

FLORENCE PLANNING COMMISSION ITEM UPDATE/SUMMARY

MEMO DATE: April 21, 2016

MEETING DATE: April 26, 2016

STAFF: Glen Southerland, Assistant Planner

SUBJECT: Wireless Telecommunications Code Update

SUMMARY:

This memo serves as supplementary background for the Planning Commission Meeting Work Session Agenda item regarding draft code updates to Title 10, Chapter 33: Telecommunications Facilities Overlay District.

On March 8, 2016, application was received from Sharon Gretch of Md7, representing Verizon Wireless, for amendments to Florence's wireless telecommunications code. Staff took this opportunity to update the code to reflect changes that had been made at the federal level since the code's inception in 2003. No changes, other than those related to implementation of the recent lighting code update, have been made to this chapter since 2003.

Staff also took this opportunity to reorganize the code to make it clearer and more user friendly. The chapter was arranged into process and criteria sections. Staff has also strived to make these changes to other sections of code, some of which you have recently reviewed, in order to make the code more transparent.

A number of codes were used to model changes to Chapter 33, but the majority of the content remains, reorganized, from its previous form. Definitions were added which were suggested by the League of Oregon Cities in 2012 in response to changes made to FCC regulations at the time allowing wireless facilities to be expanded by a certain degree without review.

Following this work session, PC 16 06 TA 01 will have a public hearing at the Planning Commission's May 10, 2016 regularly scheduled meeting.

Attached to this document are both applicant proposed amendments to Chapter 33 and staff proposed amendments.

Please feel free to contact me if you have any questions.

ATTACHMENTS:

Attachments to Findings of Fact: Ch. 33 Applicant Proposed Code Amendments Ch. 33 Staff Proposed Code Amendments

TITLE 10 CHAPTER 33

TELECOMMUNICATIONS FACILITIES OVERLAY DISTRICT

SECTION:

10-33-4: Conditional Uses

10-33-6: Setbacks

10-33-4: CONDITIONAL USES:

- A. In Industrial, Business Park and Highway Districts, any WCF in excess of the height limits in Section A No. 1 above.
- E. Any WCF exceeding the limits in Section D No. 4 above.

10-33-6: SETBACKS

- A. WCF's shall not be located in front yards.
- B. Telecommunication facilities meeting the height requirements of the underlying district shall meet the setbacks required in that district.
- C. Any facility exceeding the height requirements of the underlying zone shall be set back from the property line of all abutting uses at least 1.5 times the height of the facility.

OPTION A:

- C. The setback of the structure shall be governed by the setback requirements of the underlying zone. [In all zoning districts, the Planning Commission may allow a variance to any required setback upon the request of the applicant if:] (Applicant proposed "In all zoning districts, the Planning Commission shall have the authority to vary any required setback upon the request of the Applicant if:")
 - 1. the Applicant provides a letter stamped by a certified structural engineer documenting that the proposed structure's fall zone is less than the actual height of the structure.
 - 2. the Applicant can show that the proposed encroachment of the setback minimizes the potential adverse impacts through natural topography, reasonable design, landscape and/or construction practices.

OPTION B:

- C. The setback of the structure shall be governed by the setback requirements of the underlying zone. However, the setback from a residential dwelling not on the subject parcel shall be no less than the height of the facility.
- D. Additional setbacks may be required if there are lighting or noise impacts, or if protection from damage or collapse of the facility warrants additional setbacks.

