



City of Florence, Oregon Annual Comprehensive Financial Report Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON

Annual Comprehensive
Financial Report
Year Ended June 30, 2022

Prepared by:

Finance Department

Anne Baker Administrative Services Director

City of Florence, Oregon Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Year Ended June 30, 2022

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City of Florence

250 Hwy 101, Florence, OR 97439 www.ci.florence.or.us

February 10, 2023

Honorable Mayor Rob Ward Members of the Florence City Council Citizens of Florence, Oregon

State law requires that every general-purpose local government publish, within six months of the close of each fiscal year, unless extended, a complete set of audited financial statements. Thus, we are pleased to submit the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the City of Florence, Oregon (City) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, together with the unmodified opinion therein of our independent certified public accountants, Merina + Co.

Management has the full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that is established for that purpose. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various fund of the City. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

It is the responsibility of Merina + Co, as the independent accountants, to express an opinion of the fairness of the basic financial statements which have been prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The independent accounts have attested to the fairness of the basic financial statements with an unmodified opinion as presented in the Independent Auditor's Report.

In addition to the annual audit, the City is required to have a comprehensive single audit of its Federal Assistance Programs in accordance with the Single Audit Act, Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 and the provisions of Government Auditing Standards promulgated by the U.S. Comptroller General as they pertain to financial and compliance audits. A report on the City's compliance with Federal laws and regulations related to the Single Audit Act, OMB Circular A-133 is presented in a separate report.

This report includes all funds of the City including the Florence Urban Renewal Agency (FURA), an urban renewal agency. Financial data for FURA are included in these statements as a blended component unit.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of a Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A is located immediately following the report of the independent auditors, beginning on page 4.



FLORENCE, OREGON PROFILE

Incorporated in 1893, Florence is a scenic seaside community at the confluence of the Siuslaw River and the Pacific Ocean. The City is located along the Pacific Coast Scenic Byway (Highway 101), only one hour west of Eugene, and is served by a marina and boasts its own airport.



Florence's Historic Old Town is a charming 1900s fishing village that is built along the Siuslaw River. The Siuslaw River Bridge, which connects Highway 101 across the Siuslaw River, is visible from much of Old Town. The iconic bridge, designed by Conde B. McCullough along with four others, was completed in March of 1936 as a part of the Coast Bridge Project.

The City is governed by a directly elected nonpartisan Mayor with a two-year term who leads a four-member City Council elected to four-year overlapping terms. A full-time City Manager administers the affairs of the City for the

Council, and supervises a staff of six department directors and 65 permanent employees. Florence lies within Lane County, which has five commissioners, elected by district.

The City provides police, emergency dispatch, municipal court, water, sewer, and surface water utilities. The City has an urban renewal agency, the Florence Urban Renewal Agency, which is staffed by City personnel and overseen by a separate nine-member board that includes three City Councilors.

The City owns and operates a convention and performing arts center, home to many annual events such as the Winter Music Festival, the Florence Festival of Books, the Florence Home and Garden Show, and the area favorite Octo-fur Fest Dachshund races. The Florence Events Center (FEC) is also home to the Last Resort Players theater company and the Seacoast Entertainment Association's annual concert series.

The City of Florence resides in Lane County, which has a population of 383,958. As of July 1, 2022 the City had a certified population of 9,561 (Portland State University).

Population: City of Florence and Lane County

	City of	Percent	Lane	Percent
Year	Florence	Change	County	Change
1980 Census	4,411	-	275,828	-
1990 Census	5,171	17.2%	282,912	2.6%
2000 Census	7,263	40.5%	322,959	14.2%
2010 Census	8,466	16.6%	351,715	8.9%
2020 Census	9,396	11.0%	382,986	8.9%

Source: Portland State University population research

ECONOMIC OUTLOOK AND CONDITION

Tourism makes up the major portion of the City's economic base. The Oregon Dunes and Honeyman State Park are popular attractions that bring many out of town, state, and country visitors to the area. Old Town is home to many boutique shops and restaurants popular with visiting tourists. The City receives a 4% surcharge on all lodging stays within city limits that have a duration of 29 days or less. In conjunction with the Florence Area Chamber of Commerce, this funding is used to promote tourism and tourist activities for Florence and the surrounding area. COVID has had a huge effect on local businesses, but unlike other areas in the state, Florence's reaction to limitations ordered by the Governor was shorter and less drastic than in other areas of the state due to its "Premier Coastal Community" reputation.

Coastal region visitor volume and average spending in calendar year 2021 (source: Travel Oregon, Travelstats.com):

Person Trips 5.5 million (up 9.0% YOY) Spending per person per trip \$488.4 (up 16.7% YOY)

Unemployment for Lane County fell from 6.1% in 2021 to 3.9% in 2022. The unemployment rate has decreased 7.2% since 2020, as the effects of COVID lessen.

One factor in measuring the economic condition of a community is its overall real market value. For properties within the City, the real market value increased 7.3 percent from \$1.65 billion to \$1.94 billion (\$287.8 million) in the last fiscal year. COVID did not have an immediate, or long-term, effect on either the assessed values in the City or the City's collection rates.

During 2013, the City issued \$1,460,000 of direct placement Water General Obligation Water Bonds for refunding of existing General Obligation Water Bonds for water system improvements. The City made its final payment on the bonds in June of 2022.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

Administration

The City's Project Manager worked with FURA and Oregon Department of Transportation to complete "Revision Florence Streetscape Project". This project included re-paving of the Highway 101 corridor through the city from the Siuslaw River Bridge to the Highway 126 intersection.

Economic Development worked with the Florence Urban Renewal Agency on the sale of the Quince Street property across from the Florence Events Center.

The City Recorder continued work on digitizing City records for all departments.

Administrative Services

The Administrative Services Department was created during the 2018-2019 fiscal year to address the continued increase in demands of the City. In addition to the current finance staff, an Administrative Services Director, Finance Manager, IT Manager, and Human Resources Analyst were added to City staff. The new department is comprised of Finance, Information Technology, Human Resources, and Municipal Court.

Administrative Services continues to work toward a paperless environment which includes electronic time sheets and purchase requests.

The City continued to be recognized by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada for the presentation of its Adopted Budget.

Community Development

Analyzed Building Department organizational structure.

In the process of updating the Transportation Systems Plan.

Public Safety

Working on developing permanent funding for the School Resource Officer.

Added a drone program as a patrol source.

Maintained compliance with Criminal Justice Information Services (CJIS) and Federal Crime Reporting.

Parks

In the process of completing the Siuslaw Estuary Trail from Highway 126 to the Port of Siuslaw.

Expanding pickleball opportunities at Rolling Dunes Park.

Replacing 'Fort Miller' play structure at Miller Park.

Airport

Completed the Automated Weather Observing System (AWOS) replacement.

Streets

Completed the second Safe Routes to Schools project.

Working on the following projects:

- Rhododendron Drive reconstruction Wildwinds to 25th Street
- Spruce Street Culvert failure

Completed the annual chip/fog seal program.

Water

Completed 16-inch water line on 9th Street from Rhododendron Drive to Kingwood.

Wastewater

Developed plan for providing sewer to North Urban Growth Boundary.

Completed the 40th Street pump station rehabilitation on controls and electrical.

Stormwater

Completed the 28th Street stormwater tie-in and 31st Street stormwater culvert.

Public Works Administration

Received \$250,000 grant for the construction of the fuel facility.

Replaced the combination sewer cleaner.

CITY FLORENCE WORK PLAN

The City's Work Plan is developed based on the City's mission and goals. These goals represent the City's areas of focus for the City moving forward toward the City's mission and were ratified by the Council in early 2021.

Mission

To meet community expectations for municipal services, provide a vision for civic improvements, maintain a quality environment, and position Florence to have an economically viable and sustainable future.

Goals

- 1. City Service Delivery: Sustain and improve the delivery of cost effective and efficient services, including public safety, to the citizens of Florence and our visitors.
- 2. Livability & Quality of Life: Sustain and improve the City's livability and quality of life for Florence residents and visitors.
- 3. Economic Development: Create a strategy and actions aimed towards sustaining and expanding the Florence economy.
- 4. Communication & Trust: Sustain and improve the City's communication program and strengthen citizen trust.
- 5. Financial & Organizational Sustainability: Sustain and improve the City's financial position, Citywide policies, and the infrastructure networks to support current and future needs.

The City's Work Plan outlines the main priorities developed by the City Council. The Work Plan includes projects the City intends to undertake during the biennium the Plan has been approved for and also the strategies in achieving those priorities. The Plan is approved by Council biennially in conjunction with the budget process.

BUDGET AND APPROPRIATIONS

The City budgets all funds biennially. The General Fund, special revenue funds, and debt service funds are budgeted on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The enterprise funds and internal service funds are budgeted use full accrual method of accounting.

The General Fund is appropriated by program while all other funds are appropriated by category.

RELEVANT FINANCIAL POLICIES

City management is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft, or misuse, and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: 1) the cost of control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; 2) the valuation of costs and benefits require estimates and judgements by management. To assure that credible and timely information is prepared in the most efficient manner possible, accounting policies, procedures, and systems, together with related internal controls, are monitored and reviewed when necessary to meet changing requirements.

Financial and Accounting Policies

This report is prepared in conformance with the guidelines for financial reporting developed by the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) of the United States and Canada and the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), including all effective GASB pronouncements. It presents fairly the financial position of the various funds of the City at June 30, 2021, the results of operations of such funds, and cash flow of the proprietary fund types for the year then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

During the Fiscal Year 2020-2013, the City utilized a total of 17 funds, of which eight are governmental fund types and nine are proprietary fund types. The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for the governmental fund types (General, Special Revenue, and Debt Service). The accrual basis is used for the proprietary fund types (Enterprise and Internal Service).

Cash Management

Cash not required for current operations is invested in accordance with the City's written investment policy. City funds are pooled for investment purposes; investment instruments may include U.S. Treasury securities, Government-Sponsored Enterprises, and the State of Oregon Local Government Investment Pool. Additional cash and investment information is included in the notes to the financial statements.

Debt Management

The City has the following outstanding obligations: full faith and credit refunding obligations, and direct placement notes. The City's current General Obligation rating from Moody's and S&P (Standards & Poors) is A. The Administrative Services Director manages the City debt and is responsible for evaluating funding needs and determining the appropriate means to raise necessary funds.

Independent Audit

Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS) 297.405-597-555 require an annual audit by independent certified public accountants. The accounting firm of Merina + Co performed the audit for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. This audit is conducted in accordance with generally accepted accounting standards, Government Auditing Standards, and Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations as prescribed by the Secretary of State.

Awards

This is the City's second submission for GFOA's Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such an Annual Comprehensive Financial Report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

Should the City be awarded a Certificate of Achievement for its 2021-2022 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, it will be valid for one year only. This will be the City's first award. We believe that our report will conform to the Certificate of Achievement standards.

Acknowledgements

The preparation of the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report on a timely basis was made possible by the dedicated service of the entire staff of Administrative Services and the certified public accountants of Merina + Co. Each has our sincere appreciation for the contributions made in the preparation of this report.

In closing, without the leadership and support of the Florence City Council, preparation of this report would not have been possible.

Respectfully submitted,

Anne Baker, CPFO, MAcc Administrative Services Director

City of Florence, Oregon

Elected Officials And Principal Appointed Officers of the City

June 30, 2022

	ELECTED OFFICIALS	TERM EXPIRATION
Joe Henry	Mayor	December 31, 2022
Woody Woodbury	Council President	December 31, 2022
Sally Wantz	Council Vice-President	December 31, 2024
Rob Ward	Councilor	December 31, 2022
Bill Meyer	Councilor	December 31, 2024

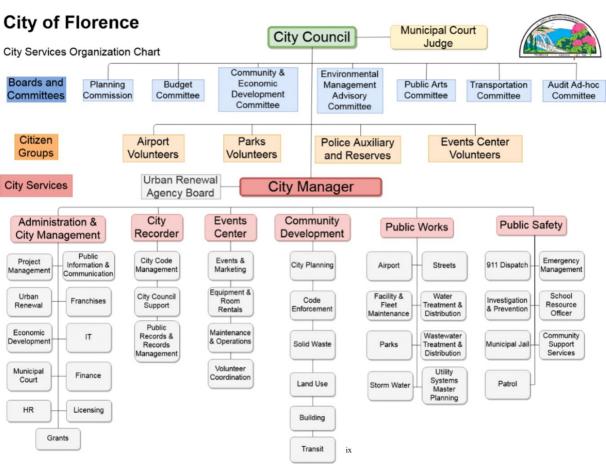
ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICIALS

Erin Reynolds City of Florence City Manager

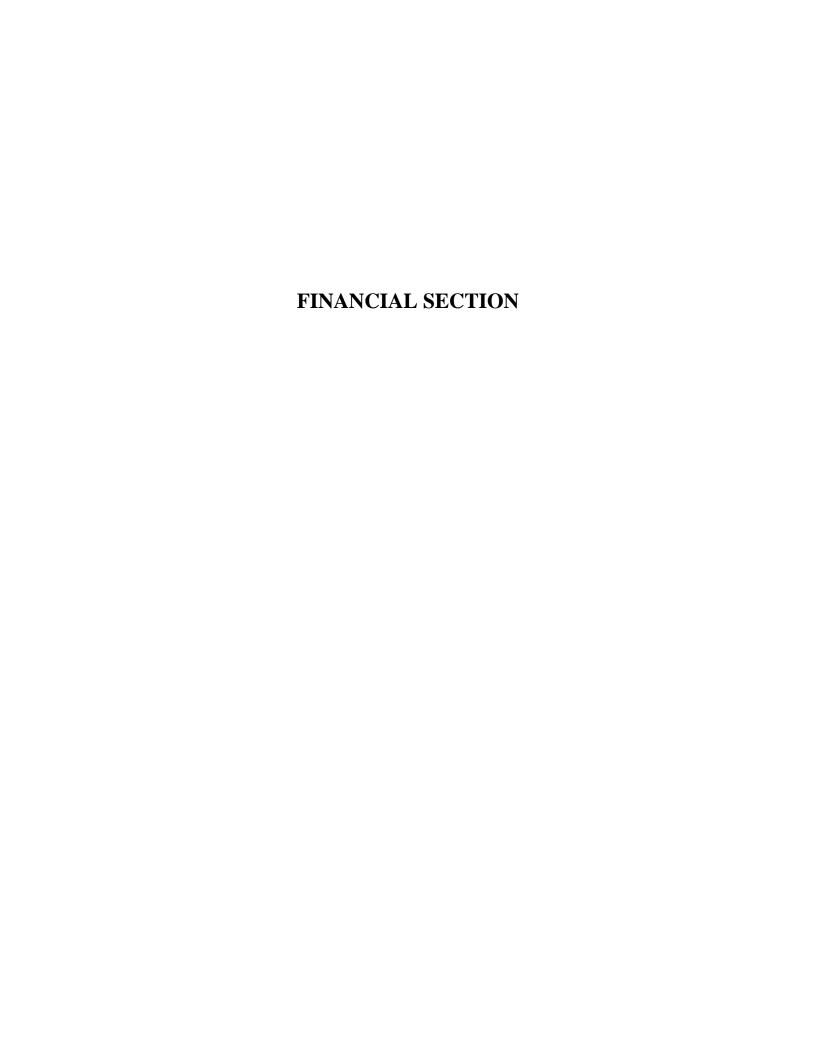
Anne Baker City of Florence Administrative Services Director

