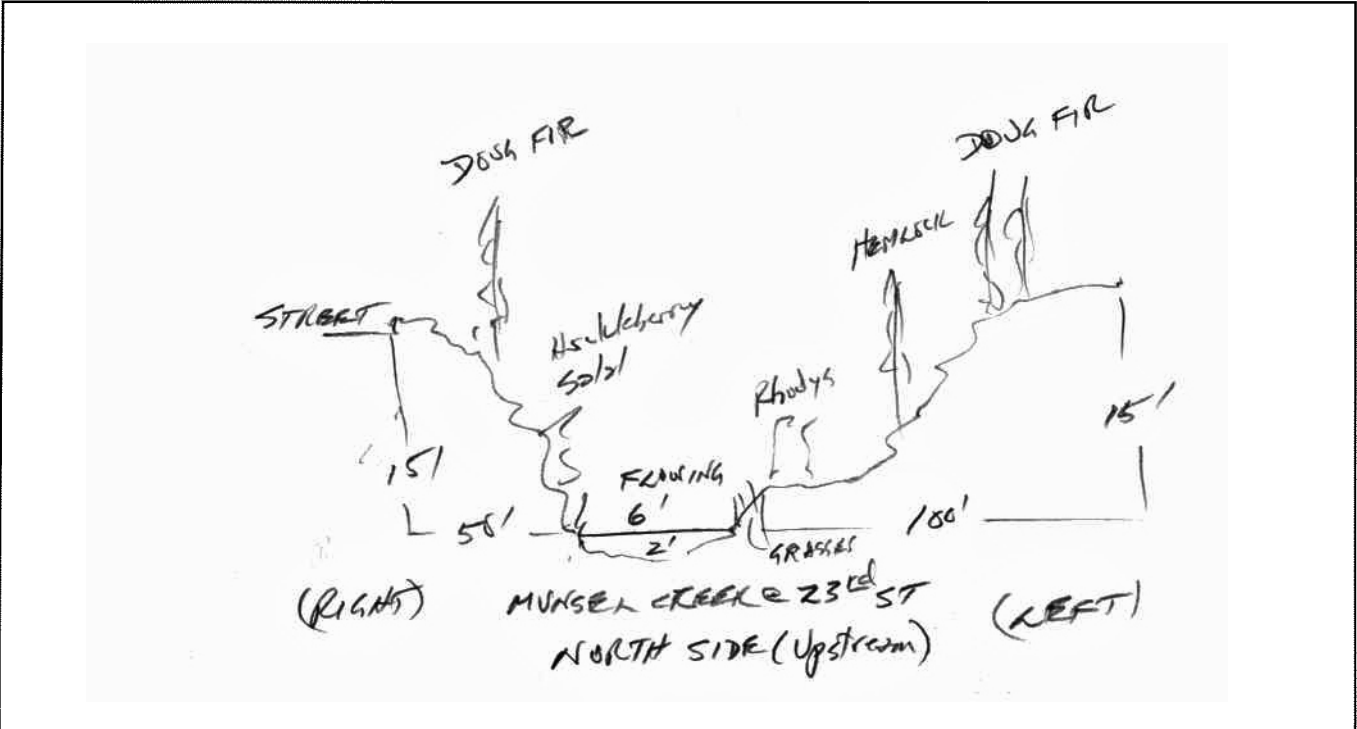
Potential tree height (PTH)/Actual Width of riparian area : 120/100L & 50R feet
(Width measured horizontally from edge of water resource)

PTH determined by:
On-site vegetation Reference site Code _____

Comments: _____

Photos RMC-5N veg & RMC-5N str

Typical Cross Section:



Riparian Characterization Form

Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory



GENERAL INFORMATION

Riparian Code: RMC - 5 North Location of data point: RMC - 5

Reach Length: _____

Hydrologic Basin: _____

On-site: Off-Site:

WATER RESOURCE INFORMATION

Water Resource: Stream/River: Lake/Pond: _____ Wetland: _____

Width: 6 feet

Width: _____ feet

Width: _____ feet

LWI Wetland Code: _____

Water present year-round: Yes No

Are salmonids present in the adjacent water resource? Yes No

Is the water resource listed for temperature on DEQ's 303(d) list: Yes No

Within FEMA-mapped 100-year floodplain: Yes No

Mapped soil series: Yaquina loamy fine sand

Adjacent Land Uses? (Check as many as needed)

Agriculture: Roads:

Commercial/Indus.: Undeveloped:

Residential: Forestry:

Woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines >1 meter)	Herbaceous vegetation (include trees, shrubs, vines <1 meter)
Douglas Fir	Grasses
Western Hemlock	
Rhododendron	
Sisal	
Huckleberry	

1 meter = 3.2 feet

Average slope in the riparian area: (Question 1)

<10:1 (10%) Between 10:1 (10%) and 5:1 (20%) >5:1 (20%)

Extent of impervious surface within the riparian area. (Question 4)

<10% 10% - 25% >25%

Is the reach constricted by man-made features? (Question 8)

Yes No

Does the orientation of the riparian area allow for shading of the water resource at midday in summer? (Question 9)

Yes No

Dominant vegetation layer within riparian area? (Question 10)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Does woody vegetation hang over the edge of the water? (Questions 11 & 14)

Yes No

Large woody debris in riparian area? (Question 15)

Yes No

Percent of water resource bordered by vegetated riparian area at least 30 feet wide? (Question 16)

>40% 10% - 40% <10%

Degree of development or human caused disturbance. (Question 19)

<25% 25% - 75% >75%

How does the NRCS soil survey rank water erosion hazard of the dominant mapped unit in the Riparian Area? (Question 5)

low, slight moderate high, very high, severe

What is the dominant vegetation at the top of bank (if defined) or edge of water resource? (Question 3)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Are there flood prone areas (adjacent flat areas, depressions, swales, FEMA mapped 100-year floodplain, etc.) beyond the top of bank or edge of the water resource? (Question 6)

Yes No

Is woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines) greater than 1 meter (3.2 feet) high dominant in the flood prone riparian area?

Yes No or no flood prone area present

How many vegetation layers (i.e. canopy, mid-story, groundcover) are present?

More than 2 2 layers 1 layer or unvegetated

Riparian Width Determination



Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory

RIPARIAN CODE
RMC - 6

Date: 8/25/2010 Investigators: C. Lysdale

Dominant tree species: Douglas Fir/Sitka Spruce

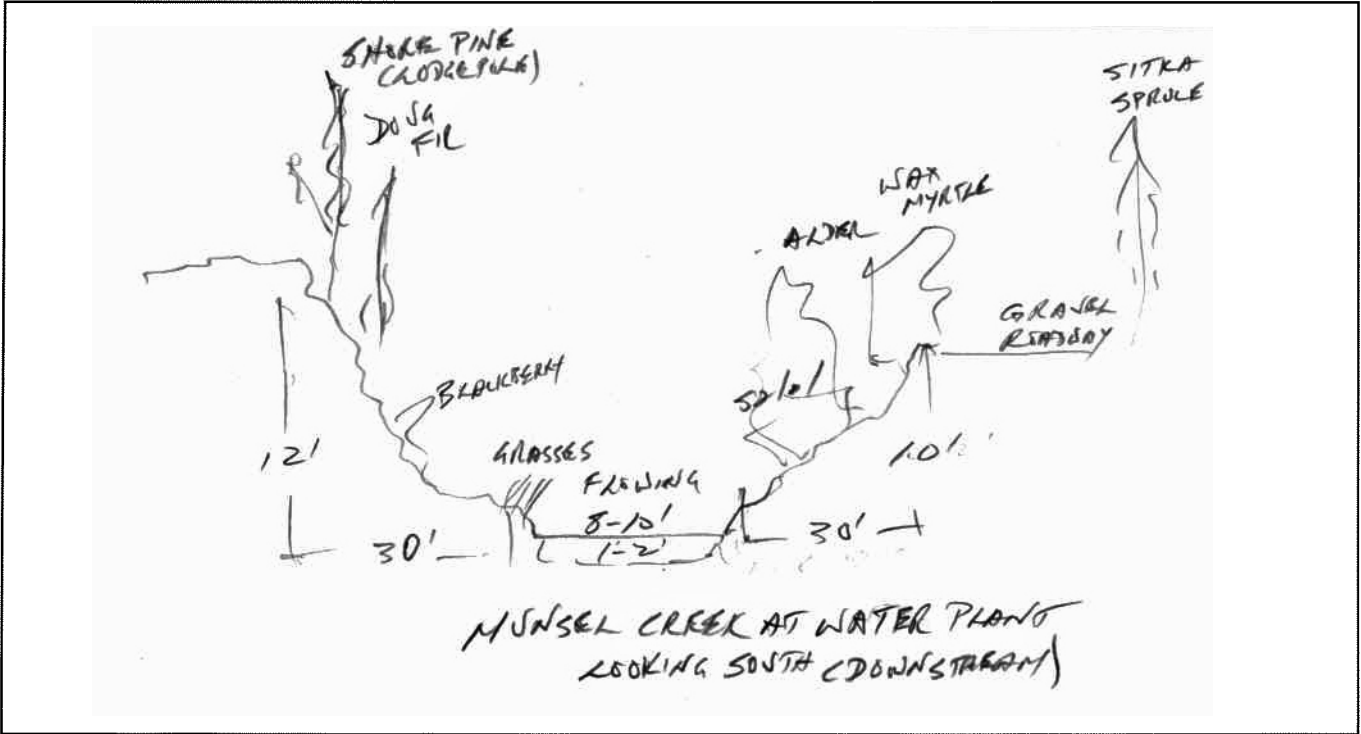
Potential tree height (PTH)/Actual Width of riparian area : 120/30L & 30R feet
(Width measured horizontally from edge of water resource)

PTH determined by:
On-site vegetation Reference site Code _____

Comments: Creek emerges from long culvert at this location (no upstream view).

Photos RMC-6veg & RMC-6str

Typical Cross Section:



Riparian Characterization Form

Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory



GENERAL INFORMATION

Riparian Code: RMC - 6 Location of data point: RMC - 6

Reach Length: _____

Hydrologic Basin: _____

On-site: Off-Site:

WATER RESOURCE INFORMATION

Water Resource: Stream/River: Lake/Pond: Wetland:

Width: 8 feet

Width: _____ feet

Width: _____ feet

LWI Wetland Code: _____

Water present year-round: Yes No

Are salmonids present in the adjacent water resource? Yes No

Is the water resource listed for temperature on DEQ's 303(d) list: Yes No

Within FEMA-mapped 100-year floodplain: Yes No

Mapped soil series: Yaquina loamy fine sand

Adjacent Land Uses? (Check as many as needed)

Agriculture: Roads:

Commercial/Indus.: Undeveloped:

Residential: Forestry:

Woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines >1 meter)	Herbaceous vegetation (include trees, shrubs, vines <1 meter)
Douglas Fir	Grasses
Sitka Spruce	
Red Alder	
Shore Pine	
California Wax Myrtle	
Salal, Huckleberry	
Blackberry	

1 meter = 3.2 feet

Average slope in the riparian area: (Question 1)

<10:1 (10%) Between 10:1 (10%) and 5:1 (20%) >5:1 (20%) Left&Right

Extent of impervious surface within the riparian area. (Question 4)

<10% 10% - 25% >25%

Is the reach constricted by man-made features? (Question 8)

Yes No

Does the orientation of the riparian area allow for shading of the water resource at midday in summer? (Question 9)

Yes No

Dominant vegetation layer within riparian area? (Question 10)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Does woody vegetation hang over the edge of the water? (Questions 11 & 14)

Yes No

Large woody debris in riparian area? (Question 15)

Yes No

Percent of water resource bordered by vegetated riparian area at least 30 feet wide? (Question 16)

>40% 10% - 40% <10%

Degree of development or human caused disturbance. (Question 19)

<25% 25% - 75% >75%

How does the NRCS soil survey rank water erosion hazard of the dominant mapped unit in the Riparian Area? (Question 5)

low, slight moderate high, very high, severe

What is the dominant vegetation at the top of bank (if defined) or edge of water resource? (Question 3)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Are there flood prone areas (adjacent flat areas, depressions, swales, FEMA mapped 100-year floodplain, etc.) beyond the top of bank or edge of the water resource? (Question 6)

Yes No

Is woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines) greater than 1 meter (3.2 feet) high dominant in the flood prone riparian area?

Yes No or no flood prone area present

How many vegetation layers (i.e. canopy, mid-story, groundcover) are present?

More than 2 2 layers 1 layer or unvegetated

Riparian Width Determination



Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory

RIPARIAN CODE
RMC - 6.3

Date: 9/26/2010 Investigators: C. Lysdale

Dominant tree species: Western Red Cedar

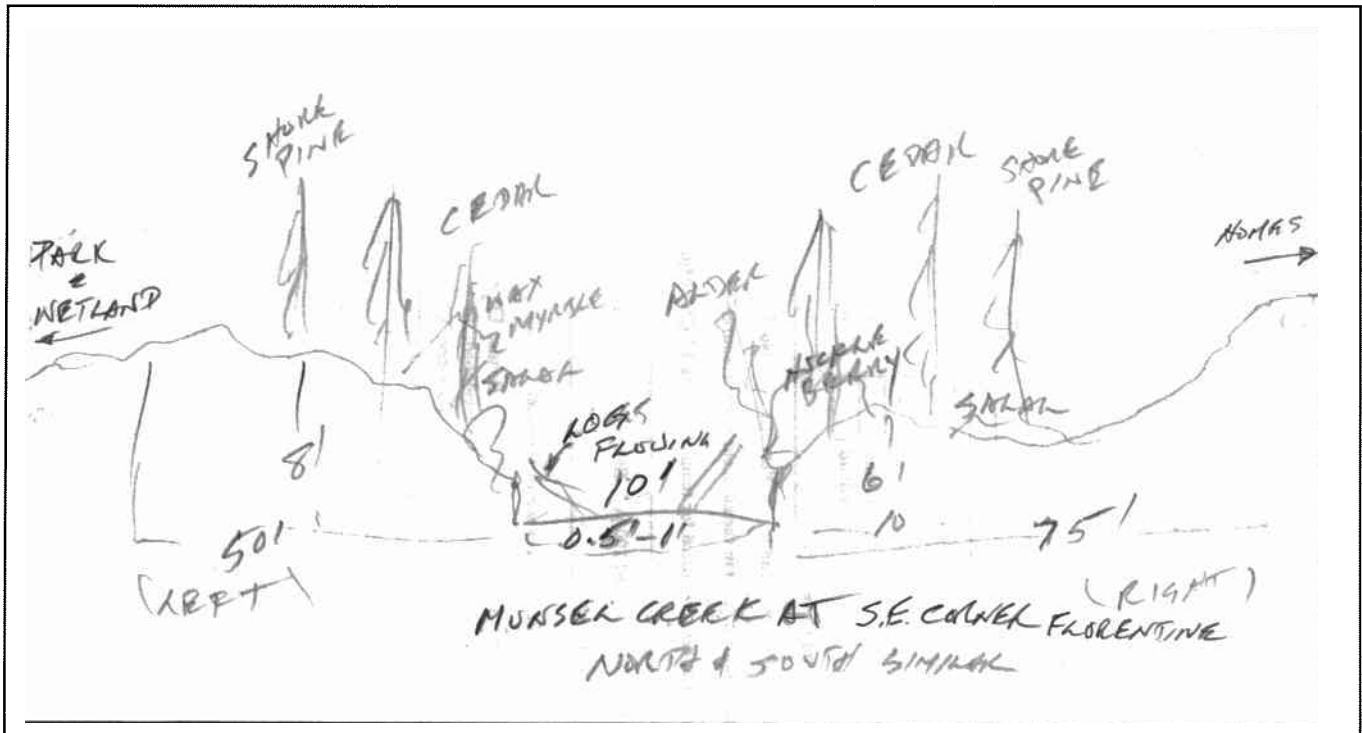
Potential tree height (PTH)/Actual Width of riparian area : 120/50L & 75R feet
(Width measured horizontally from edge of water resource)

PTH determined by:
On-site vegetation Reference site Code _____

Comments: _____

Photos RMC-6.3Sveg, RMC-6.3Sstr ; RMC-6.3Nveg, RMC-6.3Nstr

Typical Cross Section:



Riparian Characterization Form

Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory



GENERAL INFORMATION

Riparian Code: RMC-6.3 South & North Location of data point: RMC - 6.3

Reach Length: _____

Hydrologic Basin: _____

On-site: Off-Site:

WATER RESOURCE INFORMATION

Water Resource: Stream/River: Lake/Pond: Wetland:

Width: 10 feet

Width: _____ feet

Width: _____ feet

LWI Wetland Code: _____

Water present year-round: Yes No

Are salmonids present in the adjacent water resource? Yes No

Is the water resource listed for temperature on DEQ's 303(d) list: Yes No

Within FEMA-mapped 100-year floodplain: Yes No

Mapped soil series: Yaquina loamy fine sand

Adjacent Land Uses? (Check as many as needed)

Agriculture: Roads:

Commercial/Indus.: Undeveloped:

Residential: Forestry:

Woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines >1 meter)	Herbaceous vegetation (include trees, shrubs, vines <1 meter)
Western Red Cedar	Salal
Lodgepole Pine	Huckleberry
Red Alder	
California Wax Myrtle	

1 meter = 3.2 feet

Average slope in the riparian area: (Question 1)

<10:1 (10%) Between 10:1 (10%) and 5:1 (20%) >5:1 (20%)

Extent of impervious surface within the riparian area. (Question 4)

<10% 10% - 25% >25%

Is the reach constricted by man-made features? (Question 8)

Yes No

Does the orientation of the riparian area allow for shading of the water resource at midday in summer? (Question 9)

Yes No (Shaded by canopy)

Dominant vegetation layer within riparian area? (Question 10)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Does woody vegetation hang over the edge of the water? (Questions 11 & 14)

Yes No

Large woody debris in riparian area? (Question 15)

Yes No

Percent of water resource bordered by vegetated riparian area at least 30 feet wide? (Question 16)

>40% 10% - 40% <10%

Degree of development or human caused disturbance. (Question 19)

<25% 25% - 75% >75%

How does the NRCS soil survey rank water erosion hazard of the dominant mapped unit in the Riparian Area? (Question 5)

low, slight moderate high, very high, severe

What is the dominant vegetation at the top of bank (if defined) or edge of water resource? (Question 3)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Are there flood prone areas (adjacent flat areas, depressions, swales, FEMA mapped 100-year floodplain, etc.) beyond the top of bank or edge of the water resource? (Question 6)

Yes No

Is woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines) greater than 1 meter (3.2 feet) high dominant in the flood prone riparian area?

Yes No or no flood prone area present

How many vegetation layers (i.e. canopy, mid-story, groundcover) are present?

More than 2 2 layers 1 layer or unvegetated

Riparian Width Determination



Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory

RIPARIAN CODE
RMC - 6.5

Date: 10/28/2010 Investigators: C. Lysdale

Dominant tree species: Red Alder

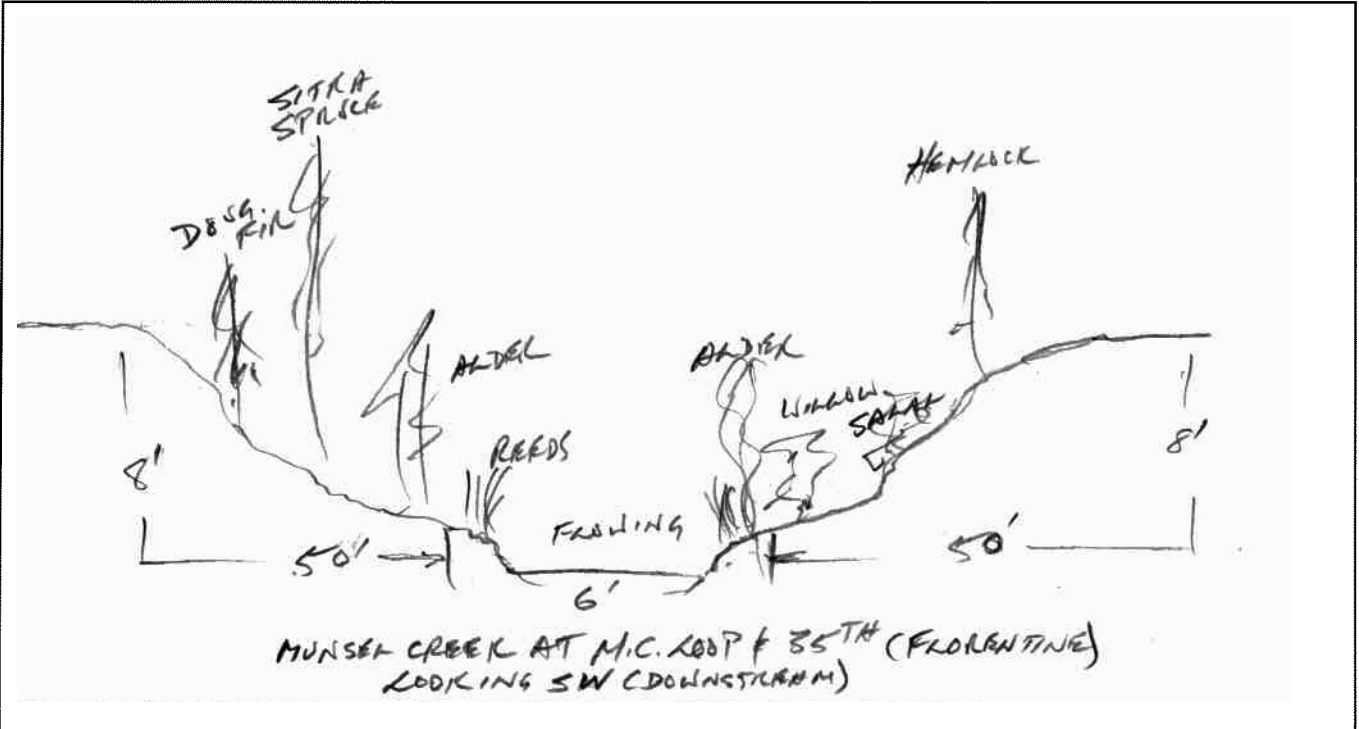
Potential tree height (PTH)/Actual Width of riparian area : 65/50L & 50R feet
(Width measured horizontally from edge of water resource)

PTH determined by:
On-site vegetation Reference site Code _____

Comments: _____

Photos RMC-6.5Sveg, RMC-6.5Sstr

Typical Cross Section:



Riparian Characterization Form

Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory



GENERAL INFORMATION

Riparian Code: RMC-6.5 Location of data point: RMC - 6.5

Reach Length: _____

Hydrologic Basin: _____

On-site: Off-Site:

WATER RESOURCE INFORMATION

Water Resource: Stream/River: Lake/Pond: _____ Wetland: _____

Width: 6 feet

Width: _____ feet

Width: _____ feet

LWI Wetland Code: _____

Water present year-round: Yes No

Are salmonids present in the adjacent water resource? Yes No

Is the water resource listed for temperature on DEQ's 303(d) list: Yes No

Within FEMA-mapped 100-year floodplain: Yes No

Mapped soil series: Yaquina loamy fine sand

Adjacent Land Uses? (Check as many as needed)

Agriculture: Roads:

Commercial/Indus.: Undeveloped:

Residential: Forestry:

Woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines >1 meter)	Herbaceous vegetation (include trees, shrubs, vines <1 meter)
Douglas Fir	Salal
Sitka Spruce	
Red Alder	
Willow	

1 meter = 3.2 feet

Average slope in the riparian area: (Question 1)

<10:1 (10%) Between 10:1 (10%) and 5:1 (20%) >5:1 (20%)

Extent of impervious surface within the riparian area. (Question 4)

<10% 10% - 25% >25%

Is the reach constricted by man-made features? (Question 8)

Yes No

Does the orientation of the riparian area allow for shading of the water resource at midday in summer? (Question 9)

Yes No

Dominant vegetation layer within riparian area? (Question 10)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Does woody vegetation hang over the edge of the water? (Questions 11 & 14)

Yes No

Large woody debris in riparian area? (Question 15)

Yes No

Percent of water resource bordered by vegetated riparian area at least 30 feet wide? (Question 16)

>40% 10% - 40% <10%

Degree of development or human caused disturbance. (Question 19)

<25% 25% - 75% >75%

How does the NRCS soil survey rank water erosion hazard of the dominant mapped unit in the Riparian Area? (Question 5)

low, slight moderate high, very high, severe

What is the dominant vegetation at the top of bank (if defined) or edge of water resource? (Question 3)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Are there flood prone areas (adjacent flat areas, depressions, swales, FEMA mapped 100-year floodplain, etc.) beyond the top of bank or edge of the water resource? (Question 6)

Yes No

Is woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines) greater than 1 meter (3.2 feet) high dominant in the flood prone riparian area?

Yes No or no flood prone area present

How many vegetation layers (i.e. canopy, mid-story, groundcover) are present?

More than 2 2 layers 1 layer or unvegetated

Riparian Width Determination



Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory

RIPARIAN CODE
RMC-6.7

Date: 3/25/2012 Investigators: C. Lysdale

Dominant tree species: Douglas Fir

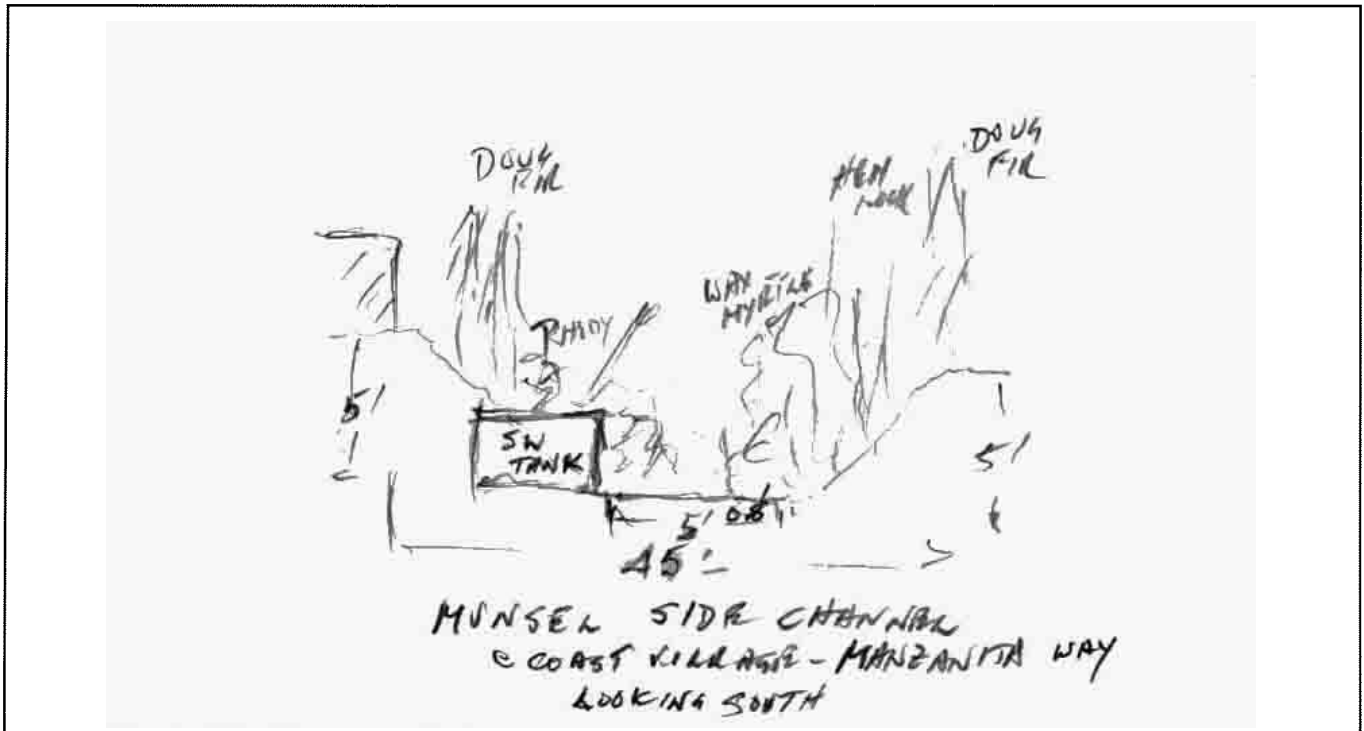
Potential tree height (PTH)/Actual Width of riparian area : 120/20 feet
(Width measured horizontally from edge of water resource)

PTH determined by:
On-site vegetation Reference site Code _____

Comments: Heavy vegetation and tall trees. Structures at topographical break.
Culverts at all C.V. street crossings are low and passable by fish.

Photos RMC-6.7Nveg, RMC6.7Sveg, RMC-6.7Sstr

Typical Cross Section:



Riparian Characterization Form



Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory

GENERAL INFORMATION

Riparian Code: RMC-C side Location of data point: RMC-6.7

Reach Length: _____

Hydrologic Basin: _____ On-site: Off-Site:

WATER RESOURCE INFORMATION

Water Resource: Stream/River: Width: 5 feet
 Lake/Pond: Width: _____ feet
 Wetland: Width: _____ feet

LWI Wetland Code: _____

Water present year-round: Yes No

Are salmonids present in the adjacent water resource? Yes No

Is the water resource listed for temperature on DEQ's 303(d) list: Yes No

Within FEMA-mapped 100-year floodplain: Yes No

Mapped soil series: Yaquina loamy fine sand

Adjacent Land Uses? (Check as many as needed)

Agriculture: Roads:
 Commercial/Indus.: Undeveloped:
 Residential: Forestry:

Woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines >1 meter)	Herbaceous vegetation (include trees, shrubs, vines <1 meter)
Douglas Fir	Salal
Western Hemlock	Huckleberry
California Waxmyrtle	Rhododendron

1 meter = 3.2 feet

Average slope in the riparian area: (Question 1)
 <10:1 (10%) Between 10:1 (10%) and 5:1 (20%) >5:1 (20%)

Extent of impervious surface within the riparian area. (Question 4)
 <10% 10% - 25% >25%

Is the reach constricted by man-made features? (Question 8)
 Yes No

Does the orientation of the riparian area allow for shading of the water resource at midday in summer? (Question 9)

Yes No N-S with heavy vegetation

Dominant vegetation layer within riparian area? (Question 10)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Does woody vegetation hang over the edge of the water? (Questions 11 & 14)

Yes No

Large woody debris in riparian area? (Question 15)

Yes No

Percent of water resource bordered by vegetated riparian area at least 30 feet wide? (Question 16)

>40% 10% - 40% <10%

Degree of development or human caused disturbance. (Question 19)

<25% 25% - 75% >75%

How does the NRCS soil survey rank water erosion hazard of the dominant mapped unit in the Riparian Area? (Question 5)

low, slight moderate high, very high, severe

What is the dominant vegetation at the top of bank (if defined) or edge of water resource? (Question 3)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Are there flood prone areas (adjacent flat areas, depressions, swales, FEMA mapped 100-year floodplain, etc.) beyond the top of bank or edge of the water resource? (Question 6)

Yes No

Is woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines) greater than 1 meter (3.2 feet) high dominant in the flood prone riparian area?

Yes No or no flood prone area present

How many vegetation layers (i.e. canopy, mid-story, groundcover) are present?

More than 2 2 layers 1 layer or unvegetated

Riparian Width Determination



Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory

RIPARIAN CODE
RMC-6.8S

Date: 3/25/2012 Investigators: C. Lysdale

Dominant tree species: Sitka Spruce

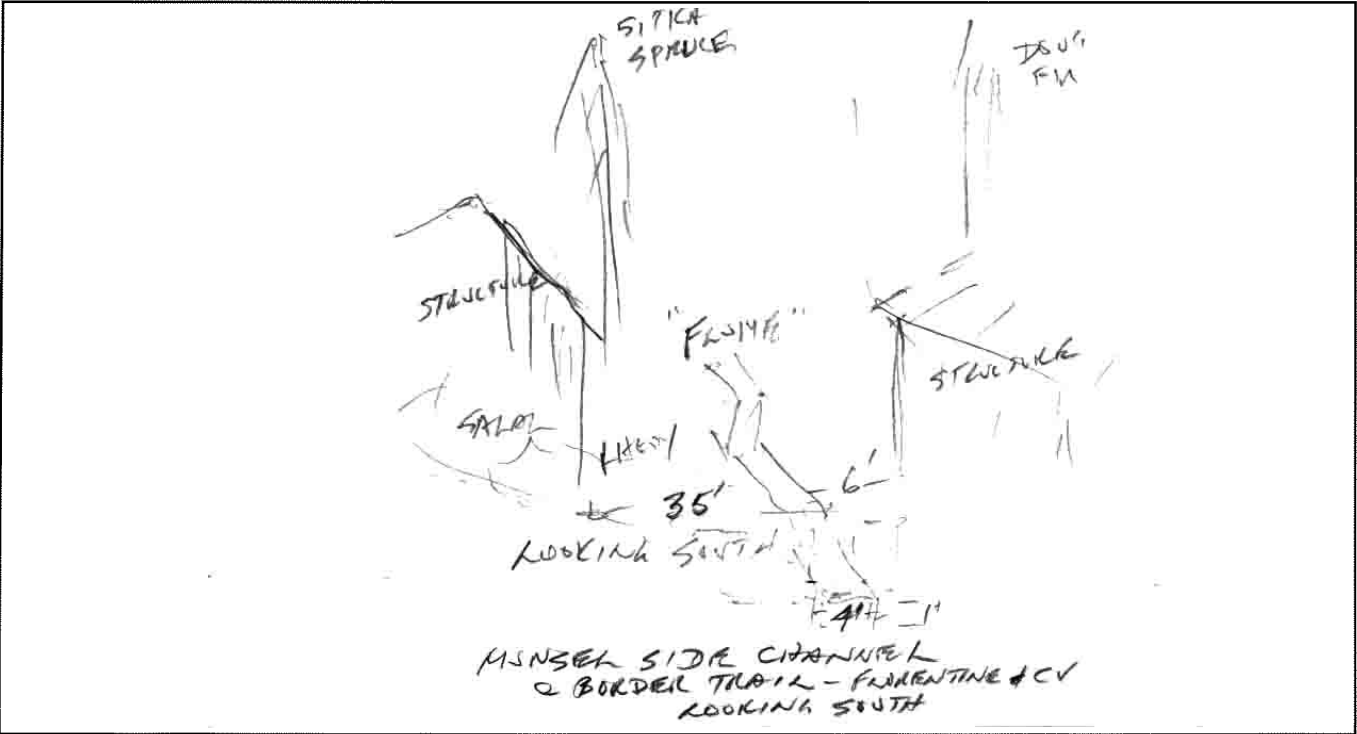
Potential tree height (PTH)/Actual Width of riparian area : 120/50N,15S feet
(Width measured horizontally from edge of water resource)

PTH determined by:
On-site vegetation Reference site Code _____

Comments: Location is south side of Florentine-CV border trail.
Stream passes through a wooden "flume" with nearby structures.
Limited riparian vegetation as stream passes through a residential yard.

Photos RMC-6.8Sveg(CV), RMC-6.8OtrNveg, RMC-6.8OtrNflum

Typical Cross Section:



Riparian Characterization Form



Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory

GENERAL INFORMATION

Riparian Code: RMC-C side Location of data point: RMC-6.8S

Reach Length: _____

Hydrologic Basin: _____ On-site: Off-Site:

WATER RESOURCE INFORMATION

Water Resource: Stream/River: Width: 4 feet
 Lake/Pond: Width: _____ feet
 Wetland: Width: _____ feet

LWI Wetland Code: _____

Water present year-round: Yes No

Are salmonids present in the adjacent water resource? Yes No

Is the water resource listed for temperature on DEQ's 303(d) list: Yes No

Within FEMA-mapped 100-year floodplain: Yes No

Mapped soil series: Yaquina loamy fine sand

Adjacent Land Uses? (Check as many as needed)

Agriculture: Roads:
 Commercial/Indus.: Undeveloped:
 Residential: Forestry:

Woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines >1 meter)	Herbaceous vegetation (include trees, shrubs, vines <1 meter)
Douglas Fir	Salal
Sitka Spruce	Rhododendron

1 meter = 3.2 feet

Average slope in the riparian area: (Question 1)

<10:1 (10%) Between 10:1 (10%) and 5:1 (20%) >5:1 (20%)

Extent of impervious surface within the riparian area. (Question 4)

<10% 10% - 25% >25%

Is the reach constricted by man-made features? (Question 8)

Yes No

Does the orientation of the riparian area allow for shading of the water resource at midday in summer? (Question 9)

Yes No

Dominant vegetation layer within riparian area? (Question 10)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Does woody vegetation hang over the edge of the water? (Questions 11 & 14)

Yes No

Large woody debris in riparian area? (Question 15)

Yes No

Percent of water resource bordered by vegetated riparian area at least 30 feet wide? (Question 16)

>40% 10% - 40% <10%

Degree of development or human caused disturbance. (Question 19)

<25% 25% - 75% >75%

How does the NRCS soil survey rank water erosion hazard of the dominant mapped unit in the Riparian Area? (Question 5)

low, slight moderate high, very high, severe

What is the dominant vegetation at the top of bank (if defined) or edge of water resource? (Question 3)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Are there flood prone areas (adjacent flat areas, depressions, swales, FEMA mapped 100-year floodplain, etc.) beyond the top of bank or edge of the water resource? (Question 6)

Yes No

Is woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines) greater than 1 meter (3.2 feet) high dominant in the flood prone riparian area?

Yes No or no flood prone area present

How many vegetation layers (i.e. canopy, mid-story, groundcover) are present?

