TITLE 10
CHAPTER 3

OFF-STREET PARKING AND LOADING

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10-3-1: PURPOSE: The purpose of Chapter 3 is to provide basic and flexible standards for development of vehicle and bicycle parking. The design of parking areas is critically important to the economic viability of some commercial areas, pedestrian and driver safety, the efficient and safe operation of adjoining streets, and community image and livability. Because vehicle parking facilities occupy large amounts of land, they must be planned and designed carefully to use the land efficiently, minimize stormwater runoff, and maintain the visual character of the community. This Chapter recognizes that each development has unique parking needs and provides a flexible approach for determining parking space requirements (i.e., “minimum” and “performance-based” standards). This Chapter also provides standards for bicycle parking because many people use bicycles for recreation, commuting, and general transportation. Children as well as adults need safe and adequate spaces to park their bicycles throughout the community.

10-3-2: GENERAL PROVISIONS:

A. The provision for and maintenance of off-street parking and loading spaces are continuing obligations of the property owners. No building or other permit shall be issued until plans are presented that show property that is and will remain available for exclusive use as off-street parking and loading space.

B. At the time of new construction or enlargement or change in use of an existing structure within any district in the City, off-street parking spaces shall be provided as outlined in this Chapter, unless requirements are otherwise established by special review or City Council action. Additional parking spaces shall meet current code.

C. If parking space has been provided in connection with an existing use or is added to an existing use, the parking space shall not be eliminated if elimination would result in less space than is required by this Chapter.

D. Required parking spaces shall be available for the parking of passenger automobiles of residents, customers, patrons and employees, and shall not be used for storage of materials of any type.

E. Ingress and egress for parking and loading shall not endanger or impede the flow of traffic.

F. The required off-street parking for nonresidential uses shall not be used for loading and unloading operations during regular business hours.

G. Parking and Loading standards that are listed under specific zoning districts supersede the general requirements of this chapter.

H. Provisions of this Chapter shall not apply to any parking located in an organized parking district.
I. The provisions of this Chapter shall be in addition to the provisions for parking design and construction in FCC Title 9 Chapter 5 and, where there are conflicts, Title 9 Chapter 5 shall prevail.

10-3-3: **MINIMUM STANDARDS BY USE**: The number of required off-street vehicle parking spaces shall be determined in accordance with the standards in Table 10-3-1. Where a use is not specifically listed in this table, parking requirements are determined by finding that a use is similar to one of those listed in terms of parking needs, or by estimating parking needs individually using the demand analysis option described below:

A. Parking that counts toward the minimum requirement is parking in garages, carports, parking lots, bays along driveways, and shared parking. Parking in driveways does not count toward required minimum parking.

B. For non-residential uses where parking is available on-street, this parking shall count towards the minimum number of required parking spaces along all street frontages of the building where parking is available. Only usable spaces (i.e. those not blocking fire hydrants, mailboxes, etc.) shall count towards the minimum required number of parking spaces.

B.C. The minimum number of parking spaces may also be determined through a parking demand analysis prepared by the applicant and approved by the Planning Commission. This parking demand analysis may include an acceptable proposal for alternate modes of transportation, including a description of existing and proposed facilities and assurances that the use of the alternate modes of transportation will continue to reduce the need for on-site parking on an ongoing basis. Examples of alternate modes include but are not limited to:

1. Transit-related parking reduction. The number of minimum parking spaces may be reduced by up to 10% if:
   a. The proposal is located within a ¼ mile of an existing or planned transit route, and;
   b. Transit-related amenities such as transit stops, pull-outs, shelters, park-and-ride lots, transit-oriented development, and transit service on an adjacent street are present or will be provided by the applicant.

10-3-4: **MINIMUM REQUIRED PARKING BY USE**: During the largest shift at peak season, fractional space requirements shall be counted as the next lower whole space (rounded down). Square footages will be taken from the gross floor area (measurements taken from exterior of building). Applicants may ask the Planning Commission for a reduction for parking spaces as part of their land use application. The applicant will have to provide the burden of evidence to justify the reduction proposed. The Planning Commission and/or staff may require the information be prepared by a registered traffic engineer. Table 10-3-1 lists the minimum parking spaces required by use, with a minimum no less than two (2) spaces for non-residential uses, plus additional space(s) as needed to meet the minimum accessible parking requirement.