MAILING ADDRESS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Florence, Oregon

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Florence, Oregon, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of Florence, Oregon's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Florence, Oregon, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (GAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Florence, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note IV. D. to the financial statements, the City of Florence adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

City of Florence, Oregon's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Florence's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted

in accordance with GAAS and GAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and GAS, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Florence's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Florence's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, such as management's discussion and analysis and schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual, as listed in the table of contents under required supplementary information, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of the proportionate share of the net pension liability, schedule of contributions – pension, schedule of the proportionate share of OPEB - RHIA, schedule of contributions to OPEB - RHIA, schedule of changes in OPEB liability and related ratios - implicit rate subsidy, and schedule of contributions to OPEB - implicit rate subsidy, as listed in the table of contents under required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance – budget and actual, as listed in the table of contents under required supplementary information, are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise City of Florence, Oregon's basic financial statements. The accompanying other supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents including the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Reports on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 10, 2023 on our consideration of City of Florence, Oregon's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Florence, Oregon's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Florence, Oregon's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Other Reporting Required by Oregon Minimum Standards

In accordance with Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, we have also issued our report dated February 10, 2023, on our consideration of City of Florence, Oregon's compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on compliance.

For Merina+Co Tualatin, Oregon February 10, 2023

Jones Will

City of Florence, Oregon Management's Discussion and Analysis

The "Management's Discussion and Analysis" (MD&A) section of the City of Florence's (City) Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) presents a narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Florence for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Information in the MD&A is based on currently known facts, decisions and conditions. Please read it in conjunction with the basic financial statements, the accompanying notes to those financial statements, and the City's "Letter of Transmittal" contained in the ACFR. In an effort to make the MD&A more readable, all amounts have been rounded to the nearest million or in some cases the nearest thousand.

Financial Highlights

The City's governmental activities assets totaled \$34.1 million at June 30, 2022, consisting of \$26.8 million in net capital and lease assets, \$4.6 million in cash and cash equivalents and \$2.7 million in receivables and other assets. The City's governmental activities liabilities totaled \$14.9 million at June 30, 2022, consisting of \$13.0 million in noncurrent liabilities and \$1.9 million in accounts payable and other current liabilities. Total net position was \$18.5 million, of which \$15.9 million were invested in capital assets, net of related debt, \$2.0 million was restricted and the remaining \$0.6 million was unrestricted.

The City's governmental activities net position increased by \$2.1 million or 13 percent. Overall governmental activities revenue increased \$1.4 million or 15.0 percent. Contributing to the increase were increases in operating grants and contributions (66.9%) and charges for services (9.6%). The City received roughly \$200,000 more in charges for services due to increased fees paid for permitting services due to several large building projects started during the year. Operating grants and contributions was \$1.1 million greater due to the 9th Street repaving project that was partially grant funded.

The City's business-type activities assets totaled \$41.3 million at June 30, 2022, consisting of \$36.8 million in capital assets, \$2.9 million in cash and cash equivalents and \$1.6 million in receivables and other assets. The City's business-type activities liabilities totaled \$9.3 million at June 30, 2022, consisting of \$8.1 million in noncurrent liabilities and \$1.2 million in accounts payable and other liabilities. Total net position was \$31.5 million of which \$29.2 million was invested in capital assets, net of related debt, \$1.2 million was restricted, and remaining \$1.1 million was unrestricted.

The City's business-type activities net position increased by \$1.2 million or 3.9 percent. Business-type activities revenue increased \$1.0 million at June 30, 2022. The City adjusted utility rates (water, wastewater or stormwater) in fiscal year 2022 to reflect the current costs of providing the services. Future increases of approximately the consumer price index based on the CPI-W for March – February are anticipated.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Florence's basic financial statements. The City of Florence's basic financial statements are comprised of three components:

1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Florence's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City of Florence's assets, and liabilities with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Florence is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Florence that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City of Florence include general government, public safety, highways and streets, culture and recreation, and economic development. The business-type activities include an events center, airport, water, wastewater and stormwater services.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Florence, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

All of the funds of the City of Florence can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and change in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City of Florence maintains ten individual governmental funds, which includes two funds from a blended component unit, the Florence Urban Renewal Agency. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Street Fund, Florence Urban Renewal Agency General Fund, and Debt Service Fund.

Data for the remaining funds are combined into a single aggregate presentation. Individual fund data for each of the remaining funds is provided in the form of combining schedules in the other supplemental information.

Proprietary Funds. The City of Florence maintains two types of proprietary funds. Funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Florence uses five enterprise funds to account for its water, wastewater, stormwater, events center, and airport activities.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments. Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information including financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Budgetary comparison schedules for major governmental funds are presented immediately following the notes to the basic financial statements.

Other Supplementary Information. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds and budgetary comparison schedules for both the non-major governmental funds and the proprietary funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found beginning on page 74 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Florence, assets exceeded liabilities by \$50.0 million as of June 30, 2022.

The City of Florence's net investment in capital assets reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, infrastructure, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City of Florence uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the City of Florence's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Table 1 - Net Position as of June 30 (Thousands)

(modsands)	Governmental Activities				Business-type Activities					Total			
	20)22		2021		2022		2021		2022		2021	
Current and other assets	\$	7,222	\$	6,226	\$	4,521	\$	2,952	\$	11,743	\$	9,178	
Capital and lease assets		26,843		26,126		36,819		37,351		63,662		63,477	
Total assets		34,065		32,352		41,340		40,303		75,405		72,655	
Deferred outflows of resources		1,725		1,477		689		550		2,414		2,027	
Long-term liaiblities		12,954		15,331		8,121		9,250		21,075		24,581	
Other liabilities		1,995		1,813		1,154		1,211		3,149		3,024	
Total liabilities		14,949		17,144		9,275		10,461		24,224		27,605	
Deferred inflows of resources	-	2,348		326		1,290		121		3,638		447	
Net Position													
Net investment in capital assets		15,914		14,533		29,192		29,267		45,106		43,800	
Restricted													
Public safety		442		485		-		-		442		485	
Urban renewal		676		692		-		-		676		692	
Tourism/economic development		48		20		-		-		48		20	
Transportation		132		-		-		-		132		-	
System development		172		109		1,119		923		1,291		1,032	
Debt service		475		452		-		-		475		452	
Net OPEB benefits		51		24		20		9		71		33	
Event center, non-expendible		-		-		88		98		88		98	
Unrestricted		583		44		1,045		(26)		1,628		18	
Total net position	\$	18,493	\$	16,359	\$	31,464	\$	30,271	\$	49,957	\$	46,630	

At the end of the current and past fiscal years, the City of Florence is able to report positive balances of net position in its governmental activities' funds, business-like activities' funds and the government as a whole.

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the City of Florence's net position \$2.1 million or 13.0 percent. Key elements affecting net position are as follows:

General Fund

- Franchise fees and lodging taxes remained steady
- Property Taxes increase \$0.1 million, 3.0%

Street Fund

- Increase in operating grants and contributions of \$0.6 million, 98.1%
- Decrease in highways and streets spending of \$0.4 million, 28.1%
- Capital grants and contributions decreased slightly from prior year

Table 2 - Changes in Net Position (Thousands)

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities				Total			
•	2022	20	021		2022	•	2021		2022		2021
Revenue											
Program revenue											
Charges for services	\$ 1,726	\$	1,584	\$	6,932	\$	6,466	\$	8,658	\$	8,050
Operating grants and contributions	2,839		1,700		247		265		3,086		1,965
Capital grants and contributions	588		563		1,250		709		1,838		1,272
General revenue											
Property taxes	3,668		3,564		-		-		3,668		3,564
Franchise and lodging taxes	1,718		1,750		-		-		1,718		1,750
Investment earnings	31		36		27		23		58		59
Total revenue	10,570		9,197		8,456		7,463		19,026		16,660
Expenses											
Governmental activities											
Administration	2,452		2,602		-		-		2,452		2,602
Community development	921		1,013		-		-		921		1,013
Public safety	3,481		3,837		-		-		3,481		3,837
Parks	297		261		-		-		297		261
Transportaiton	922		1,281		-		-		922		1,281
Non-departmental	686		136		-		-		686		136
Interest expense	381		398		-		-		381		398
Business-type activities											
Water	-		-		2,153		2,046		2,153		2,046
Wastewater	-		-		2,987		2,785		2,987		2,785
Stormwater	-		-		630		442		630		442
Events center	-		-		557		371		557		371
Airport	-		-		318		274		318		274
Total expenses	9,140		9,528		6,645		5,918		15,785		15,446
Change in net position before non-operating											
items	1,430		(331)		1,811		1,545		3,241		1,214
Transfers	618		551		(618)		(551)				-
Change in net position	2,048		220		1,193		994		3,241		1,214
Net position, beginning	16,359		16,139		30,271		29,276		46,630		45,415
Restatement	86		-		-		-		86		-
Net position, beginning, as restated	16,445		16,139		30,271		29,276		46,716		45,415
Net position, ending	\$ 18,493	\$	16,359	\$	31,464	\$	30,270	\$	49,957	\$	46,629

Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased the City of Florence's net position by \$1.2 million, or 3.9 percent. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

Water Fund

- Water utility rates were increased 5 percent, which contributed to the increase in charges for services
- Capital grants were up \$62 thousand

Wastewater Fund

- Wastewater utility rates were increased 5 percent, which contributed to increased charges for services
- Capital grants increased \$24 thousand

Stormwater Fund

Stormwater utility rates increased 5 percent, contributing to increased charges for services

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Florence uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City of Florence's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Florence's financing requirements. In particular, the *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Florence's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$5.1 million, an increase of \$0.76 million in comparison with the prior year. The increase is attributable to grant funding received on projects that were started (and expensed) in the prior year in the Street Fund and increases in charges for services in the General Fund.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Florence. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$3.1 million, an increase of \$0.55 million, or 20.5 percent.

Proprietary funds. The City of Florence's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position as of June 30, 2022 of the City's enterprise funds is as follows:

Water Fund \$(0.16) million, a decrease of \$28 thousand, (21.6) percent
 Wastewater Fund \$0.62 million, an increase of \$0.67 million, 100 percent
 Stormwater Fund \$0.47 million, a decrease of \$49 thousand, (9.6) percent
 Airport Fund \$0.33 million, an increase of \$0.39 million, 100 percent
 Events Center Fund \$0.31 million, an increase of \$0.14 million, 84.7 percent

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The City adopted a biennial budget for the two-year biennium of July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2023. The fiscal year 2022 allocated General Fund budget for revenues was \$7.9 million. Actual revenue for the fiscal year was \$7.2 million. A negative variance in revenue of \$0.7 million resulted franchise fees fell \$0.13 million short of estimates and loan proceeds were not utilized. Other revenue categories were near budgeted amounts.

The fiscal year 2022 actual General Fund expenditures totaled \$6.1 million. All General Fund program budgets were underspent relative to appropriated budgets for the biennium.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The City of Florence's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2022, amounts to \$63.5 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This represents an increase of \$46 thousand. Governmental Activities capital assets increased \$0.6 million, 2.24% resulting from increases in infrastructure value. The business-type funds realized a decrease of \$0.5 million, 1.4%. Depreciation on assets was greater than the value of assets being added. Additionally, \$1.4 million of debt was paid off during the year while \$3.3 million in depreciation was realized.

The investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, utility infrastructure, vehicles and equipment, park facilities, roads and work in progress within these various categories, net of depreciation.

The City implemented GASB Statement 87, Leases, for fiscal year 2021-22. GASB 87 establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. The City's leases are now included with assets in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, which begin on page 31. The City's lease asset value at June 30, 2022 is \$138 thousand.

The following table summarizes the City of Florence's capital assets as of June 30, 2022:

Table 3 - Capital Assets as of June 30th (Thousands)

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities				Total				
		2022		2021		2022		2021	2022		2021	
Land	\$	2.031	\$	2.031	\$	1.868	\$	1.868	\$	3,899	\$	3,899
Buildings and improvements	·	7,242	·	7,323	•	15,276	·	16,151	·	22,518	·	23,474
Equipment & vehicles		561		650		1,583		1,355		2,144		2,005
Utility systems		-		-		9,366		8,657		9,366		8,657
Infrastructure		15,867		8,302		7,815		8,313		23,682		16,615
Construction in progress		1,012		7,820		903		1,007		1,915		8,827
Capital assets, net of depreciation	\$	26,713	\$	26,126	\$	36,811	\$	37,351	\$	63,524	\$	63,477
Lease assets		130		na		8		na		138		na
Lease assets, net of amortization	\$	130	\$	-	\$	8	\$	-	\$	138	\$	-

Additional information on the City of Florence's capital assets can be found in note III.D.

Long-term debt. At the end of the fiscal year, the City of Florence had total long-term liabilities outstanding of \$19.7 million. During fiscal year 2022 the City paid principal on outstanding debt totaling \$1.4 million. The City timely paid its debt service payments during the year and was in compliance with required debt covenants.