More than 2 2 layers 1 layer or unvegetated

Riparian Width Determination



Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory

RIPARIAN CODE
RMC-6.8N

Date: 3/25/2012 Investigators: C. Lysdale

Dominant tree species: Douglas Fir

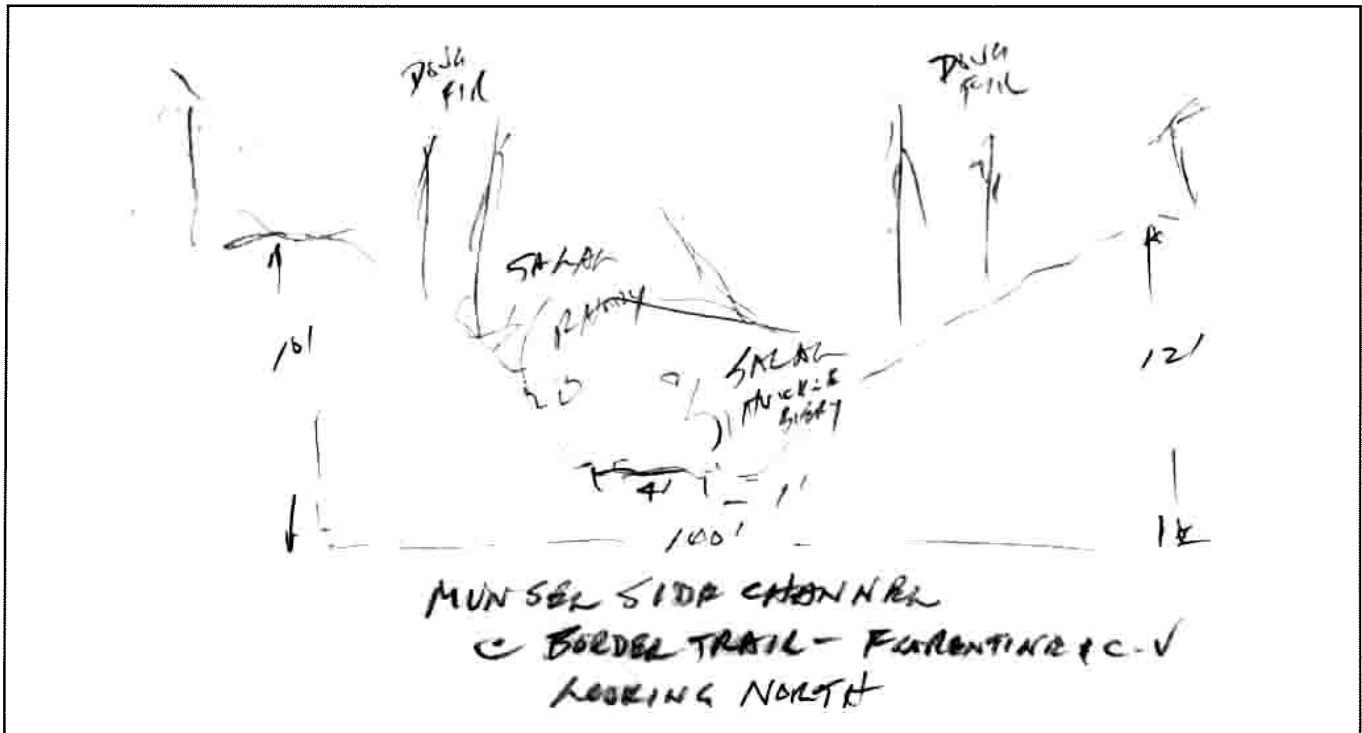
Potential tree height (PTH)/Actual Width of riparian area : 120/50N,15S feet
(Width measured horizontally from edge of water resource)

PTH determined by:
On-site vegetation Reference site Code _____

Comments: Location is north side of Florentine-CV border trail.
Heavy vegetation, tall trees, and downed logs/woody debris.
Stream is well shaded by woody and herbaceous vegetation at top of bank.

Photos RMC-6.8Nveg(Flo) & RMC-6.8Nstr(Flo)

Typical Cross Section:



Riparian Characterization Form



Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory

GENERAL INFORMATION

Riparian Code: RMC-C side Location of data point: RMC-6.8N

Reach Length: _____

Hydrologic Basin: _____ On-site: Off-Site:

WATER RESOURCE INFORMATION

Water Resource: Stream/River: Width: 4 feet
 Lake/Pond: Width: _____ feet
 Wetland: Width: _____ feet

LWI Wetland Code: _____

Water present year-round: Yes No

Are salmonids present in the adjacent water resource? Yes No

Is the water resource listed for temperature on DEQ's 303(d) list: Yes No

Within FEMA-mapped 100-year floodplain: Yes No

Mapped soil series: Yaquina loamy fine sand

Adjacent Land Uses? (Check as many as needed)

Agriculture: Roads:
 Commercial/Indus.: Undeveloped:
 Residential: Forestry:

Woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines >1 meter)	Herbaceous vegetation (include trees, shrubs, vines <1 meter)
Douglas Fir	Salal
Sitka Spruce	Rhododendron
Red Alder	English Ivy
California Waxmyrtle	Huckleberry

1 meter = 3.2 feet

Average slope in the riparian area: (Question 1)
 <10:1 (10%) Between 10:1 (10%) and 5:1 (20%) >5:1 (20%)

Extent of impervious surface within the riparian area. (Question 4)
 <10% 10% - 25% >25%

Is the reach constricted by man-made features? (Question 8)
 Yes No

Does the orientation of the riparian area allow for shading of the water resource at midday in summer? (Question 9)
 Yes No

Dominant vegetation layer within riparian area? (Question 10)
 Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Does woody vegetation hang over the edge of the water? (Questions 11 & 14)
 Yes No

Large woody debris in riparian area? (Question 15)
 Yes No

Percent of water resource bordered by vegetated riparian area at least 30 feet wide? (Question 16)
 >40% 10% - 40% <10%

Degree of development or human caused disturbance. (Question 19)
 <25% 25% - 75% >75%

How does the NRCS soil survey rank water erosion hazard of the dominant mapped unit in the Riparian Area? (Question 5)
 low, slight moderate high, very high, severe

What is the dominant vegetation at the top of bank (if defined) or edge of water resource? (Question 3)
 Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Are there flood prone areas (adjacent flat areas, depressions, swales, FEMA mapped 100-year floodplain, etc.) beyond the top of bank or edge of the water resource? (Question 6)
 Yes No

Is woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines) greater than 1 meter (3.2 feet) high dominant in the flood prone riparian area?
 Yes No or no flood prone area present

How many vegetation layers (i.e. canopy, mid-story, groundcover) are present?
 More than 2 2 layers 1 layer or unvegetated

Riparian Width Determination



Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory

RIPARIAN CODE
RMC-6.9

Date: 3/25/2012 Investigators: C. Lysdale

Dominant tree species: Shore Pine

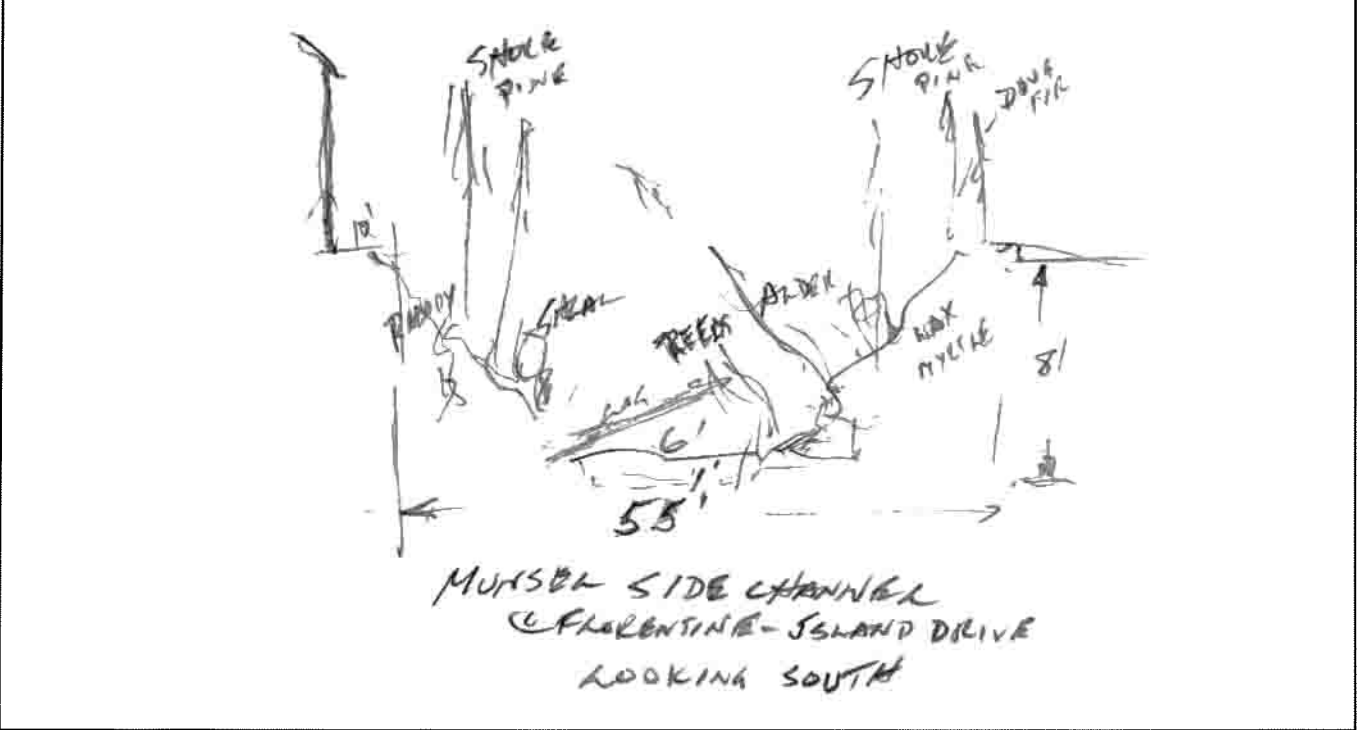
Potential tree height (PTH)/Actual Width of riparian area : 50/25 feet
(Width measured horizontally from edge of water resource)

PTH determined by:
On-site vegetation Reference site Code _____

Comments: Open vegetation/brushy reeds at top of bank.
Tall trees and downed logs + woody debris in riparian area.
Reeds and grasses at top of bank on north side of bridge.

Photos RMC-6.9veg & RMC-6.9str

Typical Cross Section:



Riparian Characterization Form



Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory

GENERAL INFORMATION

Riparian Code: RMC-C side Location of data point: RMC-6.9

Reach Length: _____

Hydrologic Basin: _____ On-site: Off-Site:

WATER RESOURCE INFORMATION

Water Resource: Stream/River: Width: 6 feet
 Lake/Pond: Width: _____ feet
 Wetland: Width: _____ feet

LWI Wetland Code: _____

Water present year-round: Yes No

Are salmonids present in the adjacent water resource? Yes No

Is the water resource listed for temperature on DEQ's 303(d) list: Yes No

Within FEMA-mapped 100-year floodplain: Yes No

Mapped soil series: Yaquina loamy fine sand

Adjacent Land Uses? (Check as many as needed)

Agriculture: Roads:
 Commercial/Indus.: Undeveloped:
 Residential: Forestry:

Woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines >1 meter)	Herbaceous vegetation (include trees, shrubs, vines <1 meter)
Shore Pine	Salal
Douglas Fir	Rhododendron
Red Alder	Huckleberry
California Waxmyrtle	Reeds
	Grasses (north)

1 meter = 3.2 feet

Average slope in the riparian area: (Question 1)
 <10:1 (10%) Between 10:1 (10%) and 5:1 (20%) >5:1 (20%)

Extent of impervious surface within the riparian area. (Question 4)
 <10% 10% - 25% >25%

Is the reach constricted by man-made features? (Question 8)
 Yes No

Does the orientation of the riparian area allow for shading of the water resource at midday in summer? (Question 9)
 Yes No

Dominant vegetation layer within riparian area? (Question 10)
 Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Does woody vegetation hang over the edge of the water? (Questions 11 & 14)
 Yes No

Large woody debris in riparian area? (Question 15)
 Yes No

Percent of water resource bordered by vegetated riparian area at least 30 feet wide? (Question 16)
 >40% 10% - 40% <10%

Degree of development or human caused disturbance. (Question 19)
 <25% 25% - 75% >75%

How does the NRCS soil survey rank water erosion hazard of the dominant mapped unit in the Riparian Area? (Question 5)
 low, slight moderate high, very high, severe

What is the dominant vegetation at the top of bank (if defined) or edge of water resource? (Question 3)
 Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Are there flood prone areas (adjacent flat areas, depressions, swales, FEMA mapped 100-year floodplain, etc.) beyond the top of bank or edge of the water resource? (Question 6)
 Yes No

Is woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines) greater than 1 meter (3.2 feet) high dominant in the flood prone riparian area?
 Yes No or no flood prone area present

How many vegetation layers (i.e. canopy, mid-story, groundcover) are present?
 More than 2 2 layers 1 layer or unvegetated

Riparian Width Determination



Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory

RIPARIAN CODE
RMC - 6.5

Date: 10/28/2010 Investigators: C. Lysdale

Dominant tree species: Red Alder

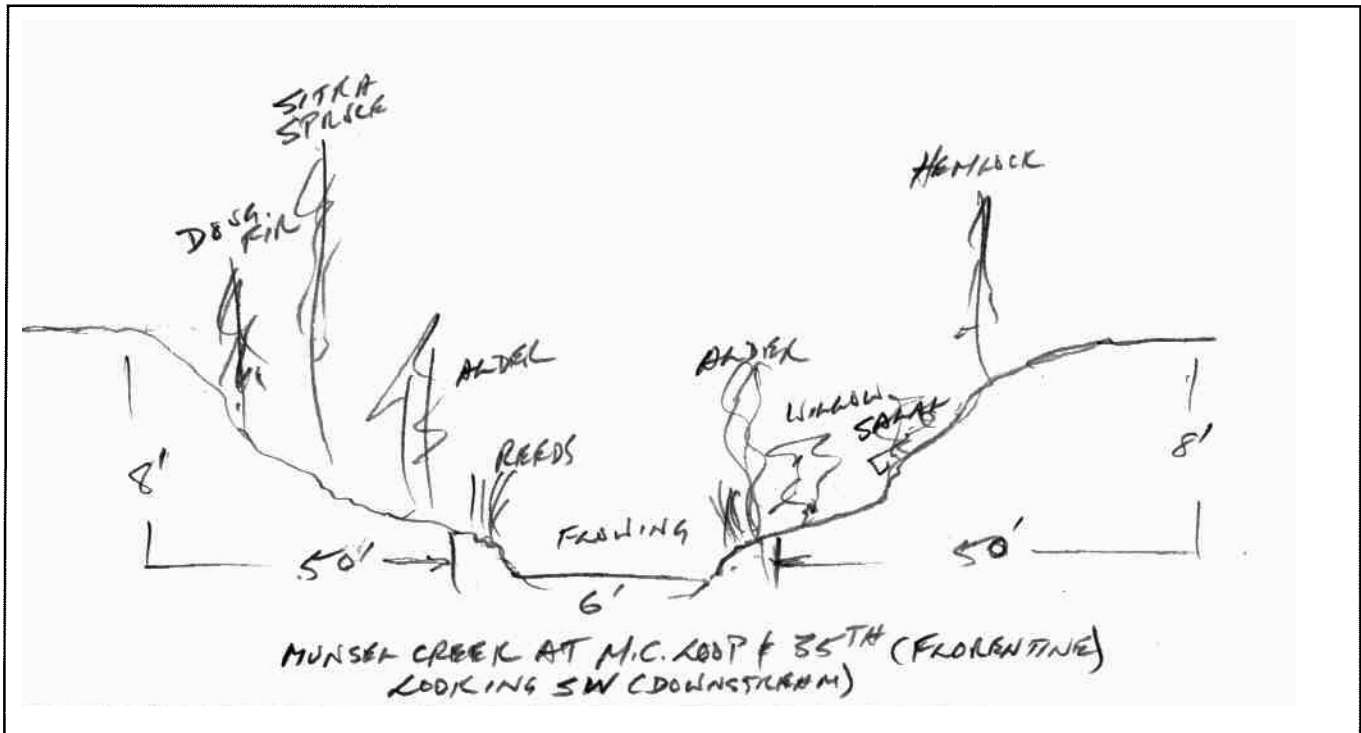
Potential tree height (PTH)/Actual Width of riparian area : 65/50L & 50R feet
(Width measured horizontally from edge of water resource)

PTH determined by:
On-site vegetation Reference site Code _____

Comments: _____

Photos RMC-6.5Sveg, RMC-6.5Sstr

Typical Cross Section:



Riparian Characterization Form

Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory



GENERAL INFORMATION

Riparian Code: RMC-6.5 Location of data point: RMC - 6.5

Reach Length: _____

Hydrologic Basin: _____

On-site: Off-Site:

WATER RESOURCE INFORMATION

Water Resource: Stream/River: Lake/Pond: _____ Wetland: _____

Width: 6 feet

Width: _____ feet

Width: _____ feet

LWI Wetland Code: _____

Water present year-round: Yes No

Are salmonids present in the adjacent water resource? Yes No

Is the water resource listed for temperature on DEQ's 303(d) list: Yes No

Within FEMA-mapped 100-year floodplain: Yes No

Mapped soil series: Yaquina loamy fine sand

Adjacent Land Uses? (Check as many as needed)

Agriculture: Roads:

Commercial/Indus.: Undeveloped:

Residential: Forestry:

Woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines >1 meter)	Herbaceous vegetation (include trees, shrubs, vines <1 meter)
Douglas Fir	Salal
Sitka Spruce	
Red Alder	
Willow	

1 meter = 3.2 feet

Average slope in the riparian area: (Question 1)

<10:1 (10%) Between 10:1 (10%) and 5:1 (20%) >5:1 (20%)

Extent of impervious surface within the riparian area. (Question 4)

<10% 10% - 25% >25%

Is the reach constricted by man-made features? (Question 8)

Yes No

Does the orientation of the riparian area allow for shading of the water resource at midday in summer? (Question 9)

Yes No

Dominant vegetation layer within riparian area? (Question 10)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Does woody vegetation hang over the edge of the water? (Questions 11 & 14)

Yes No

Large woody debris in riparian area? (Question 15)

Yes No

Percent of water resource bordered by vegetated riparian area at least 30 feet wide? (Question 16)

>40% 10% - 40% <10%

Degree of development or human caused disturbance. (Question 19)

<25% 25% - 75% >75%

How does the NRCS soil survey rank water erosion hazard of the dominant mapped unit in the Riparian Area? (Question 5)

low, slight moderate high, very high, severe

What is the dominant vegetation at the top of bank (if defined) or edge of water resource? (Question 3)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Are there flood prone areas (adjacent flat areas, depressions, swales, FEMA mapped 100-year floodplain, etc.) beyond the top of bank or edge of the water resource? (Question 6)

Yes No

Is woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines) greater than 1 meter (3.2 feet) high dominant in the flood prone riparian area?

Yes No or no flood prone area present

How many vegetation layers (i.e. canopy, mid-story, groundcover) are present?

More than 2 2 layers 1 layer or unvegetated

Riparian Width Determination



Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory

RIPARIAN CODE
RMC - 6.6

Date: 9/26/2010 Investigators: C. Lysdale

Dominant tree species: Douglas Fir

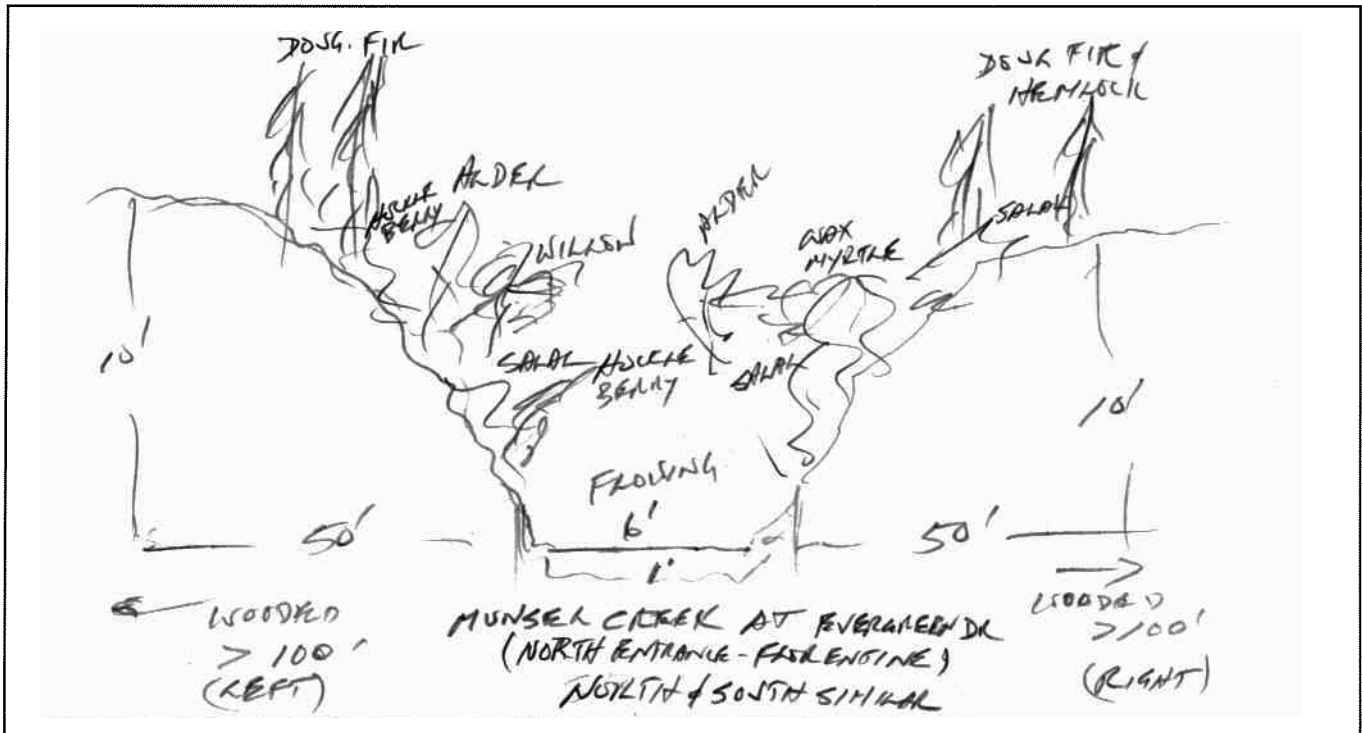
Potential tree height (PTH)/Actual Width of riparian area : 120/50L & 50R feet
(Width measured horizontally from edge of water resource)

PTH determined by:
 On-site vegetation Reference site Code _____

Comments: _____

Photos RMC-6.6Sveg, RMC-6.6Sstr ; RMC-6.6Nveg, RMC-6.6Nstr

Typical Cross Section:



Riparian Characterization Form

Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory



GENERAL INFORMATION

Riparian Code: RMC-6.6 South & North Location of data point: RMC - 6.6

Reach Length: _____

Hydrologic Basin: _____

On-site: Off-Site:

WATER RESOURCE INFORMATION

Water Resource: Stream/River: Lake/Pond: _____ Wetland: _____

Width: 6 feet

Width: _____ feet

Width: _____ feet

LWI Wetland Code: _____

Water present year-round: Yes No

Are salmonids present in the adjacent water resource? Yes No

Is the water resource listed for temperature on DEQ's 303(d) list: Yes No

Within FEMA-mapped 100-year floodplain: Yes No

Mapped soil series: Yaquina loamy fine sand

Adjacent Land Uses? (Check as many as needed)

Agriculture: Roads:

Commercial/Indus.: Undeveloped:

Residential: Forestry:

Woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines >1 meter)	Herbaceous vegetation (include trees, shrubs, vines <1 meter)
Douglas Fir	Salal
Western Hemlock	Huckleberry
Red Alder	
California Wax Myrtle	
Willow	
Shore Pine	

1 meter = 3.2 feet

Average slope in the riparian area: (Question 1)

<10:1 (10%) Between 10:1 (10%) and 5:1 (20%) >5:1 (20%)

Extent of impervious surface within the riparian area. (Question 4)

<10% 10% - 25% >25%

Is the reach constricted by man-made features? (Question 8)

Yes No

Does the orientation of the riparian area allow for shading of the water resource at midday in summer? (Question 9)

Yes No

Dominant vegetation layer within riparian area? (Question 10)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Does woody vegetation hang over the edge of the water? (Questions 11 & 14)

Yes No

Large woody debris in riparian area? (Question 15)

Yes No

Percent of water resource bordered by vegetated riparian area at least 30 feet wide? (Question 16)

>40% 10% - 40% <10%

Degree of development or human caused disturbance. (Question 19)

<25% 25% - 75% >75%

How does the NRCS soil survey rank water erosion hazard of the dominant mapped unit in the Riparian Area? (Question 5)

low, slight moderate high, very high, severe

What is the dominant vegetation at the top of bank (if defined) or edge of water resource? (Question 3)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Are there flood prone areas (adjacent flat areas, depressions, swales, FEMA mapped 100-year floodplain, etc.) beyond the top of bank or edge of the water resource? (Question 6)

Yes No

Is woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines) greater than 1 meter (3.2 feet) high dominant in the flood prone riparian area?

Yes No or no flood prone area present

How many vegetation layers (i.e. canopy, mid-story, groundcover) are present?

More than 2 2 layers 1 layer or unvegetated

Riparian Width Determination



Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory

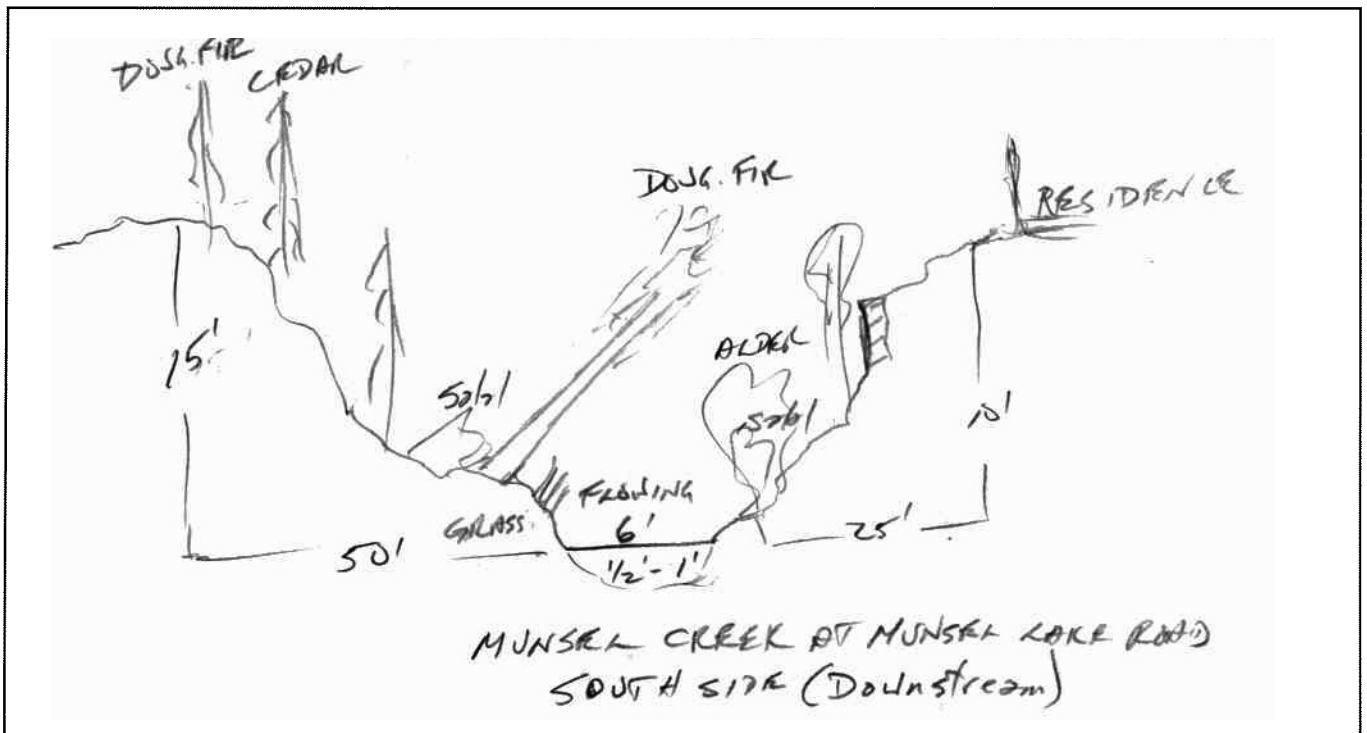
RIPARIAN CODE
RMC - 7 South

Date: 9/14/2010 Investigators: C. Lysdale
Dominant tree species: Douglas Fir
Potential tree height (PTH)/Actual Width of riparian area : 120/50L & 25R feet
(Width measured horizontally from edge of water resource)
PTH determined by:
On-site vegetation Reference site Code _____

Comments: Small retaining wall on right well above OHW.

Photos RMC-7S veg & RMC-7S str

Typical Cross Section:



Riparian Characterization Form

Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory



GENERAL INFORMATION

Riparian Code: RMC - 7 South Location of data point: RMC - 7

Reach Length: _____

Hydrologic Basin: _____

On-site: Off-Site:

WATER RESOURCE INFORMATION

Water Resource: Stream/River: Lake/Pond: _____ Wetland: _____

Width: 6 feet

Width: _____ feet

Width: _____ feet

LWI Wetland Code: _____

Water present year-round: Yes No

Are salmonids present in the adjacent water resource? Yes No

Is the water resource listed for temperature on DEQ's 303(d) list: Yes No

Within FEMA-mapped 100-year floodplain: Yes No

Mapped soil series: Yaquina loamy fine sand

Adjacent Land Uses? (Check as many as needed)

Agriculture: Roads:

Commercial/Indus.: Undeveloped:

Residential: Forestry:

Woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines >1 meter)	Herbaceous vegetation (include trees, shrubs, vines <1 meter)
Douglas Fir	Grasses
Western Red Cedar	
Red Alder	
Sisal	

1 meter = 3.2 feet

Average slope in the riparian area: (Question 1)

<10:1 (10%) Between 10:1 (10%) and 5:1 (20%) >5:1 (20%)

Extent of impervious surface within the riparian area. (Question 4)

<10% 10% - 25% >25%

Left&Right

Is the reach constricted by man-made features? (Question 8)

Yes No

Does the orientation of the riparian area allow for shading of the water resource at midday in summer? (Question 9)

Yes No

Dominant vegetation layer within riparian area? (Question 10)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Does woody vegetation hang over the edge of the water? (Questions 11 & 14)

Yes No

Large woody debris in riparian area? (Question 15)

Yes No

Percent of water resource bordered by vegetated riparian area at least 30 feet wide? (Question 16)

>40% 10% - 40% <10%

Degree of development or human caused disturbance. (Question 19)

<25% 25% - 75% >75%

How does the NRCS soil survey rank water erosion hazard of the dominant mapped unit in the Riparian Area? (Question 5)

low, slight moderate high, very high, severe

What is the dominant vegetation at the top of bank (if defined) or edge of water resource? (Question 3)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Are there flood prone areas (adjacent flat areas, depressions, swales, FEMA mapped 100-year floodplain, etc.) beyond the top of bank or edge of the water resource? (Question 6)

Yes No

Is woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines) greater than 1 meter (3.2 feet) high dominant in the flood prone riparian area?

Yes No or no flood prone area present

How many vegetation layers (i.e. canopy, mid-story, groundcover) are present?

More than 2 2 layers 1 layer or unvegetated

Riparian Width Determination



Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory

RIPARIAN CODE
RMC - 7 North

Date: 9/14/2010 Investigators: C. Lysdale

Dominant tree species: Douglas Fir/Sitka Spruce

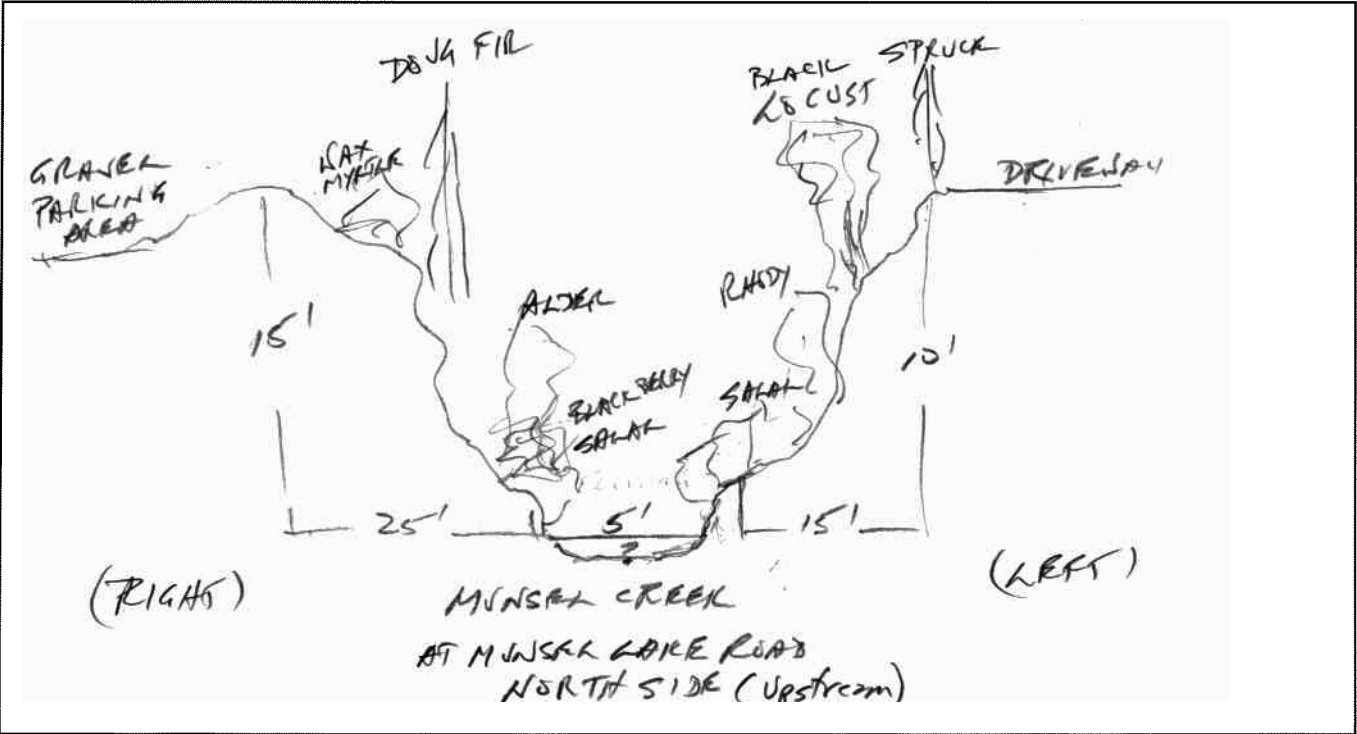
Potential tree height (PTH)/Actual Width of riparian area : 120/15L & 25R feet
(Width measured horizontally from edge of water resource)

PTH determined by:
On-site vegetation Reference site Code _____

Comments: _____

Photos RMC-7N veg & RMC-7N str

Typical Cross Section:



Riparian Characterization Form

Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory



GENERAL INFORMATION

Riparian Code: RMC - 7 North Location of data point: RMC - 7

Reach Length: _____

Hydrologic Basin: _____

On-site: Off-Site:

WATER RESOURCE INFORMATION

Water Resource: Stream/River: Lake/Pond: _____ Wetland: _____

Width: 5 feet

Width: _____ feet

Width: _____ feet

LWI Wetland Code: _____

Water present year-round: Yes No

Are salmonids present in the adjacent water resource? Yes No

Is the water resource listed for temperature on DEQ's 303(d) list: Yes No

Within FEMA-mapped 100-year floodplain: Yes No

Mapped soil series: Yaquina loamy fine sand

Adjacent Land Uses? (Check as many as needed)

Agriculture: Roads:

Commercial/Indus.: Undeveloped:

Residential: Forestry:

Woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines >1 meter)	Herbaceous vegetation (include trees, shrubs, vines <1 meter)
Douglas Fir	
Sitka Spruce	
Red Alder	
Black Locust	
California Wax Myrtle	
Rhododendron	
Salal, Blackberry	

1 meter = 3.2 feet

Average slope in the riparian area: (Question 1)

<10:1 (10%) Between 10:1 (10%) and 5:1 (20%) >5:1 (20%)

Left&Right

Extent of impervious surface within the riparian area. (Question 4)

<10% 10% - 25% >25%

Is the reach constricted by man-made features? (Question 8)

Yes No

Does the orientation of the riparian area allow for shading of the water resource at midday in summer? (Question 9)

Yes No

Dominant vegetation layer within riparian area? (Question 10)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Does woody vegetation hang over the edge of the water? (Questions 11 & 14)

Yes No

Large woody debris in riparian area? (Question 15)

Yes No

Percent of water resource bordered by vegetated riparian area at least 30 feet wide? (Question 16)

>40% 10% - 40% <10%

Degree of development or human caused disturbance. (Question 19)

<25% 25% - 75% >75%

How does the NRCS soil survey rank water erosion hazard of the dominant mapped unit in the Riparian Area? (Question 5)

low, slight moderate high, very high, severe

What is the dominant vegetation at the top of bank (if defined) or edge of water resource? (Question 3)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Are there flood prone areas (adjacent flat areas, depressions, swales, FEMA mapped 100-year floodplain, etc.) beyond the top of bank or edge of the water resource? (Question 6)

Yes No

Is woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines) greater than 1 meter (3.2 feet) high dominant in the flood prone riparian area?

Yes No or no flood prone area present

How many vegetation layers (i.e. canopy, mid-story, groundcover) are present?

