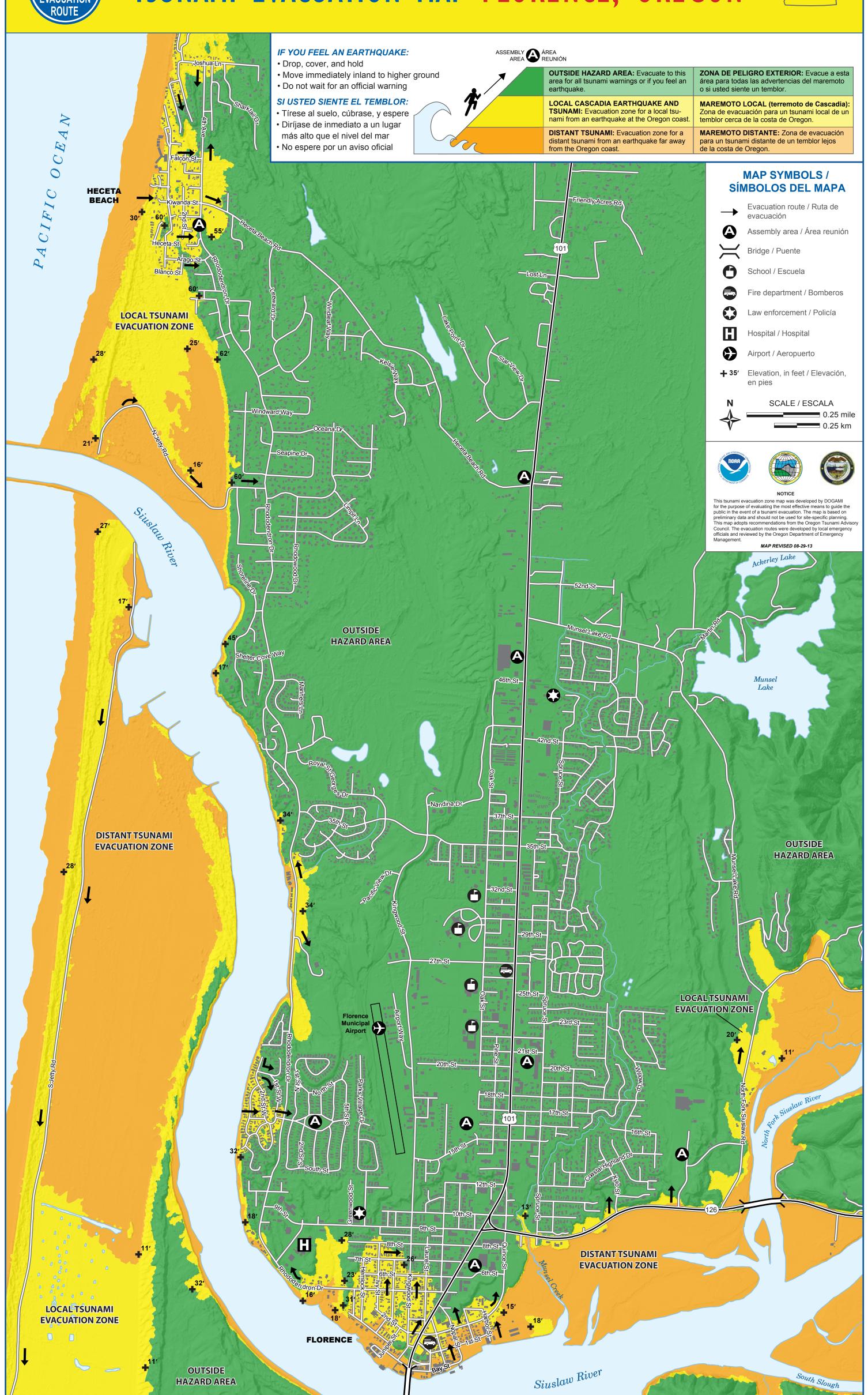


TSUNAMI EVACUATION MAP FLORENCE, OREGON





Evacuation for a distant tsunami will generally be indicated by a **3-minute siren blast** (if your area has sirens) and an announcement over MOAA weather radio that the local area has been put into an official TSUNAMI WARNING. In isolated areas along beaches and bays you may not hear a warning siren. Here, a **sudden change of sea level** should prompt you to move immediately to high ground. If you hear the 3-minute blast or see a sudden sea level change, first evacuate away from shoreline areas, then turn on your local broadcast media or MOAA weather radio for more information.

A distant tsunami will take 4 hours or more to come ashore. You will feel no earthquake, and the tsunami will generally be smaller than that from a local earthquake. Typically, there is time for an official warning and evacuation to safety.

Distant tsunamis

*Assembly areas A are shown on the map. Do not confuse Assembly Areas with Evacuation Centers, which are short-term help centers set up after a disaster occurs.