Table 4 - Outstanding Long-term Debt Obligations as of June 30th (Thousands)

	Governmental Activities				Business-ty	pe Act	tivities	Total											
	2022 2021		2021		2021		2021		2021		2021		2022		2021		2022		2021
Bonds payable	\$ 1,518	\$	1,807	\$	792	\$	862	\$	2,310	\$	2,669								
Unamortized bond premium	12		14		17		18		29		32								
Notes payable	9,233		9,772		6,734		7,204		15,967		16,976								
Total	\$ 10,763	\$	11,593	\$	7,543	\$	8,084	\$	18,306	\$	19,677								

Additional information on the City of Florence's long-term debt and liabilities can be found in note III.E.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

In preparing the budget for the 2021-23 biennium, City management presented two-year spending in addition to a six-year financial plan for consideration and approval by the City's Budget Committee and City Council. The budget included updated assumptions for inflation and adjustments to utility rates and other City fees and charges for the two-year period. City utility rates were increased annually by the CPI-W, with additional phased-in adjustments to address equity considerations identified in the utility rate study, street revenue was increased to provide additional funding for street maintenance. Other fees and charges were adjusted to recover costs associated with inflation.

The City raised rates in alignment with the CPI, except for its utilities. Utility rates were increased 5 percent.

The local economy shows signs moderate growth, with additional real estate development, and increased tourism. Increases to property valuation is exceeding expectations, and revenue forecasts were adjusted accordingly. Personnel costs, due to the increased cost of PERS and health care above inflation, are still outpacing increases in revenue. The City continues to offset this disparity by retaining its staff size, investing in technology where beneficial, thus becoming more efficient. Additionally, the City continues to outsource various functions where cost savings can be realized.

Annual inflation is projected to increase, with rates for the next fiscal year in the 6.0 percent to 6.5 percent range, while local population growth is projected to remain at or below 1.0 percent annually. Development activity is trending upward with the potential for several projects to seek development approval during the next two-year period.

Requests for information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Florence's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Administrative Services Director, 250 Highway 101, Florence, 97439.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements include interrelated sets of financial statements as required by the GASB. The sets of statements include:

- ➤ Government-Wide Financial Statements
- > Fund Financial Statements
 - Governmental Funds
 - Proprietary Funds
 - Fiduciary Fund

In addition, the notes to the basic financial statements are included to provide information that is essential to a user's understanding of the basic financial statements.

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	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS:			
Current assets:	\$ 4,550,486	r 2042042	r 7 400 400
Cash and cash equivalents Receivable, net:	\$ 4,550,486	\$ 2,942,013	\$ 7,492,499
Accounts	558,351	563,528	1,121,879
Taxes	148,418	· ·	148,418
Assessments	940,819		940,819
Grants	813,819	490,731	1,304,550
Prepaids	-	299	299
Inventory	24,750		97,237
Lease receivable	12,710	22,128	34,838
Total current assets	7,049,353	4,091,186	11,140,539
Noncurrent assets:			
Lease receivable	111,102	,	490,402
Notes receivable	11,099	30,046	41,145
Capital assets:			
Non-depreciable	3,043,134		5,814,544
Depreciable	23,669,381	34,039,314	57,708,695
Lease assets	130,216		138,662
Net OPEB asset	50,708	20,257	70,965
Total noncurrent assets	27,015,640	37,248,773	64,264,413
Total assets	34,064,993	41,339,959	75,404,952
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:			
Deferred outflows related to pensions	1,671,458	667,725	2,339,183
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	53,291	21,288	74,579
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,724,749	689,013	2,413,762
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 35,789,742	\$ 42,028,972	\$ 77,818,714
LIABILITIES:			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 358,747	\$ 204,959	\$ 563,706
Accrued payroll and other payroll liabilities	182,842		182,842
Interest payable	54,460	22,478	76,938
Deposits	20,000		20,000
Retainage payable	33,381	75,222	108,603
Due to other funds	(177,276) 177,276	-
Unearned revenue	466,487	-	466,487
Compensated absences	316,092	124,873	440,965
Current leases payable	49,140	3,077	52,217
Current debt payable	691,345	545,926	1,237,271
Total current liabilities	1,995,218	1,153,811	3,149,029
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Net pension liability	2,602,477	1,039,655	3,642,132
Other post employment benefits	196,656	78,563	275,219
Leases payable	82,919	5,477	88,396
Notes and bonds payable	10,071,720	6,997,338	17,069,058
Total noncurrent liabilities	12,953,772	8,121,033	21,074,805
Total liabilities	14,948,990	9,274,844	24,223,834
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:			
Deferred inflows related to pensions	2,184,526	872,689	3,057,215
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	38,928		54,480
Deferred inflows related to leases receivable	123,812		525,240
Described inflower foliated to federal	120,012	401,420	020,240
Total deferred inflows of resources	2,347,266	1,289,669	3,636,935
NET POSITION:			.=
Net investment in capital assets	15,914,226	29,192,130	45,106,356
Restricted for:	444.040		444.040
Public safety	441,849		441,849
Tourism Urban renewal projects	48,292 676,244		48,292 676,244
Transportation	132,148		132,148
System development charges	172,513		1,291,132
Debt service	474,588		474,588
Net OPEB benefits	50,708		70,965
Events center	30,700	88,293	88,293
Specific purpose grants	3,486		3,486
Unrestricted	579,432		1,624,592
Total net position	18,493,486	31,464,459	49,957,945
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$ 35,789,742	\$ 42,028,972	\$ 77,818,714

			Program Revenues					
					(Operating		
			Ch	narges for	Grants and			
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services	Co	ontributions		
Drive and Consumers and								
Primary Government								
Governmental activities:	Φ.	0.454.070	Φ.	450.040	Φ.	4 040 007		
Administration	\$	2,451,872	\$	458,046	\$	1,319,987		
Community development		920,504		461,709		4,436		
Public safety		3,481,115		263,382		222,003		
Parks		297,214		542,808		2,987		
Transportation		921,529		-		1,289,824		
Non-departmental		685,874		-		-		
Interest on long-term debt		381,376						
Total governmental activities		9,139,484		1,725,945		2,839,237		
Business type activities:								
Water		2,152,585		2,255,258		118,199		
Wastewater		2,987,245		3,510,382		4,047		
Stormwater		629,625		581,686		933		
Events center		557,317		233,833		401		
Airport		317,160		350,601		123,295		
Total business type activities		6,643,932		6,931,760		246,875		
Total government	\$	15,783,416	\$	8,657,705	\$	3,086,112		

General revenues:

Taxes:

Property taxes

Franchise taxes

Transient lodging tax

Unrestricted interest and investment earnings

Transfers in (out)

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position, beginning

Prior period adjustment

Change in accounting principle

Net position, ending

Net (Expense) Revenue a	and
Change in Net Position	n

Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Change in Net Position						
Capital		Business			<u>' </u>			
Grants and		Governmental			Туре			
Contributions		Activities			Activities		Total	
			_					
\$	233,740	\$	(440,099)	\$	_	\$	(440,099)	
*	27,145	Ψ	(427,214)	Ψ	_	Ψ	(427,214)	
	-		(2,995,730)		-		(2,995,730)	
	-		248,581		-		248,581	
	326,861		695,156		-		695,156	
	-		(685,874)		-		(685,874)	
			(381,376)				(381,376)	
	587,746		(3,986,556)		_		(3,986,556)	
	301,140		(0,000,000)				(0,000,000)	
	000 040				454 700		454700	
	233,918		-		454,790		454,790	
	302,757		-		829,941		829,941	
	85,708		-		38,702		38,702	
	137,333 490,731		-		(185,750)		(185,750)	
	490,731				647,467		647,467	
	1,250,447				1,785,150		1,785,150	
\$	1,838,193		(3,986,556)		1,785,150		(2,201,406)	
			3,668,544		_		3,668,544	
			1,155,215		-		1,155,215	
			562,801		-		562,801	
			30,721		26,861		57,582	
			618,040		(618,040)			
			6,035,321		(591,179)		5,444,142	
			2,048,765		1,193,971		3,242,736	
			16,358,748		30,270,564		46,629,312	
			87,360		-		87,360	
			(1,387)		(76)		(1,463)	
		\$	18,493,486	\$	31,464,459	\$	49,957,945	

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund

The General Fund accounts for the financial operations of the City not accounted for in any other fund. Principal sources of revenues are property taxes, licenses and permits, franchise fees and State shared revenues. Primary expenditures are for police protection, insurance and general administration.

Street Fund

This fund accounts for gas tax apportionment and system development charges designated for street and highway projects.

Florence Urban Renewal Agency General Fund

This fund accounts for the activities associated with the City's Urban Renewal Plan. The primary resources are debt proceeds, grants and developer contributions.

Debt Service Fund

This fund is used to accounts for all principal and interest debt payments, except the general obligation bond debt for water treatment plant improvements.

ARPA Fund

This fund accounts for the City's funds and projects funded by the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 (ARPA).

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CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2022

	Ge	eneral Fund	s	treet Fund
ASSETS:	•	0.070.777	•	470 545
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,276,777	\$	172,515
Receivable, net:		007.474		000 040
Accounts		287,471		226,619
Taxes		118,484		-
Assessments		127,276		17,334
Grants		31,450		782,369
Due from other funds		967,516		-
Inventory		-		24,750
Lease receivable		123,812		-
Notes receivable		-		11,099
Total assets	\$	3,932,786	\$	1,234,686
LIABILITIES:				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	288,452	\$	31,919
Accrued payroll and other payroll liabilities	•	182,842	•	-
Deposits		- ,-		20,000
Retainage payable		_		33,381
Due to other funds		_		790,240
Unearned revenue		-		-
 - 11: 13:00		474.004		075.540
Total liabilities		471,294		875,540
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:				
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		100,992		_
Unavailable revenue - other		12,276		1,302
Unavailable revenue - SDC and assessments receivables		127,276		28,433
Unavailable revenue - lease receivables		123,812		
Total deferred inflows of resources	•	364,356		29,735
FUND BALANCES:				
Nonspendable		-		24,750
Restricted for:				
Public safety		-		-
Tourism		-		-
Urban renewal projects		-		-
Transportation		-		132,148
System development charges		_		172,513
Debt service		-		-
Specific purpose grants		_		_
Unassigned		3,097,136		-
Total fund balances		2 007 126		220 411
i otal tunu dalances		3,097,136	-	329,411
Total liabilities, deformed inflows of recourses, and fined belonger	Φ.	0.000.700	¢.	4 004 000
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	3,932,786	\$	1,234,686

Rene	ence Urban ewal Agency neral Fund	De	ebt Service Fund	AF	RPA Fund		l Non-Major vernmental Funds	_ Go	Total overnmental
\$	693,146	\$	456,997	\$	469,973	\$	481,078	\$	4,550,486
	-		-		-		44,261		558,351
	23,674		<u>-</u>		-		6,260		148,418
	-		796,209		-		-		940,819
	-		-		-		-		813,819
	-		-		-		-		967,516 24,750
	-		_		_		_		123,812
	-		-		-		-		11,099
\$	716,820	\$	1,253,206	\$	469,973	\$	531,599	\$	8,139,070
	·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·		
\$	20,442	\$	_	\$	_	\$	17,934	\$	358,747
,	-	,	-	·	-	,	-	,	182,842
	-		-		-		-		20,000
	-		-		-		-		33,381
	-		-		-		-		790,240
	-		-		466,487		-		466,487
	20,442		<u>-</u>		466,487		17,934		1,851,697
	20,134		_		_		5,933		127,059
	20,134		<u>-</u>		-		3,333 -		13,578
	-		796,209		-		-		951,918
	-		<u> </u>		-		-		123,812
	20,134		796,209				5,933		1,216,367
	-		-		-		-		24,750
	_		-		_		441,849		441,849
	-		-		-		48,292		48,292
	676,244		-		-		-		676,244
	-		-		-		-		132,148
	-		-		-		-		172,513
	-		456,997		- 2 400		17,591		474,588
	-		-		3,486		-		3,486 3,097,136
									0,007,100
	676,244		456,997		3,486		507,732		5,071,006
Φ.	740.000	•	4 050 000	•	400.070	Φ.	504 505	Φ.	0.400.070
<u> </u>	716,820	\$	1,253,206	\$	469,973	\$	531,599	\$	8,139,070

CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2022

Total fund balances - governmental funds		\$	5,071,006
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:			
Non-depreciable	\$ 3,043,134		
Depreciable	23,669,381		
Lease assets, net	 130,216	_	26,842,731
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds:	407.050		
Property taxes earned but not available	127,059		
Other receivables earned but not available	13,578		4 000 555
SDC and assessments receivables earned but not available	 951,918		1,092,555
Pension-related changes			(3,115,545)
OPEB related-changes			(131,585)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and,			
therefore, are not reported in the funds:	(040,000)		
Compensated absences payable	(316,092)		
Lease payable	(132,059)		
Notes and bonds payable	(10,763,065)		(44 005 070)
Interest payable	 (54,460)		(11,265,676)
Total net position - governmental activities		\$	18,493,486

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CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Ge	eneral Fund	St	reet Fund	Rene	ence Urban wal Agency neral Fund
REVENUES:						
Taxes	\$	2,921,984	\$	-	\$	616,775
Franchise fees		1,031,775		123,440		-
Licenses and permits		451,723		-		-
Intergovernmental		857,054		1,689,824		234,987
Charges for services		1,772,917		550,859		-
Fines and forfeitures		151,288		-		-
Miscellaneous		62,429		65,339		3,392
Total revenues		7,249,170		2,429,462		855,154
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Administration		2,047,062		-		245,300
Community development		910,720		-		-
Public safety		2,642,871		-		-
Parks		304,542		-		-
Transportation		-		522,926		-
Non-departmental		129,540		-		-
Capital outlay		121,646		1,301,183		157,174
Debt service:						
Principal		-		-		-
Interest						
Total expenditures		6,156,381		1,824,109		402,474
Revenues over (under) expenditures		1,092,789		605,353		452,680
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in		(000 077)		(400 500)		(400, 454)
Transfers out		(606,377)	-	(409,508)		(468,454)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(606,377)		(409,508)		(468,454)
Net change in fund balance		486,412		195,845		(15,774)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		2,548,114		108,816		692,018
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT		62,610		24,750		
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	3,097,136	\$	329,411	\$	676,244

	t Service Fund	ARPA Fund	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds		Total Governmental	
\$	-	\$ -	\$	678,252	\$	4,217,011
	-	-	·	, -	·	1,155,215
	-	-		-		451,723
	-	549,800		185,759		3,517,424
	-	-		150,797		2,474,573
	-	- 0.400		-		151,288
	182,601	3,486		2,540		319,787
	182,601	553,286		1,017,348		12,287,021
						10,796,121
	-	-		226,535		2,518,897
	-	-		-		910,720
	-	-		803,200		3,446,071
	-	-		-		304,542
	-	-		-		522,926
	492	549,800		-		679,832
	-	-		126,414		1,706,417
	804,945	_		164,094		969,039
	459,664	-		3,462		463,126
,						
	1,265,101	549,800		1,323,705		11,521,570
(1,082,500)	3,486		(306,357)		765,451
	1,156,949	_		547,000		1,703,949
	-	-		(307,635)		(1,791,974)
				_		
	1,156,949			239,365		(88,025)
	74,449	3,486		(66,992)		677,426
	382,548	-		574,724		4,306,220
						87,360
\$	456,997	\$ 3,486	\$	507,732	\$	5,071,006

CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Amounts reported in the statement of activities are different because:

iounts reported in the statement of act	ivilies are different b	ccausc	•		
Net change in fund balance				\$	677,426
The statement of revenues, exreport capital outlays as experience activities the cost of those asselives and reported as depreciate lease assets. This is the and depreciation in the current period					
Current year depreciation		\$	(1,112,551)		
Current year amortization		Ψ	(48,950)		
Capital asset additions	11		1,698,970		537,469
Capital asset additions		•	1,090,970		557,409
Some revenue provide current funds and are not reported in the			e governmental		(225,912)
Governmental funds report However, in the statements of ac net of employee contributions is	ctivities, the cost of p	ension	benefits earned		133,144
Governmental funds report OPE in the statements of activities, to contributions is reports as OPEE	the cost of OPEB ea	•			11,317
Some expenses reported in the use of current financial resou expenditures in governmental fu	rces and, therefore nds.		•		
Accrued interest expens	е				3,115
The issuance of long-term de financial resources to governmental funds. Neither traposition.					
Changes in compensate	d absences	\$	33,585		
Lease principal payment		•	48,494		
Debt service principal pa			830,127		912,206
2 021 001 1100 p.molpai pe	.,		555,121		0.2,200
Change in net position of governmen	ntal activities			\$	2,048,765

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Proprietary Funds

Enterprise Funds

These funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The intent of the governing body is that the costs of providing the services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed primarily through user charges. These funds represent five segments of operations – Water, Wastewater, Airport, Stormwater, and Events Center. Included in these segments are:

Water Funds

Water Fund

This fund accounts for the financial activities of the city-owned water utility operations. Sales of water and related charges are the major revenue sources.

Water System Development Fund

This fund accounts for monies accumulated from water systems development charges for facility expansion or improvement. The use of these funds is restricted by State statute and City ordinance.

Wastewater Funds

Wastewater Fund

This fund accounts for the financial activities of the city-owned sewer service. Wastewater charges are the major revenue sources.

Wastewater Systems Development Fund

This fund accounts for monies accumulated from wastewater systems development charges for facility expansion or improvement. The use of these funds is restricted by State statute and City ordinance.

Airport

Airport Fund

This fund accounts for all activities of the City's municipal airport. Expenditures include facility and grounds maintenance, aviation fuel, and capital investment. Primary revenue sources are fuel sales, ground leases, land sales, and intergovernmental grants.

Stormwater Funds

Stormwater Fund

This fund accounts for the financial activities of the city-owned storm drainage system. Revenues consist primarily of stormwater charges.

Stormwater Systems Development Fund

This fund accounts for monies accumulated from storm drainage systems development charges for facility expansion or improvement. The use of these funds is restricted by State statute and City ordinance.

Events Center

Events Center Fund

This fund is used to account for the activities of the Florence Events Center.

Internal Service Fund

This fund is used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the government and to other government units, on a cost reimbursement basis.

Public Works Admin Fund

This fund accounts for services provided to other funds of the City. The internal service fund primarily operates for the benefit of the enterprise funds and is reported with Business-type Activities on the statement of activities.

	Business-Type A	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise	
ASSETS:	Water Funds	Wastewater Funds	Airport
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 295,210	\$ 1,308,901	\$ -
Accounts receivable, net	208,090	304,959	490,731
Prepaids	-	-	-
Inventory	33,400	15,721	23,366
Current lease receivable		10,721	
Current lease receivable	8,012		14,116
Total current assets	544,712	1,629,581	528,213
Noncurrent assets:			
Lease receivable	82,682	_	296,618
Notes receivable		10 550	200,010
	12,576	12,553	
Non-depreciable capital assets	1,038,772	130,980	1,365,074
Capital assets, net	9,308,454	14,535,824	2,438,762
Lease assets, net	2,149	6,297	-
Net OPEB asset	3,823	5,231	_
Not of EB doort		0,201	
	10.110.150	44.000.005	4 400 454
Total noncurrent assets	10,448,456	14,690,885	4,100,454
Total assets	10,993,168	16,320,466	4,628,667
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:			
	400.004	470 407	
Deferred outflows related to pensions	126,001	172,427	-
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	4,017_	5,497	
Total deferred outflows of resources	130,018	177,924	_
Total deletted outliows of resources	130,010	177,324	
Total access and defermed outflows of recovered	A	A 40 400 000	A 4.000.00=
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	<u>\$ 11,123,186</u>	\$ 16,498,390	\$ 4,628,667
LIABILITIES:			
Current liabilities:			
	Φ 50.005	Φ 404.000	Φ 0.000
Accounts payable	\$ 56,035	\$ 101,002	\$ 9,969
Interest payable	4,075	11,583	-
Retainage payable	69,999	_	-
Due to other funds	-	_	177,276
		-	177,270
Accrued compensated absences	19,774	28,826	-
Current portion of lease payable	783	2,294	-
Current portion of long-term debt	98,040	285,904	-
Total current liabilities	248,706	429,609	187,245
Total current habilities	240,700	423,003	107,243
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Noncurrent portion of lease payable	1,393	4,084	-
Noncurrent portion of long-term debt	1,410,095	2,985,782	-
Net pension liability	196,185	268,470	_
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			-
Net OPEB liability	14,825	20,287	
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,622,498_	3,278,623	
Total liabilities	1,871,204	3,708,232	187,245
. Stal Habilities	1,071,204	0,700,202	101,270
DEFENDED INC. ON OF DECOURAGE			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:			
Deferred inflows related to pensions	164,678	225,355	-
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	2,935	4,016	-
Deferred inflows related to lease receivables	90,694	, -	310,734
_ 3.5555.5 .5.5.55 .6 10000 10001100100			310,104
Total deferred inflows of recourses	050 007	000 074	040 704
Total deferred inflows of resources	258,307	229,371	310,734
NET POSITION:			
Net investment in capital assets	8,769,065	11,395,037	3,803,836
·	0,703,003	11,080,001	5,505,656
Restricted for:			
System development	376,217	542,422	-
Events center	-	-	-
Net OPEB benefits	3,823	5,231	_
			226 052
Unrestricted	(155,430)	618,097	326,852
Total net position	8,993,675	12,560,787	4,130,688
	_ 		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$ 11,123,186	\$ 16,498,390	\$ 4,628,667
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Ψ 11,120,100	Ţ 13, 100,000	+ 1,020,007

Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds

Reconciliation to business-type activities:

Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position for internal service funds

Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position of business-type activities

						Service
	rmwater Funds	Ev	ents Center	Total	Pul	blic Works Admin
\$	765,246 50,479	\$	517,997 -	\$ 2,887,354 1,054,259	\$	54,659 -
	- - -		299 - -	299 72,487 22,128		- - -
	815,725		518,296	 4,036,527		54,659
,	- 4,917 - 2,365,298		- - 236,584 1,424,324	379,300 30,046 2,771,410 30,072,662		- - - 3,966,652
2	2,060		1,424,324	8,446 12,583		7,674
2	2,372,275		1,662,377	33,274,447		3,974,326
3	3,188,000		2,180,673	 37,310,974		4,028,985
	67,915 2,165		48,437 1,544	414,780 13,223		252,945 8,065
	70,080		49,981	428,003		261,010
\$ 3	3,258,080	\$	2,230,654	\$ 37,738,977	\$	4,289,995
\$	12,011 560 5,223	\$	23,153	\$ 202,170 16,218 75,222 177,276	\$	2,789 6,260
	7,534 - 17,500		5,381 - -	61,515 3,077 401,444		63,358 - 144,482
	42,828		28,534	936,922		216,889
	172,576 105,744 7,991		- - 75,417 5,699	5,477 4,568,453 645,816 48,802		2,428,885 393,839 29,761
	286,311		81,116	 5,268,548		2,852,485
	329,139		109,650	 6,205,470		3,069,374
	88,762 1,582 -		63,305 1,128 -	542,100 9,661 401,428		330,589 5,891 -
	90,344		64,433	 953,189	_	336,480
2	2,169,999		1,660,908	27,798,845		1,393,285
	199,980 - 2,060		88,293 1,469	1,118,619 88,293 12,583		- - 7,674
	466,558		305,901	1,561,978		(516,818)
	2,838,597 3,258,080	\$	2,056,571 2,230,654	 30,580,318	\$	4,289,995
7	,_55,000	<u> </u>	_,		*	.,
				 4,289,995		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds			
	Water Funds	Wastewater Funds	Airport	
OPERATING REVENUES:				
Charges for services	\$ 2,238,029	\$ 3,449,746	\$ 70,486	
Miscellaneous income	17,082	60,638	56,002	
Total operating revenues	2,255,111	3,510,384	126,488	
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Personnel service	449,380	478,321	-	
Materials and service	1,388,705	1,873,351	189,761	
Depreciation	564,691	1,043,365	141,416	
Total operating expenses	2,402,776	3,395,037	331,177	
Operating income (loss)	(147,665)	115,347	(204,689)	
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):				
Grants and contributions	115,668	410	613,731	
Gain (loss) on sale of assets	-	-	224,114	
Interest income	3,140	4,493	8,574	
Interest expense	(51,484)	(32,274)		
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	67,324	(27,371)	846,419	
Net income (loss) before transfers	(80,341)	87,976	641,730	
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS: System development charges Transfers from other funds	233,918	302,757		
Total capital contributions and transfers	233,918	302,757		
Change in net position	153,577	390,733	641,730	
NET POSITION, BEGINNING	8,840,117	12,170,111	3,488,958	
CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE	(19)	(57)		
NET POSITION, ENDING	\$ 8,993,675	\$ 12,560,787	\$ 4,130,688	

Reconciliation to business-type activities:

Change in net position for internal service funds

Total change in net position of business-type activities

				Internal Service
s	tormwater Funds	Events Center	Total	Public Works Admin
\$	581,684 -	\$ 140,445 87,692	\$ 6,480,390 221,414	\$ 1,343,301 143
	581,684	228,137	6,701,804	1,343,444
	275,286	60,559	1,263,546	749,413
	311,210	472,874	4,235,901	334,259 160,737
	110,026	139,934	1,999,432	160,737
	696,522	673,367	7,498,879	1,244,409
	(114,838)	(445,230)	(797,075)	99,035
	18	137,734	867,561	7,378
	2 000	- 44 662	224,114	- 700
	3,890 (6,896)	11,663 -	31,760 (90,654)	798 (78,964)
	(-,,		(,,	(- / /
	(2,988)	149,397	1,032,781	(70,788)
	(117,826)	(295,833)	235,706	28,247
	85,708	307,635	622,383 307,635	-
	85,708	307,635	930,018	
	(32,118)	11,802	1,165,724	28,247
	2,870,715	2,044,769		855,894
	-			
\$	2,838,597	\$ 2,056,571		\$ 884,141

28,247 \$ 1,193,971

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Fund			
	Water Funds	Wastewater Funds	Airport	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Cash received from customers and users Cash received from interfund services provided	\$ 2,288,472	\$ 3,506,008	\$ (358,955)	
Cash paid to employees and others for salaries and benefits Cash paid to suppliers and others	(391,078) (1,633,428)	(482,611) (1,794,980)	(189,953)	
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	263,966	1,228,417	(548,908)	
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL				
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Transfers from other funds Receipt (repayment) on interfund loan		- -	- 91,481	
Net cash provided by (used for) non-capital financing activities			91,481	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND				
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	(004 500)	(474 470)	(000,000)	
Purchase of capital assets	(804,529)	(171,170)	(388,992)	
Principal paid on leases	(773)	(2,266)	-	
Principal paid on long-term obligations	(93,854)	(289,544)	-	
Proceeds from system development charges Proceeds from the sale of capital assets	233,918	302,757	- 224,114	
Grants and contributions	115,668	410	613,731	
Interest paid on long-term debt	(51,734)	(30,802)		
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities	(601,304)	(190,615)	448,853	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:				
Interest received	3,140	4,493	8,574	
Notes receivable	(7,686)	(9,897)		
Net cash provided by investing activities	(4,546)	(5,404)	8,574	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(341,884)	1,032,398	-	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING	637,094	276,503		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, ENDING	\$ 295,210	\$ 1,308,901	\$ -	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO				
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	Φ (4.47.00=)	Ф 44504=	Ф (004 000°)	
Operating income	\$ (147,665)	\$ 115,347	\$ (204,689)	
Adjustments: Depreciation and amortization	564,691	1,043,365	141,416	
Decrease (increase) in: Accounts receivable and due from other funds	22 261	(4 276)	(495 910)	
Inventories	33,361 2,423	(4,376) (1,221)	(485,819) (6,808)	
		(1,221) 5,747	(6,606)	
Prepaids Increase (decrease) in:	4,000	3,747	3/0	
Accounts payable	(259,725)	73,845	6,616	
Retainage payable	(259,725) 8,579	13,043	0,010	
Compensated absences	(1,054)	5,764	- -	
Net other post employment benefits	2,106	(963)	-	
Net pension benefits	57,250	(9,091)		
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ 263,966	\$ 1,228,417	\$ (548,908)	

				Internal Service
St	tormwater Funds	Events Center	Total	Public Works Admin
\$	579,069	\$ 259,082	\$ 6,273,676	\$ - 1,343,954
	(216,006) (305,064)	(142,672) (456,713)	(1,232,367) (4,380,138)	(745,474) (351,275)
	57,999	(340,303)	661,171	247,205
	_	307,635	307,635	-
			91,481	
	<u>-</u>	307,635	399,116	
	(128,248)	(20,600)	(1,513,539) (3,039)	(103,361)
	(16,698)	-	(400,096)	(140,297)
	85,708	-	622,383	-
	- 18	- 137,734	224,114 867,561	7,378
	(6,953)	-	(89,489)	(79,313)
	(66,173)	117,134	(292,105)	(315,593)
	3,890 (4,220)	11,663 	31,760 (21,803)	798
	(330)	11,663	9,957	798
	(8,504)	96,129	778,139	(67,590)
	773,750	421,868	2,109,215	122,249
\$	765,246	\$ 517,997	\$ 2,887,354	\$ 54,659
\$	(114,838)	\$ (445,230)	\$ (797,075)	\$ 99,035
	110,026	139,934	1,999,432	160,737
	(2,615)	30,945	(428,504) (5,606)	-
	-	425	10,548	510
	923	15,736	(162,605)	(17,016)
	5,223	- (22 24E)	13,802	- 17,187
	2,485 2,182	(23,345) (2,627)	(16,150) 698	(1,349)
	54,613	(56,141)	46,631	(11,899)
\$	57,999	\$ (340,303)	\$ 661,171	\$ 247,205

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Fiduciary Funds

These funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds.