More than 2 2 layers 1 layer or unvegetated

Riparian Width Determination



Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory

RIPARIAN CODE
RMC-7.5

Date: 3/28/2011 Investigators: C. Lysdale

Dominant tree species: Douglas Fir

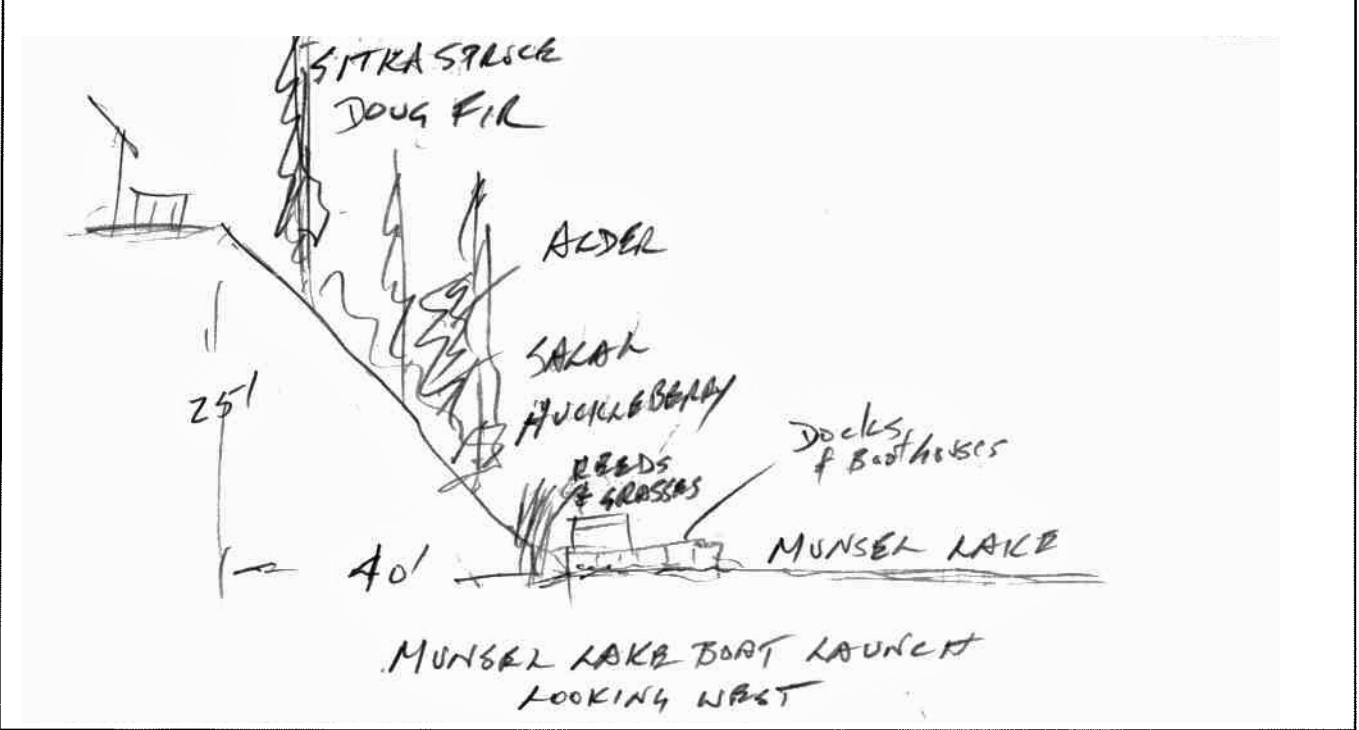
Potential tree height (PTH)/Actual Width of riparian area : 120/40 feet
(Width measured horizontally from edge of water resource)

PTH determined by:
On-site vegetation Reference site Code _____

Comments: _____

Photos _____

Typical Cross Section:



Riparian Characterization Form

Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory



GENERAL INFORMATION

Riparian Code: RMC-D1 Location of data point: RMC-7.5

Reach Length: _____

Hydrologic Basin: _____

On-site: Off-Site:

WATER RESOURCE INFORMATION

Water Resource: Stream/River: Lake/Pond: Wetland:

Width: _____ feet

Width: _____ feet

Width: _____ feet

LWI Wetland Code: _____

Water present year-round: Yes No

Are salmonids present in the adjacent water resource? Yes No

Is the water resource listed for temperature on DEQ's 303(d) list: Yes No

Within FEMA-mapped 100-year floodplain: Yes No

Mapped soil series: Yaquina loamy fine sand/Walpoort fine sand, 0-12% slopes

Adjacent Land Uses? (Check as many as needed)

Agriculture: Roads:

Commercial/Indus.: Undeveloped:

Residential: Forestry:

Woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines >1 meter)	Herbaceous vegetation (include trees, shrubs, vines <1 meter)
Douglas Fir	Salal
Sitka Spruce	Huckleberry
Red Alder	
Shore Pine	
Wasmyle	

1 meter = 3.2 feet

Average slope in the riparian area: (Question 1)

<10:1 (10%) Between 10:1 (10%) and 5:1 (20%) >5:1 (20%)

Extent of impervious surface within the riparian area. (Question 4)

<10% 10% - 25% >25%

Is the reach constricted by man-made features? (Question 8)

Yes No

Does the orientation of the riparian area allow for shading of the water resource at midday in summer? (Question 9)

Yes No

Dominant vegetation layer within riparian area? (Question 10)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Does woody vegetation hang over the edge of the water? (Questions 11 & 14)

Yes No

Large woody debris in riparian area? (Question 15)

Yes No

Percent of water resource bordered by vegetated riparian area at least 30 feet wide? (Question 16)

>40% 10% - 40% <10%

Degree of development or human caused disturbance. (Question 19)

<25% 25% - 75% >75%

How does the NRCS soil survey rank water erosion hazard of the dominant mapped unit in the Riparian Area? (Question 5)

low, slight moderate high, very high, severe

What is the dominant vegetation at the top of bank (if defined) or edge of water resource? (Question 3)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Are there flood prone areas (adjacent flat areas, depressions, swales, FEMA mapped 100-year floodplain, etc.) beyond the top of bank or edge of the water resource? (Question 6)

Yes No

Is woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines) greater than 1 meter (3.2 feet) high dominant in the flood prone riparian area?

Yes No or no flood prone area present

How many vegetation layers (i.e. canopy, mid-story, groundcover) are present?

More than 2 2 layers 1 layer or unvegetated

Riparian Width Determination



Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory

RIPARIAN CODE
RMC-7.7

Date: 3/28/2011 Investigators: C. Lysdale

Dominant tree species: Shore Pine

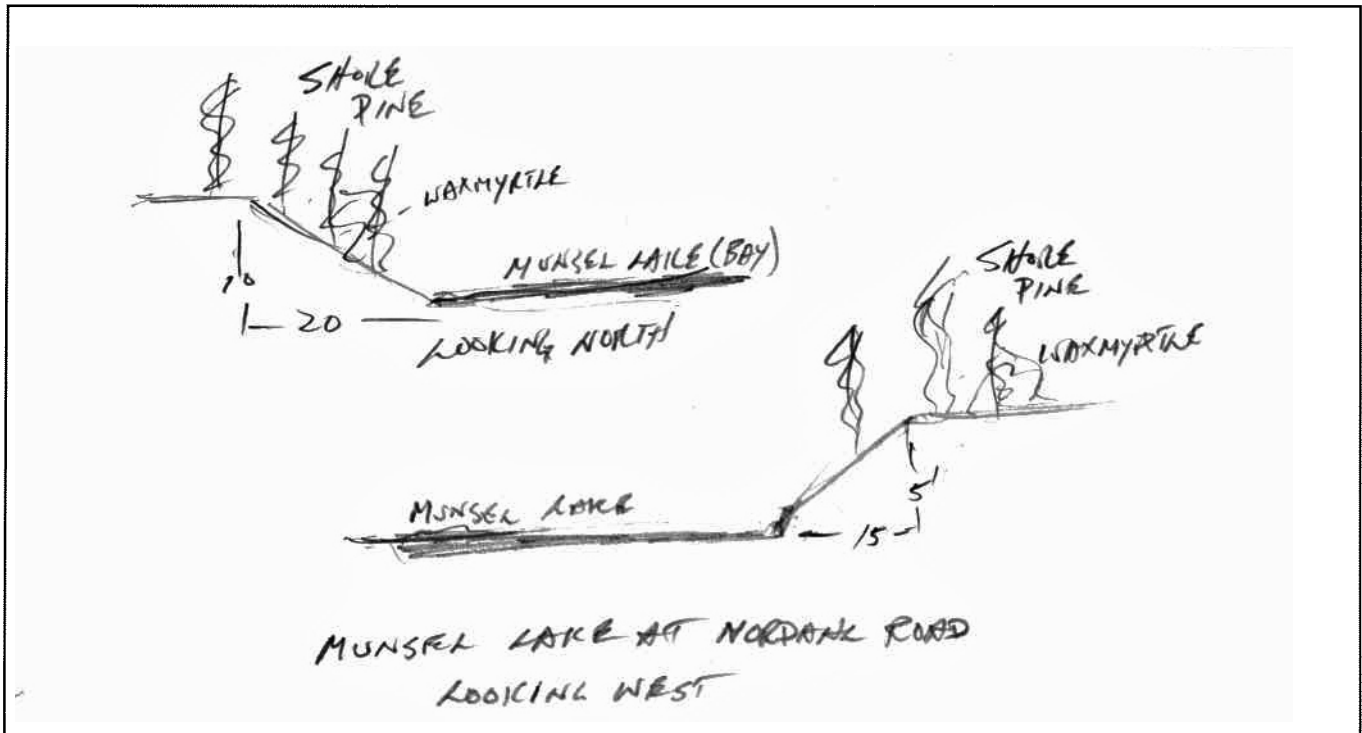
Potential tree height (PTH)/Actual Width of riparian area : 50/20 feet
(Width measured horizontally from edge of water resource)

PTH determined by:
On-site vegetation Reference site Code _____

Comments: _____

Photos _____

Typical Cross Section:



Riparian Characterization Form

Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory



GENERAL INFORMATION

Riparian Code: RMC-D1 Location of data point: RMC-7.7

Reach Length: _____

Hydrologic Basin: Munsel Creek On-site: Off-Site:

WATER RESOURCE INFORMATION

Water Resource: Stream/River: Lake/Pond: Wetland:

Width: _____ feet
 Width: _____ feet
 Width: _____ feet

LWI Wetland Code: _____

Water present year-round: Yes No

Are salmonids present in the adjacent water resource? Yes No

Is the water resource listed for temperature on DEQ's 303(d) list: Yes No

Within FEMA-mapped 100-year floodplain: Yes No

Mapped soil series: _____

Adjacent Land Uses? (Check as many as needed)

Agriculture: Roads:

Commercial/Indus.: Undeveloped:

Residential: Forestry:

Woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines >1 meter)	Herbaceous vegetation (include trees, shrubs, vines <1 meter)
Shore Pine	Salal
Waxmyrtle	

1 meter = 3.2 feet

Average slope in the riparian area: (Question 1)
 <10:1 (10%) Between 10:1 (10%) and 5:1 (20%) >5:1 (20%)

Extent of impervious surface within the riparian area. (Question 4)
 <10% 10% - 25% >25%

Is the reach constricted by man-made features? (Question 8)
 Yes No

Does the orientation of the riparian area allow for shading of the water resource at midday in summer? (Question 9)

Yes No

Dominant vegetation layer within riparian area? (Question 10)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Does woody vegetation hang over the edge of the water? (Questions 11 & 14)

Yes No

Large woody debris in riparian area? (Question 15)

Yes No

Percent of water resource bordered by vegetated riparian area at least 30 feet wide? (Question 16)

>40% 10% - 40% <10%

Degree of development or human caused disturbance. (Question 19)

<25% 25% - 75% >75%

How does the NRCS soil survey rank water erosion hazard of the dominant mapped unit in the Riparian Area? (Question 5)

low, slight moderate high, very high, severe

What is the dominant vegetation at the top of bank (if defined) or edge of water resource? (Question 3)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Are there flood prone areas (adjacent flat areas, depressions, swales, FEMA mapped 100-year floodplain, etc.) beyond the top of bank or edge of the water resource? (Question 6)

Yes No

Is woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines) greater than 1 meter (3.2 feet) high dominant in the flood prone riparian area?

Yes No or no flood prone area present

How many vegetation layers (i.e. canopy, mid-story, groundcover) are present?

More than 2 2 layers 1 layer or unvegetated

Riparian Width Determination



Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory

RIPARIAN CODE
RMC - 8 South

Date: 9/20/2010 Investigators: C. Lysdale

Dominant tree species: Douglas Fir

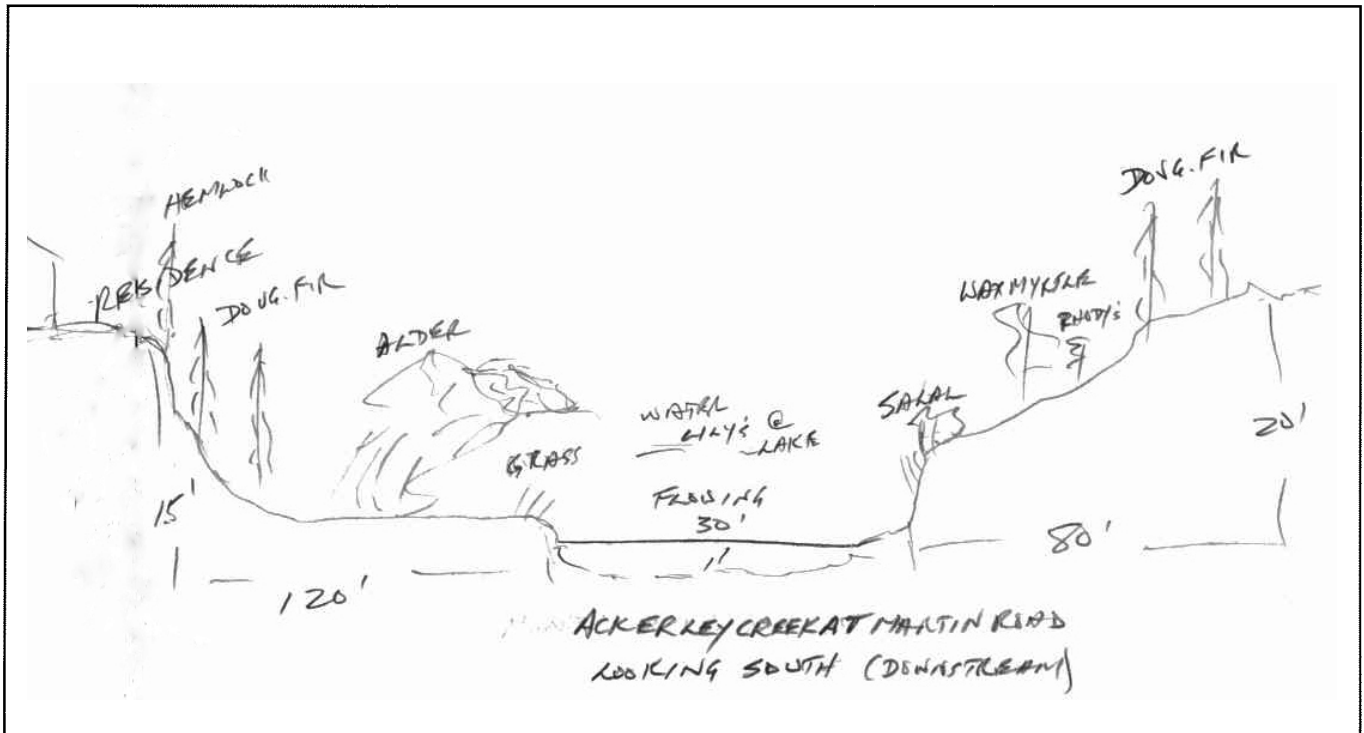
Potential tree height (PTH)/Actual Width of riparian area : 120/120L & 80R feet
(Width measured horizontally from edge of water resource)

PTH determined by:
On-site vegetation Reference site Code _____

Comments: _____

Photos RMC-8Sveg, RMC-8Sstr

Typical Cross Section:



Riparian Characterization Form

Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory



GENERAL INFORMATION

Riparian Code: RMC-8 South Location of data point: RMC - 8

Reach Length: _____

Hydrologic Basin: _____

On-site: Off-Site:

WATER RESOURCE INFORMATION

Water Resource: Stream/River: Lake/Pond: _____ Wetland: _____

Width: 30 feet

Width: _____ feet

Width: _____ feet

LWI Wetland Code: _____

Water present year-round: Yes No

Are salmonids present in the adjacent water resource? Yes No

Is the water resource listed for temperature on DEQ's 303(d) list: Yes No

Within FEMA-mapped 100-year floodplain: Yes No

Mapped soil series: Netarts fine sand, 3-12% slopes

Adjacent Land Uses? (Check as many as needed)

Agriculture: Roads:

Commercial/Indus.: Undeveloped:

Residential: Forestry:

Woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines >1 meter)	Herbaceous vegetation (include trees, shrubs, vines <1 meter)
Douglas Fir	Salal
Western Hemlock	Grasses
Red Alder	
California Wax Myrtle	
Rhododendron	

1 meter = 3.2 feet

Average slope in the riparian area: (Question 1)

<10:1 (10%) Between 10:1 (10%) and 5:1 (20%) >5:1 (20%)

Left Right

Extent of impervious surface within the riparian area. (Question 4)

<10% 10% - 25% >25%

Is the reach constricted by man-made features? (Question 8)

Yes No

Does the orientation of the riparian area allow for shading of the water resource at midday in summer? (Question 9)

Yes No (Shaded by canopy)

Dominant vegetation layer within riparian area? (Question 10)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Does woody vegetation hang over the edge of the water? (Questions 11 & 14)

Yes No

Large woody debris in riparian area? (Question 15)

Yes No

Percent of water resource bordered by vegetated riparian area at least 30 feet wide? (Question 16)

>40% 10% - 40% <10%

Degree of development or human caused disturbance. (Question 19)

<25% 25% - 75% >75%

How does the NRCS soil survey rank water erosion hazard of the dominant mapped unit in the Riparian Area? (Question 5)

low, slight moderate high, very high, severe

What is the dominant vegetation at the top of bank (if defined) or edge of water resource? (Question 3)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Are there flood prone areas (adjacent flat areas, depressions, swales, FEMA mapped 100-year floodplain, etc.) beyond the top of bank or edge of the water resource? (Question 6)

Yes No

Is woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines) greater than 1 meter (3.2 feet) high dominant in the flood prone riparian area?

Yes No or no flood prone area present

How many vegetation layers (i.e. canopy, mid-story, groundcover) are present?

More than 2 2 layers 1 layer or unvegetated

Riparian Width Determination



Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory

RIPARIAN CODE
RMC - 8 North

Date: 9/20/2010 Investigators: C. Lysdale

Dominant tree species: Douglas Fir

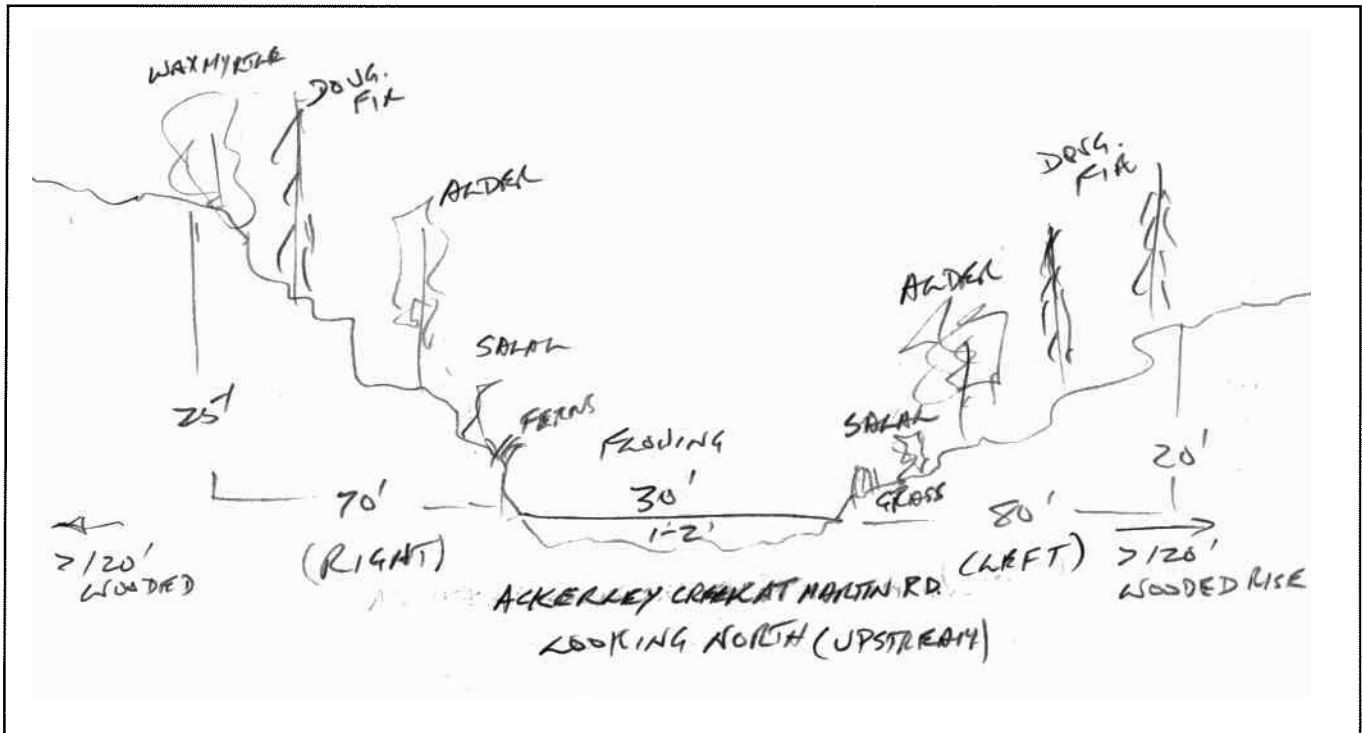
Potential tree height (PTH)/Actual Width of riparian area : 120/120L & 70R feet
(Width measured horizontally from edge of water resource)

PTH determined by:
On-site vegetation Reference site Code _____

Comments: _____

Photos RMC-8Nveg, RMC-8Nstr

Typical Cross Section:



Riparian Characterization Form

Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory



GENERAL INFORMATION

Riparian Code: RMC-8 North Location of data point: RMC - 8

Reach Length: _____

Hydrologic Basin: _____

On-site: Off-Site:

WATER RESOURCE INFORMATION

Water Resource: Stream/River: Lake/Pond: _____ Wetland: _____

Width: 30 feet

Width: _____ feet

Width: _____ feet

LWI Wetland Code: _____

Water present year-round: Yes No

Are salmonids present in the adjacent water resource? Yes No

Is the water resource listed for temperature on DEQ's 303(d) list: Yes No

Within FEMA-mapped 100-year floodplain: Yes No

Mapped soil series: Netarts fine sand, 3-12% slopes

Adjacent Land Uses? (Check as many as needed)

Agriculture: Roads:

Commercial/Indus.: Undeveloped:

Residential: Forestry:

Woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines >1 meter)	Herbaceous vegetation (include trees, shrubs, vines <1 meter)
Douglas Fir	Salal
Red Alder	Grasses
California Wax Myrtle	Ferns

1 meter = 3.2 feet

Average slope in the riparian area: (Question 1)

<10:1 (10%) Between 10:1 (10%) and 5:1 (20%) >5:1 (20%)

Extent of impervious surface within the riparian area. (Question 4)

<10% 10% - 25% >25%

Left&Right

Is the reach constricted by man-made features? (Question 8)

Yes No

Does the orientation of the riparian area allow for shading of the water resource at midday in summer? (Question 9)

Yes No

Dominant vegetation layer within riparian area? (Question 10)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Does woody vegetation hang over the edge of the water? (Questions 11 & 14)

Yes No

Large woody debris in riparian area? (Question 15)

Yes No

Percent of water resource bordered by vegetated riparian area at least 30 feet wide? (Question 16)

>40% 10% - 40% <10%

Degree of development or human caused disturbance. (Question 19)

<25% 25% - 75% >75%

How does the NRCS soil survey rank water erosion hazard of the dominant mapped unit in the Riparian Area? (Question 5)

low, slight moderate high, very high, severe

What is the dominant vegetation at the top of bank (if defined) or edge of water resource? (Question 3)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Are there flood prone areas (adjacent flat areas, depressions, swales, FEMA mapped 100-year floodplain, etc.) beyond the top of bank or edge of the water resource? (Question 6)

Yes No

Is woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines) greater than 1 meter (3.2 feet) high dominant in the flood prone riparian area?

Yes No or no flood prone area present

How many vegetation layers (i.e. canopy, mid-story, groundcover) are present?

More than 2 2 layers 1 layer or unvegetated

Riparian Width Determination



Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory

RIPARIAN CODE
RMC - 9

Date: 9/18/2010 Investigators: C. Lysdale

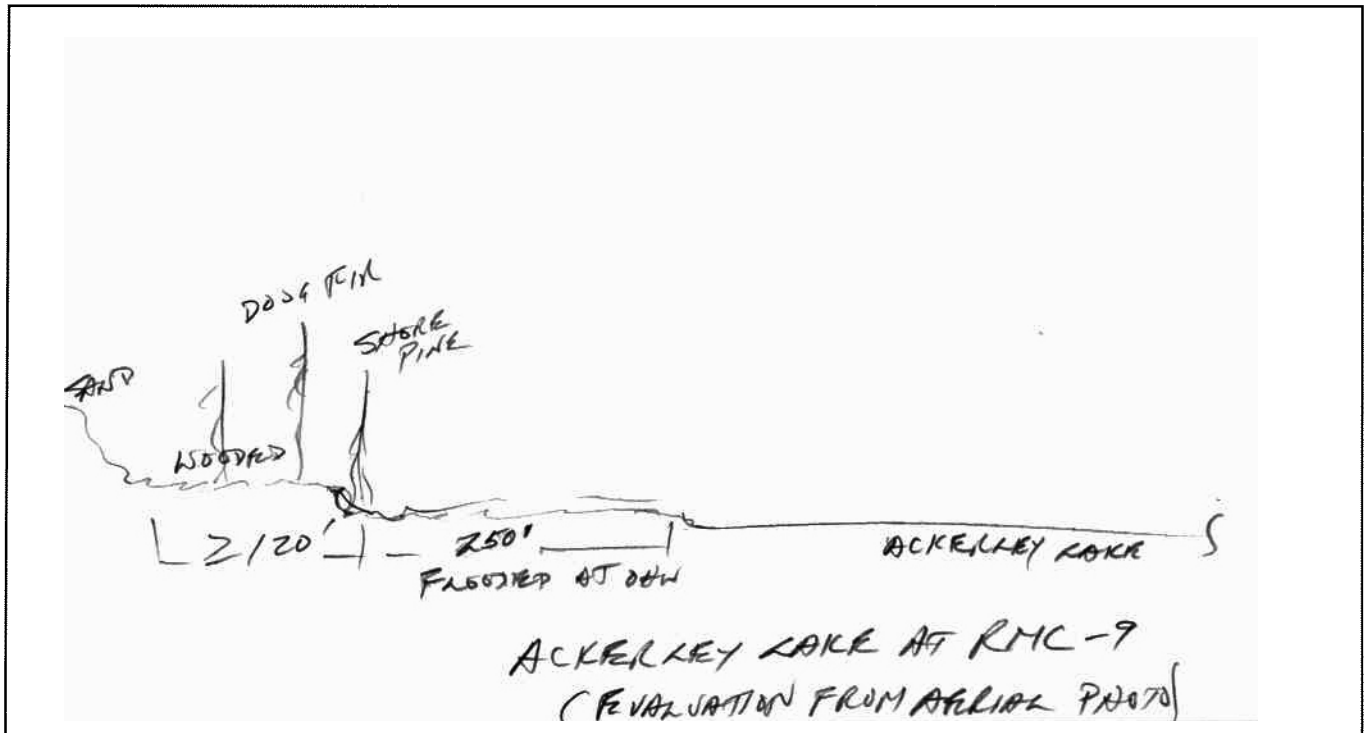
Dominant tree species: Douglas Fir

Potential tree height (PTH)/Actual Width of riparian area : 120/120+ feet
(Width measured horizontally from edge of water resource)

PTH determined by:
On-site vegetation Reference site Code _____

Comments: No access - evaluation by aerial photo/comparison with RMC-13. Riparian zone at this location appears to be a flat area between the lake and a wooded back margin, with sand dune further inland.

Typical Cross Section:



Riparian Characterization Form

Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory



GENERAL INFORMATION

Riparian Code: RMC - 9 Location of data point: RMC - 9

Reach Length: _____

Hydrologic Basin: _____

On-site: Off-Site:

WATER RESOURCE INFORMATION

Water Resource: Stream/River: Lake/Pond: Wetland:

Width: _____ feet

Width: 200-500 feet

Width: _____ feet

LWI Wetland Code: _____

Water present year-round: Yes No

Are salmonids present in the adjacent water resource? Yes No

Is the water resource listed for temperature on DEQ's 303(d) list: Yes No

Within FEMA-mapped 100-year floodplain: Yes No

Mapped soil series: Bullards-Ferrelo loams, 7-12% slopes

Adjacent Land Uses? (Check as many as needed)

Agriculture: Roads:

Commercial/Indus.: Undeveloped:

Residential: Forestry:

Woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines >1 meter)	Herbaceous vegetation (include trees, shrubs, vines <1 meter)
Douglas Fir	
Shore Pine	

1 meter = 3.2 feet

Average slope in the riparian area: (Question 1)

<10:1 (10%) Between 10:1 (10%) and 5:1 (20%) >5:1 (20%)

Extent of impervious surface within the riparian area. (Question 4)

<10% 10% - 25% >25%

Is the reach constricted by man-made features? (Question 8)

Yes No

Does the orientation of the riparian area allow for shading of the water resource at midday in summer? (Question 9)

Yes No

Dominant vegetation layer within riparian area? (Question 10)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Does woody vegetation hang over the edge of the water? (Questions 11 & 14)

Yes No

Large woody debris in riparian area? (Question 15)

Yes No

Percent of water resource bordered by vegetated riparian area at least 30 feet wide? (Question 16)

>40% 10% - 40% <10%

Degree of development or human caused disturbance. (Question 19)

<25% 25% - 75% >75%

How does the NRCS soil survey rank water erosion hazard of the dominant mapped unit in the Riparian Area? (Question 5)

low, slight moderate high, very high, severe

What is the dominant vegetation at the top of bank (if defined) or edge of water resource? (Question 3)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Are there flood prone areas (adjacent flat areas, depressions, swales, FEMA mapped 100-year floodplain, etc.) beyond the top of bank or edge of the water resource? (Question 6)

Yes No

Is woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines) greater than 1 meter (3.2 feet) high dominant in the flood prone riparian area?

Yes No or no flood prone area present

How many vegetation layers (i.e. canopy, mid-story, groundcover) are present?

More than 2 2 layers 1 layer or unvegetated

Riparian Width Determination



Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory

RIPARIAN CODE
RMC - 10

Date: 9/18/2010 Investigators: C. Lysdale

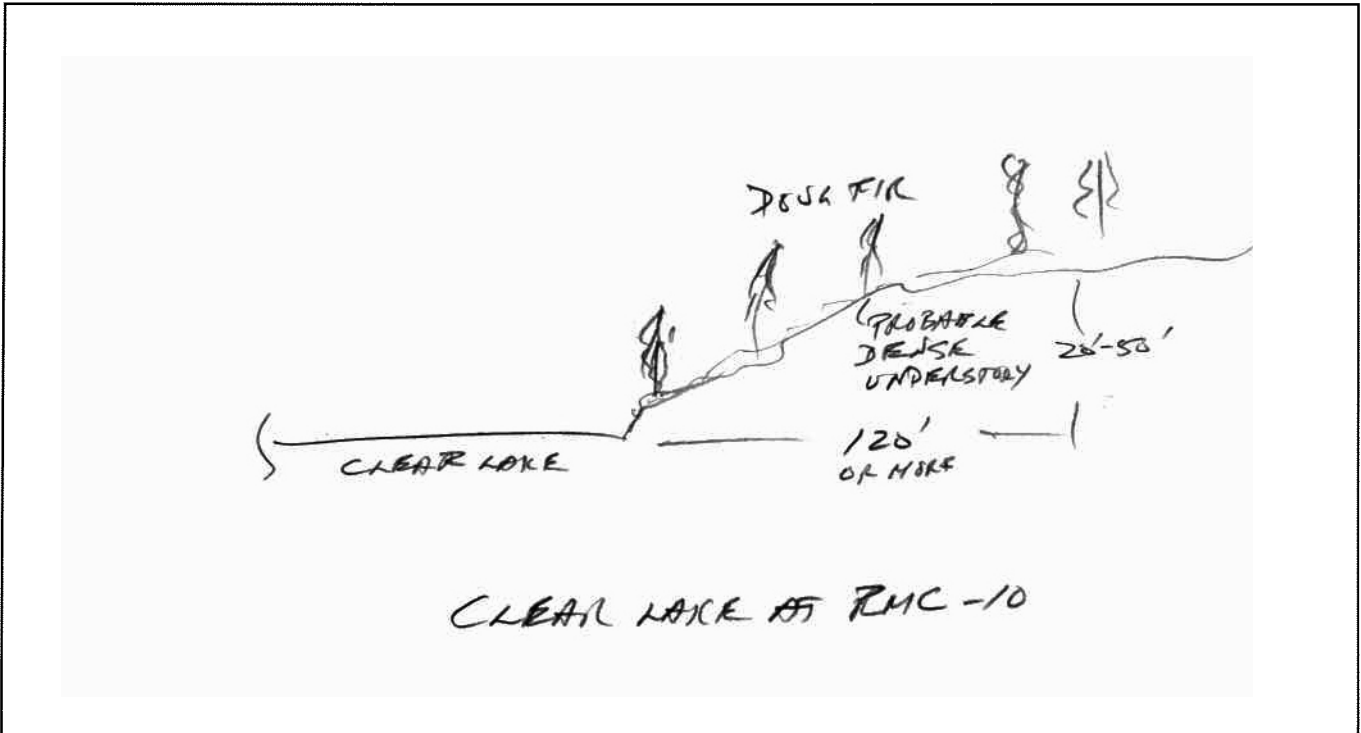
Dominant tree species: Douglas Fir

Potential tree height (PTH)/Actual Width of riparian area : 120/120+ feet
(Width measured horizontally from edge of water resource)

PTH determined by:
On-site vegetation Reference site Code _____

Comments: No access - evaluation by aerial photo/comparison with RMC-12. Riparian area appears to be heavily wooded to lake shore with no indication of a seasonal flood plain.

Typical Cross Section:



Riparian Characterization Form

Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory



GENERAL INFORMATION

Riparian Code: RMC - 10 Location of data point: RMC - 10

Reach Length: _____

Hydrologic Basin: _____ On-site: Off-Site:

WATER RESOURCE INFORMATION

Water Resource: Stream/River: Lake/Pond: Wetland:

Width: _____ feet

Width: 1000 feet

Width: _____ feet

LWI Wetland Code: _____

Water present year-round: Yes No

Are salmonids present in the adjacent water resource? Yes No

Is the water resource listed for temperature on DEQ's 303(d) list: Yes No

Within FEMA-mapped 100-year floodplain: Yes No

Mapped soil series: Slickrock gravelly loam, 3-25% slopes

Adjacent Land Uses? (Check as many as needed)

Agriculture: Roads:

Commercial/Indus.: Undeveloped:

Residential: Forestry:

Woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines >1 meter)	Herbaceous vegetation (include trees, shrubs, vines <1 meter)
Douglas Fir	
Shore Pine	

1 meter = 3.2 feet

Average slope in the riparian area: (Question 1)

<10:1 (10%) Between 10:1 (10%) and 5:1 (20%) >5:1 (20%)

Extent of impervious surface within the riparian area. (Question 4)

<10% 10% - 25% >25%

Is the reach constricted by man-made features? (Question 8)

Yes No

Does the orientation of the riparian area allow for shading of the water resource at midday in summer? (Question 9)

Yes No

Dominant vegetation layer within riparian area? (Question 10)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Does woody vegetation hang over the edge of the water? (Questions 11 & 14)

Yes No

Large woody debris in riparian area? (Question 15)

Yes No

Percent of water resource bordered by vegetated riparian area at least 30 feet wide? (Question 16)

>40% 10% - 40% <10%

Degree of development or human caused disturbance. (Question 19)

<25% 25% - 75% >75%

How does the NRCS soil survey rank water erosion hazard of the dominant mapped unit in the Riparian Area? (Question 5)

low, slight moderate high, very high, severe

What is the dominant vegetation at the top of bank (if defined) or edge of water resource? (Question 3)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Are there flood prone areas (adjacent flat areas, depressions, swales, FEMA mapped 100-year floodplain, etc.) beyond the top of bank or edge of the water resource? (Question 6)

Yes No

Is woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines) greater than 1 meter (3.2 feet) high dominant in the flood prone riparian area?

Yes No or no flood prone area present

How many vegetation layers (i.e. canopy, mid-story, groundcover) are present?

More than 2 2 layers 1 layer or unvegetated

Riparian Width Determination



Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory

RIPARIAN CODE
RMC - 11

Date: 9/18/2010 Investigators: C. Lysdale

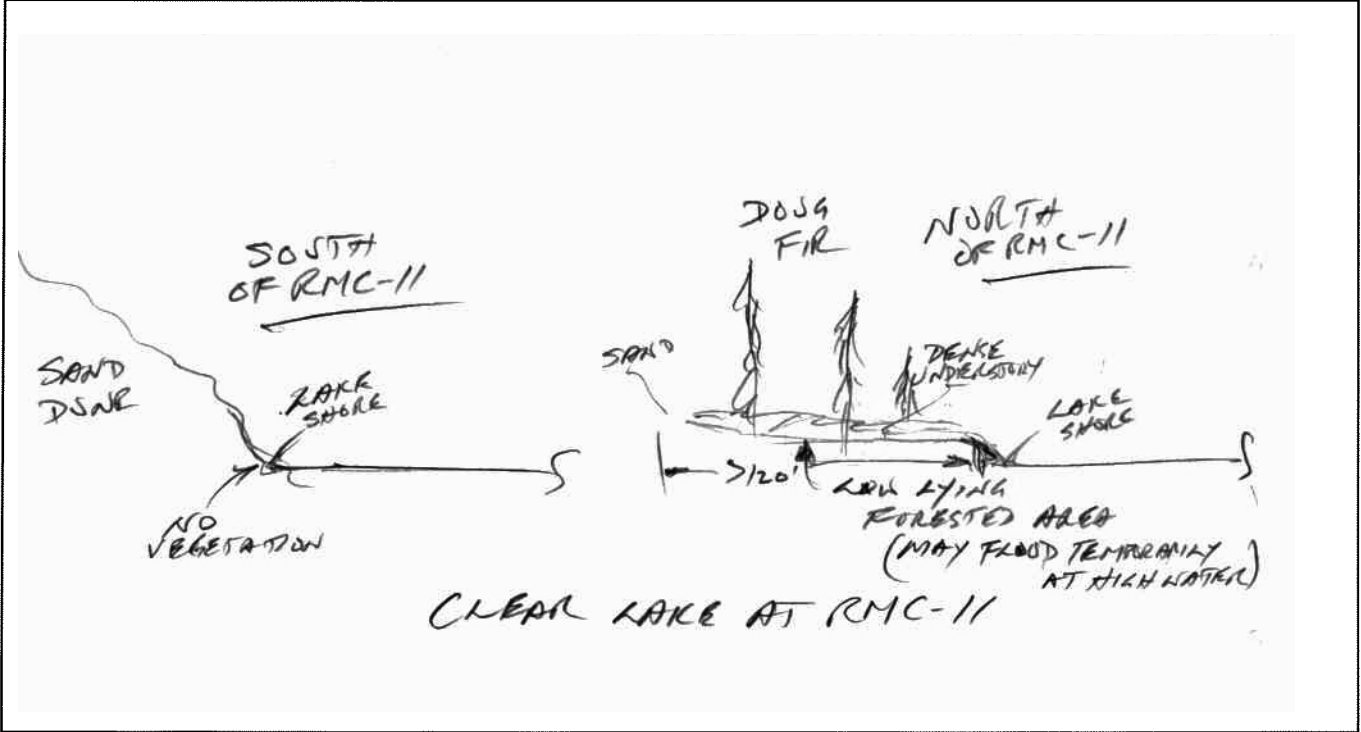
Dominant tree species: Douglas Fir

Potential tree height (PTH)/Actual Width of riparian area : 120/120+N, 0S feet
(Width measured horizontally from edge of water resource)

PTH determined by:
On-site vegetation Reference site Code _____

Comments: No access - evaluation by aerial photo/comparison with RMC-13. Riparian area at this location appears to transition from sand at waterline (south) to low lying forested area backed by sand dune (north).