1 2 3			TITLE 10 CHAPTER 33
4 5			TELECOMMUNICATIONS FACILITIES OVERLAY DISTRICT
6	SECT	ION:	
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	10-33- 10-33- 10-33- 10-33- 10-33- 10-33- 10-33- 10-33- 10-33-	3: Pern 4: <u>Deve</u> 5: Appl 6: Setb 7: Ligh 8: Inter 9: Acce 10: Re	nitions g Permits, Exemptions, Site Review & Conditional Uses, and Applications nitted Uses elopment StandardsConditional Uses ication eacks ting ference ess view Criteria aintenance
20 21 22	10-33-	- <u>7</u> 13: Se	ecommissioning everability <u>ew of Regulations</u>
23 24 25 26 27 28	facilita sufficion and ch	ite the le ent to p naractei	RPOSE: The purpose of the Telecommunications Facilities Overlay District is to ocation of necessary wireless telecommunications facilities, including towers, rovide service to area businesses and residents while preserving the viewsheds of the community, especially in residential districts.
29 30 31 32 33 34 35	A.	Ancilla teleco equipr	ary facilities: the structures and equipment required for operation of the mmunication equipment, including but not limited to antennae, repeaters, ment housing structure, footings and foundations, and ventilation or other electrical chanical equipment.
36 37 38 39 40 41	B.	the su sendir	na(e): an exterior apparatus, electrical conductor or group of electrical conductors, rface of which is designed for telephonic, radio or television communications by ng and/or receiving radio frequency or electromagnetic waves, including those sent received by wireless communication facilities. Antennae include the following
42 43 44		1.	Ancillary antenna, which are antennae less than 12 inches in their largest dimension and are not directly used to provide personal wireless communication services.
45 46		2.	Omni-direction (whip) antenna, which receives and transmits signals in a 360 degree pattern

- Directional or parabolic (panel or disk) antenna, which receives and transmits signals in a directional pattern typically encompassing an arc of 120 degrees.
 - 4. Satellite Dish antenna, which receives signals that are reflected from satellites
 - 5. Other, which means all other transmitting or receiving equipment not specifically described herein.

C. Attached wireless communication facility. A wireless communication facility that is affixed to an existing structure, e.g., an existing building, wall or roof, mechanical equipment or alternative tower structure.

D. Attachment. An antenna or other piece of related equipment affixed to a transmission tower.

E. Base Station. Any on-site fencing, equipment, switches, wiring, cabling, power sources, shelters or cabinets associated with a tower, but not installed as part of an antenna.

EF. Co-location. The use or placement of two or more antenna systems or platforms by separate FCC license holders on a single support structure, transmission tower, or building.

FG. Equipment enclosures. A small structure, shelter, cabinet or vault used to house and protect electronic equipment necessary for processing wireless communication signals.

GH. Fall zone: The area within a prescribed radius from the base of a wireless communication facility. The fall zone is the area within there might be a potential hazard from falling debris or a collapsing mount.

HI. Front yard: An area lying between side lot lines, the depth of which is a specified horizontal distance between the street line and a line parallel thereto on the lot.

 Height: The distance measured from above ground level to the highest point of a wireless communication facility, including the antenna array. For purposes of measuring height, all antennas or other attachments mounted on a structure shall be included in the measurements to determine overall combined height.