**Table 10-3-1, Minimum Required Parking By Use:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A. Residential and Commercial Dwelling Types:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Single Family Dwelling including attached and detached dwellings and manufactured homes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accessory Dwelling Units</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Multiple-family dwelling (except senior citizen &amp; student housing)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Studio &amp; one bedroom units</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two-bedroom units</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Three-bedroom units or larger</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mobile home parks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student housing (fraternities, sororities, &amp; dormitories)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lodging: Motels, hotels (see also Bed and Breakfast Inns)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bed and Breakfast Inns</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boarding and rooming houses, excluding group home facilities</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

B. **Institutions and Public Assembly Types:**

- **Elementary, middle school and other children's day schools**
  - Daycare, adult or child day care
  - (does not include Family Daycare (12 or fewer children under ORS 657A.250))
  - 1 space per classroom, or as determined by the Planning Commission
  - 1 space per 500 sq. ft. of floor area

- **High schools**
  - Colleges and universities
  - 7 per classroom, or as determined by the Planning Commission

- **Educational Services, not a school**
  - (e.g., tutoring or similar services)
  - 1 space per 500 sq. ft. floor area

- **Libraries, reading rooms, museums, art galleries and Community Service Facilities**
  - 1 space per 200 sq. ft. of floor area

- **Churches and other places of worship**
  - 1 space per 50 sq. ft. of main assembly area; or as determined by the Planning Commission, as applicable

- **Stadiums, grandstands, coliseums, auditoriums**
  - 1 space for each 4 persons of seating capacity, except that on-street parking in non-residential and theaters areas, within 1,000 feet of the main assembly area may be used toward fulfilling this requirement.

- **Parks and Open Space**
  - Determined as determined by the Planning Commission for active recreation areas, or no standard

- **Meeting rooms, private clubs and lodges**
  - 10 spaces plus 1 space per each 200 square feet of floor area over 1,000 square feet, except that on-street parking in non-residential areas within 800 feet of the main assembly room or building may be used toward fulfilling this requirement.

- **Commercial outdoor recreation, golf courses**
  - 1 for every 400 square feet of floor area. Special review may be given by the Planning Commission.

- **Swimming pools, for pool only**
  - 10 spaces plus 1 space per each 150 square feet of pool surface area.

- **Public and semi-public buildings**
  - 1 for every 400 square feet of floor area. Special review may be given by the Planning Commission.

- **Hospitals**
  - 1 space per each 2 beds plus 1 space for each staff doctor plus 1 space for each 2 full-time employees.

- **Medical and dental clinics**
  - 1 space per each 200 square feet of floor area.

- **Animal hospitals and clinics**
  - 1 space per each 400 square feet of floor area.

- **Radio and television stations and studios**
  - 1 space for each 2 employees, plus 1 space per each 300 square feet over 2,000 square feet of floor area.

- **Radio Frequency Transmission Facilities**
  - None

- **Airports**
  - Special review by the Planning Commission.

- **Rail and bus passenger terminals**
  - 5 spaces plus 1 space per each 100 square feet of waiting area.

- **Rail Lines and Utility Corridors, except those**
  - None
existing prior to effective date of Development Code are allowed.

| C. Commercial and Retail Trade Types: |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Drive-Up/Drive-In/Drive-Through (drive-up windows, kiosks, ATM's, similar uses/facilities) | None |
| Offices | 1 space per 400 sq. ft. floor area |
| Call centers, data centers, and other similar telecommunications or internet businesses | as determined by the Planning Commission |
| Parking Lot (when not an accessory use) | 2 spaces, or as determined by the Planning Commission |
| Quick Vehicle Servicing or Vehicle Repair. (See also Drive-Up/Drive-In/Drive-Through Uses) | Retail: 1 spaces per 333 sq. ft., except bulk retail (e.g., auto, boat, trailers, nurseries, lumber and construction materials, furniture, appliances, and similar sales) 1 per 500 sq. ft. |
| Retail Sales and Service (See also Drive-Up Uses) | Restaurants and Bars: 1 spaces per 125 sq. ft. floor area |
| Health Clubs, Gyms, Continuous Entertainment (e.g., bowling alleys): 1 space per 333 sq. ft. |
| Theaters and Cinemas: 1 per 6 seats |
| Self-Service Storage | None |

| D. Manufacturing, Storage and Wholesale Types: |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Industrial Service (See also Drive-Up Uses) | 1 space per 1,000 sq. ft. of floor area |
| Manufacturing and Production | 1 space per 1,000 sq. ft. of floor area |
| Warehouse and Freight Movement | 1 space per 2,000 sq. ft. of floor area |
| Wholesale Sales | 1 space per 1,000 sq. ft. as determined by the Planning Commission |
| -fully enclosed | |
| -not enclosed | |