Typical Cross Section:



Riparian Characterization Form

Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory



GENERAL INFORMATION

Riparian Code: RMC - 11 Location of data point: RMC - 11

Reach Length: _____

Hydrologic Basin: _____

On-site: Off-Site:

WATER RESOURCE INFORMATION

Water Resource: Stream/River: Lake/Pond: Wetland:

Width: _____ feet

Width: >1000 feet

Width: _____ feet

LWI Wetland Code: _____

Water present year-round: Yes No

Are salmonids present in the adjacent water resource? Yes No

Is the water resource listed for temperature on DEQ's 303(d) list: Yes No

Within FEMA-mapped 100-year floodplain: Yes No

Mapped soil series: Dune land

Adjacent Land Uses? (Check as many as needed)

Agriculture: Roads:

Commercial/Indus.: Undeveloped:

Residential: Forestry:

Woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines >1 meter)	Herbaceous vegetation (include trees, shrubs, vines <1 meter)
Douglas Fir	

1 meter = 3.2 feet

Average slope in the riparian area: (Question 1)

<10:1 (10%) Between 10:1 (10%) and 5:1 (20%) >5:1 (20%)

Extent of impervious surface within the riparian area. (Question 4)

<10% 10% - 25% >25%

Is the reach constricted by man-made features? (Question 8)

Yes No

Does the orientation of the riparian area allow for shading of the water resource at midday in summer? (Question 9)

Yes No

Dominant vegetation layer within riparian area? (Question 10)

Woody vegetation North Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground South

Does woody vegetation hang over the edge of the water? (Questions 11 & 14)

Yes No

Large woody debris in riparian area? (Question 15)

Yes No

Percent of water resource bordered by vegetated riparian area at least 30 feet wide? (Question 16)

>40% 10% - 40% <10%

Degree of development or human caused disturbance. (Question 19)

<25% 25% - 75% >75%

How does the NRCS soil survey rank water erosion hazard of the dominant mapped unit in the Riparian Area? (Question 5)

low, slight moderate high, very high, severe

What is the dominant vegetation at the top of bank (if defined) or edge of water resource? (Question 3)

Woody vegetation North Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground South

Are there flood prone areas (adjacent flat areas, depressions, swales, FEMA mapped 100-year floodplain, etc.) beyond the top of bank or edge of the water resource? (Question 6)

Yes No

Is woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines) greater than 1 meter (3.2 feet) high dominant in the flood prone riparian area?

Yes No or no flood prone area present

How many vegetation layers (i.e. canopy, mid-story, groundcover) are present?

More than 2 2 layers North 1 layer or unvegetated South

Riparian Width Determination



Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory

RIPARIAN CODE
RMC - 12

Date: 9/15/2010 Investigators: C. Lysdale

Dominant tree species: Douglas Fir/Sitka Spruce

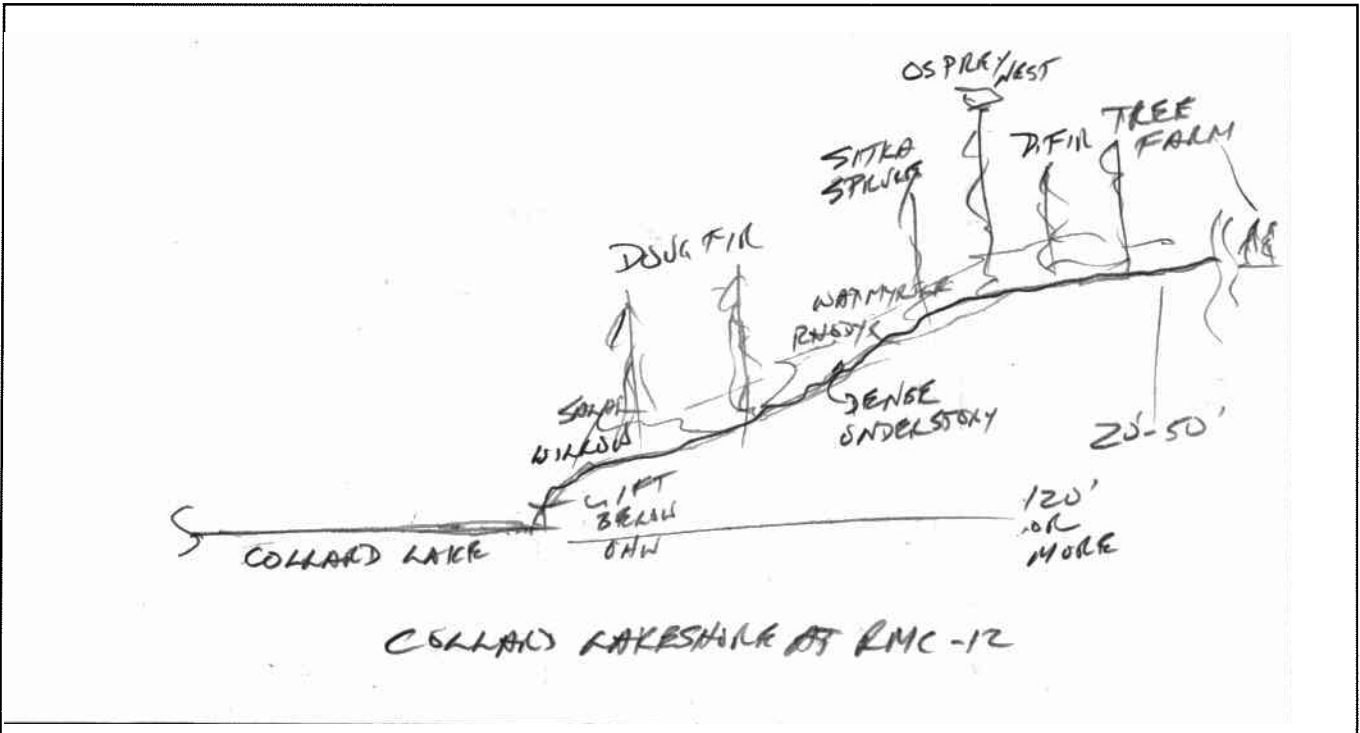
Potential tree height (PTH)/Actual Width of riparian area : 120/120+ feet
(Width measured horizontally from edge of water resource)

PTH determined by:
On-site vegetation Reference site Code _____

Comments: Riparian area is => 120 ft wide on East through North sides of Collard Lake
- except for scattered residence clearings.
(Note tree farm beyond riparian zone)

Photos RMC-12_13, RMC-12

Typical Cross Section:



Riparian Characterization Form

Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory



GENERAL INFORMATION

Riparian Code: RMC-12 Location of data point: RMC-12

Reach Length: _____

Hydrologic Basin: _____

On-site: Off-Site:

WATER RESOURCE INFORMATION

Water Resource: Stream/River: Lake/Pond: Wetland:

Width: _____ feet

Width: 200 - 800 feet

Width: _____ feet

LWI Wetland Code: _____

Water present year-round: Yes No

Are salmonids present in the adjacent water resource? Yes No

Is the water resource listed for temperature on DEQ's 303(d) list: Yes No

Within FEMA-mapped 100-year floodplain: Yes No

Mapped soil series: Bullards-Ferrelo loams, 7-12% slopes

Adjacent Land Uses? (Check as many as needed)

Agriculture: Roads:

Commercial/Indus.: Undeveloped:

Residential: Forestry:

Woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines >1 meter)	Herbaceous vegetation (include trees, shrubs, vines <1 meter)
Douglas Fir	Salal
Sitka Spruce	
Willow	
California Wax Myrtle	
Rhododendron	

1 meter = 3.2 feet

Average slope in the riparian area: (Question 1)

<10:1 (10%) Between 10:1 (10%) and 5:1 (20%) >5:1 (20%)

Extent of impervious surface within the riparian area. (Question 4)

<10% 10% - 25% >25%

Is the reach constricted by man-made features? (Question 8)

Yes No

Does the orientation of the riparian area allow for shading of the water resource at midday in summer? (Question 9)

Yes No (Near shoreline)

Dominant vegetation layer within riparian area? (Question 10)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Does woody vegetation hang over the edge of the water? (Questions 11 & 14)

Yes No

Large woody debris in riparian area? (Question 15)

Yes No

Percent of water resource bordered by vegetated riparian area at least 30 feet wide? (Question 16)

>40% 10% - 40% <10%

Degree of development or human caused disturbance. (Question 19)

<25% 25% - 75% >75%

How does the NRCS soil survey rank water erosion hazard of the dominant mapped unit in the Riparian Area? (Question 5)

low, slight moderate high, very high, severe

What is the dominant vegetation at the top of bank (if defined) or edge of water resource? (Question 3)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Are there flood prone areas (adjacent flat areas, depressions, swales, FEMA mapped 100-year floodplain, etc.) beyond the top of bank or edge of the water resource? (Question 6)

Yes No

Is woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines) greater than 1 meter (3.2 feet) high dominant in the flood prone riparian area?

Yes No or no flood prone area present

How many vegetation layers (i.e. canopy, mid-story, groundcover) are present?

More than 2 2 layers 1 layer or unvegetated

Riparian Width Determination



Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory

RIPARIAN CODE
RMC - 13

Date: 9/15/2010 Investigators: C. Lysdale

Dominant tree species: Douglas Fir/Sitka Spruce

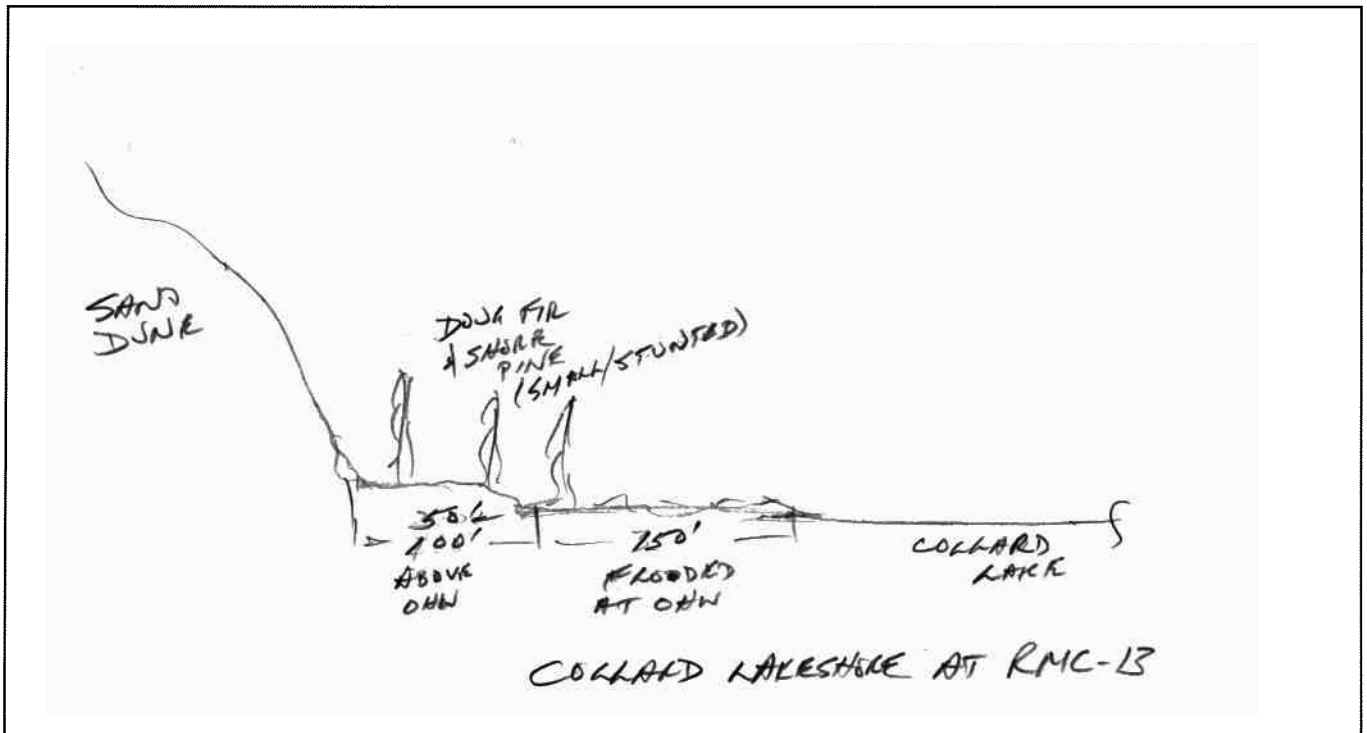
Potential tree height (PTH)/Actual Width of riparian area : 120/120+ feet
(Width measured horizontally from edge of water resource)

PTH determined by:
On-site vegetation Reference site Code _____

Comments: RMC-13 is a flat area between Collard Lake and an encroaching sand dune. It is of small extent (400 ft long). To the south, the sand dune borders the lake. To the north, the riparian area slopes up from the lake shore and is heavily wooded with width > 120 ft.

Photos RMC-13N, RMC-13

Typical Cross Section:



Riparian Characterization Form

Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory



GENERAL INFORMATION

Riparian Code: RMC-13 Location of data point: RMC - 13

Reach Length: _____

Hydrologic Basin: _____

On-site: Off-Site:

WATER RESOURCE INFORMATION

Water Resource: Stream/River: Lake/Pond: Wetland:

Width: _____ feet

Width: 200 - 800 feet

Width: _____ feet

LWI Wetland Code: _____

Water present year-round: Yes No

Are salmonids present in the adjacent water resource? Yes No

Is the water resource listed for temperature on DEQ's 303(d) list: Yes No

Within FEMA-mapped 100-year floodplain: Yes No

Mapped soil series: Dune land

Adjacent Land Uses? (Check as many as needed)

Agriculture: Roads:

Commercial/Indus.: Undeveloped:

Residential: Forestry:

Woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines >1 meter)	Herbaceous vegetation (include trees, shrubs, vines <1 meter)
Douglas Fir	
Shore Pine	

1 meter = 3.2 feet

Average slope in the riparian area: (Question 1)

<10:1 (10%) Between 10:1 (10%) and 5:1 (20%) >5:1 (20%)

Extent of impervious surface within the riparian area. (Question 4)

<10% 10% - 25% >25%

Is the reach constricted by man-made features? (Question 8)

Yes No

Does the orientation of the riparian area allow for shading of the water resource at midday in summer? (Question 9)

Yes No

Dominant vegetation layer within riparian area? (Question 10)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Does woody vegetation hang over the edge of the water? (Questions 11 & 14)

Yes No

Large woody debris in riparian area? (Question 15)

Yes No

Percent of water resource bordered by vegetated riparian area at least 30 feet wide? (Question 16)

>40% 10% - 40% <10%

Degree of development or human caused disturbance. (Question 19)

<25% 25% - 75% >75%

How does the NRCS soil survey rank water erosion hazard of the dominant mapped unit in the Riparian Area? (Question 5)

low, slight moderate high, very high, severe

What is the dominant vegetation at the top of bank (if defined) or edge of water resource? (Question 3)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Are there flood prone areas (adjacent flat areas, depressions, swales, FEMA mapped 100-year floodplain, etc.) beyond the top of bank or edge of the water resource? (Question 6)

Yes No

Is woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines) greater than 1 meter (3.2 feet) high dominant in the flood prone riparian area?

Yes No or no flood prone area present

How many vegetation layers (i.e. canopy, mid-story, groundcover) are present?

More than 2 2 layers 1 layer or unvegetated

Riparian Width Determination



Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory

RIPARIAN CODE
RAIR - 0.3

Date: 10/24/2010 Investigators: C. Lysdale

Dominant tree species: Shore Pine

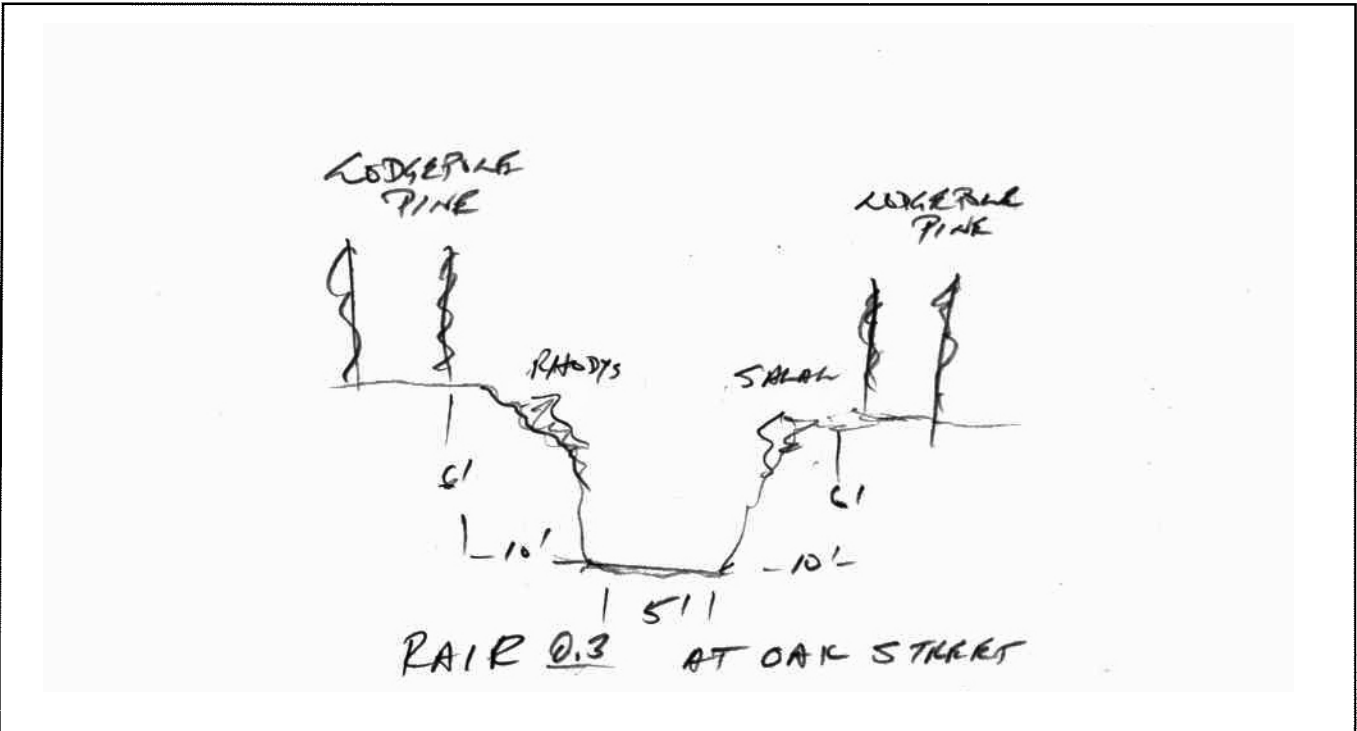
Potential tree height (PTH)/Actual Width of riparian area : 50/10L & 10R feet
(Width measured horizontally from edge of water resource)

PTH determined by:
On-site vegetation Reference site Code _____

Comments: Stream emerges from a culvert at this location. Channel appears to be excavated and cleared.

Photos RAIR-0.3veg, RAIR-0.3str

Typical Cross Section:



Riparian Characterization Form

Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory



GENERAL INFORMATION

Riparian Code: RAIRA Location of data point: RAIR - 0.3

Reach Length: _____

Hydrologic Basin: _____

On-site: Off-Site:

WATER RESOURCE INFORMATION

Water Resource: Stream/River: Lake/Pond: _____ Wetland: _____

Width: 5 feet

Width: _____ feet

Width: _____ feet

LWI Wetland Code: _____

Water present year-round: Yes No

Are salmonids present in the adjacent water resource? Yes No

Is the water resource listed for temperature on DEQ's 303(d) list: Yes No

Within FEMA-mapped 100-year floodplain: Yes No

Mapped soil series: Yaquina loamy fine sand

Adjacent Land Uses? (Check as many as needed)

Agriculture: Roads:

Commercial/Indus.: Undeveloped:

Residential: Forestry:

Woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines >1 meter)	Herbaceous vegetation (include trees, shrubs, vines <1 meter)
Shore Pine	Salal
	Rhododendron

1 meter = 3.2 feet

Average slope in the riparian area: (Question 1)

<10:1 (10%) Between 10:1 (10%) and 5:1 (20%) >5:1 (20%)

Extent of impervious surface within the riparian area. (Question 4)

<10% 10% - 25% >25%

Is the reach constricted by man-made features? (Question 8)

Yes No

Does the orientation of the riparian area allow for shading of the water resource at midday in summer? (Question 9)

Yes No

Dominant vegetation layer within riparian area? (Question 10)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Does woody vegetation hang over the edge of the water? (Questions 11 & 14)

Yes No

Large woody debris in riparian area? (Question 15)

Yes No

Percent of water resource bordered by vegetated riparian area at least 30 feet wide? (Question 16)

>40% 10% - 40% <10%

Degree of development or human caused disturbance. (Question 19)

<25% 25% - 75% >75%

How does the NRCS soil survey rank water erosion hazard of the dominant mapped unit in the Riparian Area? (Question 5)

low, slight moderate high, very high, severe

What is the dominant vegetation at the top of bank (if defined) or edge of water resource? (Question 3)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Are there flood prone areas (adjacent flat areas, depressions, swales, FEMA mapped 100-year floodplain, etc.) beyond the top of bank or edge of the water resource? (Question 6)

Yes No

Is woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines) greater than 1 meter (3.2 feet) high dominant in the flood prone riparian area?

Yes No or no flood prone area present

How many vegetation layers (i.e. canopy, mid-story, groundcover) are present?

More than 2 2 layers 1 layer or unvegetated

Riparian Width Determination



Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory

RIPARIAN CODE
RAIR - 0.6

Date: 10/24/2010 Investigators: C. Lysdale

Dominant tree species: Shore Pine

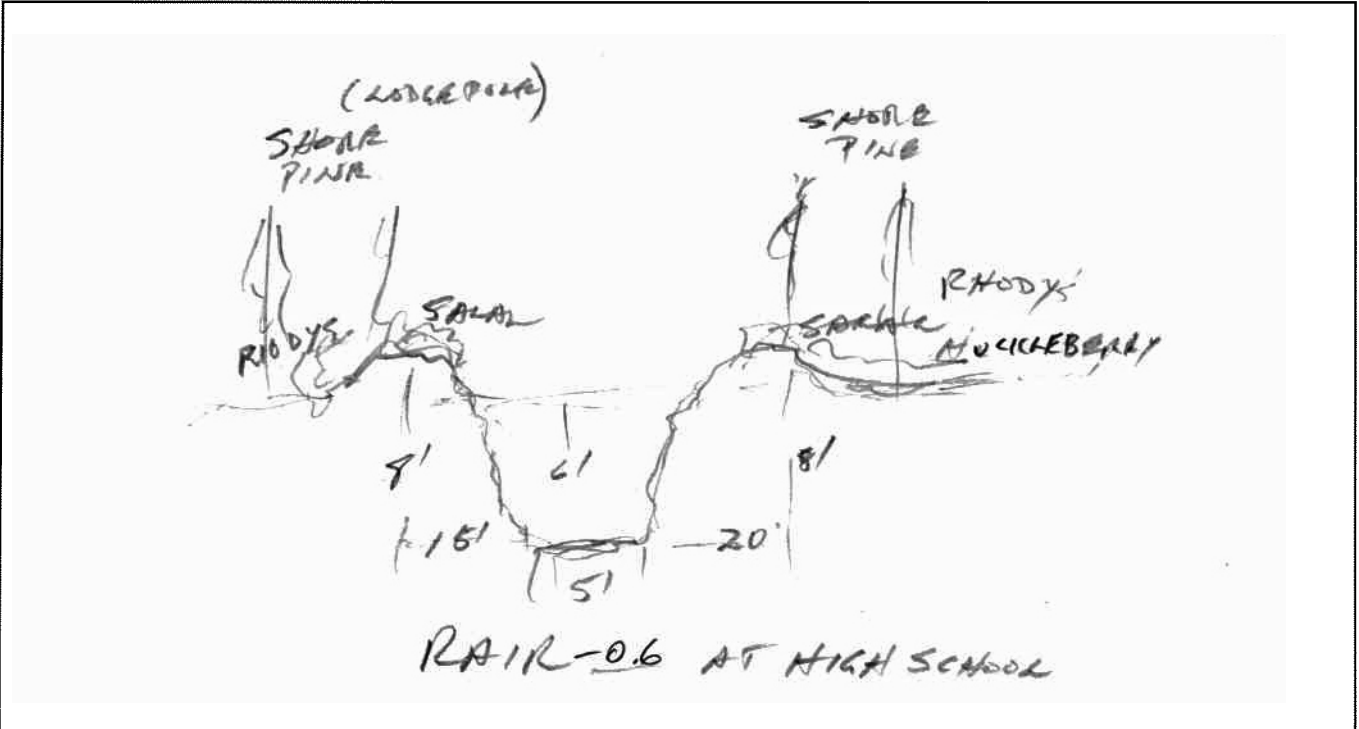
Potential tree height (PTH)/Actual Width of riparian area : 50/15L & 20R feet
(Width measured horizontally from edge of water resource)

PTH determined by:
On-site vegetation Reference site Code _____

Comments: Channel appears to be excavated and cleared, including berms on each side.

Photos RAIR-0.6veg, RAIR-0.6str

Typical Cross Section:



Riparian Characterization Form

Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory



GENERAL INFORMATION

Riparian Code: RAIR-A Location of data point: RAIR - 0.6

Reach Length: _____

Hydrologic Basin: _____

On-site: Off-Site:

WATER RESOURCE INFORMATION

Water Resource: Stream/River: Lake/Pond: _____ Wetland: _____

Width: 5 feet

Width: _____ feet

Width: _____ feet

LWI Wetland Code:

Water present year-round: Yes No

Are salmonids present in the adjacent water resource? Yes No

Is the water resource listed for temperature on DEQ's 303(d) list: Yes No

Within FEMA-mapped 100-year floodplain: Yes No

Mapped soil series: Yaquina loamy fine sand

Adjacent Land Uses? (Check as many as needed)

Agriculture: Roads:

Commercial/Indus.: Undeveloped:

Residential: Forestry:

Woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines >1 meter)	Herbaceous vegetation (include trees, shrubs, vines <1 meter)
Shore Pine	Salal
	Rhododendron
	Huckleberry

1 meter = 3.2 feet

Average slope in the riparian area: (Question 1)

<10:1 (10%) Between 10:1 (10%) and 5:1 (20%) >5:1 (20%)

Left & Right

Extent of impervious surface within the riparian area. (Question 4)

<10% 10% - 25% >25%

Is the reach constricted by man-made features? (Question 8)

Yes No Berms left and right

Does the orientation of the riparian area allow for shading of the water resource at midday in summer? (Question 9)

Yes No

Dominant vegetation layer within riparian area? (Question 10)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Does woody vegetation hang over the edge of the water? (Questions 11 & 14)

Yes No

Large woody debris in riparian area? (Question 15)

Yes No

Percent of water resource bordered by vegetated riparian area at least 30 feet wide? (Question 16)

>40% 10% - 40% <10%

Degree of development or human caused disturbance. (Question 19)

<25% 25% - 75% >75%

How does the NRCS soil survey rank water erosion hazard of the dominant mapped unit in the Riparian Area? (Question 5)

low, slight moderate high, very high, severe

What is the dominant vegetation at the top of bank (if defined) or edge of water resource? (Question 3)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Are there flood prone areas (adjacent flat areas, depressions, swales, FEMA mapped 100-year floodplain, etc.) beyond the top of bank or edge of the water resource? (Question 6)

Yes No

Is woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines) greater than 1 meter (3.2 feet) high dominant in the flood prone riparian area?

Yes No or no flood prone area present

How many vegetation layers (i.e. canopy, mid-story, groundcover) are present?

More than 2 2 layers 1 layer or unvegetated

Riparian Width Determination



Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory

RIPARIAN CODE
RAIR - 1

Date: 9/26/2010 Investigators: C. Lysdale

Dominant tree species: Shore Pine

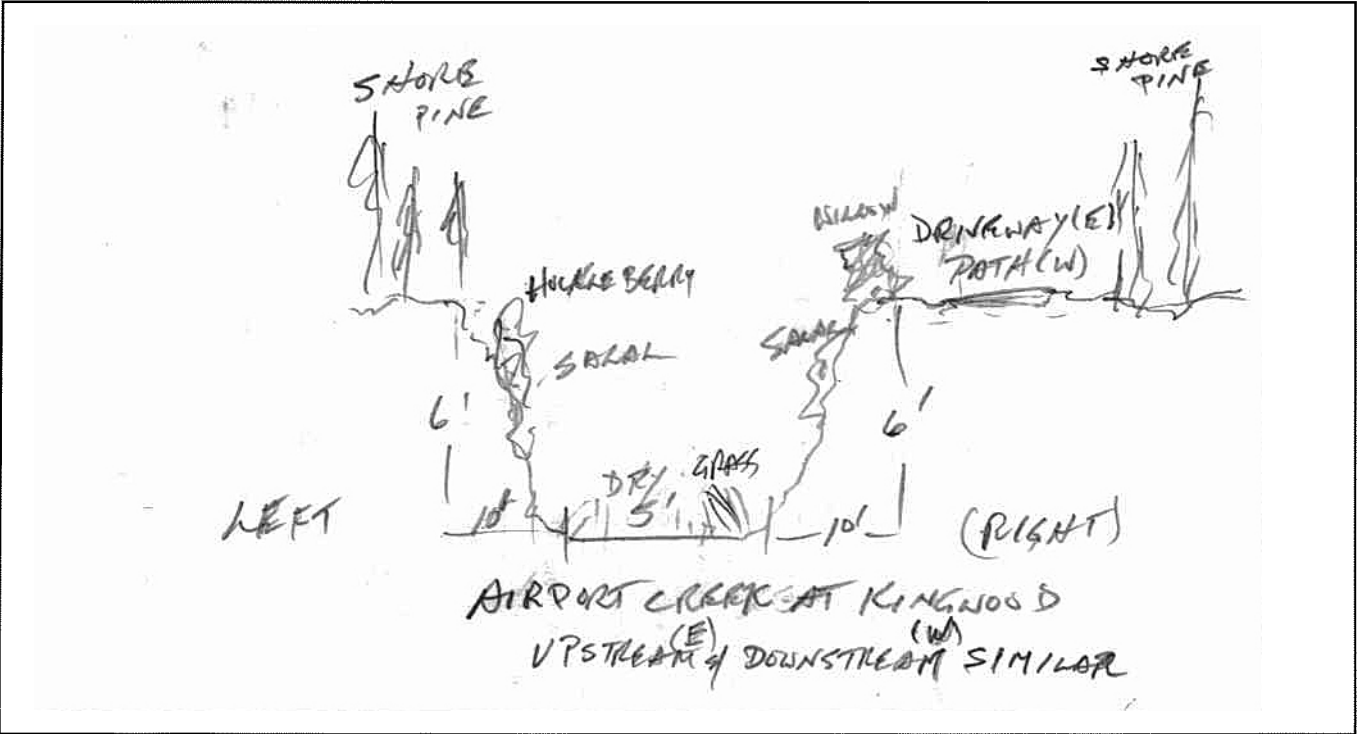
Potential tree height (PTH)/Actual Width of riparian area : 50/10L & 10R feet
(Width measured horizontally from edge of water resource)

PTH determined by:
On-site vegetation Reference site Code _____

Comments: Streambed appears to be cleared. Banks are almost vertical to break in slope, surrounding area is level.

Photos RAIR-1Sveg, RAIR-1Sstr ; RAIR-1Nveg, RAIR-1Nstr

Typical Cross Section:



Riparian Characterization Form

Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory



GENERAL INFORMATION

Riparian Code: RAIR-1 South & North Location of data point: RAIR - 1

Reach Length: _____

Hydrologic Basin: _____

On-site: Off-Site:

WATER RESOURCE INFORMATION

Water Resource: Stream/River: Lake/Pond: _____ Wetland: _____

Width: 5 feet

Width: _____ feet

Width: _____ feet

LWI Wetland Code: _____

Water present year-round: Yes No

Are salmonids present in the adjacent water resource? Yes No

Is the water resource listed for temperature on DEQ's 303(d) list: Yes No

Within FEMA-mapped 100-year floodplain: Yes No

Mapped soil series: Yaquina loamy fine sand

Adjacent Land Uses? (Check as many as needed)

Agriculture: Roads:

Commercial/Indus.: Undeveloped:

Residential: Forestry:

Woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines >1 meter)	Herbaceous vegetation (include trees, shrubs, vines <1 meter)
Shore Pine	Salal
Willow	Huckleberry

1 meter = 3.2 feet

Average slope in the riparian area: (Question 1)

<10:1 (10%) Between 10:1 (10%) and 5:1 (20%) >5:1 (20%)

Extent of impervious surface within the riparian area. (Question 4)

<10% 10% - 25% >25%

Is the reach constricted by man-made features? (Question 8)

Yes No

Does the orientation of the riparian area allow for shading of the water resource at midday in summer? (Question 9)

Yes No

Dominant vegetation layer within riparian area? (Question 10)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Does woody vegetation hang over the edge of the water? (Questions 11 & 14)

Yes No

Large woody debris in riparian area? (Question 15)

Yes No

Percent of water resource bordered by vegetated riparian area at least 30 feet wide? (Question 16)

>40% 10% - 40% <10%

Degree of development or human caused disturbance. (Question 19)

<25% 25% - 75% >75%

How does the NRCS soil survey rank water erosion hazard of the dominant mapped unit in the Riparian Area? (Question 5)

low, slight moderate high, very high, severe

What is the dominant vegetation at the top of bank (if defined) or edge of water resource? (Question 3)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Are there flood prone areas (adjacent flat areas, depressions, swales, FEMA mapped 100-year floodplain, etc.) beyond the top of bank or edge of the water resource? (Question 6)

Yes No

Is woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines) greater than 1 meter (3.2 feet) high dominant in the flood prone riparian area?

Yes No or no flood prone area present

How many vegetation layers (i.e. canopy, mid-story, groundcover) are present?

More than 2 2 layers 1 layer or unvegetated

Riparian Width Determination



Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory

RIPARIAN CODE
RAIR - 1.5

Date: 9/22/2010 Investigators: C. Lysdale

Dominant tree species: Shore Pine

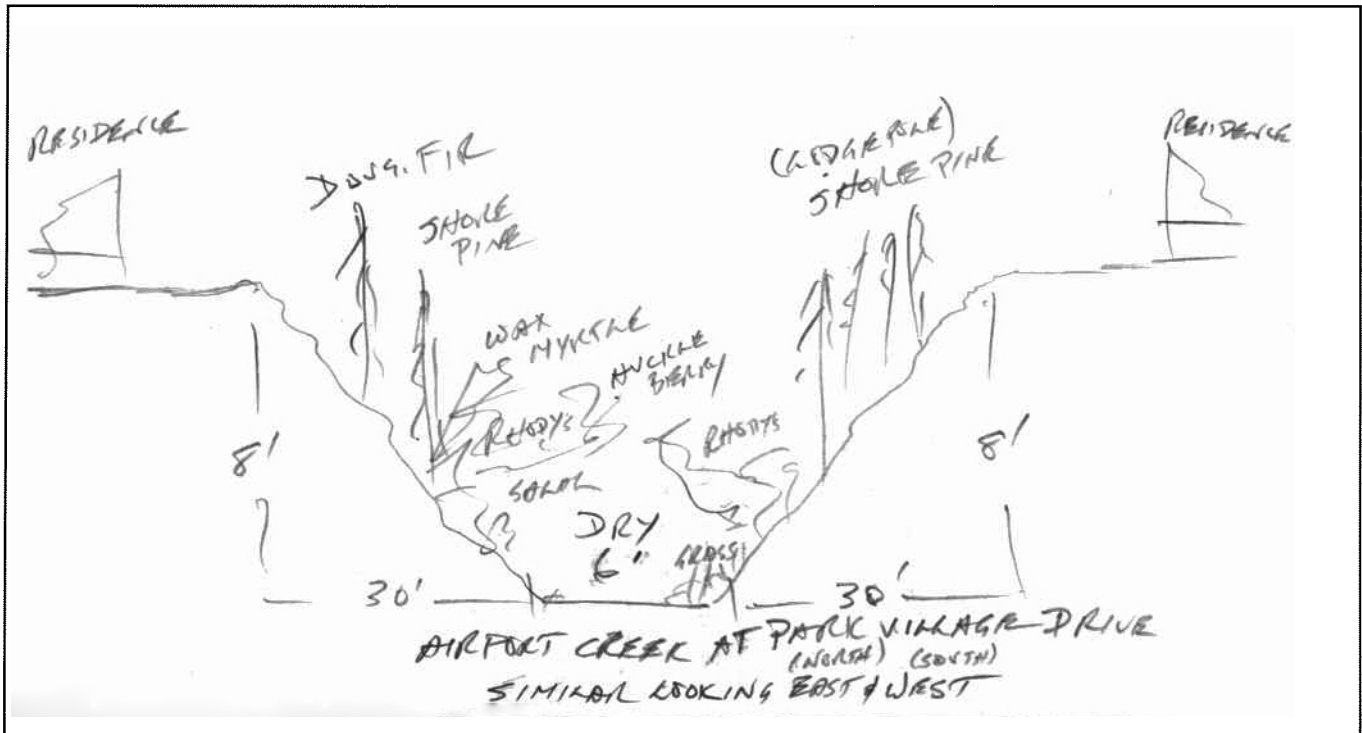
Potential tree height (PTH)/Actual Width of riparian area : 50/30L & 30R feet
(Width measured horizontally from edge of water resource)

PTH determined by:
On-site vegetation Reference site Code _____

Comments: Streambed appears to be cleared/straightened to the east.

Photos RAIR-1.5Sveg, RAIR-1.5Sstr ; RAIR-1.5Nveg, RAIR-1.5Nstr

Typical Cross Section:



Riparian Characterization Form

Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory



GENERAL INFORMATION

Riparian Code: RAIR-1.5 Location of data point: RAIR - 1.5

Reach Length: _____

Hydrologic Basin: _____

On-site: Off-Site:

WATER RESOURCE INFORMATION

Water Resource: Stream/River: Lake/Pond: _____ Wetland: _____

Width: 6 feet

Width: _____ feet

Width: _____ feet

LWI Wetland Code:

Water present year-round: Yes No

Are salmonids present in the adjacent water resource? Yes No

Is the water resource listed for temperature on DEQ's 303(d) list: Yes No

Within FEMA-mapped 100-year floodplain: Yes No

Mapped soil series: Walldport fine sand, 0-12% slopes

Adjacent Land Uses? (Check as many as needed)

Agriculture: Roads:

Commercial/Indus.: Undeveloped:

Residential: Forestry:

Woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines >1 meter)	Herbaceous vegetation (include trees, shrubs, vines <1 meter)
Douglas Fir	Salal
Shore Pine	Huckleberry
California Wax Myrtle	Grasses
Rhododendron	

1 meter = 3.2 feet

Average slope in the riparian area: (Question 1)

<10:1 (10%) Between 10:1 (10%) and 5:1 (20%) >5:1 (20%)

Left & Right

Extent of impervious surface within the riparian area. (Question 4)

<10% 10% - 25% >25%

Is the reach constricted by man-made features? (Question 8)

Yes No

Does the orientation of the riparian area allow for shading of the water resource at midday in summer? (Question 9)

Yes No

Dominant vegetation layer within riparian area? (Question 10)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Does woody vegetation hang over the edge of the water? (Questions 11 & 14)

Yes No

Large woody debris in riparian area? (Question 15)

Yes No

Percent of water resource bordered by vegetated riparian area at least 30 feet wide? (Question 16)

>40% 10% - 40% <10%

Degree of development or human caused disturbance. (Question 19)

<25% 25% - 75% >75%

How does the NRCS soil survey rank water erosion hazard of the dominant mapped unit in the Riparian Area? (Question 5)

low, slight moderate high, very high, severe

What is the dominant vegetation at the top of bank (if defined) or edge of water resource? (Question 3)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Are there flood prone areas (adjacent flat areas, depressions, swales, FEMA mapped 100-year floodplain, etc.) beyond the top of bank or edge of the water resource? (Question 6)

Yes No

Is woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines) greater than 1 meter (3.2 feet) high dominant in the flood prone riparian area?

Yes No or no flood prone area present

How many vegetation layers (i.e. canopy, mid-story, groundcover) are present?