82 JK. Mount: The structure or surface upon which antennae are mounted:

1. Roof-mounted: mounted on the roof of a building

2. Side mounted: mounted on the side of a building

3. Ground mounted: mounted on a monopole, mast, pole or tower

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89	K <u>L</u> .		facility. The installation of a new transmission tower. New attachments are not new
90		faciliti	es.
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92	<u>M.</u>		onal Wireless Service Facility. A type of Radio Frequency Transmission Facility
93			rovides telecommunication service as defined by the Federal Telecommunications
94		Act of	f 1996. These facilities include technologies that currently exist or that may be
95			oped in the future, including but not limited to cellular, personal communications
96			ces, specialized mobile radio, enhanced specialized mobile radio, paging, and
97			r Federal Communications Commission (FCC)-licensed commercial wireless
98		teleco	ommunications services.
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100	<u>LN</u> .		xisting towers and pre-existing antennae. Any tower or antennae for which a
101		buildi	ng permit has been properly issued prior to the effective date of this ordinance.
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103	<u>МО</u> .		der. A person in the business of designing and/or using WCF including
104			telephones, personal communication services, enhanced/specialized mobile radios
105		and c	ommercial paging services.
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107	<u>NP</u> .		line: The highest point of a roof, excluding chimneys, parapets, tanks, ventilating
108		fans,	towers, steeples, flagpoles, or similar structures.
109	0	"Cb.a	Acaticular about a the above in a discounting " manager
110	<u>Q.</u>	Subs	stantially change the physical dimensions" means:
111 112		(1)	the mounting of the proposed antenna on the tower would increase the existing
113		(1)	height of the tower by more than 10 percent, or by the height of one additional
114			antenna array with separation from the nearest existing antenna not to exceed 20
115			feet, whichever is greater, except that the mounting of the proposed antenna may
116			exceed the size limits set forth in this paragraph if necessary to avoid
117			interference with existing antennas; or
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119		<u>(2)</u>	the mounting of the proposed antenna would involve the installation of more than
120		•	the standard number of new equipment cabinets for the technology involved, not
121			to exceed four, or more than one new equipment shelter; or
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123		<u>(3)</u>	the mounting of the proposed antenna would involve adding an appurtenance to
124			the body of the tower that would protrude from the edge of the tower more than
125			20 feet, or more than the width of the tower structure at the level of the
126			appurtenance, whichever is greater, except that the mounting of the proposed
127			antenna may exceed the size limits set forth in this paragraph if necessary to
128			shelter the antenna from inclement weather or to connect the antenna to the

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tower via cable; or

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the mounting of the proposed antenna would involve excavation outside the

current tower site, defined as the current boundaries of the leased or owned

133		property surrounding the tower and any access or utility easements currently
134		related to the site.
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136	<u> </u>	Support structure. The structure to which wireless communication antennae and other
137		necessary hardware are mounted. For purposes of this ordinance, the terms "support
138		structure", "tower", and "transmission tower" shall be interchangeable. Support structures
139		include, but are not limited to:
140		
141		1. <u>Lattice tower</u> : A freestanding support structure which consists of an open
142		framework of crossed metal braces on three or four sides which stabilize the
143		tower and which is built without guy wires and ground anchors.
144		2. <u>Monopole</u> : A freestanding support structure consisting of a single upright pole
145		sunk into the ground and/or attached to a foundation and engineered to be self-
146		supporting without guy wires or ground anchors.
147		3. Guyed tower: A tower which is supported, in whole or in part, by the use of
148		cables (guy wires) and ground anchors.
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150	<u>₽S</u> .	Tower footprint. The area described at the base of a transmission tower as the perimeter
151		of the transmission tower including the transmission tower foundation and any attached
152		or overhanging equipment, attachments or structural members but excluding ancillary
153		facilities and guy wires and anchors.
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155	Q <u>T</u> .	Tower height. The distance measured vertically from the highest point when positioned
156		for operation to the lowest point, which is defined as the bottom of the base of the
157		structure being measured at either roof level for a roof-mounted structure or at ground
158		level for a freestanding structure. The height of a tower shall include the height of any
159		antennae positioned for operation attached or which may be attached to the highest
160		point of the tower.
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162	R <u>U</u> .	Tower pad. The area encompassing the tower footprint, ancillary facilities, fencing and
163		screening.
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165	<u>\$V</u>	Wireless communication facilities (WCF). An unstaffed facility for the transmission and
166		reception of radio or microwave signals used for commercial communications. Wireless
167		communication facilities are composed of two or more of the following components:
168		Antenna, support structure, equipment structures, and security barrier. For the purposes
169		of this section, amateur radio transmission facilities are not WCF's.
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171	<u>W.</u>	Wireless tower. Any structure built for the sole for primary purpose of supporting FCC-
172		licensed or authorized antennas and their associated facilities used to provide FCC-

10-33-3: PERMITTED USES

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174 175 licensed services. Also known as a Support Structure, as defined above.

10-33-3: SITING PERMITS, EXEMPTIONS, SITE REVIEW & CONDITIONAL USES, AND APPLICATIONS:

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A. SITING PERMITS REQUIRED. Except as provided in subsection B below of this section, no wireless communications facility may be sited in the City without a siting permit having first been obtained through site Administrative Review or Conditional Use Permit.