4. After evacuation, check with local emergency officials if you think you have special skills and can help, or if you need assistance locating lost family members.

3. Stay away from potentially hazardous areas until you receive an ALL CLEAR from local officials. Tsunamis often follow river channels, and dangerous waves can persist for several hours. Local officials must inspect all flooded or earthquake-damaged structures before anyone can go back into them.

2. If you need help evacuating, tie something white (sheet or towel) to the front door knob. Make it large enough to be visible from the street. If the emergency is a distant tsunami, then help may arrive. In the event of a local tsunami, it is unlikely that anyone will help you, so make a plan and be prepared!

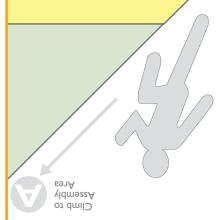


L'acuate on foot, if at all possible.
 Follow evacuation signs and arrows to an Assembly Area.*

WHAT TO DO for both local and distant teunamis

A **local tsunami** can come onshore within 15 to 20 minutes after the earthquake — before there is time for an official warning system. Ground shaking from the earthquake may be the only warning you have. Evacuate quickly!

Local tsunamis



Visit **OregonTsunami.org** to find more great resources!

following evacuation route signs

Look for these hazard zone signs and be ready to leave the area by

- Initiate or participate in a local preparedness program
 - Make and distribute emergency packs
 - Start a tsunami buddy system

How to help with tsunami awareness in your community

- use) •
- duct tape, gloves, whistles, plastic bags)
- Tools and supplies (pocket knife, shut-off wrench,
- Personal hygiene items (toilet paper, soap, toothbrush)
 - and extra batteries Rain gear, sturdy footwear, extra clothing
 - Portable radio, NOAA weather radio, flashlight,
 - Matches in water-proof container or lighter
 Shelter (tent), sleeping bags, blankets
 - Cooking and eating utensils, can opener, Sterno®
 or other heat source
 - canned food, baby food, energy bars)
 - capable of providing 1 gallon per person per day.

 Non-perishable food (ready-to-eat meals,
 - Water bottle and filtration or treatment supplies

 Assignment and college to all the page specified of the page specified and college to all the page specifie
 - medication or treatment and filtration or treatment still the although at two
- First-aid supplies, prescriptions and non-prescription
- for each family member: • Local map showing safe evacuation routes to high ground

Assemble emergency kits with at least a 3-day supply

BE PREPARED!

a few waves may have been much higher — as much as 100 feet. We distinguish between a tsunami caused by an undersea earthquake near the Oregon coast (a

local tsunami) and an undersea earthquake far away from the coast (a distant tsunami).

Recent research suggests that tsunamis have struck the Oregon coast on a regular basis. They can occur any time, day or night. Typical wave heights from tsunamis occurring in the Pacific Ocean over the last 500 years have been 20–65 feet at the shoreline. However, because of local conditions

A **tsunami** is a series of sea waves, usually caused by a displacement of the ocean floor by an undersea earthquake. As tsunamis enter shallow water near land, they increase in height and can cause great loss of life and property damage.

WHAT TO KNOW about tsunamis

If you feel an earthquake, a tsunami may be coming...

WHAT TO DO:

- DROP, COVER, HOLD until the earthquake is over; protect yourself
- MOVE IMMEDIATELY INLAND to high ground and away from low-lying coastal areas
- FOLLOW EVACUATION ROUTE SIGNS
- DO NOT WAIT for an official warning
- GO ON FOOT if at all possible
- DO NOT PACK or delay
- DO NOT RETURN to the beach large waves may continue to come onshore for several hours
- WAIT for an "all clear" from local emergency officials before returning to low-lying areas



CONTACTS

Siuslaw Valley Fire and Rescue

2625 Highway 101 Florence, OR 97439 (541) 997-3212 http://www.svfr.org

Dunes City Hall

82877 Spruce Street Westlake, OR 97493 (541) 997-3338 http://dunescity.com

Lane County Sheriff's Office

Emergency Management
125 E 8th Avenue
Eugene, OR 97401
(541) 682-6744
www.lanecounty.org/Departments/Sheriff

Oregon Emergency Management 3225 State Street, Salem, OR 97301 P.O. Box 14370, Salem, OR 97309-5062 (503) 378-2911 http://www.oregon.gov/OMD/OEM/

Oregon Department of Geology and Mineral Industries

800 NE Oregon Street #28, Suite 965 Portland, OR 97232 (971) 673-1555 http://www.oregongeology.org

Nature of the Northwest Information Center

800 NE Oregon Street #28, Suite 965 Portland, OR 97232 (971) 673-2331 http://www.naturenw.org

International Tsunami Information Center

737 Bishop Street, Suite 2200 Honolulu, HI 96813 (808) 532-6422 http://itic.ioc-unesco.org







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Florence



This information could save your life —
Please read it and share it

Please read it and share it with your family and friends.