More than 2 2 layers 1 layer or unvegetated

Riparian Width Determination



Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory

RIPARIAN CODE
RAIR - 2 North

Date: 9/22/2010 Investigators: C. Lysdale

Dominant tree species: Shore Pine

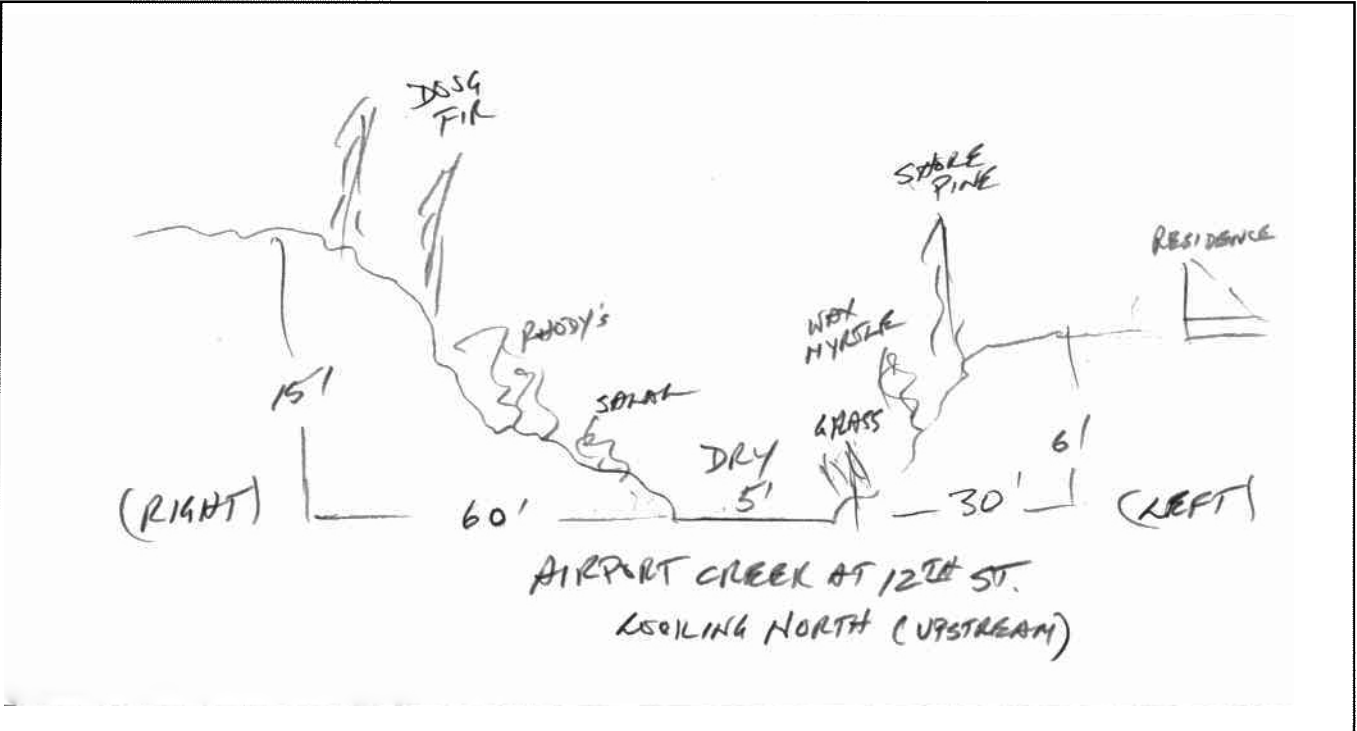
Potential tree height (PTH)/Actual Width of riparian area : 50/30L & 60R feet
(Width measured horizontally from edge of water resource)

PTH determined by:
On-site vegetation Reference site Code _____

Comments: _____

Photos RAIR-2Nveg, RAIR-2Nstr

Typical Cross Section:



Riparian Characterization Form

Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory



GENERAL INFORMATION

Riparian Code: RAIR-2 North Location of data point: RAIR - 2

Reach Length: _____

Hydrologic Basin: _____

On-site: Off-Site:

WATER RESOURCE INFORMATION

Water Resource: Stream/River: Lake/Pond: _____ Wetland: _____

Width: 5 feet

Width: _____ feet

Width: _____ feet

LWI Wetland Code:

Water present year-round: Yes No

Are salmonids present in the adjacent water resource? Yes No

Is the water resource listed for temperature on DEQ's 303(d) list: Yes No

Within FEMA-mapped 100-year floodplain: Yes No

Mapped soil series: Walpoort fine sand, 0-12% slopes

Adjacent Land Uses? (Check as many as needed)

Agriculture: Roads:

Commercial/Indus.: Undeveloped:

Residential: Forestry:

Woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines >1 meter)	Herbaceous vegetation (include trees, shrubs, vines <1 meter)
Douglas Fir	Salal
Shore Pine	Grasses
California Wax Myrtle	
Rhododendron	

1 meter = 3.2 feet

Average slope in the riparian area: (Question 1)

<10:1 (10%) Between 10:1 (10%) and 5:1 (20%) >5:1 (20%)

Left Right

Extent of impervious surface within the riparian area. (Question 4)

<10% 10% - 25% >25%

Is the reach constricted by man-made features? (Question 8)

Yes No

Does the orientation of the riparian area allow for shading of the water resource at midday in summer? (Question 9)

Yes No

Dominant vegetation layer within riparian area? (Question 10)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Does woody vegetation hang over the edge of the water? (Questions 11 & 14)

Yes No

Large woody debris in riparian area? (Question 15)

Yes No

Percent of water resource bordered by vegetated riparian area at least 30 feet wide? (Question 16)

>40% 10% - 40% <10%

Degree of development or human caused disturbance. (Question 19)

<25% 25% - 75% >75%

How does the NRCS soil survey rank water erosion hazard of the dominant mapped unit in the Riparian Area? (Question 5)

low, slight moderate high, very high, severe

What is the dominant vegetation at the top of bank (if defined) or edge of water resource? (Question 3)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Are there flood prone areas (adjacent flat areas, depressions, swales, FEMA mapped 100-year floodplain, etc.) beyond the top of bank or edge of the water resource? (Question 6)

Yes No

Is woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines) greater than 1 meter (3.2 feet) high dominant in the flood prone riparian area?

Yes No or no flood prone area present

How many vegetation layers (i.e. canopy, mid-story, groundcover) are present?

More than 2 2 layers 1 layer or unvegetated

Riparian Width Determination



Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory

RIPARIAN CODE
RAIR - 2 South

Date: 9/22/2010 Investigators: C. Lysdale

Dominant tree species: Douglas Fir

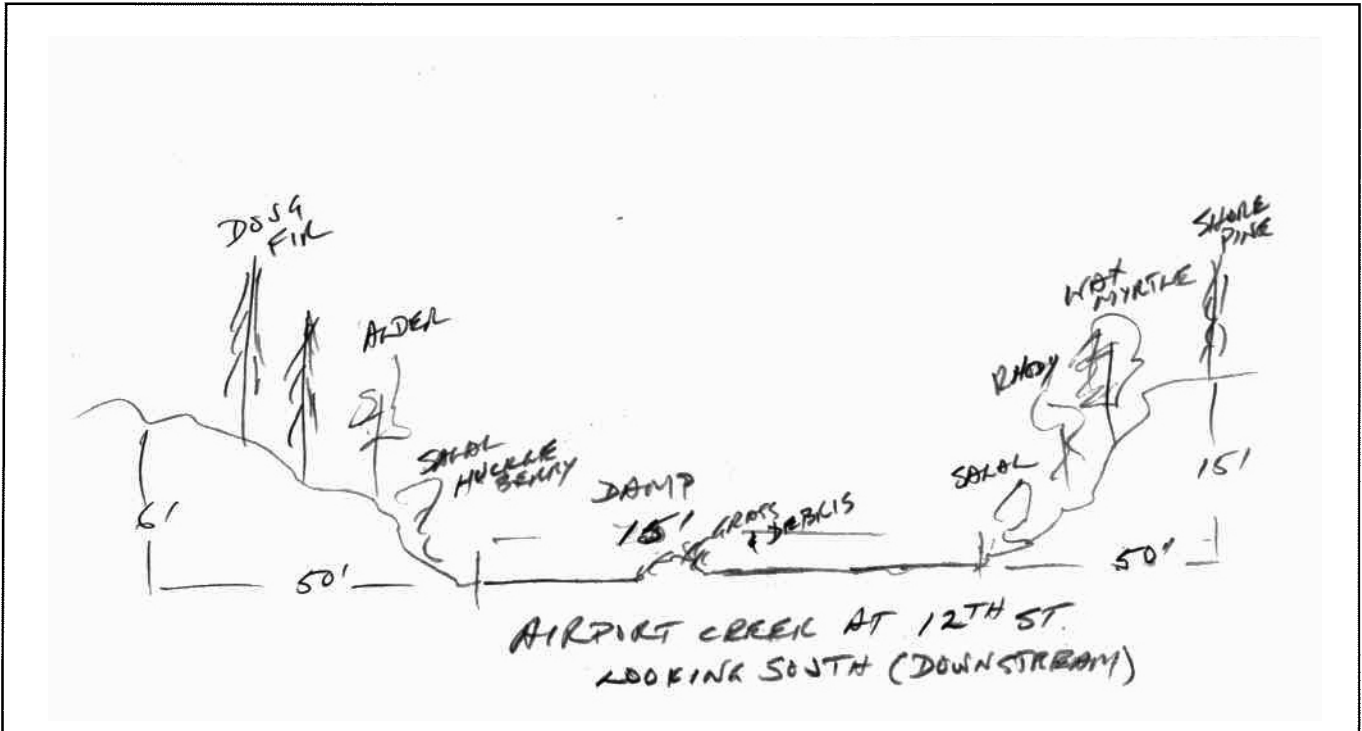
Potential tree height (PTH)/Actual Width of riparian area : 120/50L & 50R feet
(Width measured horizontally from edge of water resource)

PTH determined by:
On-site vegetation Reference site Code _____

Comments: Streambed not well defined at this location (crossing 12th street RoW).
Consists of a low-lying wide flat area interspersed with debris and vegetation. No culvert.

Photos RAIR-2Sveg, RAIR-2Sstr

Typical Cross Section:



Riparian Characterization Form

Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory



GENERAL INFORMATION

Riparian Code: RAIR-2 South Location of data point: RAIR - 2

Reach Length: _____

Hydrologic Basin: _____

On-site: Off-Site:

WATER RESOURCE INFORMATION

Water Resource: Stream/River: Lake/Pond: _____ Wetland: _____

Width: 15 feet

Width: _____ feet

Width: _____ feet

LWI Wetland Code: _____

Water present year-round: Yes No

Are salmonids present in the adjacent water resource? Yes No

Is the water resource listed for temperature on DEQ's 303(d) list: Yes No

Within FEMA-mapped 100-year floodplain: Yes No

Mapped soil series: Walpoort fine sand, 0-12% slopes

Adjacent Land Uses? (Check as many as needed)

Agriculture: Roads:

Commercial/Indus.: Undeveloped:

Residential: Forestry:

Woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines >1 meter)	Herbaceous vegetation (include trees, shrubs, vines <1 meter)
Douglas Fir	Salal
Shore Pine	Huckleberry
California Wax Myrtle	Grasses
Red Alder	
Rhododendron	

1 meter = 3.2 feet

Average slope in the riparian area: (Question 1)

<10:1 (10%) Between 10:1 (10%) and 5:1 (20%) >5:1 (20%)

Left Right

Extent of impervious surface within the riparian area. (Question 4)

<10% 10% - 25% >25%

Is the reach constricted by man-made features? (Question 8)

Yes No

Does the orientation of the riparian area allow for shading of the water resource at midday in summer? (Question 9)

Yes No (Shaded by canopy)

Dominant vegetation layer within riparian area? (Question 10)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Does woody vegetation hang over the edge of the water? (Questions 11 & 14)

Yes No

Large woody debris in riparian area? (Question 15)

Yes No

Percent of water resource bordered by vegetated riparian area at least 30 feet wide? (Question 16)

>40% 10% - 40% <10%

Degree of development or human caused disturbance. (Question 19)

<25% 25% - 75% >75%

How does the NRCS soil survey rank water erosion hazard of the dominant mapped unit in the Riparian Area? (Question 5)

low, slight moderate high, very high, severe

What is the dominant vegetation at the top of bank (if defined) or edge of water resource? (Question 3)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Are there flood prone areas (adjacent flat areas, depressions, swales, FEMA mapped 100-year floodplain, etc.) beyond the top of bank or edge of the water resource? (Question 6)

Yes No

Is woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines) greater than 1 meter (3.2 feet) high dominant in the flood prone riparian area?

Yes No or no flood prone area present

How many vegetation layers (i.e. canopy, mid-story, groundcover) are present?

More than 2 2 layers 1 layer or unvegetated

Riparian Width Determination



Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory

RIPARIAN CODE
RAIR - 3 North

Date: 8/25/2010 **Investigators:** C. Lysdale

Dominant tree species: Shore Pine

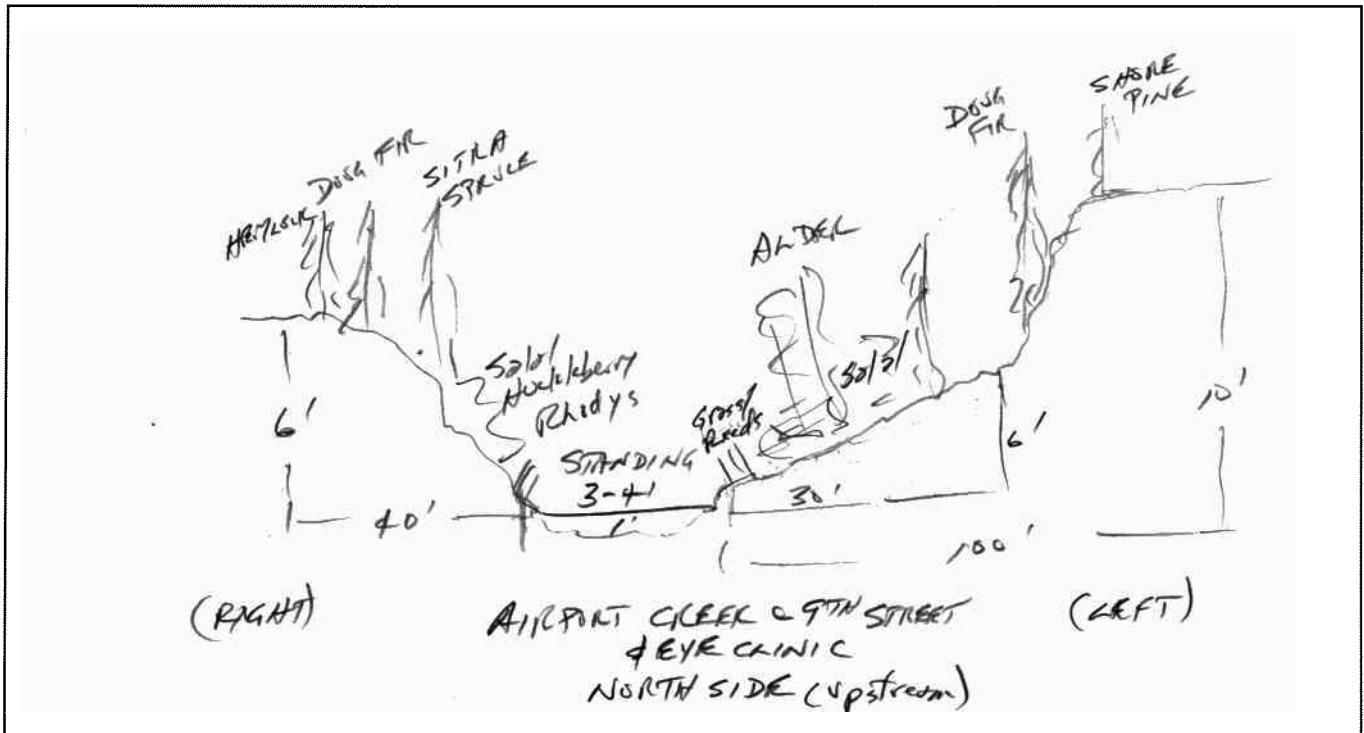
Potential tree height (PTH)/Actual Width of riparian area : 50/100L & 40R feet
(Width measured horizontally from edge of water resource)

PTH determined by:
On-site vegetation **Reference site** **Code** _____

Comments: _____

Photos RAIR-3Nveg, RAIR-3Nstr

Typical Cross Section:



Riparian Characterization Form

Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory



GENERAL INFORMATION

Riparian Code: RAIR-3 North Location of data point: RAIR - 3

Reach Length: _____

Hydrologic Basin: _____

On-site: Off-Site:

WATER RESOURCE INFORMATION

Water Resource: Stream/River: Lake/Pond: _____ Wetland: _____

Width: 4 feet

Width: _____ feet

Width: _____ feet

LWI Wetland Code: _____

Water present year-round: Yes No

Are salmonids present in the adjacent water resource? Yes No

Is the water resource listed for temperature on DEQ's 303(d) list: Yes No

Within FEMA-mapped 100-year floodplain: Yes No

Mapped soil series: Walpoort fine sand, 0-12% slopes

Adjacent Land Uses? (Check as many as needed)

Agriculture: Roads:

Commercial/Indus.: Undeveloped:

Residential: Forestry:

Woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines >1 meter)	Herbaceous vegetation (include trees, shrubs, vines <1 meter)
Douglas Fir	Reeds
Sitka Spruce	Grasses
Western Hemlock	
Shore Pine	
Red Alder	
Rhododendron	
Salal, Huckleberry	

1 meter = 3.2 feet

Average slope in the riparian area: (Question 1)

<10:1 (10%) Between 10:1 (10%) and 5:1 (20%) >5:1 (20%)

Extent of impervious surface within the riparian area. (Question 4)

<10% 10% - 25% >25%

Is the reach constricted by man-made features? (Question 8)

Yes No

Does the orientation of the riparian area allow for shading of the water resource at midday in summer? (Question 9)

Yes No Shaded by canopy

Dominant vegetation layer within riparian area? (Question 10)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Does woody vegetation hang over the edge of the water? (Questions 11 & 14)

Yes No

Large woody debris in riparian area? (Question 15)

Yes No

Percent of water resource bordered by vegetated riparian area at least 30 feet wide? (Question 16)

>40% 10% - 40% <10%

Degree of development or human caused disturbance. (Question 19)

<25% 25% - 75% >75%

How does the NRCS soil survey rank water erosion hazard of the dominant mapped unit in the Riparian Area? (Question 5)

low, slight moderate high, very high, severe

What is the dominant vegetation at the top of bank (if defined) or edge of water resource? (Question 3)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Are there flood prone areas (adjacent flat areas, depressions, swales, FEMA mapped 100-year floodplain, etc.) beyond the top of bank or edge of the water resource? (Question 6)

Yes No

Is woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines) greater than 1 meter (3.2 feet) high dominant in the flood prone riparian area?

Yes No or no flood prone area present

How many vegetation layers (i.e. canopy, mid-story, groundcover) are present?

More than 2 2 layers 1 layer or unvegetated

Riparian Width Determination



Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory

RIPARIAN CODE
RAIR - 3 South

Date: 8/25/2010 Investigators: C. Lysdale

Dominant tree species: Red Alder

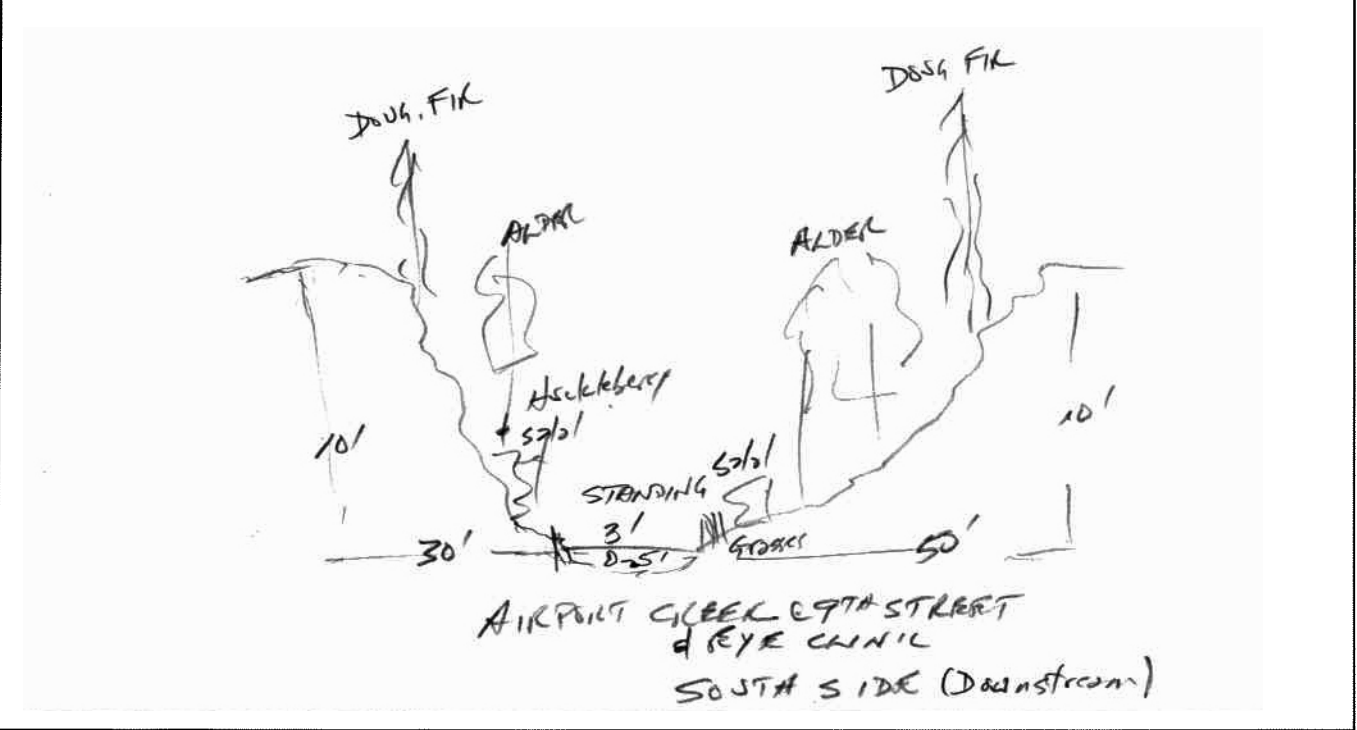
Potential tree height (PTH)/Actual Width of riparian area : 65/30L & 50R feet
(Width measured horizontally from edge of water resource)

PTH determined by:
On-site vegetation Reference site Code _____

Comments: _____

Photos RAIR-3Sveg, RAIR-3Sstr

Typical Cross Section:



Riparian Characterization Form

Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory



GENERAL INFORMATION

Riparian Code: RAIR-3 South Location of data point: RAIR - 3

Reach Length: _____

Hydrologic Basin: _____

On-site: Off-Site:

WATER RESOURCE INFORMATION

Water Resource: Stream/River: Lake/Pond: _____ Wetland: _____

Width: 3 feet

Width: _____ feet

Width: _____ feet

LWI Wetland Code: _____

Water present year-round: Yes No

Are salmonids present in the adjacent water resource? Yes No

Is the water resource listed for temperature on DEQ's 303(d) list: Yes No

Within FEMA-mapped 100-year floodplain: Yes No

Mapped soil series: Walpoort fine sand, 0-12% slopes

Adjacent Land Uses? (Check as many as needed)

Agriculture: Roads:

Commercial/Indus.: Undeveloped:

Residential: Forestry:

Woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines >1 meter)	Herbaceous vegetation (include trees, shrubs, vines <1 meter)
Douglas Fir	Grasses
Red Alder	
Salal	
Huckleberry	

1 meter = 3.2 feet

Average slope in the riparian area: (Question 1)

<10:1 (10%) Between 10:1 (10%) and 5:1 (20%) >5:1 (20%)

Right
Left

Extent of impervious surface within the riparian area. (Question 4)

<10% 10% - 25% >25%

Is the reach constricted by man-made features? (Question 8)

Yes No

Does the orientation of the riparian area allow for shading of the water resource at midday in summer? (Question 9)

Yes No Shaded by canopy

Dominant vegetation layer within riparian area? (Question 10)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Does woody vegetation hang over the edge of the water? (Questions 11 & 14)

Yes No

Large woody debris in riparian area? (Question 15)

Yes No

Percent of water resource bordered by vegetated riparian area at least 30 feet wide? (Question 16)

>40% 10% - 40% <10%

Degree of development or human caused disturbance. (Question 19)

<25% 25% - 75% >75%

How does the NRCS soil survey rank water erosion hazard of the dominant mapped unit in the Riparian Area? (Question 5)

low, slight moderate high, very high, severe

What is the dominant vegetation at the top of bank (if defined) or edge of water resource? (Question 3)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Are there flood prone areas (adjacent flat areas, depressions, swales, FEMA mapped 100-year floodplain, etc.) beyond the top of bank or edge of the water resource? (Question 6)

Yes No

Is woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines) greater than 1 meter (3.2 feet) high dominant in the flood prone riparian area?

Yes No or no flood prone area present

How many vegetation layers (i.e. canopy, mid-story, groundcover) are present?

More than 2 2 layers 1 layer or unvegetated

Riparian Width Determination



Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory

RIPARIAN CODE
RAIR - 4

Date: 9/25/2010 Investigators: C. Lysdale

Dominant tree species: Douglas Fir/Western Hemlock

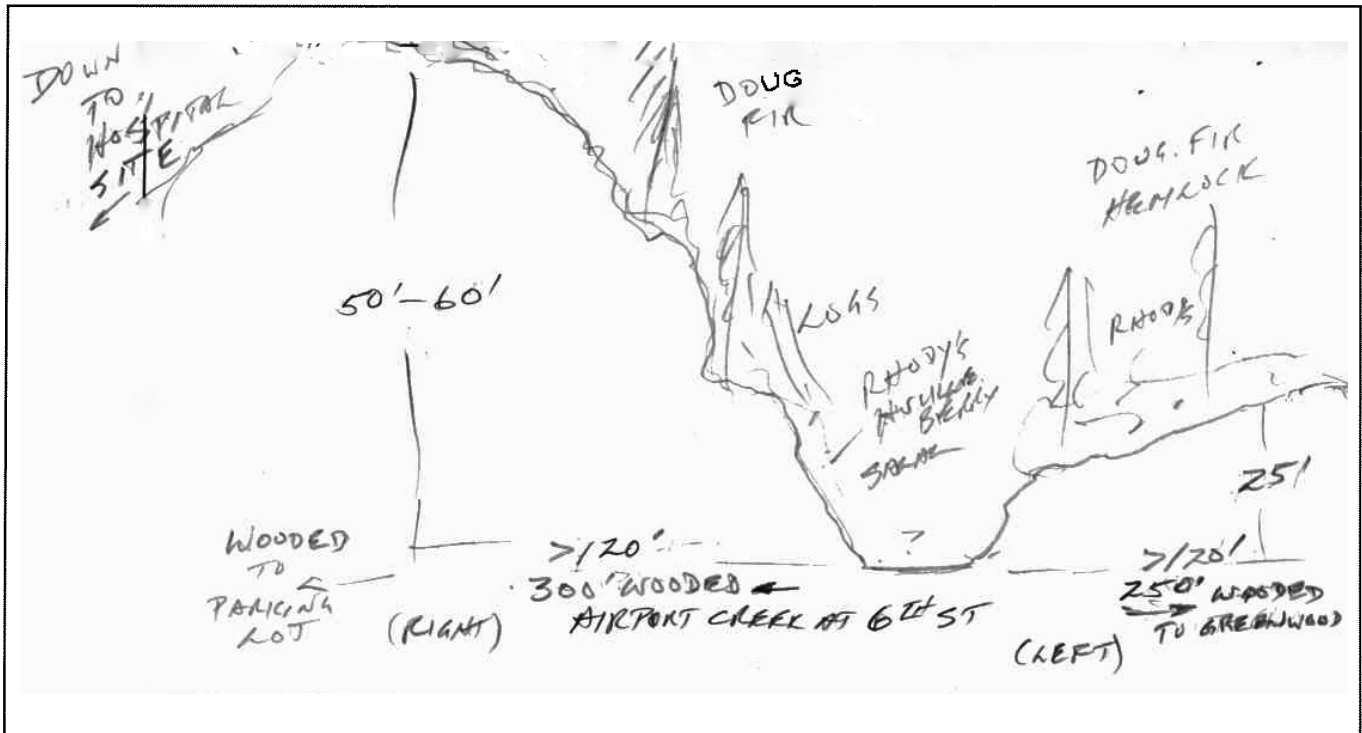
Potential tree height (PTH)/Actual Width of riparian area : 120/120E&W feet
(Width measured horizontally from edge of water resource)

PTH determined by:
On-site vegetation Reference site Code _____

Comments: E-W location of stream is uncertain - no access due to heavy vegetation and steep terrain.

Photos RAIR-4veg0, RAIR-4veg1; RAIR-4veg5, RAIR-4veg4

Typical Cross Section:



Riparian Characterization Form

Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory



GENERAL INFORMATION

Riparian Code: RAIR-4 Location of data point: RAIR - 4

Reach Length: _____

Hydrologic Basin: _____

On-site: Off-Site:

WATER RESOURCE INFORMATION

Water Resource: Stream/River: Lake/Pond: _____ Wetland: _____

Width: _____ feet

Width: N/A _____ feet

Width: _____ feet

LWI Wetland Code: _____

Water present year-round: Yes No

Are salmonids present in the adjacent water resource? Yes No

Is the water resource listed for temperature on DEQ's 303(d) list: Yes No

Within FEMA-mapped 100-year floodplain: Yes No

Mapped soil series: Walpoort fine sand, 0-12% slopes

Adjacent Land Uses? (Check as many as needed)

Agriculture: Roads:

Commercial/Indus.: Undeveloped:

Residential: Forestry:

Woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines >1 meter)	Herbaceous vegetation (include trees, shrubs, vines <1 meter)
Douglas Fir	Salal
Western Hemlock	Huckleberry
Rhododendron	

1 meter = 3.2 feet

Average slope in the riparian area: (Question 1)

<10:1 (10%) Between 10:1 (10%) and 5:1 (20%) >5:1 (20%)

Extent of impervious surface within the riparian area. (Question 4)

<10% 10% - 25% >25%

Is the reach constricted by man-made features? (Question 8)

Yes No

Does the orientation of the riparian area allow for shading of the water resource at midday in summer? (Question 9)

Yes No Shaded by canopy

Dominant vegetation layer within riparian area? (Question 10)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Does woody vegetation hang over the edge of the water? (Questions 11 & 14)

Yes No

Large woody debris in riparian area? (Question 15)

Yes No

Percent of water resource bordered by vegetated riparian area at least 30 feet wide? (Question 16)

>40% 10% - 40% <10%

Degree of development or human caused disturbance. (Question 19)

<25% 25% - 75% >75%

How does the NRCS soil survey rank water erosion hazard of the dominant mapped unit in the Riparian Area? (Question 5)

low, slight moderate high, very high, severe

What is the dominant vegetation at the top of bank (if defined) or edge of water resource? (Question 3)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Are there flood prone areas (adjacent flat areas, depressions, swales, FEMA mapped 100-year floodplain, etc.) beyond the top of bank or edge of the water resource? (Question 6)

Yes No

Is woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines) greater than 1 meter (3.2 feet) high dominant in the flood prone riparian area?

Yes No or no flood prone area present

How many vegetation layers (i.e. canopy, mid-story, groundcover) are present?

More than 2 2 layers 1 layer or unvegetated

Riparian Width Determination



Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory

RIPARIAN CODE
RAIR - 5 North

Date: 9/25/2010 Investigators: C. Lysdale

Dominant tree species: Red Alder

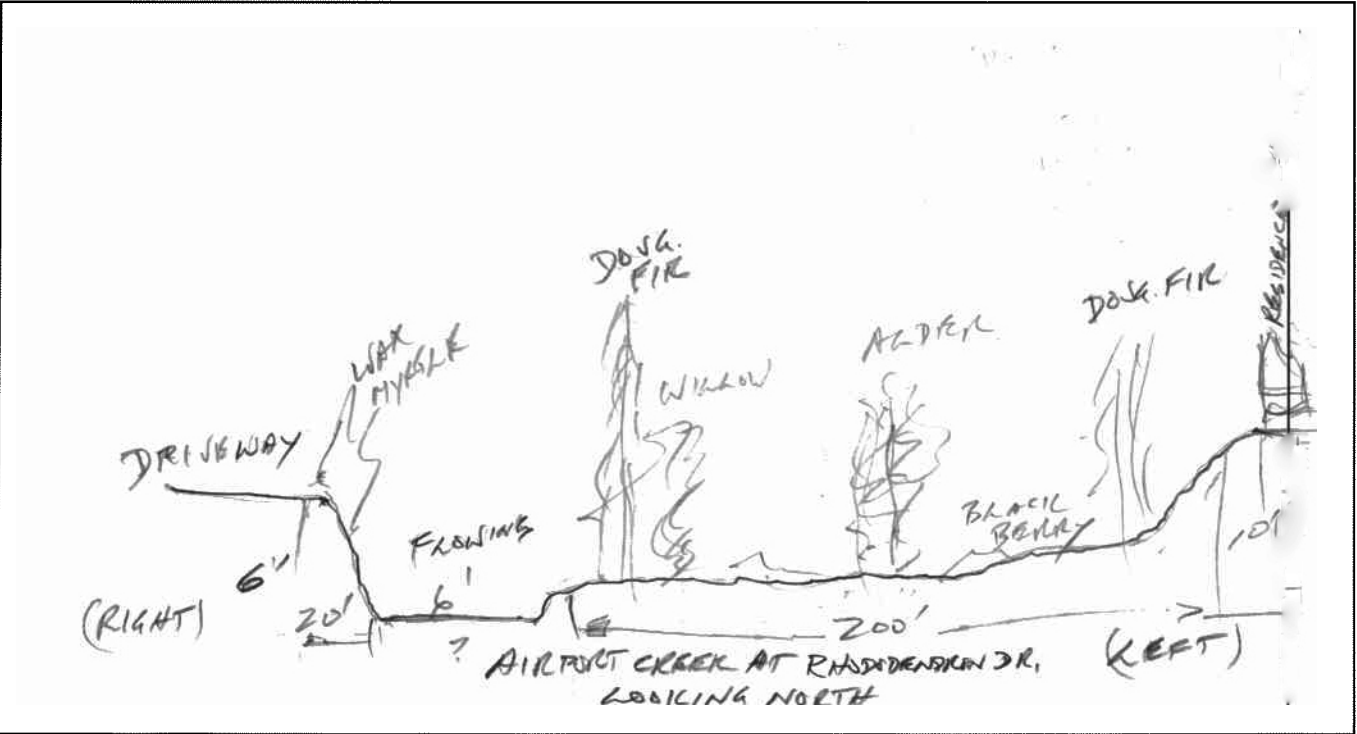
Potential tree height (PTH)/Actual Width of riparian area : 65/200L & 20R feet
(Width measured horizontally from edge of water resource)

PTH determined by:
On-site vegetation Reference site Code _____

Comments: _____

Photos RAIR-5Nveg, RAIR-5Nstr

Typical Cross Section:



Riparian Characterization Form

Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory



GENERAL INFORMATION

Riparian Code: RAIR-5 North Location of data point: RAIR - 5

Reach Length: _____

Hydrologic Basin: _____

On-site: Off-Site:

WATER RESOURCE INFORMATION

Water Resource: Stream/River: Lake/Pond: _____ Wetland: _____

Width: 6 feet

Width: _____ feet

Width: _____ feet

LWI Wetland Code: _____

Water present year-round: Yes No

Are salmonids present in the adjacent water resource? Yes No

Is the water resource listed for temperature on DEQ's 303(d) list: Yes No

Within FEMA-mapped 100-year floodplain: Yes No

Mapped soil series: Walpoort fine sand, 0-12% slopes

Adjacent Land Uses? (Check as many as needed)

Agriculture: Roads:

Commercial/Indus.: Undeveloped:

Residential: Forestry:

Woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines >1 meter)	Herbaceous vegetation (include trees, shrubs, vines <1 meter)
Douglas Fir	
Willow	
Red Alder	
California Wax Myrtle	
Blackberry	

1 meter = 3.2 feet

Average slope in the riparian area: (Question 1)

<10:1 (10%) Between 10:1 (10%) and 5:1 (20%) >5:1 (20%)

Right Left

Extent of impervious surface within the riparian area. (Question 4)

<10% 10% - 25% >25%

Is the reach constricted by man-made features? (Question 8)

Yes No

Does the orientation of the riparian area allow for shading of the water resource at midday in summer? (Question 9)

Yes No

Dominant vegetation layer within riparian area? (Question 10)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Does woody vegetation hang over the edge of the water? (Questions 11 & 14)

Yes No

Large woody debris in riparian area? (Question 15)

Yes No

Percent of water resource bordered by vegetated riparian area at least 30 feet wide? (Question 16)

>40% 10% - 40% <10%

Degree of development or human caused disturbance. (Question 19)

<25% 25% - 75% >75%

How does the NRCS soil survey rank water erosion hazard of the dominant mapped unit in the Riparian Area? (Question 5)

low, slight moderate high, very high, severe

What is the dominant vegetation at the top of bank (if defined) or edge of water resource? (Question 3)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Are there flood prone areas (adjacent flat areas, depressions, swales, FEMA mapped 100-year floodplain, etc.) beyond the top of bank or edge of the water resource? (Question 6)

Yes No

Is woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines) greater than 1 meter (3.2 feet) high dominant in the flood prone riparian area?

Yes No or no flood prone area present

How many vegetation layers (i.e. canopy, mid-story, groundcover) are present?