Municipal Court Trust

This fund is used for tracking of activities for the Municipal Court Trust Fund. This fund accounts for fees and assessments related to court assessments collected on behalf of other governments, as well as money received from parolees making restitution, restitution payments to victims and restitution forfeitures.

CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION June 30, 2022

	cipal Court Trust
ASSETS:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 46,018
Total assets	46,018
NET POSITION HELD IN TRUST:	
Restricted for:	
Individuals and organizations	 46,018
Total net position held in trust	\$ 46,018

CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Mun	icipal Court Trust
ADDITIONS Fees and assessments collected for other governments Victim restitution Unapplied bonds	\$	185,743 5,248 3,986
Total additions		194,977
DEDUCTIONS Fees and assessments distributed to other governments Victim restitution payments Bond refunds		192,625 6,271 5,894
Total deductions		204,790
Change in net position		(9,813)
NET POSITION, BEGINNING		55,831
NET POSITION, ENDING	\$	46,018

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the City of Florence, Oregon (the City) have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). GAAP statements require the application of all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements.

A. Description of Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the primary government and its component unit. Governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from a legally separate component unit for which the primary government is financially accountable.

B. Reporting Entity

1. Primary Government

The City of Florence, Oregon (City), is an Oregon municipal corporation, is organized under the general laws of the State of Oregon. The City is governed by an elected mayor and four-member council. These financial statements present the primary government and its component unit, the Florence Urban Renewal Agency, a separate legal entity for which the City is considered to be financially accountable.

2. Blended Component Unit

The accompanying basic financial statements present the City and its component unit, Florence Urban Renewal Agency (Agency). The Agency was formed to plan, direct, and manage certain projects within Florence. Pursuant to ORS 457.055 and under Lane County's order No. 86-8-27-1H, the City Council has appointed a nine-member board as the governing body of the Agency. The Agency was formed by the City as a separate legal entity to implement the programs in the revitalization plan of the City. Upon completion, all projects constructed become assets of the City. The Agency is a blended component unit and as such the Urban Renewal Agency Projects Fund blended with those of the City by including then n the appropriate statements and schedules of the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. Separate financial statements of the Agency can be obtained from the Finance Department of the City of Florence or viewed on the City's website.

C. Basic Financial Statements

1. Government-Wide Financial Statements

Basic financial statements are presented at both the government-wide and fund financial level. Both levels of statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. Governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

Government-wide financial statements present information about the reporting government as a whole. These statements focus on the sustainability of the City as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from the activities of the fiscal period. These aggregated statements consist of the *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities*.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the City's assets and deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the difference between the two reported as net position.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and allocated indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are

clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Indirect expenses are those costs, usually administrative in nature, that support all City function or program. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from a function or segment or are otherwise directly affected by it; 2) operating grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting requirements of a particular function or segment; and 3) capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting requirements of a particular function or segment. Property taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

2. Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements present information at the individual fund level. Funds are classified and summarized as governmental, proprietary, or fiduciary type. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Non-major funds are combined into a single column in the fund financial statements and are detailed in the supplemental information.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Capital assets are capitalized and depreciated, and City debt is reported as a liability with premiums and discounts amortized over the life of the debt.

Governmental fund financial statements are presented using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both *measurable and available*. *Measurable* means the amount of the transaction can be determined and revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of year end. Property taxes, franchise fees, assessment liens, and state shared revenues are susceptible to the year-end 60-day accrual. Expenditure driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

An unavailable revenue deferred inflow arises on the balance sheets of the governmental funds when potential revenue does not meet both the *measurable* and *available* criteria for recognition in the current period. This unavailable revenue consists primarily of uncollected property taxes not deemed available to finance operations of the current period. In the government-wide statement of activities, with a full accrual basis of accounting, revenue must be recognized as soon as it is earned regardless of its availability. Thus, the deferred inflow created on the balance sheets of the governmental funds for unavailable revenue, is eliminated.

Similar to the way its revenues are recorded, governmental funds only record those expenditures that affect current financial resources. Debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. In the government-wide financial statements, however, with a full accrual basis of accounting, all expenses affecting the economic resource status of the government are recognized.

Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental column, a reconciliation is necessary to explain the adjustments needed to transform the fund based financial statements into the governmental column of the government-wide presentation. This reconciliation is part of the basic financial statements.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise and internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses include the cost of sales and services, administrative expense, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

E. Financial Statement Presentation

The financial transactions of the City are recorded in individual funds. A fund is an independent accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts comprised of assets, liabilities, deferred inflows/outflows of resources, fund balances, revenues, and expenditures. Fund accounting segregates resources according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance related legal and contractual provisions.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) set forth minimum criteria for the determination of major funds. The City elected to include the Airport Maintenance Fund as a major funds due to community interest.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

- General Fund This is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the City except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Principal sources of revenue are property taxes; franchise taxes, and state shared revenue. Primary expenditures are for general government and public safety.
- Streets Program This program reports activity from the following budgeted funds:
 - Street Fund This was established as a requirement of Oregon Revised Statues 366.815. Monies received from the State of Oregon (gasoline tax apportionment), the City's street maintenance fee, and grants are the major sources of revenue. These monies are to be used exclusively for the construction, reconstruction, improvement, repair, maintenance, operation and use of public highways, roads, streets, sidewalks, bike lanes, and paths.
 - Street System Development Fund This fund is used to account for major street improvements. The primary source of revenues is street system development fees on new construction within the City. The use of these funds is restricted by State statue and City ordinance.
- <u>FURA General Fund</u> This fund accounts for the activities associated with the City's Urban Renewal Plan. The primary resources are debt proceeds, grants and developer contributions.
- <u>Debt Service Fund</u> This fund is used to account for special assessment revenue from a local improvement district (LID) and the servicing of related bonded debt incurred for the improvement of Spruce Street.
- ARPA Fund This fund accounts for the City's funds and projects funded by the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 (ARPA).

Additionally, the City reports non-major funds within the governmental classification which include the following funds:

- 9-1-1 Emergency Fund This fund accounts for revenue from the 911 telephone tax and user fees from various special districts for operation of the Western Lane County Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP).
- Room Tax Fund This fund accounts for the City's room tax receipts. These taxes are used to help support the Florence Events Center and to accomplish specific marketing of the City and tourismrelated projects.
- General Obligation Bond Fund This fund accounts for the City's general obligation bond activity.
 Currently, a bond issued to fund construction of water utility infrastructure is accounted for in this fund.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

- Water Operations This program reports activity from the following budgeted funds:
 - Water Fund This fund accounts for the financial activities of the city-owned water utility operations. Sales of water and related charges are the major revenue sources.
 - Water Systems Development Fund This fund accounts for monies accumulated from water system development charges for facility expansion or improvement. The use of these funds is restricted by State statute and City ordinance.
- Wastewater Operations This program reports activity from the following budgeted funds:
 - <u>Wastewater Fund</u> This fund accounts for the financial activities of the city-owned sewer service. Wastewater charges are the major revenue sources.
 - Water Systems Development Fund This fund accounts for monies accumulated from wastewater systems development charges for facility expansion or improvement. The use of these funds is restricted by State statute and City ordinance.
- <u>Airport Fund</u> This fund accounts for all activities of the City's municipal airport. Expenditures
 include facility and grounds maintenance, aviation fuel, and capital investment. Primary revenue
 sources are fuel sales, ground leases, land sales, and intergovernmental grants.
- <u>Stormwater Operations</u> This program reports activity from the following budgeted funds:
 - Stormwater Operations Fund This fund accounts for the financial activities of the city-owned storm drainage system. Revenues consist primarily of stormwater charges
 - Stormwater Systems Development Fund This fund accounts for monies accumulated from storm drainage systems development charges for facility expansion or improvement. The use of these funds is restricted by State statute and City ordinance.
- <u>Event Center Fund</u> This fund is used to account for the activities of the Florence Events Center. Expenditures are for the operation of the Events Center facility including personnel, show booking costs, facility operating and maintenance costs, licensing, and equipment expenditures. The primary sources of revenue are facility and equipment rental fees, ticket fees, commissions, and show revenue.

The City also reports internal service funds within the proprietary fund type. The City's internal service funds include the service the <u>Public Works Administration Fund</u> provides to other funds of the City. The

CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) Year Ended June 30, 2022

internal service fund primarily operates for the benefit of the enterprise funds and is reported with Business-type Activities on the statement of activities.

The fiduciary fund is used for tracking of activities for the <u>Municipal Court Trust Fund</u>. This fund accounts for fees and assessments related to court assessments collected on behalf of other governments, as well as money received from parolees making restitution, restitution payments to victims and restitution forfeitures.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. The City allocates charges as reimbursement for services provided by the general fund in support of those functions based on levels of service provided. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned. These charges are included in direct program expenses.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Significant operating expenses include personnel, contracted services, repairs and maintenance, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

F. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

1. Cash and Investments

Cash and investments, including restricted cash and investments, consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition, and the State of Oregon Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) deposits. Investments in the LGIP are stated at share value, which approximates fair value, and is the value at which the shares can be withdrawn.

The LGIP is administered by the Oregon State Treasury. The LGIP is an open-ended no-load diversified portfolio offered to any agency, political subdivision or public corporation of the sate who by law is made the custodian of, or has control of, any public funds. The LGIP is commingled with the state's short-term funds. In seeking to best serve local governments of Oregon, the Oregon Legislature established the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board. The purpose of the Board is to advise the Oregon State Treasury in the management and investment of the LGIP.

The City's investment policy, adopted by the City Council, essentially mirrors the requirements of the Oregon Revised Statutes. Currently, the City's investment portfolio consists of investments in the LGIP.

Investments are stated at fair value. Fair value is based on current market prices. Changes in the fair value of investments are recognized as revenue. GASB Statement 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application* provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritized the inputs for valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1 measurement) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (level 3 measurements).

2. Receivables and Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending or borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year, as well as all other outstanding balances between funds or between the primary government and its component unit are referred to as "due to", "advance to" or "due from", "advance from" other funds or component unit. Amounts related to the intergovernmental agreement between the City and FURA are reported as interfund note receivable/payable. Any residual balances

outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Property taxes are assessed as of January 1 and become a lien as of July 1 on all taxable property. Property taxes are due on November 15. Collection dates are November 15, February 15, and May 15. Discounts are allowed if the amount due or two-thirds of the amount due is received by November 15. Taxes unpaid and outstanding on May 16 are considered delinquent.

In the government-wide financial statements, property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. In the fund financial statements, property taxes receivable which have been collected within 60 days subsequent to year-end are considered *measurable* and *available* and are recognized as revenues. All other property taxes receivable is offset by deferred inflows of resources as they are deemed unavailable to finance operations of the current period.

Lease receivables are recognized at the net present value of the leased assets at a borrowing rate either explicitly described in the agreement or implicitly determined by the City, reduced by principal payments received.

3. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories of materials and supplies in the proprietary funds are stated at cost, on a first-in, first-out basis, and charged to expense as used.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

4. Capital Assets

In the government-wide financial statements, capital assets include property, plant, equipment, infrastructure assets (streets, traffic lights, storm drain, and sanitary sewer), and intangible assets (easements and land rights) and are reported in the applicable governmental activity, business-type activity columns in the government-wide financial statements. In the governmental fund financial statements, capital assets are charged to expenditures as purchased; while in the proprietary fund financial statements, capital assets are capitalized when purchased. Capital Assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual cost is not available. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are valued at acquisition value. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more, and having a useful life extending beyond a single reporting period. Additions or improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset, or that significantly increase the capacity of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Depreciation on exhaustible assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position and is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	40
Improvements	25
Infrastructure	25 - 40
Vehicles	5
Furniture & Equipment	5

Depreciation is recorded in the year the assets are acquired or retire from the date of acquisition or to the date of disposition. Gains and losses from sales or retirements of capital assets are included in operations of the current period.

5. Lease Assets

Lease assets are assets which the City leases for a term of more than one year. The value of leases is determined by the net present value of the leases at the City's incremental borrowing rate at the time of the lease agreement, amortized over the term of the agreement.

6. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences, such as vacation and comp time pay is accrued as it is earned. For governmental funds, compensated absences is maintained separately and represents a reconciling item between the fund level and government-wide presentations. No liability is recorded for non-vesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it.

Funds used to liquidate accrued compensated absences include the general fund, water fund, wastewater fund, event center fund, stormwater fund, and public works administration fund.

7. Long-Term Debt

In the government-wide and proprietary fund type financial statements, long-term debt is reported as a liability in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund statement of net position. Premiums, discounts and deferred amounts on refunding are amortized over the life of the related debt issue. Long-term debt payable is reported net of the related unamortized premium or discount. Issuance costs are reported as period costs in the year of issue.