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- B. EXEMPTIONS. A siting permit is not required for the following when meeting the height requirements of the district where it is located:

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1. Siting of dish or other antennae with a diameter or height of 3 feet or less, respectively, solely for the benefit of persons residing on a property or necessary for the conduct of business.

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2. Amateur radio towers, also known as Ham radios, and associated equipment.

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3. Ordinary maintenance or repair of a wireless communications facility.

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Modification of an existing support tower or base station for the collocation of or attachment of new transmission equipment or removal or replacement of existing transmission equipment, pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 1455, and notwithstanding any provision of this Chapter to the contrary, provided that such modification does not "substantially change the physical dimensions" of such support tower or base station from the dimensions approved as part of the original decision or building permit for the support tower or base station, that the applicant requesting a modification or expansion of a support tower or base station establishes by substantial evidence that the requested separation between antennas is the minimum necessary to avoid interference, and, to the extent feasible, that the additional equipment or modified equipment shall maintain the appearance and design of the original facility, including, but not limited to, color, screening, landscaping, stealth or camouflage design, mounting configuration, and architectural treatment. However, any modification to a support tower or base station which "substantially changes the physical dimensions" of either the support tower or base station, and any other modification to a wireless communications facility that does not qualify as a support tower or base station, shall be subject to the siting permits and authorizations as required by this Chapter.

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 Siting of temporary wireless communications facilities that are used by a public agency for emergency communications, emergency preparedness, or other public health or safety purposes.

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220		6.	Replacement of an existing support tower that does not "substantially change the
221			physical dimensions" of the existing support tower.
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223	<u>C.</u>	SITE	REVIEW & CONDITIONAL USES: All non-exempt WCFs are required to undergo
224		site r	eview and obtain a Siting Permit through an Administrative Review process.
225		Exen	npt and non-exempt WCFs which do not meet the height requirements listed as part
226		of FC	CC 10-33-4-B below are conditional uses and must obtain a Conditional Use Permit.
227		Any \	WCF proposed within an Open Space District requires a Conditional Use Permit.
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230	<u>D.</u>	APPI	LICATION: The applicant shall submit:
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232		<u>1. </u>	A site plan, drawn to scale.
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234		2.	Elevations of all proposed buildings and structures, together with a depiction of
235			proposed screening.
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237		3.	A landscaping plan.
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239		4.	The engineered design capacity of the WCF relative to the number and type of
240			antennae it is designed to accommodate, at the location of such antennae in
241			such a manner as to optimize performance, minimize visual impact, and
242			encourage co-location.
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244		<u>5.</u>	A feasibility study showing why this facility is necessary, and if not co-located,
245			why it cannot be co-located. The study must show that co-location is unfeasible
246			due to one or more of the following reasons: structural support limitations, safety
247			considerations, lack of available space, failure to meet service coverage needs,
248			consent cannot be obtained, or unreasonable economic constraints.
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250		<u>6.</u>	Evidence of conformance with FAA requirements.
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252		<u>7. </u>	Details of proposed security measures and content and location of warning signs.
253			Such signs shall include notification of any hazardous materials onsite, and a
254			24/7 contact number for emergency use.
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256		8.	Evidence that the proposed WCF meets FCC electromagnetic radiation emission
257			standards.
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259		9.	Narrative showing compliance with conditional use criteria and/or design review
260			<u>criteria.</u>
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262	10-33	3-4: <u>DE</u>	VELOPMENT STANDARDSCONDITIONAL USES:
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264 265	A	In Industrial, Business Park and Highway Districts, any WCF in excess of the height limits in No. 1 above.
266 267 268	B	Any WCF extending more than 3' above the roofline of any building located in the Old Town, Mainstreet or Commercial Districts.
269 270 271	C.	Any WCF extending more than 5' above the roofline of any building in the North commercial Districts.
272273274	D.	Any WCF extending more than 3' above the roofline of the primary structure located in any residential district.
275 276	€.—	Any WCF exceeding the limits in No. 4 above.
277 278 279	F.	All WCF's in any Open Space District.
280 281	G.	All WCF's exceeding 9 feet in height attached to public facilities.
282 283	<u>A.</u>	SETBACKS:
284		1. WCFs shall not be located in front yards.
285 286		 Telecommunication facilities meeting the height requirements of the underlying district shall meet the setbacks required in that district.
287 288 289		3. The setback of the structure shall be governed by the setback requirements of the underlying zone. In all zoning districts, the Planning Commission may allow a variance to any required setback upon the request of the applicant if:
290 291 292		a. the Applicant provides a letter stamped by a certified structural engineer documenting that the proposed structure's fall zone is less than the actual height of the structure.
293 294 295		 b. the Applicant can show that the proposed encroachment of the setback minimizes the potential adverse impacts through natural topography, reasonable design, landscape and/or construction practices.
296 297 298 299		c. The setback of the structure shall be governed by the setback requirements of the underlying zone. However, the setback for a WCF from a residential dwelling not on the subject parcel shall be no less than the height of the proposed facility.
300 301		D. Additional setbacks may be required if there are lighting or noise impacts, or if protection from damage or collapse of the facility warrants additional setbacks.
302	B.	HEIGHT LIMITS BY DISTRICT: Height limits for each district apply to all wireless