More than 2 2 layers 1 layer or unvegetated

Riparian Width Determination



Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory

RIPARIAN CODE
RAIR - 5 South

Date: 9/25/2010 Investigators: C. Lysdale

Dominant tree species: Red Alder

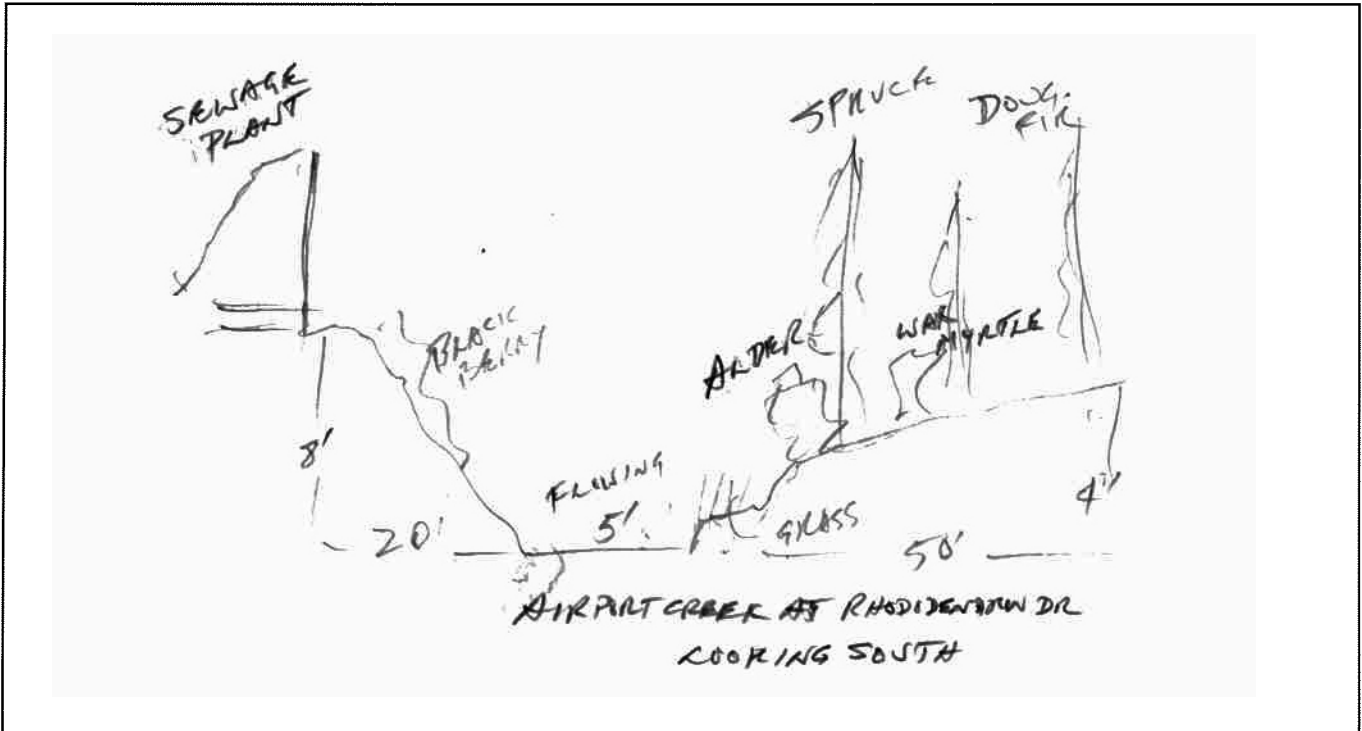
Potential tree height (PTH)/Actual Width of riparian area : 65/20L & 50R feet
(Width measured horizontally from edge of water resource)

PTH determined by:
On-site vegetation Reference site Code _____

Comments: Rip-rap bank at sewage plant

Photos RAIR-5Sveg, RAIR-5Sstr

Typical Cross Section:



Riparian Characterization Form

Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory



GENERAL INFORMATION

Riparian Code: RAIR-5 South Location of data point: RAIR - 5

Reach Length: _____

Hydrologic Basin: _____

On-site: Off-Site:

WATER RESOURCE INFORMATION

Water Resource: Stream/River: Lake/Pond: _____ Wetland: _____

Width: 5 feet

Width: _____ feet

Width: _____ feet

LWI Wetland Code: _____

Water present year-round: Yes No

Are salmonids present in the adjacent water resource? Yes No

Is the water resource listed for temperature on DEQ's 303(d) list: Yes No

Within FEMA-mapped 100-year floodplain: Yes No

Mapped soil series: Walpoort fine sand, 0-12% slopes/Dune land

Adjacent Land Uses? (Check as many as needed)

Agriculture: Roads:

Commercial/Indus.: Undeveloped:

Residential: Forestry:

Woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines >1 meter)	Herbaceous vegetation (include trees, shrubs, vines <1 meter)
Sitka Spruce	Grasses
Douglas Fir	
Red Alder	
California Wax Myrtle	
Blackberry	

1 meter = 3.2 feet

Average slope in the riparian area: (Question 1)

<10:1 (10%) Between 10:1 (10%) and 5:1 (20%) >5:1 (20%)

Left Right

Extent of impervious surface within the riparian area. (Question 4)

<10% 10% - 25% >25%

Is the reach constricted by man-made features? (Question 8)

Yes No

Does the orientation of the riparian area allow for shading of the water resource at midday in summer? (Question 9)

Yes No

Dominant vegetation layer within riparian area? (Question 10)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Does woody vegetation hang over the edge of the water? (Questions 11 & 14)

Yes No

Large woody debris in riparian area? (Question 15)

Yes No

Percent of water resource bordered by vegetated riparian area at least 30 feet wide? (Question 16)

>40% 10% - 40% <10%

Degree of development or human caused disturbance. (Question 19)

<25% 25% - 75% >75%

How does the NRCS soil survey rank water erosion hazard of the dominant mapped unit in the Riparian Area? (Question 5)

low, slight moderate high, very high, severe

What is the dominant vegetation at the top of bank (if defined) or edge of water resource? (Question 3)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Are there flood prone areas (adjacent flat areas, depressions, swales, FEMA mapped 100-year floodplain, etc.) beyond the top of bank or edge of the water resource? (Question 6)

Yes No

Is woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines) greater than 1 meter (3.2 feet) high dominant in the flood prone riparian area?

Yes No or no flood prone area present

How many vegetation layers (i.e. canopy, mid-story, groundcover) are present?

More than 2 2 layers 1 layer or unvegetated

Riparian Width Determination



Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory

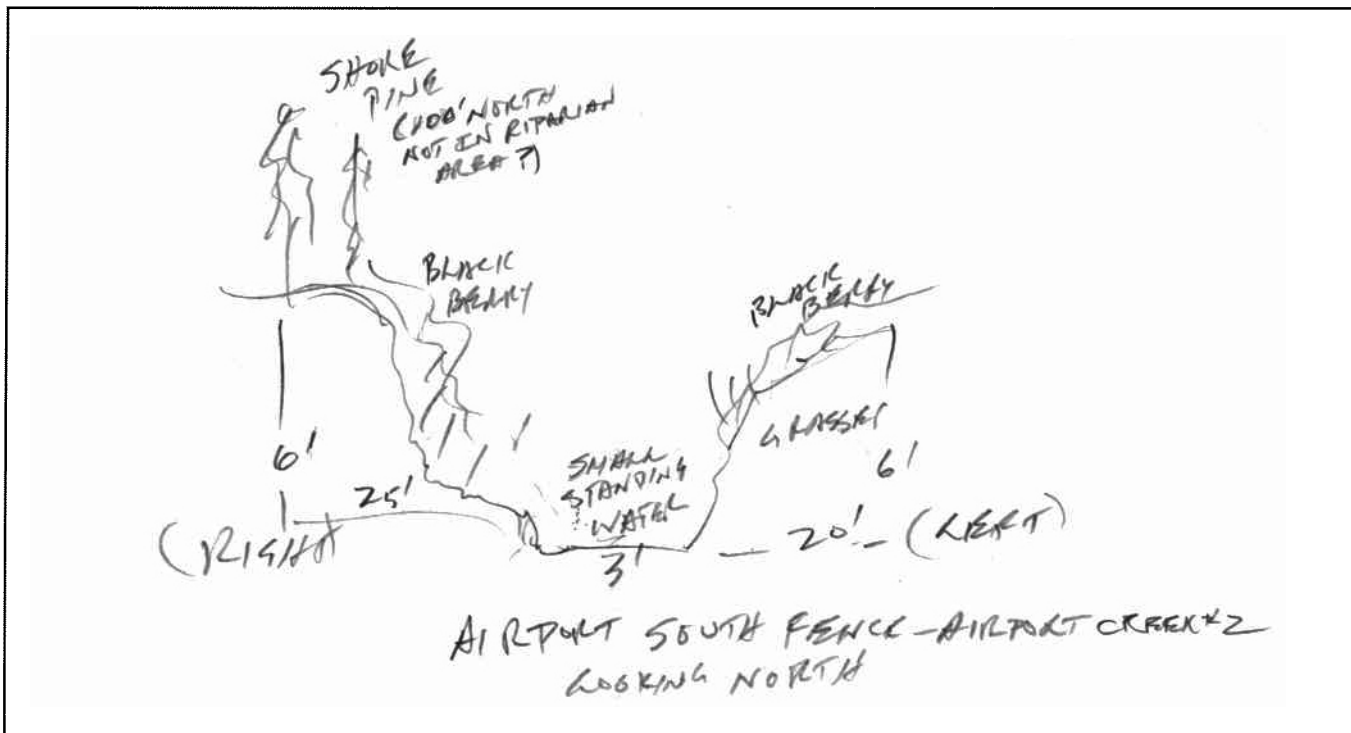
RIPARIAN CODE
RAIR - 6 North

Date: 9/22/2010 Investigators: C. Lysdale
Dominant tree species: Shore Pine
Potential tree height (PTH)/Actual Width of riparian area : 50/20L & 25R feet
(Width measured horizontally from edge of water resource)
PTH determined by:
On-site vegetation Reference site Code _____

Comments: Stream drains very limited area, and streambed appears usually dry.

Photos RAIR-6Nveg, RAIR-6Nstr

Typical Cross Section:



Riparian Characterization Form

Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory



GENERAL INFORMATION

Riparian Code: RAIR-6 North Location of data point: RAIR - 6

Reach Length: _____

Hydrologic Basin: _____

On-site: Off-Site:

WATER RESOURCE INFORMATION

Water Resource: Stream/River: Lake/Pond: _____ Wetland: _____

Width: 3 feet

Width: _____ feet

Width: _____ feet

LWI Wetland Code: _____

Water present year-round: Yes No

Are salmonids present in the adjacent water resource? Yes No

Is the water resource listed for temperature on DEQ's 303(d) list: Yes No

Within FEMA-mapped 100-year floodplain: Yes No

Mapped soil series: Yaquina loamy fine sand

Adjacent Land Uses? (Check as many as needed)

Agriculture: Roads:

Commercial/Indus.: Undeveloped:

Residential: Forestry:

Woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines >1 meter)	Herbaceous vegetation (include trees, shrubs, vines <1 meter)
Shore Pine	Blackberry

1 meter = 3.2 feet

Average slope in the riparian area: (Question 1)

<10:1 (10%) Between 10:1 (10%) and 5:1 (20%) >5:1 (20%)

Extent of impervious surface within the riparian area. (Question 4)

<10% 10% - 25% >25%

Left&Right

Is the reach constricted by man-made features? (Question 8)

Yes No

Does the orientation of the riparian area allow for shading of the water resource at midday in summer? (Question 9)

Yes No

Dominant vegetation layer within riparian area? (Question 10)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Does woody vegetation hang over the edge of the water? (Questions 11 & 14)

Yes No

Large woody debris in riparian area? (Question 15)

Yes No

Percent of water resource bordered by vegetated riparian area at least 30 feet wide? (Question 16)

>40% 10% - 40% <10%

Degree of development or human caused disturbance. (Question 19)

<25% 25% - 75% >75%

How does the NRCS soil survey rank water erosion hazard of the dominant mapped unit in the Riparian Area? (Question 5)

low, slight moderate high, very high, severe

What is the dominant vegetation at the top of bank (if defined) or edge of water resource? (Question 3)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Are there flood prone areas (adjacent flat areas, depressions, swales, FEMA mapped 100-year floodplain, etc.) beyond the top of bank or edge of the water resource? (Question 6)

Yes No

Is woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines) greater than 1 meter (3.2 feet) high dominant in the flood prone riparian area?

Yes No or no flood prone area present

How many vegetation layers (i.e. canopy, mid-story, groundcover) are present?

More than 2 2 layers 1 layer or unvegetated

Riparian Width Determination



Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory

RIPARIAN CODE
RAIR - 6 South

Date: 9/22/2010 Investigators: C. Lysdale

Dominant tree species: Douglas Fir

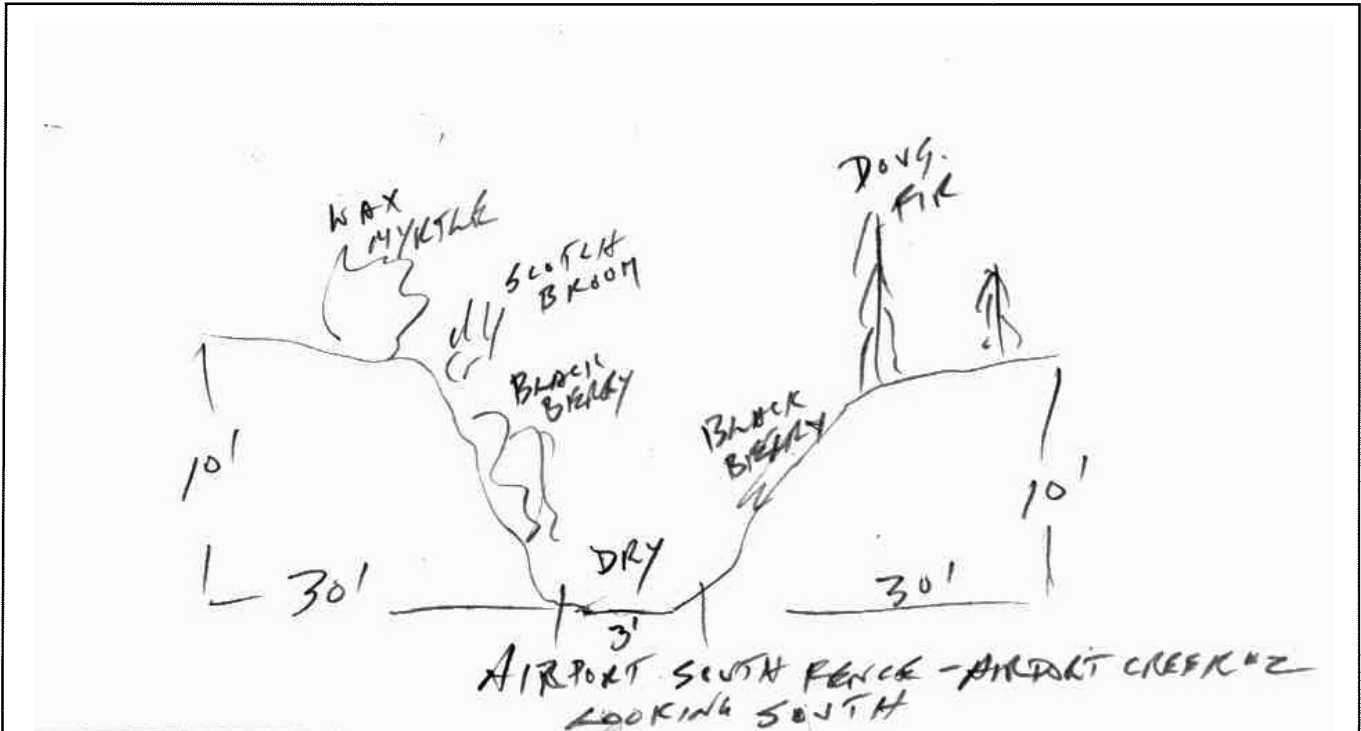
Potential tree height (PTH)/Actual Width of riparian area : 120/30L & 30R feet
(Width measured horizontally from edge of water resource)

PTH determined by:
On-site vegetation Reference site Code _____

Comments: Streambed appears usually dry.

Photos RAIR-6Sveg, RAIR-6Sstr

Typical Cross Section:



Riparian Characterization Form

Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory



GENERAL INFORMATION

Riparian Code: RAIR-6 South Location of data point: RAIR - 6

Reach Length: _____

Hydrologic Basin: _____

On-site: Off-Site:

WATER RESOURCE INFORMATION

Water Resource: Stream/River: Lake/Pond: _____ Wetland: _____

Width: 3 feet

Width: _____ feet

Width: _____ feet

LWI Wetland Code: _____

Water present year-round: Yes No

Are salmonids present in the adjacent water resource? Yes No

Is the water resource listed for temperature on DEQ's 303(d) list: Yes No

Within FEMA-mapped 100-year floodplain: Yes No

Mapped soil series: Walldport fine sand, 12-30% slopes

Adjacent Land Uses? (Check as many as needed)

Agriculture: Roads:

Commercial/Indus.: Undeveloped:

Residential: Forestry:

Woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines >1 meter)	Herbaceous vegetation (include trees, shrubs, vines <1 meter)
Douglas Fir	Blackberry
California Wax Myrtle	Scotch Broom

1 meter = 3.2 feet

Average slope in the riparian area: (Question 1)

<10:1 (10%) Between 10:1 (10%) and 5:1 (20%) >5:1 (20%)

Extent of impervious surface within the riparian area. (Question 4)

<10% 10% - 25% >25%

Is the reach constricted by man-made features? (Question 8)

Yes No

Does the orientation of the riparian area allow for shading of the water resource at midday in summer? (Question 9)

Yes No

Dominant vegetation layer within riparian area? (Question 10)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Does woody vegetation hang over the edge of the water? (Questions 11 & 14)

Yes No

Large woody debris in riparian area? (Question 15)

Yes No

Percent of water resource bordered by vegetated riparian area at least 30 feet wide? (Question 16)

>40% 10% - 40% <10%

Degree of development or human caused disturbance. (Question 19)

<25% 25% - 75% >75%

How does the NRCS soil survey rank water erosion hazard of the dominant mapped unit in the Riparian Area? (Question 5)

low, slight moderate high, very high, severe

What is the dominant vegetation at the top of bank (if defined) or edge of water resource? (Question 3)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Are there flood prone areas (adjacent flat areas, depressions, swales, FEMA mapped 100-year floodplain, etc.) beyond the top of bank or edge of the water resource? (Question 6)

Yes No

Is woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines) greater than 1 meter (3.2 feet) high dominant in the flood prone riparian area?

Yes No or no flood prone area present

How many vegetation layers (i.e. canopy, mid-story, groundcover) are present?

More than 2 2 layers 1 layer or unvegetated

Riparian Width Determination



Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory

RIPARIAN CODE
RAIR - 7 North

Date: 9/22/2010 Investigators: C. Lysdale

Dominant tree species: Shore Pine

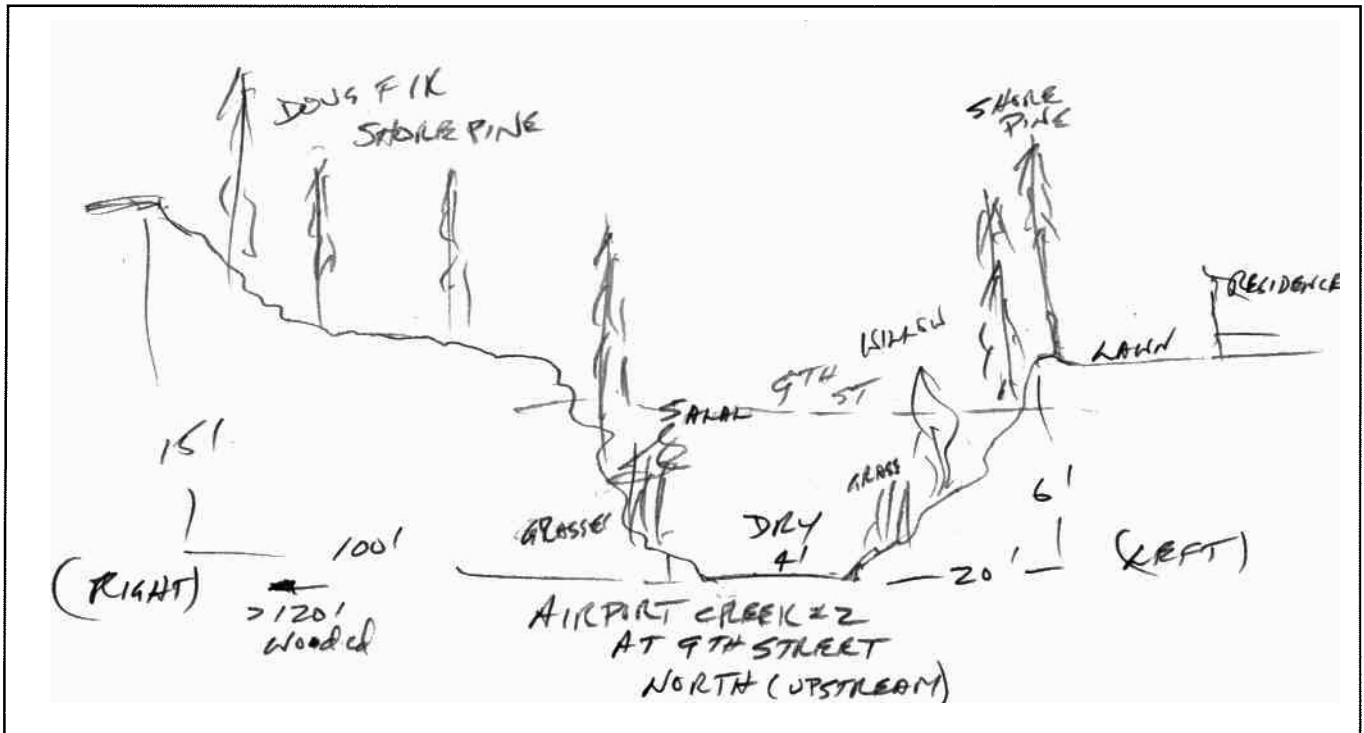
Potential tree height (PTH)/Actual Width of riparian area : 50/20L & 100R feet
(Width measured horizontally from edge of water resource)

PTH determined by:
On-site vegetation Reference site Code _____

Comments: Stream disappears under street at this location - probably into storm sewer.

Photos RAIR-7Nveg, RAIR-7Nstr

Typical Cross Section:



Riparian Characterization Form

Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory



GENERAL INFORMATION

Riparian Code: RAIR-7 North Location of data point: RAIR - 7

Reach Length: _____

Hydrologic Basin: _____

On-site: Off-Site:

WATER RESOURCE INFORMATION

Water Resource: Stream/River: Lake/Pond: _____ Wetland: _____

Width: 4 feet

Width: _____ feet

Width: _____ feet

LWI Wetland Code: _____

Water present year-round: Yes No

Are salmonids present in the adjacent water resource? Yes No

Is the water resource listed for temperature on DEQ's 303(d) list: Yes No

Within FEMA-mapped 100-year floodplain: Yes No

Mapped soil series: Walpoort fine sand, 0-12% slopes

Adjacent Land Uses? (Check as many as needed)

Agriculture: Roads:

Commercial/Indus.: Undeveloped:

Residential: Forestry:

Woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines >1 meter)	Herbaceous vegetation (include trees, shrubs, vines <1 meter)
Douglas Fir	Salal
Shore Pine	Grasses
Willow	

1 meter = 3.2 feet

Average slope in the riparian area: (Question 1)

<10:1 (10%) Between 10:1 (10%) and 5:1 (20%) >5:1 (20%)

Right Left

Extent of impervious surface within the riparian area. (Question 4)

<10% 10% - 25% >25%

Is the reach constricted by man-made features? (Question 8)

Yes No

Does the orientation of the riparian area allow for shading of the water resource at midday in summer? (Question 9)

Yes No

Dominant vegetation layer within riparian area? (Question 10)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Does woody vegetation hang over the edge of the water? (Questions 11 & 14)

Yes No

Large woody debris in riparian area? (Question 15)

Yes No

Percent of water resource bordered by vegetated riparian area at least 30 feet wide? (Question 16)

>40% 10% - 40% <10%

Degree of development or human caused disturbance. (Question 19)

<25% 25% - 75% >75%

How does the NRCS soil survey rank water erosion hazard of the dominant mapped unit in the Riparian Area? (Question 5)

low, slight moderate high, very high, severe

What is the dominant vegetation at the top of bank (if defined) or edge of water resource? (Question 3)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Are there flood prone areas (adjacent flat areas, depressions, swales, FEMA mapped 100-year floodplain, etc.) beyond the top of bank or edge of the water resource? (Question 6)

Yes No

Is woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines) greater than 1 meter (3.2 feet) high dominant in the flood prone riparian area?

Yes No or no flood prone area present

How many vegetation layers (i.e. canopy, mid-story, groundcover) are present?

More than 2 2 layers 1 layer or unvegetated

Riparian Width Determination



Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory

RIPARIAN CODE
RHB - 0.3

Date: 9/17/2010 Investigators: C. Lysdale

Dominant tree species: Shore Pine

Potential tree height (PTH)/Actual Width of riparian area : 50/8L & 15 R feet
(Width measured horizontally from edge of water resource)

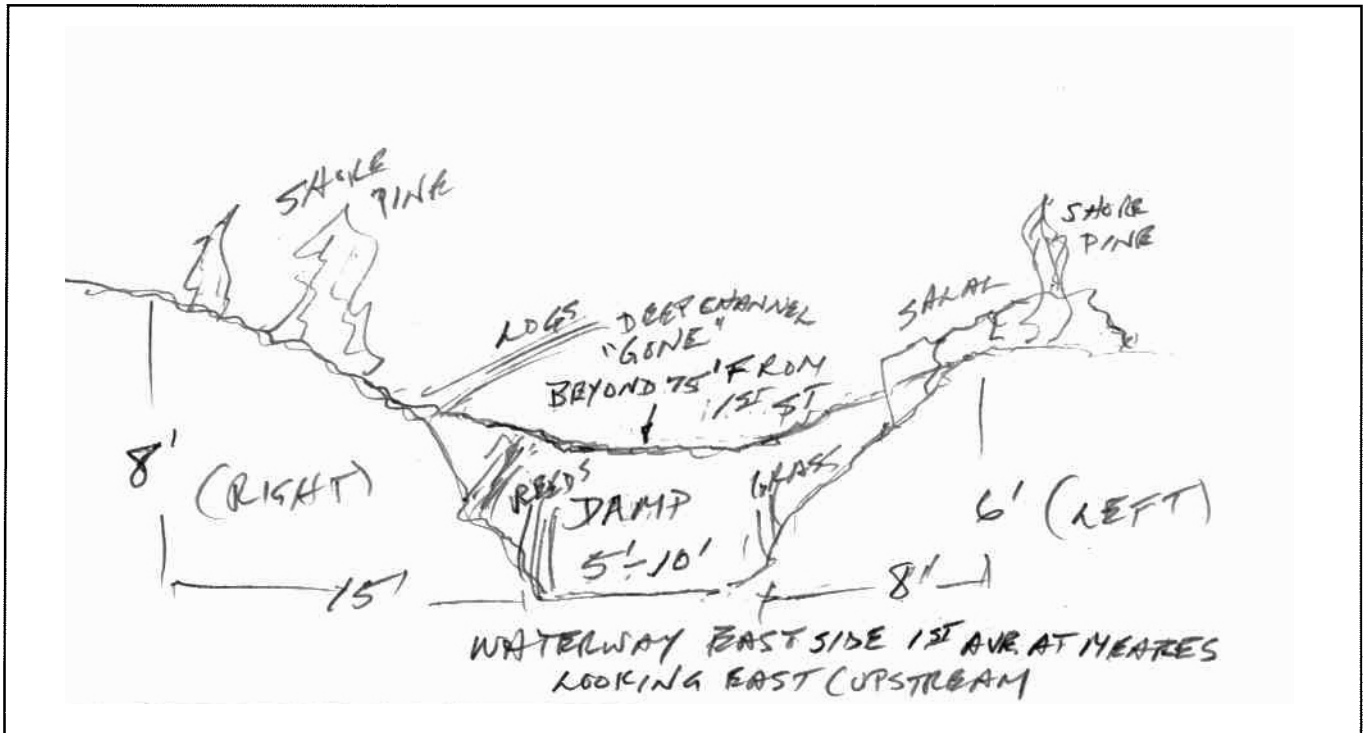
PTH determined by:

On-site vegetation Reference site Code _____

Comments: Waterway enters culvert to beach at 1st Avenue across from Meares Street.

Photos: At 1st Ave, RHB-.3Eveg0, RHB-.3Estr0; at 100' east, RHB-.3Estr&veg

Typical Cross Section:



Riparian Characterization Form

Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory



GENERAL INFORMATION

Riparian Code: RHB-1 Location of data point: RHB-0.3

Reach Length: _____

Hydrologic Basin: _____

On-site: Off-Site:

WATER RESOURCE INFORMATION

Water Resource: Stream/River: Lake/Pond: _____ Wetland: _____

Width: 5 feet

Width: _____ feet

Width: _____ feet

LWI Wetland Code: _____

Water present year-round: Yes No

Are salmonids present in the adjacent water resource? Yes No

Is the water resource listed for temperature on DEQ's 303(d) list: Yes No

Within FEMA-mapped 100-year floodplain: Yes No

Mapped soil series: Walpoort fine sand, 0-12% slopes

Adjacent Land Uses? (Check as many as needed)

Agriculture: Roads:

Commercial/Indus.: Undeveloped:

Residential: Forestry:

Woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines >1 meter)	Herbaceous vegetation (include trees, shrubs, vines <1 meter)
Shore Pine	Reeds
Sisal	Grasses

1 meter = 3.2 feet

Average slope in the riparian area: (Question 1)

<10:1 (10%) Between 10:1 (10%) and 5:1 (20%) >5:1 (20%)

Extent of impervious surface within the riparian area. (Question 4)

<10% 10% - 25% >25%

Left&Right

Is the reach constricted by man-made features? (Question 8)

Yes No

Does the orientation of the riparian area allow for shading of the water resource at midday in summer? (Question 9)

Yes No

Dominant vegetation layer within riparian area? (Question 10)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Does woody vegetation hang over the edge of the water? (Questions 11 & 14)

Yes No

Large woody debris in riparian area? (Question 15)

Yes No

Percent of water resource bordered by vegetated riparian area at least 30 feet wide? (Question 16)

>40% 10% - 40% <10%

Degree of development or human caused disturbance. (Question 19)

<25% 25% - 75% >75%

How does the NRCS soil survey rank water erosion hazard of the dominant mapped unit in the Riparian Area? (Question 5)

low, slight moderate high, very high, severe

What is the dominant vegetation at the top of bank (if defined) or edge of water resource? (Question 3)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Are there flood prone areas (adjacent flat areas, depressions, swales, FEMA mapped 100-year floodplain, etc.) beyond the top of bank or edge of the water resource? (Question 6)

Yes No

Is woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines) greater than 1 meter (3.2 feet) high dominant in the flood prone riparian area?

Yes No or no flood prone area present

How many vegetation layers (i.e. canopy, mid-story, groundcover) are present?

More than 2 2 layers 1 layer or unvegetated

Riparian Width Determination



Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory

RIPARIAN CODE
RHB - 0.6

Date: 9/17/2010 Investigators: C. Lysdale

Dominant tree species: Shore Pine

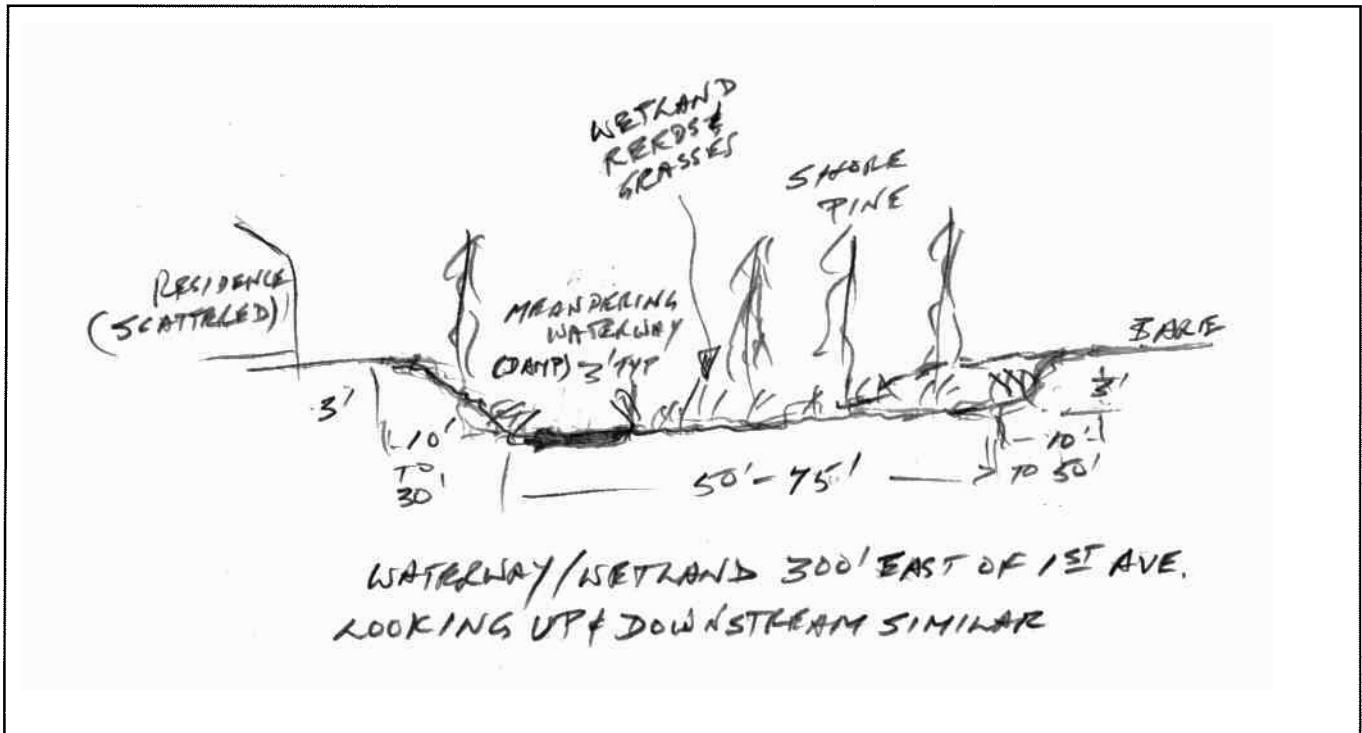
Potential tree height (PTH)/Actual Width of riparian area : 50/30L & 30R feet
(Width measured horizontally from edge of water resource)

PTH determined by:
On-site vegetation Reference site Code _____

Comments: Seasonal waterway meanders through a riparian wetland of 50' to 100' total width.

Photos RHB-.6Eveg, RHB-.6Eveg0, RHB-.6Estr

Typical Cross Section:



Riparian Characterization Form

Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory



GENERAL INFORMATION

Riparian Code: RHB-A Location of data point: RHB - 0.6

Reach Length: _____

Hydrologic Basin: _____

On-site: Off-Site:

WATER RESOURCE INFORMATION

Water Resource: Stream/River: Lake/Pond: _____ Wetland: _____

Width: 3 feet

Width: _____ feet

Width: _____ feet

LWI Wetland Code: _____

Water present year-round: Yes No

Are salmonids present in the adjacent water resource? Yes No

Is the water resource listed for temperature on DEQ's 303(d) list: Yes No

Within FEMA-mapped 100-year floodplain: Yes No

Mapped soil series: Walpoort fine sand, 0-12% slopes

Adjacent Land Uses? (Check as many as needed)

Agriculture: Roads:

Commercial/Indus.: Undeveloped:

Residential: Forestry:

Woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines >1 meter)	Herbaceous vegetation (include trees, shrubs, vines <1 meter)
Shore Pine	Grasses
	Reeds

1 meter = 3.2 feet

Average slope in the riparian area: (Question 1)

<10:1 (10%) Between 10:1 (10%) and 5:1 (20%) >5:1 (20%)

Extent of impervious surface within the riparian area. (Question 4)

<10% 10% - 25% >25%

Is the reach constricted by man-made features? (Question 8)

Yes No

Does the orientation of the riparian area allow for shading of the water resource at midday in summer? (Question 9)

Yes No

Dominant vegetation layer within riparian area? (Question 10)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Does woody vegetation hang over the edge of the water? (Questions 11 & 14)

Yes No

Large woody debris in riparian area? (Question 15)

Yes No

Percent of water resource bordered by vegetated riparian area at least 30 feet wide? (Question 16)

>40% 10% - 40% <10%

Degree of development or human caused disturbance. (Question 19)

<25% 25% - 75% >75%

How does the NRCS soil survey rank water erosion hazard of the dominant mapped unit in the Riparian Area? (Question 5)

low, slight moderate high, very high, severe

What is the dominant vegetation at the top of bank (if defined) or edge of water resource? (Question 3)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Are there flood prone areas (adjacent flat areas, depressions, swales, FEMA mapped 100-year floodplain, etc.) beyond the top of bank or edge of the water resource? (Question 6)

Yes No

Is woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines) greater than 1 meter (3.2 feet) high dominant in the flood prone riparian area?

Yes No or no flood prone area present

How many vegetation layers (i.e. canopy, mid-story, groundcover) are present?

More than 2 2 layers 1 layer or unvegetated

Riparian Width Determination



Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory

RIPARIAN CODE
RHB - 1

Date: 9/17/2010 Investigators: C. Lysdale

Dominant tree species: Shore Pine

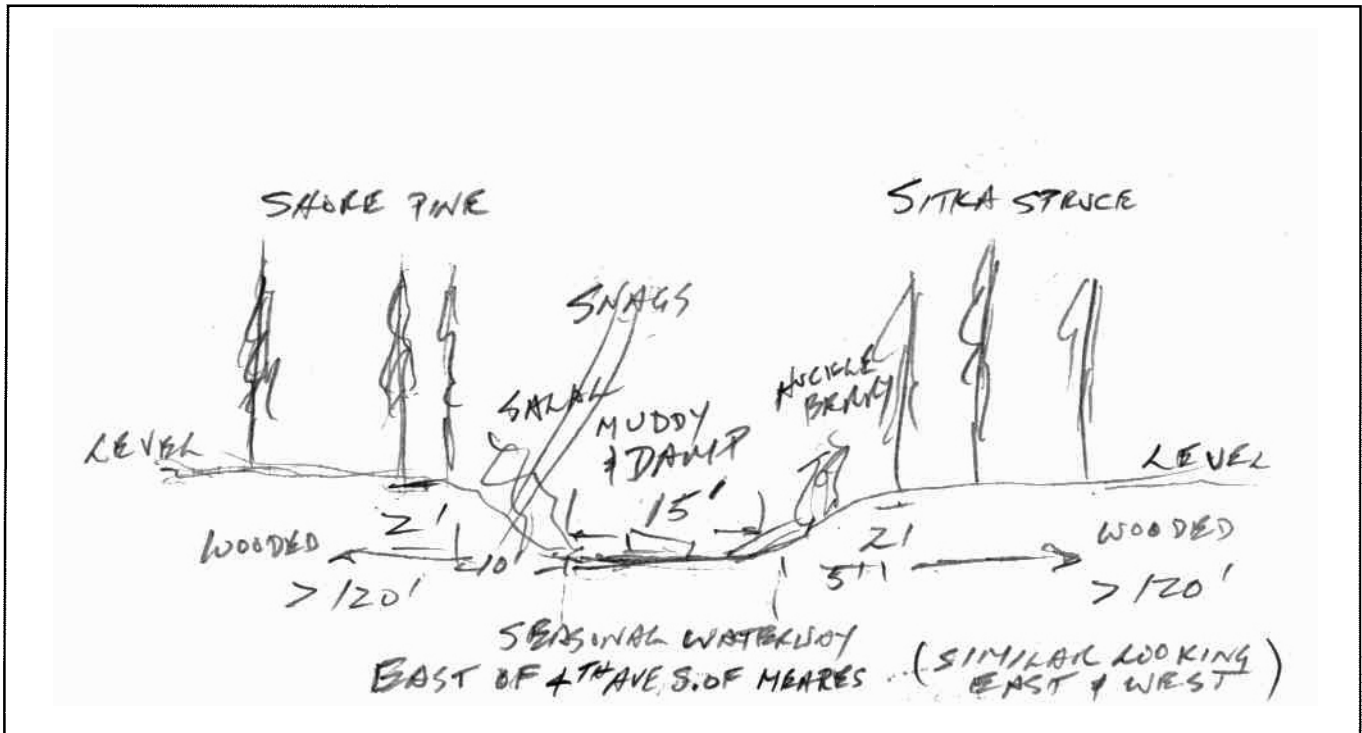
Potential tree height (PTH)/Actual Width of riparian area : 50/50L&50R feet
(Width measured horizontally from edge of water resource)

PTH determined by:
On-site vegetation Reference site Code _____

Comments: Stream bed is a wide depression in an otherwise mostly level wooded area.