10-3-5: VEHICLE PARKING - MINIMUM ACCESSIBLE PARKING:

A. Accessible parking shall be provided for all uses in accordance the standards in Table 10-3-2; parking spaces used to meet the standards in Table 10-3-2 shall be counted toward meeting off-street parking requirements in Table 10-3-1;

B. Such parking shall be located in close proximity to building entrances and shall be designed to permit occupants of vehicles to reach the entrance on an unobstructed path or walkway;

C. Accessible spaces shall be grouped in pairs where possible;

D. Where covered parking is provided, covered accessible spaces shall be provided in the same ratio as covered non-accessible spaces;

E. Required accessible parking spaces shall be identified with signs and pavement markings identifying them as reserved for persons with disabilities; signs shall be posted directly in front of the parking space at a height of no less than 42 inches and no more than 72 inches above pavement level. Van spaces shall be specifically identified as such.
Table 10-3-2 - Minimum Number of Accessible Parking Spaces
Source: ADA Standards for Accessible Design 4.1.2(5)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Total Number of Parking Spaces Provided (per lot)</th>
<th>Total Minimum Number of Accessible Parking Spaces (with 60° access aisle, or 96&quot; aisle for vans*)</th>
<th>Van Accessible Parking Spaces with min. 96&quot; wide access aisle</th>
<th>Accessible Parking Spaces with min. 60&quot; wide access aisle</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 to 25</td>
<td>Column A</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26 to 50</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>51 to 75</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>76 to 100</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>101 to 150</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>151 to 200</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>201 to 300</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>301 to 400</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>401 to 500</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>501 to 1000</td>
<td>2% of total parking provided in each lot</td>
<td>1/8 of Column A**</td>
<td>7/8 of Column A***</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1001</td>
<td>20 plus 1 for each 100 over 1000</td>
<td>1/8 of Column A**</td>
<td>7/8 of Column A***</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*vans and cars may share access aisles
**one out of every 8 accessible spaces
***7 out of every 8 accessible parking spaces

10-3-6: COMMON FACILITIES FOR MIXED USES:

A. In the case of mixed uses, the total requirement of off-street parking space shall be the sum of the requirements for the various uses. Reductions from the minimum parking requirements for individual uses may be granted by the Planning Commission where circumstances indicate that joint use of parking or other factors will mitigate peak parking demand.

Requests for parking reductions shall be made to the Planning Commission by filing an application for Design Review. The applicant(s) shall provide the information that is outlined below based upon the document “Shared Parking” authored by the Urban Land Institute. The Planning Commission and/or staff may require the information be prepared by a registered traffic engineer.

1. **Step One**: Initial Project Review.
   Document and quantify the proposed land uses and anticipated functional interrelationships between differing uses. The initial phase also must include data gathered regarding general location of parking facilities, surrounding land uses, land use mix and other variables which affect parking.

2. **Step Two**: Adjustment for Peak Parking Factor.
   Calculate the number of off-street parking spaces required for each land use within the study area.

3. **Step Three**: Analysis of Hourly Accumulation.
   Estimate the hourly parking accumulations for each land use during a typical weekday and weekend day.
4. **Step Four**: Estimate of Shared Parking.
   Combine the hourly parking demand for each land use to determine the overall parking to be required within the planning area.

B. In granting parking reductions, the Planning Commission shall make one or more of the following findings:

1. The traffic report justifies the requested parking reduction based upon the presence of two or more adjacent land uses which, because of substantially different operating hours or different peak parking characteristics, will allow joint use of the same parking facilities.

2. The traffic report indicates the presence of public transportation facilities and/or pedestrian circulation opportunities which justify the requested reduction of parking.

3. The traffic report finds that the clustering of different land uses is such that a reduced number of parking spaces can serve multiple trip purposes to the area in questions.