telecommunications facilities, including those exempted from Siting Permits. Wireless

304	telecommunications facilities in excess of these height limits may be permitted through a
305	Conditional Use Permit process.

- 1. Limited Industrial, Service Industrial, Marine, Pacific View Business Park and Highway Districts. All non-exempt WCF meeting the height requirements of those districts are subject to Siting Permits. Those height limits are 38' from ground-level in the Limited Industrial District, Service Industrial, Marine, and Pacific View Business Park Districts and 28' from ground-level in the Highway District. Permitted without review or siting permits are roof and side-mounted antennae necessary for the conduct of business extending no more than 8 feet above the roof line.
- Old Town, Mainstreet, Professional Office/Institutional and Commercial
 Districts. WCF may extend 3' above the roofline.
- 3. **North Commercial District.** WCF may extend 5' above the roofline.
- 4. **Public and Estuary Districts.** WCF heights may not exceed those of the most restrictive abutting district.
- 5. Residential Districts. WCF may not exceed 3' in height above the roofline in any residential district. Towers erected for use by amateur radio operators may exceed the 3' above roofline restriction if it is demonstrated that the increased height is technically necessary to enable functional radio communications if approved through Administrative Review.
- 6. **Public Facilities.** Monopoles for personal communication devices attached to existing light, power, or telephone poles may not extend more than 6' in height in any zone. WCFs attached to existing public facilities may not exceed 9' in height. The owner of the facility may require screening, security measures, or liability coverage, and may control access to the facility.
- 7. Amateur Radio Towers. Towers erected for use by amateur radio operators may not exceed 40' in height. Amateur radio towers in excess of 40' shall be reviewed by a committee of three amateur radio operators to determine whether the additional height is technically necessary to enable functional amateur radio communications and reviewed through Administrative Review.
- C. COLLOCATION REQUIRED. All wireless communications facilities located in the right-of-way shall be collocated or attached to replacement utility structures. All wireless communications facilities located outside the right-of-way shall be collocated, unless the collocation would interfere with other wireless communications facilities located on the same structure or jeopardize the physical integrity of the structure upon which collocation will be made, consent cannot be obtained for collocation on the structure, or the available structures do not provide sufficient height to obtain coverage or capacity objectives.
- F. ACCESS: Access to commercial WCFs shall be from an arterial or a collector street.