Photos RHB-1Eveg0, RHB-1Estr0; and at 100' east RHB-1Eveg, RHB-1Estr

Typical Cross Section:



Riparian Characterization Form

Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory



GENERAL INFORMATION

Riparian Code: RHB-B Location of data point: RHB - 1

Reach Length: _____

Hydrologic Basin: _____

On-site: Off-Site:

WATER RESOURCE INFORMATION

Water Resource: Stream/River: Lake/Pond: _____ Wetland: _____

Width: 15 feet

Width: _____ feet

Width: _____ feet

LWI Wetland Code: _____

Water present year-round: Yes No

Are salmonids present in the adjacent water resource? Yes No

Is the water resource listed for temperature on DEQ's 303(d) list: Yes No

Within FEMA-mapped 100-year floodplain: Yes No

Mapped soil series: Yaquina loamy fine sand

Adjacent Land Uses? (Check as many as needed)

Agriculture: Roads:

Commercial/Indus.: Undeveloped:

Residential: Forestry:

Woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines >1 meter)	Herbaceous vegetation (include trees, shrubs, vines <1 meter)
Sitka Spruce	Salal
Shore Pine	Huckleberry

1 meter = 3.2 feet

Average slope in the riparian area: (Question 1)

<10:1 (10%) Between 10:1 (10%) and 5:1 (20%) >5:1 (20%)

Extent of impervious surface within the riparian area. (Question 4)

<10% 10% - 25% >25%

Is the reach constricted by man-made features? (Question 8)

Yes No

Does the orientation of the riparian area allow for shading of the water resource at midday in summer? (Question 9)

Yes No

Dominant vegetation layer within riparian area? (Question 10)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Does woody vegetation hang over the edge of the water? (Questions 11 & 14)

Yes No

Large woody debris in riparian area? (Question 15)

Yes No

Percent of water resource bordered by vegetated riparian area at least 30 feet wide? (Question 16)

>40% 10% - 40% <10%

Degree of development or human caused disturbance. (Question 19)

<25% 25% - 75% >75%

How does the NRCS soil survey rank water erosion hazard of the dominant mapped unit in the Riparian Area? (Question 5)

low, slight moderate high, very high, severe

What is the dominant vegetation at the top of bank (if defined) or edge of water resource? (Question 3)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Are there flood prone areas (adjacent flat areas, depressions, swales, FEMA mapped 100-year floodplain, etc.) beyond the top of bank or edge of the water resource? (Question 6)

Yes No

Is woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines) greater than 1 meter (3.2 feet) high dominant in the flood prone riparian area?

Yes No or no flood prone area present

How many vegetation layers (i.e. canopy, mid-story, groundcover) are present?

More than 2 2 layers 1 layer or unvegetated

Riparian Width Determination



Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory

RIPARIAN CODE
RNS - 2

Date: 10/25/2010 Investigators: C. Lysdale

Dominant tree species: Western Hemlock/Sitka Spruce

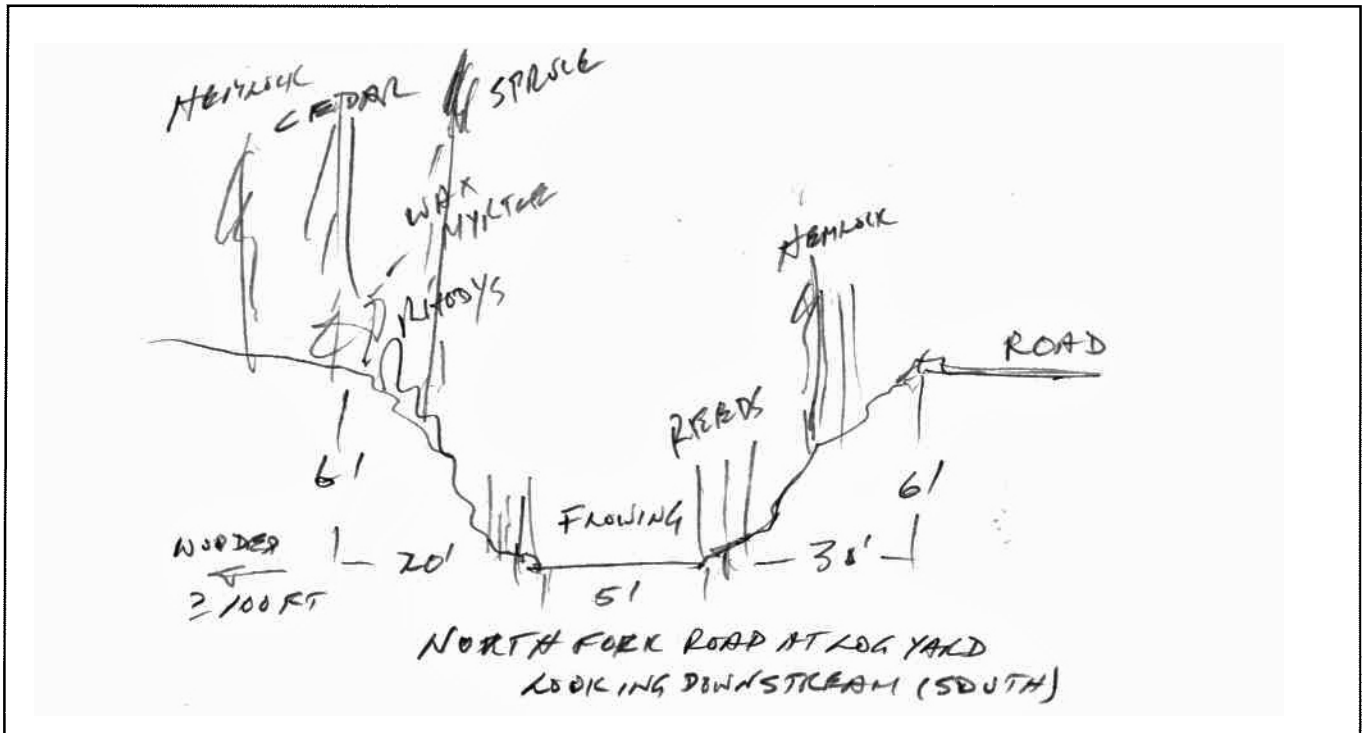
Potential tree height (PTH)/Actual Width of riparian area : 120/100L & 30R feet
(Width measured horizontally from edge of water resource)

PTH determined by:
On-site vegetation Reference site Code _____

Comments: Stream emerges from culvert (west) at this location.

Photos RNS-2veg, RNS-2str

Typical Cross Section:



Riparian Characterization Form

Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory



GENERAL INFORMATION

Riparian Code: RNS-A Location of data point: RNS-2

Reach Length: _____

Hydrologic Basin: North Fork On-site: Off-Site:

WATER RESOURCE INFORMATION

Water Resource: Stream/River: Lake/Pond: _____ Wetland: _____

Width: 5 feet

Width: _____ feet

Width: _____ feet

LWI Wetland Code: _____

Water present year-round: Yes No

Are salmonids present in the adjacent water resource? Yes No

Is the water resource listed for temperature on DEQ's 303(d) list: Yes No

Within FEMA-mapped 100-year floodplain: Yes No

Mapped soil series: Walpoort fine sand, 0-12% slopes

Adjacent Land Uses? (Check as many as needed)

Agriculture: Roads:

Commercial/Indus.: Undeveloped:

Residential: Forestry:

Woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines >1 meter)	Herbaceous vegetation (include trees, shrubs, vines <1 meter)
Western Hemlock	Rhododendron
Western Red Cedar	Bracken Fern
Sitka Spruce	Reeds
California Wax Myrtle	
Douglas Fir	

1 meter = 3.2 feet

Average slope in the riparian area: (Question 1)

<10:1 (10%) Between 10:1 (10%) and 5:1 (20%) >5:1 (20%)

Extent of impervious surface within the riparian area. (Question 4)

<10% 10% - 25% >25%

Is the reach constricted by man-made features? (Question 8)

Yes No

Does the orientation of the riparian area allow for shading of the water resource at midday in summer? (Question 9)

Yes No

Dominant vegetation layer within riparian area? (Question 10)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Does woody vegetation hang over the edge of the water? (Questions 11 & 14)

Yes No

Large woody debris in riparian area? (Question 15)

Yes No

Percent of water resource bordered by vegetated riparian area at least 30 feet wide? (Question 16)

>40% 10% - 40% <10%

Degree of development or human caused disturbance. (Question 19)

<25% 25% - 75% >75%

How does the NRCS soil survey rank water erosion hazard of the dominant mapped unit in the Riparian Area? (Question 5)

low, slight moderate high, very high, severe

What is the dominant vegetation at the top of bank (if defined) or edge of water resource? (Question 3)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Are there flood prone areas (adjacent flat areas, depressions, swales, FEMA mapped 100-year floodplain, etc.) beyond the top of bank or edge of the water resource? (Question 6)

Yes No

Is woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines) greater than 1 meter (3.2 feet) high dominant in the flood prone riparian area?

Yes No or no flood prone area present

How many vegetation layers (i.e. canopy, mid-story, groundcover) are present?

More than 2 2 layers 1 layer or unvegetated

Riparian Width Determination



Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory

RIPARIAN CODE
RNS - 3

Date: 10/25/2010 Investigators: C. Lysdale

Dominant tree species: Western Hemlock

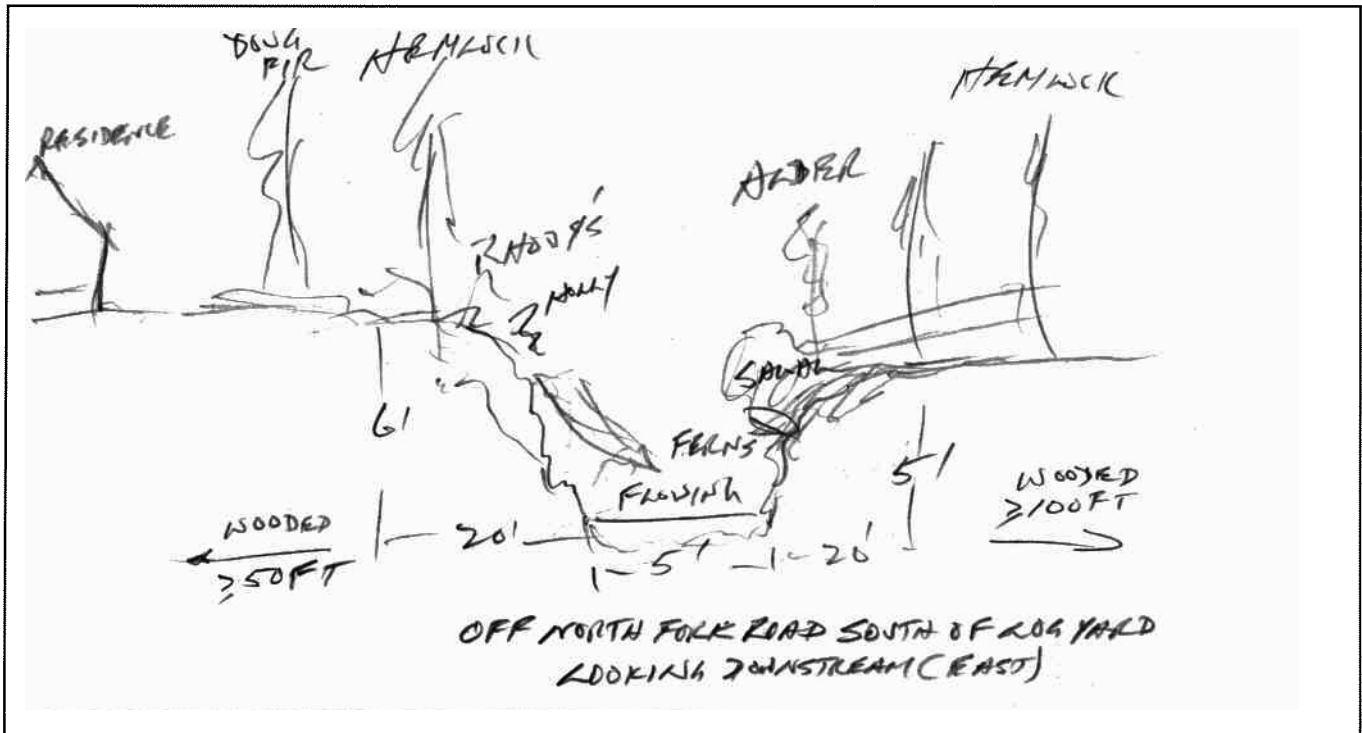
Potential tree height (PTH)/Actual Width of riparian area : 120/50L & 100R feet
(Width measured horizontally from edge of water resource)

PTH determined by:
On-site vegetation Reference site Code _____

Comments: _____

Photos RNS-3veg, RNS-3str

Typical Cross Section:



Riparian Characterization Form

Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory



GENERAL INFORMATION

Riparian Code: RNS-A Location of data point: RNS-3

Reach Length: _____

Hydrologic Basin: North Fork On-site: Off-Site:

WATER RESOURCE INFORMATION

Water Resource: Stream/River: Lake/Pond: _____ Wetland: _____

Width: 5 feet

Width: _____ feet

Width: _____ feet

LWI Wetland Code: _____

Water present year-round: Yes No

Are salmonids present in the adjacent water resource? Yes No

Is the water resource listed for temperature on DEQ's 303(d) list: Yes No

Within FEMA-mapped 100-year floodplain: Yes No

Mapped soil series: Walpoort fine sand, 0-12% slopes

Adjacent Land Uses? (Check as many as needed)

Agriculture: Roads:

Commercial/Indus.: Undeveloped:

Residential: Forestry:

Woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines >1 meter)	Herbaceous vegetation (include trees, shrubs, vines <1 meter)
Western Hemlock	Rhododendron
Douglas Fir	Salal
Red Alder	Holly
	Bracken Fern

1 meter = 3.2 feet

Average slope in the riparian area: (Question 1)

<10:1 (10%) Between 10:1 (10%) and 5:1 (20%) >5:1 (20%)

Extent of impervious surface within the riparian area. (Question 4)

<10% 10% - 25% >25%

Left&Right

Is the reach constricted by man-made features? (Question 8)

Yes No

Does the orientation of the riparian area allow for shading of the water resource at midday in summer? (Question 9)

Yes No

Dominant vegetation layer within riparian area? (Question 10)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Does woody vegetation hang over the edge of the water? (Questions 11 & 14)

Yes No

Large woody debris in riparian area? (Question 15)

Yes No

Percent of water resource bordered by vegetated riparian area at least 30 feet wide? (Question 16)

>40% 10% - 40% <10%

Degree of development or human caused disturbance. (Question 19)

<25% 25% - 75% >75%

How does the NRCS soil survey rank water erosion hazard of the dominant mapped unit in the Riparian Area? (Question 5)

low, slight moderate high, very high, severe

What is the dominant vegetation at the top of bank (if defined) or edge of water resource? (Question 3)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Are there flood prone areas (adjacent flat areas, depressions, swales, FEMA mapped 100-year floodplain, etc.) beyond the top of bank or edge of the water resource? (Question 6)

Yes No

Is woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines) greater than 1 meter (3.2 feet) high dominant in the flood prone riparian area?

Yes No or no flood prone area present

How many vegetation layers (i.e. canopy, mid-story, groundcover) are present?

More than 2 2 layers 1 layer or unvegetated

Riparian Width Determination



Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory

RIPARIAN CODE
RRH - 1

Date: 9/21/2010 Investigators: C. Lysdale

Dominant tree species: Red Alder/Shore Pine

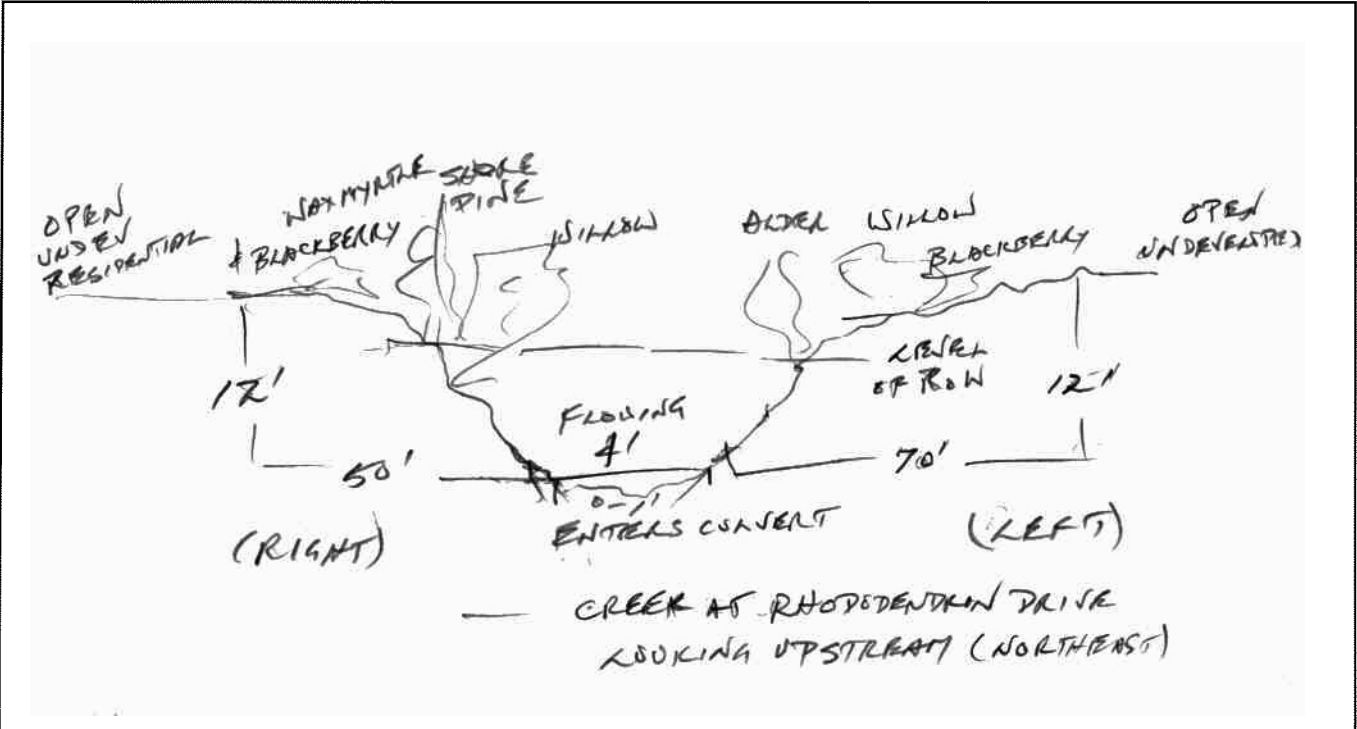
Potential tree height (PTH)/Actual Width of riparian area : 65/70L & 50 R feet
(Width measured horizontally from edge of water resource)

PTH determined by:
On-site vegetation Reference site Code _____

Comments: Stream enters large concrete box culvert at this location.

Photos RRH-1Eveg0, RRH-1Eveg; RRH-1Estr

Typical Cross Section:



Riparian Characterization Form

Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory



GENERAL INFORMATION

Riparian Code: RRH-1NE Location of data point: RRH - 1

Reach Length: _____

Hydrologic Basin: _____

On-site: Off-Site:

WATER RESOURCE INFORMATION

Water Resource: Stream/River: Lake/Pond: _____ Wetland: _____

Width: 4 feet

Width: _____ feet

Width: _____ feet

LWI Wetland Code: _____

Water present year-round: Yes No

Are salmonids present in the adjacent water resource? Yes No

Is the water resource listed for temperature on DEQ's 303(d) list: Yes No

Within FEMA-mapped 100-year floodplain: Yes No

Mapped soil series: Walpoort fine sand, 0-12% slopes

Adjacent Land Uses? (Check as many as needed)

Agriculture: Roads:

Commercial/Indus.: Undeveloped:

Residential: Forestry:

Woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines >1 meter)	Herbaceous vegetation (include trees, shrubs, vines <1 meter)
Shore Pine	
Red Alder	
Willow	
California Wax Myrtle	
Blackberry	

1 meter = 3.2 feet

Average slope in the riparian area: (Question 1)

<10:1 (10%) Between 10:1 (10%) and 5:1 (20%) >5:1 (20%)

Left Right

Extent of impervious surface within the riparian area. (Question 4)

<10% 10% - 25% >25%

Is the reach constricted by man-made features? (Question 8)

Yes No

Does the orientation of the riparian area allow for shading of the water resource at midday in summer? (Question 9)

Yes No

Dominant vegetation layer within riparian area? (Question 10)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Does woody vegetation hang over the edge of the water? (Questions 11 & 14)

Yes No

Large woody debris in riparian area? (Question 15)

Yes No

Percent of water resource bordered by vegetated riparian area at least 30 feet wide? (Question 16)

>40% 10% - 40% <10%

Degree of development or human caused disturbance. (Question 19)

<25% 25% - 75% >75%

How does the NRCS soil survey rank water erosion hazard of the dominant mapped unit in the Riparian Area? (Question 5)

low, slight moderate high, very high, severe

What is the dominant vegetation at the top of bank (if defined) or edge of water resource? (Question 3)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Are there flood prone areas (adjacent flat areas, depressions, swales, FEMA mapped 100-year floodplain, etc.) beyond the top of bank or edge of the water resource? (Question 6)

Yes No

Is woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines) greater than 1 meter (3.2 feet) high dominant in the flood prone riparian area?

Yes No or no flood prone area present

How many vegetation layers (i.e. canopy, mid-story, groundcover) are present?

More than 2 2 layers 1 layer or unvegetated

Riparian Width Determination



Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory

RIPARIAN CODE
RRH - 2SW

Date: 9/21/2010 Investigators: C. Lysdale

Dominant tree species: Shore Pine/Alder

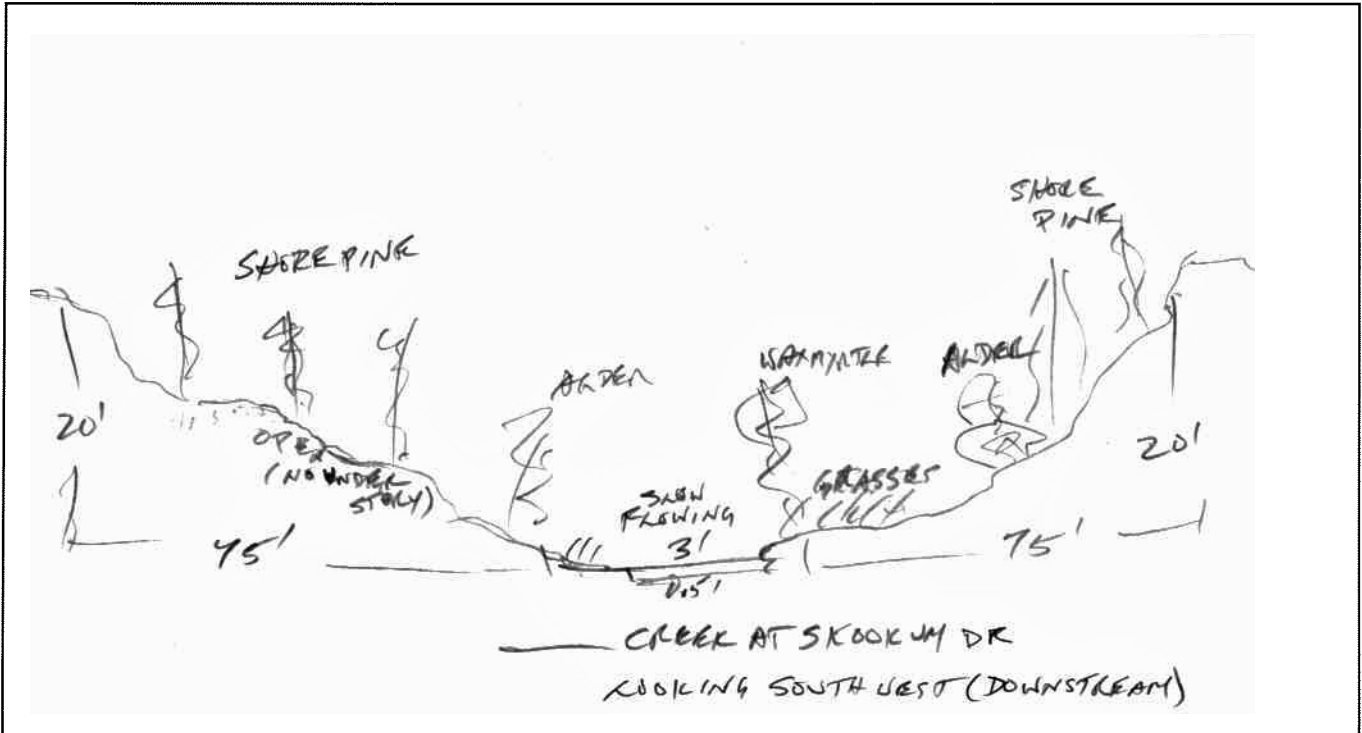
Potential tree height (PTH)/Actual Width of riparian area : 50/75L & 75 R feet
(Width measured horizontally from edge of water resource)

PTH determined by:
On-site vegetation Reference site Code _____

Comments: _____

Photos RRH-2Sveg, RRH-2Sstr

Typical Cross Section:



Riparian Characterization Form

Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory



GENERAL INFORMATION

Riparian Code: RRH-2SW Location of data point: RRH - 2

Reach Length: _____

Hydrologic Basin: _____

On-site: Off-Site:

WATER RESOURCE INFORMATION

Water Resource: Stream/River: Lake/Pond: _____ Wetland: _____

Width: 3 feet

Width: _____ feet

Width: _____ feet

LWI Wetland Code: _____

Water present year-round: Yes No

Are salmonids present in the adjacent water resource? Yes No

Is the water resource listed for temperature on DEQ's 303(d) list: Yes No

Within FEMA-mapped 100-year floodplain: Yes No

Mapped soil series: Dune land

Adjacent Land Uses? (Check as many as needed)

Agriculture: Roads:

Commercial/Indus.: Undeveloped:

Residential: Forestry:

Woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines >1 meter)	Herbaceous vegetation (include trees, shrubs, vines <1 meter)
Shore Pine	Grasses
Red Alder	
California Wax Myrtle	

1 meter = 3.2 feet

Average slope in the riparian area: (Question 1)

<10:1 (10%) Between 10:1 (10%) and 5:1 (20%) >5:1 (20%)

Extent of impervious surface within the riparian area. (Question 4)

<10% 10% - 25% >25%

Is the reach constricted by man-made features? (Question 8)

Yes No

Does the orientation of the riparian area allow for shading of the water resource at midday in summer? (Question 9)

Yes No

Dominant vegetation layer within riparian area? (Question 10)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Does woody vegetation hang over the edge of the water? (Questions 11 & 14)

Yes No

Large woody debris in riparian area? (Question 15)

Yes No

Percent of water resource bordered by vegetated riparian area at least 30 feet wide? (Question 16)

>40% 10% - 40% <10%

Degree of development or human caused disturbance. (Question 19)

<25% 25% - 75% >75%

How does the NRCS soil survey rank water erosion hazard of the dominant mapped unit in the Riparian Area? (Question 5)

low, slight moderate high, very high, severe

What is the dominant vegetation at the top of bank (if defined) or edge of water resource? (Question 3)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Are there flood prone areas (adjacent flat areas, depressions, swales, FEMA mapped 100-year floodplain, etc.) beyond the top of bank or edge of the water resource? (Question 6)

Yes No

Is woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines) greater than 1 meter (3.2 feet) high dominant in the flood prone riparian area?

Yes No or no flood prone area present

How many vegetation layers (i.e. canopy, mid-story, groundcover) are present?

More than 2 2 layers 1 layer or unvegetated

Riparian Width Determination



Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory

RIPARIAN CODE
RRH - 2NE

Date: 9/21/2010 Investigators: C. Lysdale

Dominant tree species: Shore Pine

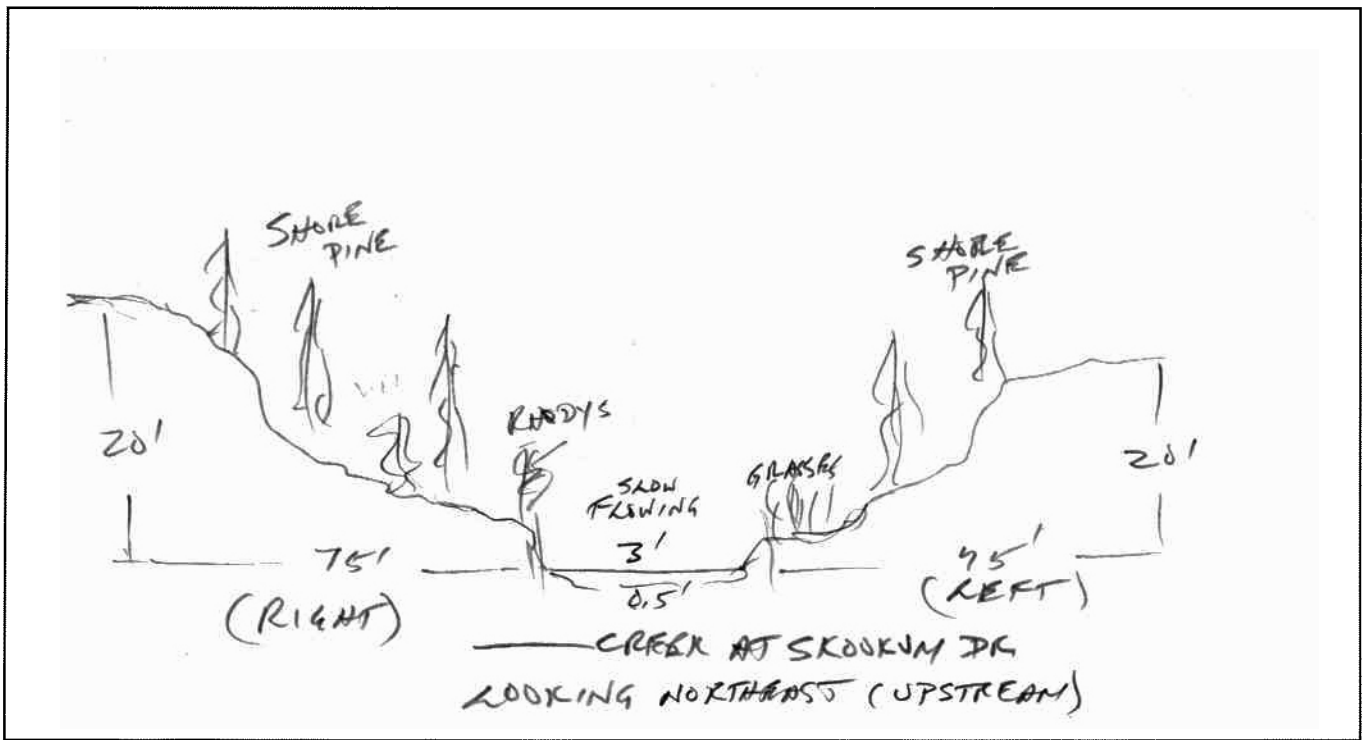
Potential tree height (PTH)/Actual Width of riparian area : 50/75L & 75 R feet
(Width measured horizontally from edge of water resource)

PTH determined by:
On-site vegetation Reference site Code _____

Comments: _____

Photos RRH-2Nveg, RRH-2Nstr

Typical Cross Section:



Riparian Characterization Form

Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory



GENERAL INFORMATION

Riparian Code: RRH-2NE Location of data point: RRH - 2

Reach Length: _____

Hydrologic Basin: _____

On-site: Off-Site:

WATER RESOURCE INFORMATION

Water Resource: Stream/River: Lake/Pond: _____ Wetland: _____

Width: 3 feet

Width: _____ feet

Width: _____ feet

LWI Wetland Code: _____

Water present year-round: Yes No

Are salmonids present in the adjacent water resource? Yes No

Is the water resource listed for temperature on DEQ's 303(d) list: Yes No

Within FEMA-mapped 100-year floodplain: Yes No

Mapped soil series: Dune land

Adjacent Land Uses? (Check as many as needed)

Agriculture: Roads:

Commercial/Indus.: Undeveloped:

Residential: Forestry:

Woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines >1 meter)	Herbaceous vegetation (include trees, shrubs, vines <1 meter)
Shore Pine	Grasses
Rhododendron	

1 meter = 3.2 feet

Average slope in the riparian area: (Question 1)

<10:1 (10%) Between 10:1 (10%) and 5:1 (20%) >5:1 (20%)

Extent of impervious surface within the riparian area. (Question 4)

<10% 10% - 25% >25%

Left&Right

Is the reach constricted by man-made features? (Question 8)

Yes No

Does the orientation of the riparian area allow for shading of the water resource at midday in summer? (Question 9)

Yes No

Dominant vegetation layer within riparian area? (Question 10)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Does woody vegetation hang over the edge of the water? (Questions 11 & 14)

Yes No

Large woody debris in riparian area? (Question 15)

Yes No

Percent of water resource bordered by vegetated riparian area at least 30 feet wide? (Question 16)

>40% 10% - 40% <10%

Degree of development or human caused disturbance. (Question 19)

<25% 25% - 75% >75%

How does the NRCS soil survey rank water erosion hazard of the dominant mapped unit in the Riparian Area? (Question 5)

low, slight moderate high, very high, severe

What is the dominant vegetation at the top of bank (if defined) or edge of water resource? (Question 3)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Are there flood prone areas (adjacent flat areas, depressions, swales, FEMA mapped 100-year floodplain, etc.) beyond the top of bank or edge of the water resource? (Question 6)

Yes No

Is woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines) greater than 1 meter (3.2 feet) high dominant in the flood prone riparian area?

Yes No or no flood prone area present

How many vegetation layers (i.e. canopy, mid-story, groundcover) are present?

More than 2 2 layers 1 layer or unvegetated

Riparian Width Determination



Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory

RIPARIAN CODE
RRH-3

Date: 3/1/2011 Investigators: C. Lysdale

Dominant tree species: Shore Pine

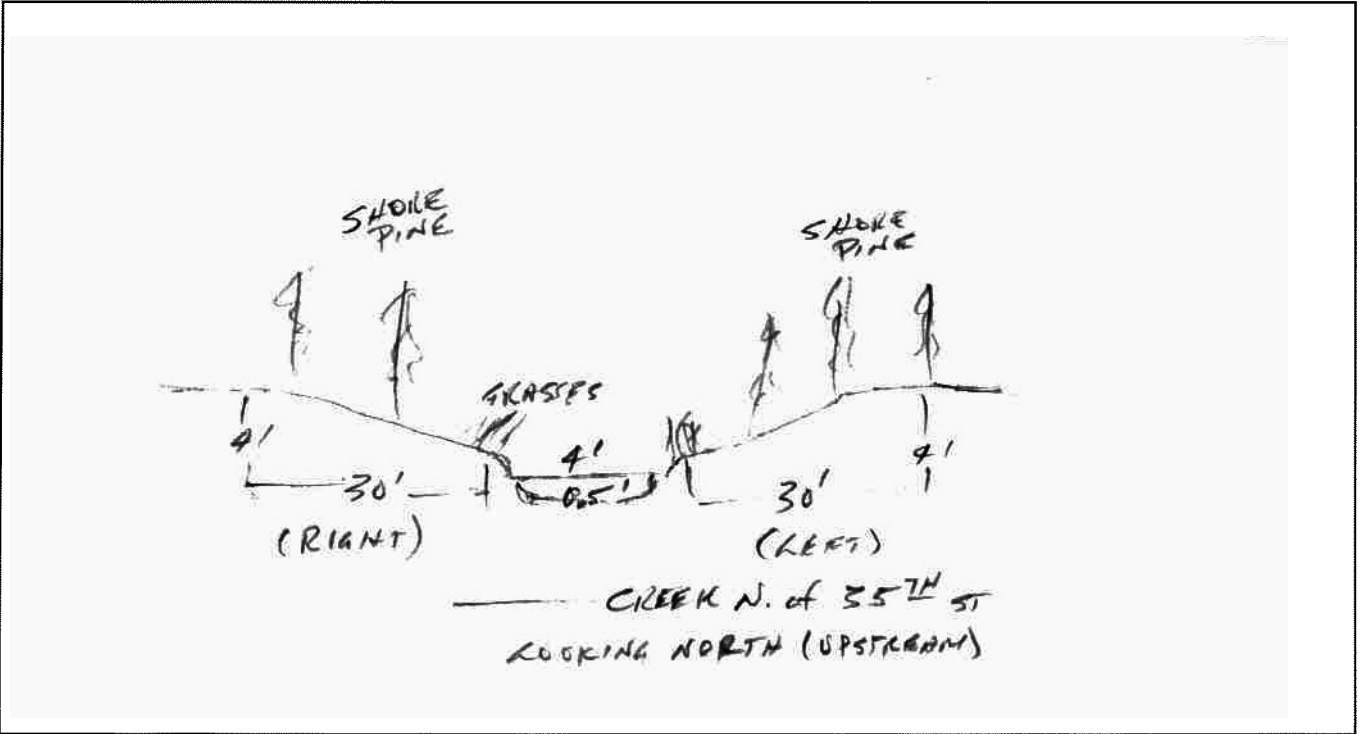
Potential tree height (PTH)/Actual Width of riparian area : 50/30L & 30R feet
(Width measured horizontally from edge of water resource)

PTH determined by:
On-site vegetation Reference site Code _____

Comments: _____

Photos _____

Typical Cross Section:



Riparian Characterization Form

Florence LWI & Riparian Inventory



GENERAL INFORMATION

Riparian Code: RRH-A Location of data point: RRH-3

Reach Length: _____

Hydrologic Basin: _____

On-site: Off-Site:

WATER RESOURCE INFORMATION

Water Resource: Stream/River: Lake/Pond: _____ Wetland: _____

Width: 4 feet

Width: _____ feet

Width: _____ feet

LWI Wetland Code: _____

Water present year-round: Yes No

Are salmonids present in the adjacent water resource? Yes No

Is the water resource listed for temperature on DEQ's 303(d) list: Yes No

Within FEMA-mapped 100-year floodplain: Yes No

Mapped soil series: Dune land

Adjacent Land Uses? (Check as many as needed)

Agriculture: Roads:

Commercial/Indus.: Undeveloped:

Residential: Forestry:

Woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines >1 meter)	Herbaceous vegetation (include trees, shrubs, vines <1 meter)
Shore Pine	Grasses

1 meter = 3.2 feet

Average slope in the riparian area: (Question 1)

<10:1 (10%) Between 10:1 (10%) and 5:1 (20%) >5:1 (20%)

Extent of impervious surface within the riparian area. (Question 4)

<10% 10% - 25% >25%

Is the reach constricted by man-made features? (Question 8)

Yes No

Does the orientation of the riparian area allow for shading of the water resource at midday in summer? (Question 9)

Dominant vegetation layer within riparian area? (Question 10)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Does woody vegetation hang over the edge of the water? (Questions 11 & 14)

Yes No

Large woody debris in riparian area? (Question 15)

Yes No

Percent of water resource bordered by vegetated riparian area at least 30 feet wide? (Question 16)

>40% 10% - 40% <10%

Degree of development or human caused disturbance. (Question 19)

<25% 25% - 75% >75%

How does the NRCS soil survey rank water erosion hazard of the dominant mapped unit in the Riparian Area? (Question 5)

low, slight moderate high, very high, severe

What is the dominant vegetation at the top of bank (if defined) or edge of water resource? (Question 3)

Woody vegetation Herbaceous vegetation Bare ground

Are there flood prone areas (adjacent flat areas, depressions, swales, FEMA mapped 100-year floodplain, etc.) beyond the top of bank or edge of the water resource? (Question 6)

Yes No

Is woody vegetation (trees, shrubs, vines) greater than 1 meter (3.2 feet) high dominant in the flood prone riparian area?