C. As a condition of approval to the granting of a parking reduction, the City may require the recording of reciprocal access and parking agreements between affected property owners.

D. The parking facility for which shared parking or off-site parking is proposed shall meet the criteria listed in 10-3-7.

E. Decisions may be appealed in accordance with the procedures specified in Code Section 10-1-1-7.

10-3-7: **OFF-SITE PARKING**: Except parking for residential uses, the vehicle parking spaces required by this Chapter may be located on another parcel of land, provided the parcel is within 500 feet of the use it serves and the City has approved the off-site parking through Design Review. The distance from the parking area to the use shall be measured from the nearest parking space to a building entrance, following a sidewalk or other pedestrian route. The right to use the off-site parking must be evidenced by a recorded deed or easement. The Planning Commission may grant approval for off-site parking only if affirmative findings can be made to the criteria listed in 10-3-7.

A. The location of the parking facility will not be detrimental to the safety and welfare of residents in the area; and,

B. Reasonably safe pedestrian access will be provided from the parking facility to the building or use requiring the parking; and,

C. The property owner of land for which a building or use requires off-site parking has recorded a covenant agreeing to require any occupant or tenant to maintain such parking facilities; and,

D. The applicant requesting off-site parking has furnished a copy of a deed showing ownership of the property or a recorded exclusive, perpetual easement granted by the property owner of the land for which the off-site parking is to be located, use of the off-site property for parking purposes in perpetuity.

10-3-8: **PARKING AREA IMPROVEMENT STANDARDS**: All public or private parking areas, loading areas and outdoor vehicle sales areas shall be improved according to the following: All required parking areas shall have a durable, dust free surfacing of asphaltic concrete, cement concrete, porous concrete, porous asphalt, permeable pavers such as turf, concrete, brick pavers or other materials approved by the City. Driveways aprons shall be paved for the first fifty feet (50’) from the street.

A. Parking for new single family dwellings and duplexes shall be provided as a carport or garage, unless the majority of existing dwellings within 100 feet of the property boundary of the proposed development do not have such covered parking facilities. The number of required covered parking spaces shall be based on the predominant number of covered spaces on the majority of lots within the 100 foot radius. Parking spaces shall measure nine (9) feet and six (6) inches wide by nineteen (19) feet long. No encroachments (such as water heaters, steps, door swings) are
allowed into the required parking spaces. Parking for Accessory Dwelling Units may be covered or uncovered.

B. All parking areas except those required in conjunction with a single-family or duplex dwelling shall be graded so as not to drain storm water over public sidewalks. All drainage systems shall be connected to storm sewers where available. Parking lot surfacing shall not encroach upon a public right of way except where it abuts a concrete public sidewalk, or has been otherwise approved by the City.

C. Parking spaces shall be located or screened so that headlights do not shine onto adjacent residential uses.

D. Except for parking areas required in conjunction with a single-family or duplex dwelling, all parking areas shall provide:

1. A curb of not less than six inches (6") in height near abutting streets and interior lot lines. This curb shall be placed to prevent a motor vehicle from encroaching on adjacent private property, public walkways or sidewalks or the minimum landscaped area required in paragraph D2 of this subsection.

2. Except for places of ingress and egress, a five foot (5') landscaped area wherever it abuts street right-of-way. In areas of extensive pedestrian traffic or when design of an existing parking lot makes the requirements of this paragraph unfeasible, the Planning Commission may approve other landscaped areas on the property in lieu of the required five foot (5') landscaped area. See also FCC 10-34-3-6 and -7 for parking lot landscaping standards.

E. No parking area shall extend into the public way except by agreement with the City.

F. Except for parking in connection with dwellings, parking and loading areas adjacent to a dwelling shall be designed to minimize disturbance by the placement of a sight obscuring fence or evergreen hedge of not less than three feet (3') nor more than six feet (6') in height, except where vision clearance is required. Any fence, or evergreen hedge must be well kept and maintained.

G. Lighting: Refer to Section 10-37 of this Title for requirements.

H. Except for single-family and duplex dwellings, groups of more than two (2) parking spaces shall be so located and served by a driveway that their use will require no backing movements or other maneuvering within a street right of way other than an alley.