In the governmental fund financial statements, the face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums are also reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

8. Pensions

A pension liability is reported in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements as a liability in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund statement of net position. Interest and amortization are reported as pension expense in the government-wide statement of activities for governmental and business-type activities, and as operating expense in the proprietary funds.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows or resources related to pension, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (Oregon PERS) and additions to/deductions from Oregon PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by Oregon PERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

9. Other Postemployment Benefit Obligations

For purposes of measuring the OPEB asset and liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's two separate plans the Implicit Rate Subsidy and Oregon Public Employees Retirement Systems and additions to/deductions from Implicit Rate Subsidy and Oregon PERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by Implicit Rate Subsidy and

Oregon PERS. For this purpose, Implicit Rate Subsidy and Oregon PERS recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

10. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The government-wide statements and the enterprise funds report deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and other post employment benefits (OPEB).

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has two types of deferred inflows that qualify for reporting in this category. *Unavailable revenue* is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that amount becomes available. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from four sources: property taxes, other receivables, SDC and assessments receivable, and lease receivables for when a timing requirement has not been met. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The City also reports deferred amounts related to pension, and OPEB. These amounts are deferred and recognized as inflows of resources in the period when the City recognizes pension and OPEB income. Deferred inflows are included in the government-wide statement of net position and the proprietary funds statement of net position.

11. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted-net position and unrestricted-net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted-net position to have been depleted before unrestricted-net position is applied.

12. Fund Balance

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Fund balance is reported as *nonspendable* when the resources cannot be spent because they are either in a nonspendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Resources in nonspendable form include inventories and prepayments.

Fund balance is reported as *restricted* when the constraints placed on the use of the resources are either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City's highest level of decision-making authority are reported as *committed* fund balances. The City reports fund balances as committed when the City Council passes a resolution that places specific constraints on how the resources may be used. The City Council can modify or rescind the resolution at any time through passage of an additional resolution.

CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) Year Ended June 30, 2022

Amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to use them for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed, are reported as *assigned* fund balance. Intent is expressed when the City Council approves certain amounts during the adoption of the annual budget.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. This classification is also used to report deficit fund balance amounts in other governmental funds.

G. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and deferred inflows, the disclosure of contingent assets, liabilities and deferred inflows at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual amounts could differ from those estimates.

II. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

A. Budgetary Information

The City implemented a biennial budget effective July 1, 2021 for the biennium ending June 30, 2023. Appropriations are for the biennial period. Appropriations reported in the supplemental budget schedules report the amount for the biennial period. Appropriations lapse at the end of the biennial period.

A budget is prepared in the early winter preceding the biennial period in which the budget will be used. The City is required to budget for all funds. The budget committee, with public input, deliberates and approves the budget for transmittal to the City Council in early spring. After public notices and a hearing, the final budget is adopted, appropriations made, and a tax levy declared no later than June 30th.

The City Council resolution adopting the budget and authorizing appropriations for each fund sets the level by which expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriation. Appropriations lapse at the end of the biennial period.

Expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations except in the case of grants which could not be estimated at the time of budget adoption. Supplemental appropriations and appropriation transfers may occur with notice and City Council action.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, expenditures exceeded appropriations as follows:

<u>Fund</u>	Budget Category	<u>Amount</u>	
Water Systems Development Fund	Materials and services	\$	199

III. Detailed Notes on Accounts

A. Cash and Investments

The City maintains a cash and investment pool for its cash and cash equivalents in which each fund participates. Cash and investments comprise the following as of June 30, 2022:

Cash on hand Cash in bank LGIP Oregon Community Foundation	\$ 1,500 1,240,751 6,207,973 88,293
Total	\$ 7,538,517
Cash and Investments are reported as follows:	_
Governmental activities Business-type activities Fiduciary funds	\$ 4,550,486 2,942,013 46,018
Total	\$ 7,538,517

Oregon Revised Statutes authorize the City to invest in general obligations of the U.S. Government and its agencies; certain bonded obligations of Oregon municipalities; bank repurchase agreements; certificates of deposit; bankers' acceptances; the State of Oregon Local Government Investment Pool; and certain corporate indebtedness, which includes only the four highest ratings by the ratings agencies.

The State of Oregon Local Government Investment Pool (Pool) is not registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company. The Oregon Revised Statutes and the Oregon Investment Council govern the Pool's investment policies. The State Treasurer is the investment officer for the Pool and is responsible for all funds in the Pool. These funds must be invested, and the investments managed as a prudent investor would, exercising reasonable care, skill, and caution. Investments in the Pool are further governed by portfolio guidelines issued by the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board which establishes diversification percentages and specifies the types and maturities of investments. The Oregon Audits Division audits the Pool annually. The Division's report on the Pool as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022 was unmodified.

At year end, the City's investment balance was \$88,293 held by the Oregon Community Foundation for the Florence Events Center Endowment Subfund. The weighted average maturity on the investments was about 3 months. The City's investments include co-mingled trusts and pooled funds-equity category which represents investments in equities, both U.S and international, including investments in developed and emerging markets as well as in energy, real estate, and commodity stocks.

At year end, the City's total book balance for deposits with financial institutions was \$1,240,751 and the bank balance was \$1,398,281. The City's bank balances were covered by \$250,000 Federal Depository Insurance. As required by Oregon Revised Statutes, deposits in excess of federal depository insurance were held at a qualified depository for public funds. All qualified depositories for public funds are included in the multiple financial institution collateral pool that is maintained by and in the name of the Office of the State Treasurer.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of failure of a counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in the possession of an outside party. The City does not have a policy relating to custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2022, the City does not have investments exposed to custodial credit risk.

The City's investment policy allows 100 percent of the City's investments to be invested in the Pool. As a means to limit exposure to fair value losses arising from changes in interest rates, the City's investment policy requires that all investments other than the Pool mature in less than one year.

B. Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

Uncollected taxes and assessments are deemed to be substantially collectible or recoverable through liens. Therefore, no allowance for uncollectible accounts has been established.

Accounts receivable for business-type activities are reported net of an allowance of doubtful accounts as follows as of June 30, 2022:

Water operations	\$ 1,903
Wastewater operations	2,243
Stormwater operations	 446
Total allowance for doubtful accounts	\$ 4,592

C. Receivables

1. Interfund Transfers

The interfund transfer activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

	Transfers In							
			lonmajor	Events				
	Deb	ot Service	Governmental		Center		Totals	
Transfers Out:								
General	\$	59,377	\$	547,000	\$	-	\$	606,377
FURA General		468,454		-		-		468,454
Streets Program		409,508		-		-		409,508
Nonmajor Governmental		-		-		307,635		307,635
Public Works Admin		219,610		-		-		219,610
	\$ 1	,156,949	\$	547,000	\$	307,635	\$2	2,011,584

Transfers are budgeted and made to move financial resources from the Transient Room Tax Fund to the Events Center Fund to fund operations. Additionally, transfers are made to move financial resources to the Debt Service Fund to fund the repayment of debt.

2. Interfund Note Receivable/Payable

The City entered into an intergovernmental agreement with the Florence Urban Renewal Agency (FURA) to facilitate the use of the City's credit to fund FURA's urban renewal plan projects and programs with more favorable terms and conditions. The IGA provides for \$7.0 million in loans to FURA, with repayment of principal and interest consistent with the terms and conditions of the City's loans with Banner Bank. Additionally, FURA must levy sufficient taxes to ensure a minimum 1.25 debt coverage ratio. FURA used the loans to refinance \$1.6 million of existing debt and \$5.4 million for new projects and programs described in the Florence Urban Renewal Plan. The City and FURA anticipate additional debt obligations will be utilized as FURA's property tax revenue and debt capacity increase to facilitate and goals and objectives of the urban renewal plan. At June 30, 2022, FURA owed the City \$5,805,972 for bank loans the City took out on FURA's behalf.

3. Lease Receivable

Governmental Activities:	June 30, 2021 Balance		Additions		Reductions		June 30, 2022 Balance	
Commercial Ground Leases; interest between 2.38% and 3.61%, total annual principal and interest payments range from \$4,500 to							_	
\$12,100, due 2031	\$	135,641	\$	-	\$	11,829	\$	123,812
	\$	135,641	\$		\$	11,829	\$	123,812
Business-Type Activities:								
Airport Building Leases; interest between 2.11% and 3.37%, total annual principal and interest payments range from \$3,726 to \$20,571, due 2038 through 2044	\$	324,091	\$	-	\$	13,357	\$	310,734
Water Tower Leases; interest between 1.37% and 1.83%, total annual principal and interest payments range from \$29,000 to \$34,500, due								
2032		98,372				7,678		90,694
	\$	422,463	\$		\$	21,035	\$	401,428

Future maturities are as follows:

	Governmental Activities				Business-ty	ype A	Activities	
Fiscal Year	P	rincipal	lı	Interest		rincipal		Interest
2023	\$	12,710	\$	3,901	\$	21,692	\$	8,642
2024		13,129		3,482		22,131		8,210
2025		13,561		3,050		22,580		7,767
2026		14,008		2,603		23,040		7,313
2027		14,470		2,141		23,525		6,848
2028-2032		55,934		3,795		118,545		27,088
2033-2037		-		-		80,139		16,514
2038-2042		-		-		70,221		6,926
2043-2047		-		-		19,555		787
	\$	123,812	\$	18,972	\$	401,428	\$	90,095

D. Capital and Lease Assets

Capital and lease asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 2,031,030	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,031,030
Construction in progress	7,819,413	1,261,307		(8,068,616)	1,012,104
Total capital assets, not being depreciate	9,850,443	1,261,307		(8,068,616)	3,043,134
Capital assets, being depreciated					
Buildings and improvements	12,230,434	-	-	255,329	12,485,763
Equipment and vehicles	2,992,828	218,265	-	4,200	3,215,293
Infrastructure	16,623,809	219,398		7,809,087	24,652,294
Total capital assets being depreciated	31,847,071	437,663		8,068,616	40,353,350
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and improvements	(4,907,433)	(336,707)	-	_	(5,244,140)
Equipment and vehicles	(2,342,476)	(179, 167)	-	_	(2,521,643)
Infrastructure	(8,321,509)	(596,677)			(8,918,186)
Total accumulated depreciation	(15,571,418)	(1,112,551)			(16,683,969)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	16,275,653	(674,888)		8,068,616	23,669,381
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$26,126,096	\$ 586,419	\$ -	\$ -	\$26,712,515
Lease assets					
Right-to-use lease asset - equipment	\$ 244,748	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 244,748
Total lease assets	244,748				244,748
Less accumulated amortization for:	(05, 500)	(40.050)			(444 500)
Right-to-use lease asset	(65,582)	(48,950)			(114,532)
Total accumulated amortization	(65,582)	(48,950)			(114,532)
Governmental activities lease assets, net	\$ 179,166	\$ (48,950)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 130,216

CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Ending Balance
Business-type activities:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 1,868,428	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,868,428
Construction in progress	1,007,177	388,992		(493, 187)	902,982
Total capital assets, not being depreciat	€ 2,875,605	388,992		(493,187)	2,771,410
Capital assets, being depreciated					
Buildings and improvements	33,938,939	29,327	-	_	33,968,266
Utility systems	17,885,217	996,268	-	-	18,881,485
Equipment and vehicles	4,931,690	202,313	-	493,187	5,627,190
Infrastructure	11,382,183	-	-	-	11,382,183
Total capital assets being depreciated	68,138,029	1,227,908		493,187	69,859,124
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and improvements	(17,787,834)	(903,528)	-	_	(18,691,362)
Utility systems	(9,228,480)	(395,960)	-	_	(9,624,440)
Equipment and vehicles	(3,576,755)	(360, 171)	-	-	(3,936,926)
Infrastructure	(3,069,643)	(497,439)	-	-	(3,567,082)
Total accumulated depreciation	(33,662,712)	(2,157,098)			(35,819,810)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	34,475,317	(929,190)		493,187	34,039,314
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$37,350,922	\$ (540,198)	\$ -	\$ -	\$36,810,724
Lease assets Right-to-use lease asset - equipment	\$ 15,356	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 15,356
Total lease assets	15,356				15,356
Less accumulated amortization for: Right-to-use lease asset	(3,839)	(3,071)			(6,910)
Total accumulated amortization	(3,839)	(3,071)			(6,910)
Business activities lease assets, net	\$ 11,517	\$ (3,071)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,446

Depreciation and amortization expenses were charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
Administration	\$ 144,643
Community development	29,933
Public safety	175,959
Parks	46,585
Transportation	680,622
Non-departmental	 34,809
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 1,112,551

Administration Community development Public safety	\$	36,533 7,613 4,804
Total amortization expense - governmental activities	\$	48,950
Business-type activities:		
Water operations	\$	563,910
Wastewater operations	•	1,041,075
Stormwater operations		110,026
Airport operations		141,416
Events center		139,934
Public works admin		160,737
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 2	2,157,098
Water operations	\$	781
Wastewater operations	_	2,290
Total amortization expense - business-type activities	\$	3,071

E. Leases Payable

Leases payable currently outstanding as of June 30, 2022 are as follows:

		Original Amount		June 30, 2021 Balance		Reductions		e 30, 2022 alance
Governmental Activities: Copier Leases; interest at 1.23%, monthly payments of principal and interest of \$4,214, due 2025	\$	244,748	\$	180,553	\$	48,494	\$	132,059
	\$	244,748	\$	180,553	\$	48,494		132,059
	ırrent por ng-term ı						\$	(49,140) 82,919
Business-Type Activities: Copier Leases; interest at 1.23%, monthly payments of principal and interest of \$264,								
due 2025	\$	15,356	\$	11,593	\$	3,039	\$	8,554
	\$	15,356	\$	11,593	\$	3,039		8,554
	ırrent por ng-term ı						\$	(3,077) 5,477

Annual debt service requirements for leases payable for governmental activities are as follows:

Gov	ernmental Acti Copier Leases	Business-Type Activities Copier Leases					
Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Fiscal Year	Pr	incipal	Int	erest
2023	\$ 49,140	\$ 1,417	2023	\$	3,077	\$	88
2024	49,090	764	2024		3,115		50
2025	33,829	173	2025		2,362		12
2026	-	-	2026		-		-
2027	-	-	2027		-		-
	\$ 132,059	\$ 2,354		\$	8,554	\$	150