Yes No or no flood prone area present

How many vegetation layers (i.e. canopy, mid-story, groundcover) are present?

More than 2 2 layers 1 layer or unvegetated

REACH SUMMARY -- Florence Riparian Inventory

Date(s) of field work: **9/25/10, 10/24/10** Stream Name: **Munsel Creek**
Investigator(s): **CAL** Stream Reach: **RMC-A**
Location: **Siuslaw Estuary to Hwy. 126** Reach Length: **545 feet**
Assessment Sites: **RMC-0, RMC-1S** Hydrologic basin: **Munsel Creek**

Water Resource(s): **Perennial N to S Stream**, Wetland _____, _____ Lake
Adjacent Land-Use: Undeveloped, Commercial
Soil – Mapped series: Waldport fine sand, 0-12% slopes

Channel & Riparian Characteristics:

Channel Width: **10-50** ft Depth of OHW: **4** ft Man-made Channel: ___ Y **X** N
Shaded Summer Midday: ___ Y **X** N Water Erosion Hazard: ___ Hi **X** Lo
Flood Prone Areas: **X** Y ___ N, Woody Vegetation in Flood Area: **X** Y ___ N
Woody Debris in Riparian Area: Present: **X** Not Present: ___
Extent of Impervious Surface: 0-10% **X** 11-24% ___ > 25% ___
Degree of Development/Human Disturbance: 0-25% **X** 26-74% ___ > 75% ___
Comments: Reach is tidal from Siuslaw estuary.

Riparian Vegetation

Number of Layers: 0-1 ___ 2 ___ > 2 **X**. Hang over water: **X** Yes ___ No
Dominant Layer: **Woody > 1m** Dominant TOB: **Woody > 1m**

TREES

Sitka Spruce
Douglas Fir
Red Alder
Willow

SHRUBS

Blackberry
Holly

HERBACEOUS

Reeds
Grasses
Bracken Fern

Riparian Dimensions: (Estimated – Looking Downstream, TOB = Top of Bank)

Average Slope in Riparian Area: 0-10% ___ 11-19% **X** > 20% ___
Riparian Width at least 30 feet: 0-10% ___ 11-39% ___ > 40% **X**

Width of Riparian Area Looking Downstream: Left: **30 feet** Right: **40 feet**
Total Riparian Area: Left: **0.4 acres** Right: **0.5 acres**

Rationale/Comments: Riparian widths are measured above the area flooded at high tide up slope to the topographical peak at level upland.

REACH SUMMARY -- Florence Riparian Inventory

Date(s) of field work: **8/25/10 – 9/26/10** Stream Name: **Munsel Creek**
Investigator(s): **CAL** Stream Reach: **RMC-B**
Location: **Hwy. 126 to M.C. Greenway Park** Reach Length: **8550 feet**
Assessment Sites: **RMC-1N, RMC-2, RMC-3, RMC-4, RMC-5, RMC-6, RMC-6.3** Hydrologic basin: **Munsel Creek**

Water Resource(s): **Perennial N to S Stream**, Wetland _____, _____ Lake
Adjacent Land-Use: Residential
Soil – Mapped series: Yaquina loamy fine sand

Channel & Riparian Characteristics:

Channel Width: 9 ft Depth of OHW: 3 ft Man-made Channel: ___ Y X N
Shaded Summer Midday: Y Y ___ N Water Erosion Hazard: ___ Hi X Lo
Flood Prone Areas: ___ Y X N, Woody Vegetation in Flood Area: ___ Y X N
Woody Debris in Riparian Area: Present: X Not Present: ___
Extent of Impervious Surface: 0-10% X 11-24% ___ > 25% ___
Degree of Development/Human Disturbance: 0-25% X 26-74% ___ > 75% ___
Comments: Stream is perennial and well shaded by large conifers and shrubs.

Riparian Vegetation

Number of Layers: 0-1 ___ 2 ___ > 2 X. Hang over water: X Yes ___ No
Dominant Layer: Woody > 1m Dominant TOB: Woody > 1m.

TREES

Douglas Fir
Western Hemlock
Western Red Cedar
Red Alder

SHRUBS

Salal
Huckleberry
Rhododendron

HERBACEOUS

Grasses
Reeds

Riparian Dimensions: (Estimated – Looking Downstream, TOB = Top of Bank)

Average Slope in Riparian Area: 0-10% ___ 11-19% X > 20% ___
Riparian Width at least 30 feet: 0-10% ___ 11-39% ___ > 40% X

Width of Riparian Area Looking Downstream: Left: 50 feet Right: 50 feet
Total Riparian Area: Left: 9.8 acres Right: 9.8 acres

Rationale/Comments: Reach lies entirely within a residential area. Riparian widths are set from TOB to the topographical break to level upland, which is also typically the boundary of established residential development.

REACH SUMMARY -- Florence Riparian Inventory

Date(s) of field work: **9/26/10, 10/28/10** Stream Name: **Munsel Creek**
Investigator(s): **CAL** Stream Reach: **RMC-C**
Location: **M.C. Greenway Park to M.C. Loop at 35th Street** Reach Length: **2400 feet**
Assessment Sites: **RMC-6.3, RMC-6.5** Hydrologic basin: **Munsel Creek**

Water Resource(s): **Perennial N to S Stream**, Wetland #6, _____ Lake
Adjacent Land-Use: Residential, Undeveloped
Soil – Mapped series: Yaquina loamy fine sand

Channel & Riparian Characteristics:

Channel Width: Var. ft Depth of OHW: 1 ft Man-made Channel: ___ Y X N
Shaded Summer Midday: X Y ___ N Water Erosion Hazard: ___ Hi X Lo
Flood Prone Areas: X Y ___ N, Woody Vegetation in Flood Area: X Y ___ N
Woody Debris in Riparian Area: Present: X Not Present: ___
Extent of Impervious Surface: 0-10% X 11-24% ___ > 25% ___
Degree of Development/Human Disturbance: 0-25% X 26-74% ___ > 75% ___
Comments: Stream flow primarily passes through wetland LWI - 6 with a minor part passing through a side channel in a residential area (see RMC-Cs).

Riparian Vegetation

Number of Layers: 0-1 ___ 2 ___ > 2 X. Hang over water: X Yes ___ No
Dominant Layer: Woody > 1m Dominant TOB: Woody > 1m.

TREES
Douglas Fir
Red Alder
Shore Pine
Willow

SHRUBS
Salal
Huckleberry

HERBACEOUS
Grasses
Reeds

Riparian Dimensions: (Estimated – Looking Downstream, TOB = Top of Bank)

Average Slope in Riparian Area: 0-10% X 11-19% ___ > 20% ___
Riparian Width at least 30 feet: 0-10% ___ 11-39% X > 40% ___

Width of Riparian Zone Looking Downstream: Left: 50 feet Right: 50 feet
Total Area of Riparian Zone: 33.5 acres

Rationale/Comments: The riparian corridor for this reach includes a large wetland with no definite stream bank or topographical break on the eastern (left) side. The stream splits over several seasonal routes within the wetland and re-converges near RMC-6.3. The right (west) riparian width is from TOB to the topographical break at level upland; the left (east) width is based on PTH for Shore Pine.

REACH SUMMARY -- Florence Riparian Inventory

Date(s) of field work: **3/13/12, 3/25/12** Stream Name: **Munsel Creek**
Investigator(s): **C. Lysdale with STEP, ODFW, and NMFS** Stream Reach: **RMC-Cu*side'ej cpggn-**
Location: **Coast Village, Florentine Estates** Reach Length: **1900 feet**
Assessment Sites: **RMC-6.7, RMC-6.8, RMC-6.9** Hydrologic basin: **Munsel Creek**

Water Resource(s): **Intermittent N to S Stream**, Wetland _____, _____ Lake
Adjacent Land-Use: Residential,
Soil – Mapped series: Waldport fine sand, Yaquina loamy fine sand

Channel & Riparian Characteristics:

Channel Width: 5 ft Depth of OHW: 1 ft Man-made Channel: ___ Y X N
Shaded Summer Midday: X Y ___ N Water Erosion Hazard: ___ Hi X Lo
Flood Prone Areas: ___ Y X N, Woody Vegetation in Flood Area: ___ Y ___ N
Woody Debris in Riparian Area: Present: X Not Present: ___
Extent of Impervious Surface: 0-10% X 11-24% ___ > 25% ___
Degree of Development/Human Disturbance: 0-25% ___ 26-74% X > 75% ___
Comments: The channel is in a residential area but riparian zone is mostly well vegetated. The stream passes through culverts at 7 locations which are all fish passable, plus a wooden flume across one residential lot.

Riparian Vegetation

Number of Layers: 0-1 2 X > 2 ___ Hang over water: X Yes ___ No
Dominant Layer: Woody > 1m Dominant TOB: Woody > 1m

TREES

Douglas Fir
Red Alder
Shore Pine
Calif. Waxmyrtle

SHRUBS

Salal
Huckleberry
Rhododendron

HERBACEOUS

Grasses
Reeds

Riparian Dimensions: (Estimated – Looking Downstream, TOB = Top of Bank)

Average Slope in Riparian Area: 0-10% ___ 11-19% ___ > 20% X
Riparian Width at least 30 feet: 0-10% X 11-39% ___ > 40% ___

Width of Riparian Zone Looking Downstream: Left: 25 feet Right: 25 feet
Total Riparian Area: Left: 1.1 acres Right: 1.1 acres

Rationale/Comments: Lysdale visited site with above agency staff on 3/13/12 and Lysdale returned on 3/25/12 to complete Reach Summary. This reach is a side channel off Munsel Creek which passes through heavy residential development and has low or no flow in summer. The 25-ft riparian width L and R is typical from TOB to a topographical break adjacent to streets and/or structures. All 3 agencies concurred in writing that Munsel Creek and the side channel are both considered as critical habitat for Oregon Coast coho salmon (a federally listed threatened species) and are important to the conservation and recovery of this species and recommended that the riparian area be declared as significant and protected with a 50-foot safe harbor riparian width.

REACH SUMMARY -- Florence Riparian Inventory

Date(s) of field work: **9/14/10 - 10/28/10** Stream Name: **Munsel Creek**
Investigator(s): **CAL** Stream Reach: **RMC-D**
Location: **M.C. Loop at 35th St to Munsel Lake** Reach Length: **8350 feet**
outfall into Munsel Creek
Assessment Sites: **RMC-6.5, RMC-6.6, RMC-7** Hydrologic basin: **Munsel Creek**

Water Resource(s): **Perennial N to S Stream**

Adjacent Land-Use: Residential

Soil – Mapped series: Yaquina loamy fine sand/Waldport fine sand, 0-12% slopes

Channel & Riparian Characteristics:

Channel Width: 6 ft Depth of OHW: 2 ft Man-made Channel: ___ Y X N
Shaded Summer Midday: X Y ___ N Water Erosion Hazard: ___ Hi X Lo
Flood Prone Areas: ___ Y X N, Woody Vegetation in Flood Area: ___ Y X N
Woody Debris in Riparian Area: Present: X Not Present: ___
Extent of Impervious Surface: 0-10% X 11-24% ___ > 25% ___
Degree of Development/Human Disturbance: 0-25% ___ 26-74% X > 75% ___
Comments: Stream section is perennial and well shaded by large conifers and shrubs.

Riparian Vegetation

Number of Layers: 0-1 2 > 2 X. Hang over water: X Yes ___ No
Dominant Layer: Woody > 1m Dominant TOB: Woody > 1m.

TREES

Douglas Fir
Western Hemlock
Red Alder
Shore Pine

SHRUBS

Salal
Huckleberry

HERBACEOUS

Grasses
Reeds

Riparian Dimensions: (Estimated – Looking Downstream, TOB = Top of Bank)

Average Slope in Riparian Area: 0-10% ___ 11-19% X > 20% ___
Riparian Width at least 30 feet: 0-10% ___ 11-39% ___ > 40% X

Width of Riparian Area Looking Downstream: Left: 40 feet Right: 40 feet
Total Riparian Area: Left: 7.7 acres Right: 7.7 acres

Rationale/Comments: Reach lies mostly within developed residential areas. Riparian widths are set as distance from TOB to topographical break at level upland and/or boundary with established residential development.

REACH SUMMARY -- Florence Riparian Inventory

Date(s) of field work: **9/14/10 - 3/28/11** Stream Name: **Munsel Lake (West)**
Investigator(s): **CAL** Stream Reach: **RMC-D1**
Location: **Developed west shoreline of Munsel Lake** Reach Length: **4750 feet**
Assessment Sites: **RMC-7.5, RMC-7.7** Hydrologic basin: **Munsel Creek**

Water Resource(s): **Munsel Lake**
Adjacent Land-Use: Residential
Soil – Mapped series: Yaquina loamy fine sand/Waldport fine sand, 0-12% slopes

Channel & Riparian Characteristics:

Channel Width: N/A ft Depth of OHW: N/A ft Man-made Channel: ___ Y X N
Shaded Summer Midday: ___ Y X N Water Erosion Hazard: ___ Hi X Lo
Flood Prone Areas: ___ Y X N, Woody Vegetation in Flood Area: ___ Y X N
Woody Debris in Riparian Area: Present: ___ Not Present: X
Extent of Impervious Surface: 0-10% X 11-24% ___ > 25% ___
Degree of Development/Human Disturbance: 0-25% ___ 26-74% X > 75% ___
Comments: Lakeshore is developed residential and includes a public boat launch..

Riparian Vegetation

Number of Layers: 0-1 ___ 2 X > 2 ___ Hang over water: ___ Yes X No
Dominant Layer: Woody > 1m Dominant TOB: Woody > 1m

TREES
Douglas Fir
Shore Pine
Red Alder

SHRUBS
Salal
Huckleberry

HERBACEOUS
Grasses
Reeds

Riparian Dimensions: (Estimated – Looking Downstream, TOB = Top of Bank)

Average Slope in Riparian Area: 0-10% ___ 11-19% X > 20% ___
Riparian Width at least 30 feet: 0-10% ___ 11-39% ___ > 40% X

Width of Riparian Area: 50 feet
Total Riparian Area: 5.5 acres

Rationale/Comments: Reach lies mostly within developed residential areas. Riparian width is set as typical distance from lakeshore to topographical break with residential development (south), and PTH of dominant Shore Pine species (north)

REACH SUMMARY -- Florence Riparian Inventory

Date(s) of field work: **9/14/10 - 9/20/10** Stream Name: **Munsel Creek & Lake, Ackerley Creek & Lake, Clear Lake, Collard Lake**
Investigator(s): **CAL** Stream Reach: **RMC-E Left**
Location: **Munsel Lake through half of Collard Lake** Reach Length: **28,700 feet**
Assessment Sites: **RMC-8, RMC-9, RMC-10, RMC-11, RMC-12, RMC-13** Hydrologic basin: **Munsel Creek**

Water Resource(s): **Munsel Lake, Ackerley Lake, Clear Lake, south half of Collard Lake, and Ackerley Creek**
Adjacent Land-Use: Left (east side) forestry
Soil – Mapped series: Left (east) Preacher-Bohannon-Slickrock complex;

Channel & Riparian Characteristics:

Channel Width: N/A ft Depth of OHW: N/A ft Man-made Channel: ___ Y X N
Shaded Summer Midday: ___ Y X N Water Erosion Hazard: ___ Hi X Lo
Flood Prone Areas: ___ Y X N, Woody Vegetation in Flood Area: ___ Y X N
Woody Debris in Riparian Area: Present: X Not Present: ___
Extent of Impervious Surface: 0-10% X 11-24% ___ > 25% ___
Degree of Development/Human Disturbance: 0-25% X 26-74% ___ > 75% ___

Comments: This reach includes several lakes and short interconnecting waterways. The east side of the lakes and waterways are forested with prime riparian zones; the west shorelines are primarily sand dunes with some forested lowland.

Riparian Vegetation

Number of Layers: 0-1 ___ 2 X > 2 ___ Hang over water: X Yes ___ No
Dominant Layer: Woody > 1m Dominant TOB: Woody > 1m

<u>TREES</u>	<u>SHRUBS</u>	<u>HERBACEOUS</u>
Douglas Fir	Huckleberry	Reeds
Western Hemlock	Salal	Grasses
Red Alder	Rhododendron	Bracken Fern
California Wax Myrtle		

Riparian Dimensions: (Estimated – Looking Downstream, TOB = Top of Bank)

Average Slope in Riparian Area: 0-10% ___ 11-19% X > 20% ___
Riparian Width at least 30 feet: 0-10% ___ 11-39% ___ > 40% X

Width of Riparian Area: 120 feet
Total Riparian Area: 79.1 acres

Rationale/Comments: The riparian widths for forested sections of this reach are set at the Potential Tree Height (PTH).

REACH SUMMARY -- Florence Riparian Inventory

Date(s) of field work: **9/14/10 - 9/20/10** Stream Name: **Munsel Creek & Lake, Ackerley Creek & Lake, Clear Lake, Collard Lake**
Investigator(s): **CAL** Stream Reach: **RMC-E Right**
Location: **Munsel Lake through half of Collard Lake** Reach Length: **10,050 feet**
Assessment Sites: **RMC-8, RMC-9, RMC-10, RMC-11, RMC-12, RMC-13** Hydrologic basin: **Munsel Creek**

Water Resource(s): **Munsel Lake, Ackerley Lake, Clear Lake, south half of Collard Lake, and Ackerley Creek**
Adjacent Land-Use: Right (west side) undeveloped
Soil – Mapped series: Right (west) Dune land

Channel & Riparian Characteristics:

Channel Width: N/A ft Depth of OHW: N/A ft Man-made Channel: ___ Y X N
Shaded Summer Midday: ___ Y X N Water Erosion Hazard: X Hi ___ Lo
Flood Prone Areas: ___ Y X N, Woody Vegetation in Flood Area: ___ Y X N
Woody Debris in Riparian Area: Present: ___ Not Present: X
Extent of Impervious Surface: 0-10% X 11-24% ___ > 25% ___
Degree of Development/Human Disturbance: 0-25% X 26-74% ___ > 75% ___
Comments: This reach includes several lakes and short interconnecting waterways.
The west shorelines are primarily sand dunes with some forested lowland.

Riparian Vegetation

Number of Layers: 0-1 X 2 ___ > 2 ___ Hang over water: ___ Yes X No
Dominant Layer: Bare sand Dominant TOB: Bare sand

<u>TREES</u>	<u>SHRUBS</u>	<u>HERBACEOUS</u>
Douglas Fir	Huckleberry	Reeds
Western Hemlock	Salal	Grasses
Red Alder		

Riparian Dimensions: (Estimated – Looking Downstream, TOB = Top of Bank)

Average Slope in Riparian Area: 0-10% ___ 11-19% X > 20% ___
Riparian Width at least 30 feet: 0-10% ___ 11-39% X > 40% ___

Width of Riparian Area: 15 ft at dunes, 120 ft lowlands
Total Riparian Area: 14.5 acres

Rationale/Comments: For the west (right) side of the northern lakes, barren sand dunes reach to the shoreline. The riparian widths for forested lowland sections are set at the Potential Tree Height (PTH).

REACH SUMMARY -- Florence Riparian Inventory

Date(s) of field work: **9/15/10**

Stream Name: **Collard Lake**

Investigator(s): **CAL**

Stream Reach: **RMC-F Left**

Location: **North half of Collard Lake**

Reach Length: **3950 feet**

Assessment Sites: **RMC-13**

Hydrologic basin: **Munsel Creek**

Water Resource(s): **North half of Collard Lake**

Adjacent Land-Use: Left (east side) residential

Soil – Mapped series: Bullards-Ferrelo loams, 12-30% slopes

Channel & Riparian Characteristics:

Channel Width: N/A ft Depth of OHW: N/A ft Man-made Channel: ___ Y X N

Shaded Summer Midday: ___ Y X N Water Erosion Hazard: ___ Hi X Lo

Flood Prone Areas: ___ Y X N, Woody Vegetation in Flood Area: ___ Y X N

Woody Debris in Riparian Area: Present: ___ Not Present: X.

Extent of Impervious Surface: 0-10% ___ 11-24% X > 25% ___.

Degree of Development/Human Disturbance: 0-25% ___ 26-74% X > 75% ___.

Comments: This reach covers the north half of Collard Lake.

The east and north shorelines are developed as residential.

Riparian Vegetation

Number of Layers: 0-1 ___ 2 X > 2 ___ Hang over water: ___ Yes X No

Dominant Layer: Woody > 1m Dominant TOB: Woody > 1m.

TREES
Douglas Fir
Western Hemlock
Shore Pine

SHRUBS
Salal
Huckleberry

HERBACEOUS
Grasses

Riparian Dimensions: (Estimated – Looking Downstream, TOB = Top of Bank)

Average Slope in Riparian Area: 0-10% ___ 11-19% X > 20% ___

Riparian Width at least 30 feet: 0-10% ___ 11-39% ___ > 40% X

Width of Riparian Area: 50 feet

Total Riparian Area: 4.5 acres

Rationale/Comments: The riparian width is set as typical distance from the lakeshore to established residential development and structures.

REACH SUMMARY -- Florence Riparian Inventory

Date(s) of field work: **9/15/10**

Stream Name: **Collard Lake**

Investigator(s): **CAL**

Stream Reach: **RMC-F Right**

Location: **North half of Collard Lake**

Reach Length: **1630 feet**

Assessment Sites: **RMC-13**

Hydrologic basin: **Munsel Creek**

Water Resource(s): **North half of Collard Lake**

Adjacent Land-Use: Right (west side) undeveloped.

Soil – Mapped series: Bullards-Ferrelo loams, 12-30% slopes

Channel & Riparian Characteristics:

Channel Width: N/A ft Depth of OHW: N/A ft Man-made Channel: ___ Y X N

Shaded Summer Midday: ___ Y X N Water Erosion Hazard: ___ Hi X Lo

Flood Prone Areas: ___ Y X N, Woody Vegetation in Flood Area: ___ Y X N

Woody Debris in Riparian Area: Present: X Not Present: ___.

Extent of Impervious Surface: 0-10% X 11-24% ___ > 25% ___.

Degree of Development/Human Disturbance: 0-25% X 26-74% ___ > 75% ___.

Comments: This reach covers the north half of Collard Lake.

The west shore is wooded and undeveloped.

Riparian Vegetation

Number of Layers: 0-1 ___ 2 X > 2 ___.

Hang over water: ___ Yes X No

Dominant Layer: Woody > 1m

Dominant TOB: Woody > 1m.

TREES

Douglas Fir

Western Hemlock

Shore Pine

SHRUBS

Salal

Huckleberry

HERBACEOUS

Grasses

Riparian Dimensions: (Estimated – Looking Downstream, TOB = Top of Bank)

Average Slope in Riparian Area:

0-10% ___ 11-19% X > 20% ___

Riparian Width at least 30 feet:

0-10% ___ 11-39% ___ > 40% X

Width of Riparian Area:

120 feet

Total Riparian Area:

4.5 acres

Rationale/Comments: The riparian widths for this forested reach are set at the Potential Tree Height (PTH).

REACH SUMMARY -- Florence Riparian Inventory

Date(s) of field work: 8/25/10 – 10/24/10

Stream Name: Airport 1

Investigator(s): CAL

Stream Reach: RAIR-A

Location: Oak at 31st to RoW at
12th & Greenwood

Reach Length: 8650 feet

Assessment Sites: RAIR-0.3, RAIR-0.6, RAIR-1, Hydrologic basin: Airport
RAIR-1.5, RAIR-2N

Water Resource(s): Intermittent N to S Stream, Wetland _____, _____ Lake

Adjacent Land-Use: Undeveloped, airport, residential

Soil – Mapped series: Yaquina loamy fine sand/Waldport fine sand, 0-12% slopes

Channel & Riparian Characteristics:

Channel Width: 5 ft Depth of OHW: 2 ft Man-made Channel: ___ Y X N
Shaded Summer Midday: ___ Y X N Water Erosion Hazard: ___ Hi X Lo
Flood Prone Areas: ___ Y X N, Woody Vegetation in Flood Area: ___ Y X N
Woody Debris in Riparian Area: Present: ___ Not Present: X
Extent of Impervious Surface: 0-10% X 11-24% ___ > 25% ___
Degree of Development/Human Disturbance: 0-25% ___ 26-74% X > 75% ___

Comments: The channel for this reach appears to have been cleared and
straightened over much of its length.

Riparian Vegetation

Number of Layers: 0-1 ___ 2 X > 2 ___ Hang over water: ___ Yes X No
Dominant Layer: Herb./Woody < 1m. Dominant TOB: Herb./Woody < 1m

TREES

Shore Pine
Douglas Fir
Red Alder

SHRUBS

Salal
Huckleberry
Rhododendron

HERBACEOUS

Grasses

Riparian Dimensions: (Estimated – Looking Downstream, TOB = Top of Bank)

Average Slope in Riparian Area: 0-10% ___ 11-19% ___ > 20% X
Riparian Width at least 30 feet: 0-10% X 11-39% ___ > 40% ___

Width of Riparian Area Looking Downstream: Left: 20 feet Right: 20 feet
Total Riparian Area: Left: 4.0 acres Right: 4.0 acres

Rationale/Comments: Riparian widths are typically set from TOB to a topographical
break at level upland.

REACH SUMMARY -- Florence Riparian Inventory

Date(s) of field work: **8/25/10 – 10/24/10**

Stream Name: **Airport 1**

Investigator(s): **CAL**

Stream Reach: **RAIR-B**

Location: **RoW at 12th & Greenwood to
Siuslaw Estuary at Sewage Plant**

Reach Length: **3000** feet

Assessment Sites: **RAIR-2S, RAIR-3, RAIR-4,
RAIR-5**

Hydrologic basin: **Airport**

Water Resource(s): **Intermittent N to S Stream**, Wetland _____, _____ Lake

Adjacent Land-Use: Undeveloped, residential

Soil – Mapped series: Waldport fine sand, 0-12% slopes

Channel & Riparian Characteristics:

Channel Width: 5 ft Depth of OHW: 2 ft Man-made Channel: ___ Y X N

Shaded Summer Midday: X Y ___ N Water Erosion Hazard: ___ Hi X Lo

Flood Prone Areas: ___ Y X N, Woody Vegetation in Flood Area: ___ Y X N

Woody Debris in Riparian Area: Present: X Not Present: ___.

Extent of Impervious Surface: 0-10% X 11-24% ___ > 25% ___.

Degree of Development/Human Disturbance: 0-25% X 26-74% ___ > 75% ___.

Comments: The reach is heavily vegetated with large trees and dense understory over most of its length.

Riparian Vegetation

Number of Layers: 0-1 ___ 2 ___ > 2 X. Hang over water: X Yes ___ No

Dominant Layer: Woody > 1m. Dominant TOB: Woody > 1m.

TREES

Red Alder

Sitka Spruce

Western Hemlock

Douglas Fir

California Wax Myrtle

SHRUBS

Salal

Huckleberry

Rhododendron

HERBACEOUS

Grasses

Riparian Dimensions: (Estimated – Looking Downstream, TOB = Top of Bank)

Average Slope in Riparian Area: 0-10% ___ 11-19% X > 20% ___

Riparian Width at least 30 feet: 0-10% ___ 11-39% ___ > 40% X

Width of Riparian Area Looking Downstream: Left: 65 feet Right: 65 feet

Total Riparian Area: Left: 4.5 acres Right: 4.5 acres

Rationale/Comments: Riparian widths are set by the Potential Tree Height (PTH) for the dominant Red Alder species.

REACH SUMMARY -- Florence Riparian Inventory

Date(s) of field work: **8/25/10 – 10/24/10**

Stream Name: **Airport 2**

Investigator(s): **CAL**

Stream Reach: **RAIR-C**

Location: **Airport south fence to
9th Street at Ivy RoW**

Reach Length: **1125 feet**

Assessment Sites: **RAIR-6, RAIR-7**

Hydrologic basin: **Airport**

Water Resource(s): **Intermittent N to S Stream**, Wetland _____, _____ Lake

Adjacent Land-Use: Undeveloped, residential

Soil – Mapped series: Waldport fine sand, 0-12% slopes

Channel & Riparian Characteristics:

Channel Width: 3 ft Depth of OHW: 1 ft Man-made Channel: ___ Y X N
Shaded Summer Midday: ___ Y X N Water Erosion Hazard: ___ Hi X Lo
Flood Prone Areas: ___ Y X N, Woody Vegetation in Flood Area: ___ Y X N
Woody Debris in Riparian Area: Present: ___ Not Present: X
Extent of Impervious Surface: 0-10% X 11-24% ___ > 25% ___
Degree of Development/Human Disturbance: 0-25% X 26-74% ___ > 75% ___

Comments: North end of channel is mostly clear of trees and overgrown with noxious non-native shrubs.

Riparian Vegetation

Number of Layers: 0-1 ___ 2 X > 2 ___ Hang over water: X Yes ___ No
Dominant Layer: Woody > 1m Dominant TOB: Herb. < 1m

TREES

Shore Pine
Douglas Fir
California Wax Myrtle

SHRUBS

Blackberry
Scotch Broom

HERBACEOUS

Grasses

Riparian Dimensions: (Estimated – Looking Downstream, TOB = Top of Bank)

Average Slope in Riparian Area: 0-10% ___ 11-19% ___ > 20% X
Riparian Width at least 30 feet: 0-10% ___ 11-39% X > 40% ___

Width of Riparian Area Looking Downstream: Left: 30 feet Right: 30 feet
Total Riparian Area: Left: 0.8 acres Right: 0.8 acres

Rationale/Comments: Riparian widths are typically set from TOB to a topographical break. Streambed is dry much of the year.

REACH SUMMARY -- Florence Riparian Inventory

Date(s) of field work: **9/17/10** Stream Name: **Heceta Beach**
Investigator(s): **CAL** Stream Reach: **RHB-A**
Location: **1st Avenue at Meares St to** Reach Length: **730** feet
4th Avenue south of Meares
Assessment Sites: **RHB-0.3, RHB-0.6** Hydrologic basin: **Heceta Beach**

Water Resource(s): **Intermittent E to W Stream**, Wetland _____, _____ Lake
Adjacent Land-Use: Undeveloped, residential
Soil – Mapped series: Waldport fine sand, 0-12% slopes

Channel & Riparian Characteristics:

Channel Width: 5 ft Depth of OHW: 1 ft Man-made Channel: ___ Y X N
Shaded Summer Midday: X Y ___ N Water Erosion Hazard: ___ Hi X Lo
Flood Prone Areas: ___ Y X N, Woody Vegetation in Flood Area: ___ Y X N
Woody Debris in Riparian Area: Present: X Not Present: ___
Extent of Impervious Surface: 0-10% X 11-24% ___ > 25% ___
Degree of Development/Human Disturbance: 0-25% ___ 26-74% X > 75% ___
Comments: Waterway meanders through a small wetland area.

Riparian Vegetation

Number of Layers: 0-1 ___ 2 X > 2 ___ Hang over water: X Yes ___ No
Dominant Layer: Woody > 1m Dominant TOB: Woody > 1m

TREES
Shore Pine

SHRUBS
Salal

HERBACEOUS
Grasses
Reeds

Riparian Dimensions: (Estimated – Looking Downstream, TOB = Top of Bank)

Average Slope in Riparian Area: 0-10% ___ 11-19% X > 20% ___
Riparian Width at least 30 feet: 0-10% X 11-39% ___ > 40% ___

Width of Riparian Area Looking Downstream: Left: 20 feet Right: 20 feet
Total Riparian Area: Left: 0.3 acres Right: 0.3 acres

Rationale/Comments: Riparian widths are typically from stream TOB or the edge of wetland to a topographic break.

REACH SUMMARY -- Florence Riparian Inventory

Date(s) of field work: **9/17/10** Stream Name: **Heceta Beach**
Investigator(s): **CAL** Stream Reach: **RHB-B**
Location: **4th Avenue south of Meares** Reach Length: **860** feet
to wetland 0.2 miles east
Assessment Sites: **RHB-1** Hydrologic basin: **Heceta Beach**

Water Resource(s): **Intermittent E to W Stream**, Wetland #25, _____ Lake
Adjacent Land-Use: Undeveloped
Soil – Mapped series: Yaquina loamy fine sand

Channel & Riparian Characteristics:

Channel Width: 10 ft Depth of OHW: 1 ft Man-made Channel: ____ Y X N
Shaded Summer Midday: X Y ____ N Water Erosion Hazard: ____ Hi X Lo
Flood Prone Areas: X Y ____ N, Woody Vegetation in Flood Area: X Y ____ N
Woody Debris in Riparian Area: Present: X Not Present: ____
Extent of Impervious Surface: 0-10% X 11-24% ____ > 25% ____
Degree of Development/Human Disturbance: 0-25% X 26-74% ____ > 75% ____
Comments: Wide channel with low banks, surrounding terrain is mostly level.
Stream is dry part of year.

Riparian Vegetation

Number of Layers: 0-1 2 X > 2 ____ Hang over water: X Yes ____ No
Dominant Layer: Woody > 1m Dominant TOB: Woody > 1m

TREES
Shore Pine
Sitka Spruce

SHRUBS
Salal
Huckleberry

HERBACEOUS
Grasses

Riparian Dimensions: (Estimated – Looking Downstream, TOB = Top of Bank)

Average Slope in Riparian Area: 0-10% X 11-19% ____ > 20% ____
Riparian Width at least 30 feet: 0-10% ____ 11-39% ____ > 40% X

Width of Riparian Area Looking Downstream: Left: 50 feet Right: 50 feet
Total Riparian Area: Left: 1.0 acres Right: 1.0 acres

Rationale/Comments: No topographic break outside of channel. Riparian width set by
Potential Tree Height (PTH) of dominant Shore Pine species.

REACH SUMMARY -- Florence Riparian Inventory

Date(s) of field work: **9/21/10** Stream Name: **Rhododendron**
Investigator(s): **CAL** Stream Reach: **RRH-A**
Location: **Rhododendron Dr. at Marine Manor to Royal St Georges at Troon Circle** Reach Length: **2550** feet
Assessment Sites: **RRH-1, RRH-2, RRH-3** Hydrologic basin: **Rhododendron**

Water Resource(s): **Intermittent NE to SW Stream**, Wetland _____, _____ Lake
Adjacent Land-Use: Undeveloped, residential
Soil – Mapped series: Dune land

Channel & Riparian Characteristics:

Channel Width: 3 ft Depth of OHW: 1 ft Man-made Channel: ___ Y X N
Shaded Summer Midday: X Y ___ N Water Erosion Hazard: X Hi ___ Lo
Flood Prone Areas: ___ Y X N, Woody Vegetation in Flood Area: ___ Y X N
Woody Debris in Riparian Area: Present: ___ Not Present: X .
Extent of Impervious Surface: 0-10% X 11-24% ___ > 25% ___ .
Degree of Development/Human Disturbance: 0-25% ___ 26-74% X > 75% ___ .
Comments: Understory is not dense over most of reach.

Riparian Vegetation

Number of Layers: 0-1 ___ 2 X > 2 ___ Hang over water: X Yes ___ No
Dominant Layer: Woody > 1m Dominant TOB: Herb. < 1m .

TREES
Shore Pine
Red Alder
California Wax Myrtle
Willow

SHRUBS
Rhododendron
Blackberry

HERBACEOUS
Grasses

Riparian Dimensions: (Estimated – Looking Downstream, TOB = Top of Bank)

Average Slope in Riparian Area: 0-10% ___ 11-19% ___ > 20% X
Riparian Width at least 30 feet: 0-10% ___ 11-39% ___ > 40% X

Width of Riparian Area Looking Downstream: Left: 50 feet Right: 50 feet
Total Riparian Area: Left: 2.9 acres Right: 2.9 acres

Rationale/Comments: Riparian widths are set at the Potential Tree Height (PTH) of the dominant Shore Pine tree species.

REACH SUMMARY -- Florence Riparian Inventory

Date(s) of field work: **10/25/10** Stream Name: **North Fork 1**
Investigator(s): **CAL** Stream Reach: **RNS-A**
Location: **North Fork Road at logging yard
to North Fork Siuslaw Estuary** Reach Length: **950** feet
Assessment Sites: **RNS-2, RNS-3** Hydrologic basin: **North Fork
Siuslaw**

Water Resource(s): **Intermittent N to S Stream**, Wetland _____, _____ Lake
Adjacent Land-Use: Commercial
Soil – Mapped series: Waldport fine sand, 0-12% slopes

Channel & Riparian Characteristics:

Channel Width: 5 ft Depth of OHW: 1 ft Man-made Channel: ___ Y X N
Shaded Summer Midday: X Y ___ N Water Erosion Hazard: ___ Hi X Lo
Flood Prone Areas: ___ Y X N, Woody Vegetation in Flood Area: ___ Y X N
Woody Debris in Riparian Area: Present: X Not Present: ___
Extent of Impervious Surface: 0-10% ___ 11-24% X > 25% ___
Degree of Development/Human Disturbance: 0-25% ___ 26-74% X > 75% ___
Comments: Reach is wooded and well shaded.

Riparian Vegetation

Number of Layers: 0-1 ___ 2 ___ > 2 X . Hang over water: X Yes ___ No
Dominant Layer: Woody > 1m Dominant TOB: Woody > 1m .

<u>TREES</u>	<u>SHRUBS</u>	<u>HERBACEOUS</u>
Sitka Spruce	Rhododendron	Grasses
Western Hemlock	Salal	Reeds
Western Red Cedar	Holly	Bracken Fern
California Wax Myrtle		
Red Alder		

Riparian Dimensions: (Estimated – Looking Downstream, TOB = Top of Bank)

Average Slope in Riparian Area: 0-10% ___ 11-19% ___ > 20% X
Riparian Width at least 30 feet: 0-10% ___ 11-39% ___ > 40% X

Width of Riparian Area Looking Downstream: Left: 40 feet Right: 40 feet
Total Riparian Area: Left: 0.9 acres Right: 0.9 acres

Rationale/Comments: Topographical breaks are not definitive except at road. Large trees provide favorable riparian effects out to the boundary with extensive commercial/residential development.