I. Unless otherwise provided, required parking and loading spaces shall not be located in a required front or side yard.

J. Planning review is required for all parking lot construction or resurfacing.

K. A plan, drawn to a suitable scale, indicating how the off-street parking and loading requirements are to be met shall accompany an application for a building permit. The plan shall indicate in detail all of the following:

1. Individual parking and loading spaces.

2. Circulation area.

3. Access to streets and property to be served.

4. Curb cut dimensions.

5. Dimensions, continuity and substance of screening, if any.
6. Grading, drainage, surfacing and subgrading details.

7. Obstacles, if any, to parking and traffic circulation in finished parking areas.

8. Specifications for signs, bumper guards and curbs.


L. In addition to other penalties and remedies, the failure to provide, maintain and care for a parking area as required by this Section:

1. Is declared a public nuisance which may be abated under subsection 6-1-8-5 of this Code.

2. May be the basis for denying any business license required or permit issued by the City. (Ord. 625, 6-30-80; re-lettered by Ord. 669, 5-17-82; Ord. 4, Series 1985, 4-23-85)

M. Parking provided for Accessory Dwelling Units:

1. Parking for Accessory Dwelling Units may be covered or uncovered.

2. Provided parking shall be hard-surfaced.

3. Parking for Accessory Dwelling Units may be provided on-street where on-street parking is available along the lot frontage and the street meets the minimum width for local streets with parking available on both sides (greater than 34 feet curb to curb). Site conditions may prevent the use of this specific area for that purpose, but shall not restrict the ability to count on-street parking towards the reduction of parking requirements off-street.

10-3-9: PARKING STALL DESIGN AND MINIMUM DIMENSIONS: All off-street parking spaces (except those provided for single-family and duplex homes) shall be improved to conform to City standards for surfacing, stormwater management, and striping and where provisions conflict, the provisions of FCC Title 9 Chapter 5 shall prevail. Standard parking spaces shall conform to minimum dimensions specified in the following standards and Figures 10-3(1) and Table 10-3-3:

A. Motor vehicle parking spaces shall measure nine (9) feet and six (6) inches wide by nineteen (19) feet long.

B. Each space shall have double line striping with two feet (2') wide on center.

C. The width of any striping line used in an approved parking area shall be a minimum of 4" wide.

D. All parallel motor vehicle parking spaces shall measure eight (8) feet six (6) inches by twenty-two (22) feet;

E. Parking area layout shall conform to the dimensions in Figure 10-3(1), and Table 10-3-3, below;

F. Parking areas shall conform to Americans With Disabilities Act (ADA) standards for parking spaces (dimensions, van accessible parking spaces, etc.). Parking structure vertical clearance, van accessible parking spaces, should refer to Federal ADA guidelines.
FIGURE 10-3 (1)

Table 10-3-3 – Parking Area Layout

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parking Angle &lt;°</th>
<th>Stall Depth</th>
<th>Aisle Width</th>
<th>Stall width (B)</th>
<th>Curb Length (F)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Single (C)</td>
<td>Double (E)</td>
<td>One Way (D)</td>
<td>Two Way (D)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30°</td>
<td>15.6</td>
<td>26.7</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>45°</td>
<td>18.4</td>
<td>33.4</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60°</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>38.8</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70°</td>
<td>20.3</td>
<td>40.6</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80°</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>41.2</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90°</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>40.5</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
10-3-10: **BICYCLE PARKING REQUIREMENTS:** All new development that is subject to Site Design Review, shall provide bicycle parking, in conformance with the standards and subsections A-H, below.

A. **Minimum Size Space:** Bicycle parking shall be on a two (2) feet by six (6) feet minimum.

B. **Minimum Required Bicycle Parking Spaces.** Short term bicycle parking spaces shall be provided for all non-residential uses at a ratio of one bicycle space for every ten vehicle parking spaces. In calculating the number of required spaces, fractions shall be rounded up to the nearest whole number, with a minimum of two spaces.

C. **Long Term Parking.** Long term bicycle parking requirements are only for new development of group living and multiple family uses (three or more units). The long term parking spaces shall be covered and secured and can be met by providing a bicycle storage room, bicycle lockers, racks, or other secure storage space inside or outside of the building; Multifamily= 1 per 4 units/ Group Living = 1 per 20 bedrooms/ Dormitory = 1 per 8 bedrooms.

D. **Location and Design.** Bicycle parking should be no farther from the main building entrance than the distance to the closest vehicle space other than handicap parking, or fifty (50) feet, whichever is less and shall be easily accessible to bicyclists entering the property from the public street or multi-use path.