F. Long-Term Liabilities

1. General Obligation Bonds – Governmental Activities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

	Jι	ıne 30, 2021					Jι	ıne 30, 2022		Due in
	Balance		Additions		Reductions		Balance		1 Year	
Governmental Activities:										
Bonds payable	\$	1,806,951	\$	-	\$	(288,890)	\$	1,518,061	\$	134,184
Unamortized bond premium		13,871		-		(1,387)		12,484		-
Notes from direct borrowings		9,772,370				(539,850)		9,232,520		557,161
Total long-term debt		11,593,192		-		(830,127)		10,763,065		691,345
Compensated absences		349,677	198	3,094		(231,679)		316,092		316,092
Total	\$	11,942,869	\$198	3,094	\$	(1,061,806)	\$	11,079,157	\$	1,007,437
Business-Type Activities:										
Bonds payable	\$	862,143	\$	-	\$	(70,204)	\$	791,939	\$	75,816
Unamortized bond premium		17,989		-		(1,524)		16,465		-
Notes from direct borrowings		7,197,925		-		(463,871)		6,734,054		470,110
Unamortized bond premium		5,600				(4,794)		806		-
Total long-term debt		8,083,657		-		(540,393)		7,543,264		545,926
Compensated absences		123,836	85	5,237		(84,200)		124,873		124,873
Total	\$	8,207,493	\$ 85	5,237	\$	(624,593)	\$	7,668,137	\$	670,799

Bonds outstanding at June 30, 2022 were as follows:

Purpose	Governm Activit		Business-Type Activities		
During the 2010, the City issued \$8,750,000 of full faith and credit refunding obligations debt with \$8,310,000 at 3.064% and \$440,000 as 3.75%. This bond was used to fund projects for enterprise funds as well as governmental funds. \$600,000 was used by governmental funds and \$8,150,000 was used by enterprise funds. Bond principal and interest is payable semiannually through December 2030. The unamortized premium included in the balance of this bond is \$55,044.	\$ 3	315,000	\$	420,000	
During 2010, the City issued \$1,478,000 of limited tax improvement bonds at 3.81% for the Spruce St LID. Semiannual payments are made from assessments on the property benefitting from the improvements. Bond principal and interest is payable semiannually through December 2030.				7,7	
During 2011, the City issued \$1,245 of full faith and credit refunding obligations debt at 4.14% for the Local Oregon Capital Asset Program (LOCAP). This bond was used to fund projects for enterprise funds as well as governmental funds. This governmental portion as \$558,980 and the enterprise funds portion was \$686,020. Bond principal and interest is payable semiannually through June 2031. The unamortized premium included in the balance of this bond is \$5,150.		900,000		371,939	
Total bonds outstanding Less current portion	•	34,184)		791,939 (75,816)	
Long-term portion	\$ 1,3	883,877	\$	716,123	

Direct placement notes payable outstanding at June 30, 2022 were as follows:

_	Governmental	Business-Type
Purpose Purpose	Activities	Activities
On March 21, 2018, the City received proceeds in the amount of \$3,395,000 from Banner bank to finance improvements to City Hall and the Justice Center and the purchase of land. Loan principal and interest is payable semiannually at 4.375% through December 2037. If an event of default occurs, the Bank may exercise any remedy available at law or in equity; but the Note shall not be subject to acceleration.		
On June 20, 2019, the City received proceeds in the amount of \$3,150,000 from Banner Bank to finance the projects of the Florence Urban Renewal Agency. Loan principal and interest is payable semiannually at 3.3% through March 2039. If an event of default occurs, the Bank may exercise any remedy available at law or in equity; but the Note shall not be subject to acceleration.	\$ 2,794,886	\$ -
	2,770,640	-

Purpose	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities
On June 20, 2019, the City received proceeds in the amount of \$150,000 from Banner Bank to finance the projects of the Florence Urban Renewal Agency. Interest only payments at 5.3% are required semiannually through March 2024. Loan principal is due in full on March 1, 2024. If an event of default occurs, the Bank may exercise any remedy available at law or in equity; but the Note shall not be subject to acceleration.	150,000	
During 2018, the City termed out its tax-exempt non-revolving line of credit with Banner Bank. Annual principal and interest payments are required on June 1 and December 1. The interest rate for the line of credit is 2.92% through December 15,2026 as which point the interest rate become variable, with a maximum rate of 5.25% through December 15, 2031, when the maximum rate increases to 7.2%. The minimum interest rate for years eleven through twenty is 2.75%. The note payable has a scheduled maturity of December 1, 2026 for the outstanding balance allocated to the Street Project and December 1, 2036 for the remaining balances. If an event of default occurs, the Bank may exercise any remedy available at law or in equity; but the Note shall not be subject to acceleration. The projects funded and their balances at June 30, 2020 were as follows:		
Street Project – Financing of improvements to the City's streets and related issuance costs in the original amount of \$1,300,000. This portion of the note matures on December		
1, 2026. Agency Project \$3,700,000 was allocated to finance and refinance the projects of the Florence Urban Renewal Agency. This portion of the notes mature on December 1, 2036.	631,706 2.885,288	-
Water Project – Financing of improvements to the City's water system and related issuance costs in the original amount of \$1,500,000. This portion matures on December 1, 2036.	2,000,200	1,169,714
Facility Project – Financing of the City's public works facility and related issuance costs in the original amount of \$3,300,000. This portion of the note matures on December 1, 2036.		2,573,367
On August 31, 2010, the City entered into a loan agreement with the Oregon Business Development Department to receive a loan in the amount of \$657,057 to permanently finance the Florence Wastewater Transition Line & Intersection Improvements. Loan interest rate is variable between 2% and 4%. Loan principal and interest is payable annually through December 2034. Upon the event of a default OBDD may declare the loan immediately due and payable, declare the City ineligible to receive future awards from the OBDD, withhold all or a portion of any amounts otherwise due tot the City, or foreclosing liens or security interests upon collateral. The unamortized premium included in the balance of this bond is \$6,000.		
	-	331,665

Purpose	 vernmental Activities	siness-Type Activities
On February 12, 2010, the City entered into an agreement with		
the State of Oregon Department of Environmental Quality for a		
loan in the amount of \$4,923,260 to finance rehabilitation to a		
major wastewater trunk sewer. Loan principal payments		
commenced upon completion of the project (June 24,2013). The		
loan has a twenty year maturity (June , 2023) with loan fees of		
0.5% of the outstanding balance payable annually. Upon the		
event of a default, DEQ may declare the loan immediately due		
and payable, appoint a receiver to operate the Facility, set and collect utility rates, direct the State Treasurer to withhold amounts		
due, or pursue any other legal or equitable remedy it may have.		
due, or pursue any other legal or equitable remedy it may have.		2,659,308
Total notes naughle outstanding	0.222.520	6 724 054
Total notes payable outstanding	9,232,520	6,734,054
Less current portion	(557,161)	 (470,110)
Long-term portion	\$ 8,675,359	\$ 6,263,944

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for long-term debt at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

·-	Total Governmental Activities									
_	Public Offer	ing Bonds	_	Direct Bo	orrowings					
	Principal	Interest		Principal	Interest					
2023	\$ 134,184	\$ 60,096	2023	\$ 557,161	\$ 298,309					
2024	141,327	54,802	2024	724,528	280,941					
2025	148,572	49,012	2025	593,459	254,061					
2026	153,572	42,930	2026	612,500	235,020					
2027	167,959	36,548	2027	556,664	215,364					
2028-2032	772,447	70,796	2028-2032	2,658,773	823,908					
2033-2037	-	-	2033-2037	3,002,679	357,250					
2038-2042			2038-2042	526,756	19,532					
Total	\$ 1,518,061	\$ 314,184	Total	\$ 9,232,520	\$ 2,484,385					

	Total Business-Type Activities										
	Public Offering Bonds				<u>-</u>	Direct Borrowings					
	F	Principal		nterest		Principal		Princ			Interest
2023	\$	75,816	\$	31,693	2023	\$	470,110	\$	138,554		
2024		78,673		28,639	2024		476,260		130,445		
2025		81,428		25,448	2025		488,152		121,594		
2026		81,428		22,143	2026		494,975		112,562		
2027		87,041		18,837	2027		502,006		103,323		
2028-2032		387,553		37,295	2028-2032	2	,632,838		438,421		
2033-2037		-			2033-2037	1	,669,713		110,689		
Total	\$	791,939	\$	164,055	Total	\$6	,734,054	\$ ^	1,155,588		

G. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

1. Financial Statement Presentation

The City's two OPEB plans are presented in the aggregate on the Statement of Net Position. The amounts on the financial statements relate to the plans as follows:

	Implicit Rate Subsidy	•	
Net OPEB Asset	\$ -	\$ 70,965	\$ 70,965
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Change in Assumptions Difference in Expected and Actual	5,842	1,396	7,238
Experience .	23,911	-	23,911
Change in Proportionate Share	-	6,589	6,589
Contributions After MD	36,288	553	36,841
Net OPEB Liability	(275,219)	-	(275,219)
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Difference in Expected and Actual			
Experience	(8,043)	(1,974)	(10,017)
Difference in Earnings	-	(16,865)	(16,865)
Change in Assumptions	(20,923)	(1,056)	(21,979)
Change in Proportionate Share	-	(5,619)	(5,619)
OPEB Expense/(Income)*	32,438	(7,505)	24,933

^{*}Included in program expenses on Statement of Activities

2. Implicit Rate Subsidy

Plan Description:

The City's single-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan is administered by City County Insurance Services (CIS). Benefit provisions are established through negotiations between the City and representatives of collective bargaining units or through resolutions passed by City Council. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

The City's postemployment healthcare plan administrator issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for CIS. This report may be obtained through their website at: https://www.cisoregon.org/About/TrustDocs.

Benefits Provided:

The plan provides eligible retirees and their dependents under age 65 the same health care coverage at the same premium rates as offered to active employees. The retiree is responsible for the premiums. As of the valuation date of July 1, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active employees	64
Eligible retirees	5
Spouses of ineligible retirees	1
Total participants	70

OPEB Plan Liability, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB:

The City's net OPEB liability of \$275,219 was measured as of June 30, 2021 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized OPEB expense from this plan of \$32,438. At June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to this OPEB plan from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflow Resources	
Differences between expected and				
actual experience	\$	23,911	\$	8,043
Changes of assumptions		5,842		20,923
Total (prior to post-MD contributions)		29,753		28,966
Contributions subsequent to the MD		36,288		
Total	\$	66,041	\$	28,966

Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB of \$36,288 resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2023	\$ (208)
2024	(208)
2025	(208)
2026	1,095
2027	1,419
Thereafter	 (1,103)
Total	\$ 787

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The net OPEB liability in the July 1, 2020 valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Actuarial Assumptions:

Inflation Rate 2.50 percent Discount Rate 2.16 percent

Projected Salary Increases 3.50 percent overall payroll growth
Retiree Healthcare Participation 40% of eligible employees 60% of male members and 35% of female members will

elect spouse coverage.

Mortality Health retirees and beneficiaries: Pub-

2010 General and Safety Employee and Healthy Retiree tables, sex distinct for members and dependents, with a one-year setback for male general service employees

and female safety employees.

Healthcare cost trend rate:

Medical and vision: 3.75 percent per year

increasing to 5.75 percent.

Dental: 4.00 percent per year

The discount rate was based on Bond Buyer 20-Year General Obligation Bond Index.

Changes in Net OPEB Liability:

Changes in assumptions is the result of the change in the discount rate from 2.21% to 2.16%.

	 et OPEB iability
Balance as of June 30, 2021	\$ 281,041
Changes for the year: Service cost Interest on total OPEB liability Effect of assumptions changes or inputs Benefit payments	26,288 6,358 990 (39,458)
Balance as of June 30, 2022	\$ 275,219

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate:

The following presents the City's OPEB liability, as well as what the liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.16 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.16 percent) than the current discount rate. A similar sensitivity analysis is then presented for changes in the healthcare trend assumption.

Discount Rate:						
	1% Dec	crease (1.16%)		ent Discount te (2.16%)	1% Inc	rease (3.16%)
Net OPEB Liability	\$	293,554	\$	275,219	\$	258,207
Healthcare Cost Trend:						
			Curren	it Health Care		
	1%	Decrease	Tre	end Rates	1%	Increase
Net OPEB Liability	\$	249,297	\$	275,219	\$	306,793

3. PERS Retirement Health Insurance Account

The City contributes to the PERS Retirement Health Insurance Account (RHIA) for each of its eligible employees. RHIA is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit plan administered by PERS. RHIA pays a monthly contribution toward the cost of Medicare companion health insurance premiums for eligible retirees. ORS 238.420 established this trust fund. The Oregon Legislature has delegated authority to the Public Employees Retirement Board to administer and manage the system. The plan is closed to new entrants hired after August 29, 2003. PERS issues publicly available financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, PO Box 23700, Tigard, OR 97281-3700, or online at https://www.oregon.gov/pers/Documents/Financials/CAFR/2021-ACFR.pdf.

Benefits Provided

Because RHIA was created by enabling legislation (ORS 238.420), contribution requirements of the plan members and the participating employers were established and may be amended only by the Oregon Legislature. ORS require that an amount equal to \$60 or the total monthly cost of Medicare companion health insurance premiums coverage, whichever is less, shall be paid from the RHIA established by the employer, and any monthly cost in excess of \$60 shall be paid by the eligible retired member in the manner provided in ORS 238.410. To be eligible to receive this monthly payment toward the premium cost, the member must: (1) have eight years or more of qualifying service in PERS at the time of retirement or receive a disability allowance as if the member had eight years or more of creditable service in PERS, (2) receive both Medicare Parts A and B coverage, and (3) enroll in a PERS-sponsored health plan. A surviving spouse or dependent of a deceased PERS retiree who was eligible to receive the subsidy is eligible to receive the subsidy if he or she (1) is receiving a retirement benefit or allowance from PERS or (2) was insured at the time the member died and the member retired before May 1, 1991.

Contributions

PERS funding policy provides for employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Employer contribution rates for the period were based on the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation and a percentage of payroll that first became effective July 1, 2019. The City contributed 0.06% of PERS-covered salaries for Tier One/Tier Two members to fund the normal cost portion of RHIA benefits and 0.00% of all PERS-covered salaries to amortize the unfunded actuarial accrued liability over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities being amortized over 20 years. The City's total for the year ended June 30, 2022 contributions was \$553.