343 344 **GENERAL REQUIREMENTS:** 345 346 Tower sharing. WCFs shall incorporate co-location either with another existing 347 facility, or offer the option for another entity to co-locate on the proposed facility. 348 349 Towers exceeding height limits. Towers which exceed height limits shall be the 350 minimum necessary to meet the needs of the applicant, provide reasonable 351 service to the Florence area, and provide for future collocation of facilities to 352 prevent the siting of additional towers. 353 Security. Antennas must be secured from public access, either by vertical or 354 355 horizontal separation, fencing, locked access, or other measures as appropriate. 356 357 Tower color/finish. For towers not regulated by the Oregon Department of 358 Aviation, or Federal Aviation Administration, a finish (paint/surface) must be 359 provided that reduces the visibility of the structure. The proposed WCF design eliminates, to the greatest extent possible, the visibility of the proposed facility 360 361 from adjacent streets, residences, parks and viewpoints. Colors and materials chosen to minimize visibility. 362 363 Landscaping/Screening. The base of a tower and all necessary equipment or 364 structures located at grade must be fully screened from the street and any 365 366 abutting sites as follows: 367 368 In commercial or industrial zones, a landscaped area at least 5 feet deep meeting the requirements of FCC 10-34-3-7 must be provided around the 369 370 base of a tower and all accessory equipment or structures located at 371 grade. 372 In residential, open space, or other zones, or within 50 feet of a 373 374 residential zone, a landscaped area at least 15 feet deep meeting the 375 requirements of FCC 10-34-3-7 around the base of all accessory 376 equipment or structures located at grade. 377 378 State and Federal Requirements. The site shall comply with electromagnetic 379 radiation emission standards as established by the FCC. No WCF shall interfere 380 with public safety telecommunications. Applicants must provide certification from a registered engineer that the proposed facility will be in compliance with FCC 381 382 emissions standards with the permit application. The applicant shall also provide 383 certification from a registered engineer that the proposed facility will be in 384 compliance with FAA and Oregon Department of Aviation standards with the 385 permit application. 386

387	<u>7.</u>	Lighting. No lighting shall be permitted except as required by the Oregon
388		Department of Aviation, FAA, or as necessary to provide security to the site.
389		Refer to section 10-37 of this Title for lighting requirements.
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391	<u>8.</u>	Fall zone. The applicant shall provide a fall zone adequate to protect
392		surrounding uses, especially residences.
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394	<u>9.</u>	Liability Coverage. The owner/operator shall certify that they have obtained
395		sufficient liability insurance to cover damage from tower failure or collapse.
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397	<u>10.</u>	Personal wireless service facilities. Lattice towers are not allowed.
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399	<u>11.</u>	Noise requirements. Applications to locate or replace accessory equipment in or
400		within 50 feet of a residential zone must be accompanied by a signed and
401		stamped acoustical engineer's report demonstrating that noise levels from the
402		equipment are in full compliance with noise regulations contained within FCC 6-
403		<u>1-2-3.</u>
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405	10-33-5: API	PLICATION: The applicant shall submit:
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407	A. A site	e plan drawn to scale.
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409	B. Eleva	ations of all proposed buildings and structures, together with a depiction of proposed
410	screening.	
411		
412	C. A lan	dscaping plan.
413		
414	D. The c	engineered design capacity of the WCF relative to of the number and type of
415	antennae it is	s designed to accommodate, and the location of such antennae in such a manner
416	as to optimiz	e performance, minimize visual impact, and encourage co-location.
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418	E. A fea	sibility study showing why this facility is necessary, and if not co-located, why it
419		o-located. The study must show that co-location is unfeasible due to one or more of
420		structural support limitations, safety considerations, lack of available space, failure
421		ice coverage needs, or unreasonable economic constraints.
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423	F. Evide	ence of conformance with FAA requirements.
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425	G. Detai	ls of proposed security measures and content and location of warning signs. Such
426		iclude notification of any hazardous materials onsite, and a 24/7 contact number for
427	emergency u	
428	Sincigority o	
429	H. Evide	ence that the proposed WCF meets FCC electromagnetic radiation emission
430	standards.	mes that the proposed from mode i de diodiomagnotic radiation emission
1.55	213.133.430.	