E. **Visibility and Security.** Bicycle parking for customers and visitors of a use shall be visible from street sidewalks or building entrances, so that it provides sufficient security from theft and damage;

F. **Lighting.** For security, bicycle parking shall be at least as well lit as vehicle parking. Refer to Section 10-37 of this Title for requirements.

G. **Reserved Areas.** Areas set aside for bicycle parking shall be clearly marked and reserved for bicycle parking only.

H. **Hazards.** Bicycle parking shall not impede or create a hazard to pedestrians. Parking areas shall be located so as to not conflict with vision clearance standards. If bicycle parking cannot be provided safely, the Planning Commission or Community Development Director may waive or modify the bicycle parking requirements.

10-3-11: **LOADING AREAS:**

A. **Purpose.** The purpose of this section of the Code is to provide standards (1) for a minimum number of off-street loading spaces that will ensure adequate loading areas for large uses and developments, and (2) to ensure that the appearance of loading areas is consistent with that of parking areas.

B. **Applicability.** This section applies to residential projects with fifty (50) or more dwelling units, and non-residential and mixed-use buildings with 20,000 square feet or more total floor area.

C. **Location.**

1. All necessary loading spaces for commercial and industrial buildings and uses shall be off the street and shall be provided in addition to the required parking spaces.

2. Vehicles in the berth shall not protrude into a public right of way or sidewalk. When possible, loading berths shall be located so that vehicles are not required to back or maneuver in a public street.

3. A school having a capacity greater than twenty five (25) students shall have a driveway designed for continuous forward flow of passenger vehicles for the purpose of loading and unloading children.
D. **Number of Loading Spaces.**

1. **Residential buildings.** Buildings where all of the floor area is in residential use shall meet the following standards:
   a. Fewer than fifty (50) dwelling units on a site that abuts a local street: No loading spaces are required.
   b. All other buildings: One (1) space.

2. **Non-residential and mixed-use buildings.** Buildings where any floor area is in non-residential uses shall meet the following standards:
   a. Less than 20,000 square feet total floor area: No loading spaces required.
   b. 20,000 to 50,000 square feet of total floor area: One (1) loading space.
   c. More than 50,000 square feet of total floor area: Two (2) loading spaces.

E. **Size of Spaces.** Required loading spaces shall be at least thirty-five (35) feet long and ten (10) feet wide, and shall have a height clearance of at least thirteen (13) feet.

F. **Placement, setbacks, and landscaping.** Loading areas shall conform to the setback and perimeter landscaping standards of FCC 10-34 Landscaping. Where parking areas are prohibited between a building and the street, loading areas are also prohibited. The decision body may approve a loading area adjacent to or within the street right-of-way through Site Design Review or Conditional Use Permit review, as applicable, where it finds that loading and unloading operations are short in duration (i.e., less than one hour), not obstruct traffic during peak traffic hours, or interfere with emergency response services.

The following ordinances were repealed and replaced by:
Ord. No. 9, Series 2008 – effective 5/9/2008 - lighting

Amended by Ordinance No. 15, Series 1988
Amended by Ordinance No. 12, Series 1994
Amended by Ordinance No. 19, Series 1994
Amended by Ordinance No. 14, Series 1995
Amended by Ordinance No. 2, Series 2000
Section 10-3-8 amended by Ordinance No. 9, Series 2009
Sections 10-3-4-C, and 10-3-11-F amended by Ordinance No. 4, Series 2011 effective 4-22-11
Section 10-3-2-I added, and Section 10-3-9 amended by Ordinance No. 18, Series 2011 effective 9-16-11
Section 10-3-3 and 10-3-10 amended by Ordinance No. 5, Series 2012 effective 1-16-13
Section 10-3-8 and 10-3-9 amended by Ordinance No. 3, Series 2013 effective 7-31-13
Section 10-3-8-G and 10-3-10-F amended by Ord. No. 12, Series 2014, effective 12-31-14
Section 10-3-4 amended by Ord. No. 12, Series 2015, effective 1-1-15
Section 10-3-6 amended by Ord. No. 11, Series 2016, effective XX/XX/XX
Sections 10-, 10-, and 10- amended by Ord. No. XX, Series 2018, effective XX/XX/XX