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432	 	Narrative showing compliance with conditional use criteria and/or design review criteria.
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434	10-33 -	6: SETBACKS:
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436	A	WCF's shall not be located in front yards.
437	B	Telecommunication facilities meeting the height requirements of the underlying district
438		shall meet the setbacks required in that district.
439	C.	Any facility exceeding the height requirements of the underlying zone shall be set back
440		from the property line of all abutting uses at least 1.5 times the height of the facility.
441	D.	Additional setbacks may be required if there are lighting or noise impacts, or if protection
442		from damage or collapse of the facility warrants additional setbacks.
443		7: LIGHTING: No lighting shall be permitted except as required by the FAA, or as
444		sary to provide security to the site. Refer to section 10-37 of this Title for lighting
445	require	ements.
446		
447		8: INTERFERENCE: No WCF shall interfere with public safety telecommunications. The
448	-	ay require a statement or other evidence from a qualified professional engineer licensed
449		State of Oregon that the proposed WCF will not interfere with public safety
450	teleco	mmunications.
451		
452 453	10-33 -	9: ACCESS: Access to commercial WCF's shall be from an arterial or a collector street.
454	10-33-	10: REVIEW CRITERIA:
455	.0 00	
456	Α.	Does the facility incorporate co-location either with another existing facility, or offer the
457		option for another entity to co-locate on the proposed facility?
458		The second of the second of the proposed facility.
459	B	Are the portions of the proposed structure(s) that exceed height limits the minimum
460		necessary to meet the needs of the applicant and provide reasonable service to the
461		Florence area?
462		
463	C.	Is the site/facility secure? Will warnings and emergency contact information be posted?
464		
465	D.	Is the site screened, and/or designed to minimize impacts to surrounding land uses and
466		the community? Does the proposed WCF design eliminate, to the greatest extent
467		possible, the visibility of the proposed facility from adjacent streets, residences, parks
468		and viewpoints? Are colors and materials chosen to minimize visibility?
469		
470	€	Does the facility meet FAA requirements?
471		

- F. Does the facility comply with electromagnetic radiation emission standards as established by the FCC?
- G. Has the applicant provided a fall zone adequate to protect surrounding uses?

H. Does the owner/operator have sufficient liability insurance to cover damage from tower failure or collapse?

10-33-511: MAINTENANCE: The owner(s) of any WCF shall provide continuing maintenance of the facility and its accessory structures in a way that guarantees safety, and continuous compliance with any conditions of approval.

10-33-612: DECOMMISSIONING:

A. If an owner plans to abandon or discontinue operation of a WCF, such owner shall notify the City by certified mail of the proposed date of abandonment or discontinuance of operations. Such notice shall be given no less than 30 days prior to abandonment or discontinuance.

B. The City may require, as part of a conditional use permit, that an applicant to post a bond or other financial security in the amount necessary to remove a WCF and its accessory structures in the case of discontinuance of use.

C. In the event that an owner discontinues use of a transmission facility for more than six consecutive months, the City may require that the owner remove the WCF and associated accessory structures. Failure to remove the WCF without a request for extension of use, or other application to the City for continuation of use, shall allow the City to declare the WCF a nuisance and subject to the abatement procedures of the Florence City Code. The City may utilize the bond or other financial security for abatement.

10-33-713: SEVERABILITY: If any section, subsection, sentence, clause, phase or portion of this code is for any reason held invalid or unconstitutional by any court of competent jurisdiction, such portion shall be deemed a separate, distinct and independent provision and such holding shall not affect the validity of the remaining portions.

507 <u>10-33-8: REVIEW OF REGULATIONS: New federal or state standards. In the event that either</u> 508 <u>the federal or state government adopts mandatory or advisory standards more stringent than</u> 509 <u>those described in this chapter, the Planning staff will prepare a report and recommendation on</u> 510 <u>any necessary revisions to the City's adopted standards.</u>

- 511 Ordinance No. 17, Series 2003
- 512 Section 10-33-7 amended by Ord. No. 12, Series 2014, effective 12-31-14
- 513 <u>Section 10-33-14 and Sections 10-33-2, 10-33-3, 10-33-4, 10-33-5, 10-33-6, and 10-33-7</u>
- 514 modified by Ord. No. XX, Series 2016, effective XX-XX-16