OPEB Assets, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2022, the City reported an asset of \$70,965 for its proportionate share of the Oregon PERS net OPEB asset. The net OPEB asset was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the net OPEB asset used to calculate the net OPEB asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019 rolled forward to June 30, 2021. The City's proportion of the net OPEB asset was based on the City's contributions to the RHIA program during the measurement period relative to contributions from all participating employers. At June 30, 2022, the City's proportionate share was 0.0207%, which is an increase from its proportion of 0.0161% as of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized OPEB income from this plan of \$7,505. At June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to this OPEB plan from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and					
actual experience	\$	-	\$	1,974	
Changes of assumptions		1,396		1,056	
Net difference between projected and					
actual earnings on investments		-		16,865	
Changes in proportionate share		6,589		5,619	
Total (prior to post-MD contributions)		7,985		25,514	
Contributions subsequent to the MD		553			
Total	\$	8,538	\$	25,514	

Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB of \$553 resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase in the net OPEB asset in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2023	\$ (2,635)
2024	(5,715)
2025	(3,850)
2026	(5,329)
2027	-
Total	\$ (17,529)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The net OPEB asset in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the actuarial methods and assumptions are the same as listed below in **Note H** - **Pension Plan Actuarial Assumptions.**

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

Are the same as listed above in Note H - Pension Plan Long-term Expected Rate of Return.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the net OPEB asset was 6.90% for the RHIA Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the RHIA plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the RHIA Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the net OPEB asset.

Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset calculated using the discount rate of 6.90%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.90%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.90%) than the current rate:

Discount Rate:

		Current Discount				
	1% Dec	rease (5.90%)	Ra	te (6.90%)	1% Inc	rease (7.90%)
Net OPEB Asset	\$	(62,758)	\$	(70,965)	\$	(77,976)

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Oregon PERS financial report.

Changes in Plan Provisions During the Measurement Period

There were no changes during the June 30, 2021 measurement period that require disclosure.

Changes in Plan Provisions Subsequent to Measurement Date

There were no changes subsequent to the June 30, 2021 measurement period that require disclosure.

H. Pension Plans

Employees of the City are provided with pensions through the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (Oregon PERS) a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, the Oregon Legislature has delegated authority to the Public Employees Retirement Board to administer and manage the system. All benefits of the System are established by the legislature pursuant to ORS Chapters 238 and 238A. Tier One/Tier Two Retirement Benefit plan, established by ORS Chapter 238, is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003. The Pension Program, established by ORS Chapter 238A, provides benefits to members hired on or after August 29, 2003. Oregon PERS issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report and Actuarial Valuation that can be obtained at http://www.oregon.gov/pers/Pages/Financials/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx.

Benefits Provided

1. Tier One/Tier Two Retirement Benefit (ORS Chapter 238)

Pension Benefits

The PERS retirement allowance is payable monthly for life. It may be selected from 13 retirement benefit options. These options include survivorship benefits and lump-sum refunds. The basic benefit is based on years of service and final average salary. A percentage (2.0 percent for police and fire employees, 1.67 percent for general service employees) is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Benefits may also be calculated under either a formula plus annuity (for members who were contributing before August 21, 1981) or a money match computation

if a greater benefit results. Monthly payments must be a minimum of \$200 per month or the member will receive a lump-sum payment of the actuarial equivalent of benefits to which he or she is entitled.

Under Senate Bill 1049, passed during the 2019 legislative session, the salary included in the determination of Final Average Salary will be limited for all members beginning in 2020. The limit will be equal to \$197,730 in 2021 and will be indexed with inflation in later years.

A member is considered vested and will be eligible at minimum retirement age for a service retirement allowance if he or she has had a contribution in each of five calendar years or has reached at least 50 years of age before ceasing employment with a participating employer (age 45 for police and fire members). General service employees may retire after reaching age 55. Police and fire members are eligible after reaching age 50. Tier One general service employee benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 58 with fewer than 30 years of service. Police and fire member benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 55 with fewer than 25 years of service. Tier Two members are eligible for full benefits at age 60. The ORS Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Pension Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003.

Death Benefits

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives a lump-sum refund of the member's account balance (accumulated contributions and interest). In addition, the beneficiary will receive a lumpsum payment from employer funds equal to the account balance, provided one or more of the following conditions are met:

- the member was employed by a PERS employer at the time of death,
- · the member died within 120 days after termination of PERS-covered employment,
- the member died as a result of injury sustained while employed in a PERS-covered job, or
- the member was on an official leave of absence from a PERS-covered job at the time of death.

Disability Benefits

A member with 10 or more years of creditable service who becomes disabled from other than duty-connected causes may receive a non-duty disability benefit. A disability resulting from a job-incurred injury or illness qualifies a member (including PERS judge members) for disability benefits regardless of the length of PERS-covered service. Upon qualifying for either a non-duty or duty disability, service time is computed to age 58 (55 for police and fire members) when determining the monthly benefit.

Benefit Changes After Retirement

Members may choose to continue participation in a variable equities investment account after retiring and may experience annual benefit fluctuations due to changes in the fair value of equity investments. Under ORS 238.360 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living (COLA) changes. The COLA is capped at 2.0 percent.

2. OPSRP Pension Program (OPSRP DB)

Pension Benefits

The Pension Program (ORS Chapter 238A) provides benefits to members hired on or after August 29, 2003. This portion of OPSRP provides a life pension funded by employer contributions. Benefits are calculated with the following formula for members who attain normal retirement age:

Police and Fire: 1.8 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for police and fire members is age 60 or age 53 with 25 years of retirement credit. To be classified as a police and fire member, the individual must have been employed continuously as a police and fire member for at least five years immediately preceding retirement.

General service: 1.5 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for general service members is age 65, or age 58 with 30 years of retirement credit.

Under Senate Bill 1049, passed during the 2019 legislative session, the salary included in the determination of Final Average Salary will be limited for all members beginning in 2020. The limit will be equal to \$197,730 in 2021 and will be indexed with inflation in later years.

A member of the OPSRP Pension Program becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, and, if the pension program is terminated, the date on which termination becomes effective.

Death Benefits

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the spouse or other person who is constitutionally required to be treated in the same manner as the spouse, receives for life 50 percent of the pension that would otherwise have been paid to the deceased member.

Disability Benefits

A member who has accrued 10 or more years of retirement credits before the member becomes disabled or a member who becomes disabled due to job-related injury shall receive a disability benefit of 45 percent of the member's salary determined as of the last full month of employment before the disability occurred.

Benefit Changes After Retirement

Under ORS 238A.210 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes. Under current law, the cap on the COLA in fiscal year 2015 and beyond will vary based on 1.25 percent on the first \$60,000 of annual benefit and 0.15 percent on annual benefits above \$60,000.

3. OPSRP Individual Account Program (OPSRP IAP)

Pension Benefits

The IAP is an individual account-based program under the PERS tax-qualified governmental plan as defined under ORS 238A.400. An IAP member becomes vested on the date the employee account is established or on the date the rollover account was established. If the employer makes optional employer contributions for a member, the member becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, the date the IAP is terminated, the date the active member becomes disabled, or the date the active member dies.

Upon retirement, a member of the OPSRP Individual Account Program (IAP) may receive the amounts in his or her employee account, rollover account, and vested employer account as a lump-sum payment or in equal installments over a 5-, 10-, 15-, 20-year period or an anticipated life span option. Each distribution option has a \$200 minimum distribution limit.

Death Benefits

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives in a lump sum the member's account balance, rollover account balance, and vested employer optional contribution account balance. If a retired member dies before the installment payments are completed, the beneficiary may receive the remaining installment payments or choose a lump-sum payment.

Recordkeeping

Oregon PERS contracts with VOYA Financial to maintain IAP participant records.

Contributions

1. Employer Contributions

PERS funding policy provides for monthly employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. This funding policy applies to the PERS Defined Benefit Plan and the Other Postemployment Benefit Plans. Employer contribution rates during the period were based on the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation. The rates based on a percentage of payroll, first became effective July 1, 2021. Effective January 1, 2020, Senate Bill 1049 required employers to pay contributions on re-employed PERS retirees' salary as if they were an active member, excluding IAP (6 percent) contributions. Employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2022 were \$614,091 excluding amounts to fund employer specific liabilities. The rates in effect for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 were 16.82 percent for Tier One/Tier Two General Service Member and Tier One/Tier Two Police and Fire, 13.18 percent for OPSRP Pension Program General Service Members, 17.54 percent for OPSRP Pension Program Police and Fire Members.

2. Employee Contributions

Beginning January 1, 2004, all employee contributions were placed in the OPSRP Individual Account Program (IAP), a defined contribution pension plan established by the Oregon Legislature. Prior to that date, all member contributions were credited to the Defined Benefit Pension Plan. Member contributions are set by statute at 6.0 percent of salary and are remitted by participating employers. The contributions are either deducted from member salaries or paid by the employers on the members behalf. The IAP member accounts represent member contributions made on or after January 1, 2004, plus earnings allocations less disbursements for refunds, death benefits, and retirements. Contributions made by employees were \$230,472 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Pension Assets, Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022 the City reported a liability of \$3,642,132 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019 rolled forward to June 30, 2021. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2022, the City's proportionate share was 0.0304 percent, which was an increase from its proportionate share of 0.0274 percent on June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized pension income of \$98,412. At June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual				
experience	\$	340,927	\$	-
Changes of assumptions		911,735		9,585
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on investments		-		2,696,242
Changes in proportion		472,430		48,015
Differences between employer contributions and				
proportionate share of contributions	1			303,373
Total (prior to post-MD contributions)		1,725,092		3,057,215
Contributions subsequent to the MD		614,091		-
Total	\$	2,339,183	\$	3,057,215

City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$614,091 are reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2023	\$ (276,574)
2024	(285,030)
2025	(347,288)
2026	(553,437)
2027	130,206
Total	\$ (1,332,123)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	December 31, 2019
Measurement Date	June 30, 2021
Experience Study Report	2018, published July 24, 2019
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Inflation Rate	2.40 percent
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	6.90 percent
Discount Rate	6.90 percent
Projected Salary Increases	3.40 percent overall payroll growth
Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA)	Blend of 2.00% COLA and grade COLA (1.25%/0.15%) in accordance with <i>Moro</i> decision, blend based on service.
Mortality	Health retirees and beneficiaries: Pub-2010 Healthy Retiree, sex distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with job category adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation. Active Members: Pub-2010 Employee, sex distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with job category adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation. Disabled retirees: Pub-2010 Disable Retiree, sex distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with job category adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of projected benefits and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Experience studies are performed as of December 31 of even numbered years. The methods and assumptions shown above are based on the 2018 Experience Study which reviewed experience for the four-year period ending on December 31, 2018.

Long-term Expected Rate of Return

To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in June 2021 the PERS Board reviewed long-term assumptions developed by both Milliman's capital market assumptions team and the Oregon Investment Council's (OIC) investment advisors. The table below shows Milliman's assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the plan was invested at that time based on the OIC long-term target asset allocation. The OIC's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions and includes adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

	Assumed Asset Allocation							
Asset Class/Strategy	Low Range	High Range	Target					
Debt Securities	15.0%	25.0%	20.0%					
Public Equity	27.5%	37.5%	32.5%					
Real Estate	9.5%	15.5%	12.5%					
Private Equity	14.0%	21.0%	17.5%					
Alternative Portfolio	7.5%	17.5%	15.0%					
Opportunity Portfolio	0.0%	5.0%	0.0%					
Risk Parity	0.0%	2.5%	2.5%					
Total			100.0%					

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Compounded Annual Return (Geometric)
		= 0=0/
Global Equity	30.62%	5.85%
Private Equity	25.50%	7.71%
Core Fixed Income	23.75%	2.73%
Real Estate	12.25%	5.66%
Master Limited Partnerships	0.75%	5.71%
Infrastructure	1.50%	6.26%
Commodities	0.63%	3.10%
Hedge Fund of Funds - Multistrategy	1.25%	5.11%
Hedge Fund Equity - Hedge	0.63%	5.31%
Hedge Fund - Macro	5.62%	5.06%
US Cash	-2.50%	1.76%
Total	100.00%	
Assumed Inflation - Mean		2.40%

Depletion Date Projection

GASB 68 generally requires that a blended discount rate be used to measure the total pension liability (the actuarial accrued liability calculated using the Individual Entry Age Normal Cost Method). The long-term expected return on plan investments may be used to discount liabilities to the extent that the plan's Fiduciary Net Position is projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses. A 20-year high quality (AA/Aa or higher) municipal bond rate must be used for periods where the Fiduciary Net Position is not projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses. Determining the discount rate under GASB 68 will often require that the actuary perform complex projections of future benefit payments and pension plan investments. GASB 68 (paragraph 67) does allow for alternative evaluations of projected solvency, if such evaluation can reliably be made. GASB does not contemplate a specific method for making an alternative evaluation of sufficiency; it is left to professional judgment. The following circumstances justify an alternative evaluation of sufficiency for PERS:

- PERS has a formal written policy to calculate an Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC), which is articulated in the actuarial valuation report.
- The ADC is based on a closed, layered amortization period, which means that payment of the full ADC each year will bring the plan to a 100% funded position by the end of the amortization period if future experience follows assumption.
- GASB 68 specifies that the projections regarding future solvency assume that plan assets earn
 the assumed rate return and there are no future changes in the plan provisions or actuarial
 methods and assumptions, which means that the projections would not reflect any adverse
 future experience which might impact the plan's funded position.

Based on these circumstances, it is PERS' independent actuary's opinion that the detailed depletion date projections outlined in GASB 68 would clearly indicate that the Fiduciary Net Position is always projected to be sufficient to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90 percent for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.90 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.90 percent) or 1- percentage-point higher (7.90 percent) than the current rate:

	1% De	crease (5.90%)	Disco	unt Rate (6.90%)	1% Ir	ncrease (7.90%)
City's proportionate share of the net						
pension liability (asset)	\$	7,152,276	\$	3,642,132	\$	705,416

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Oregon PERS financial report.

Changes in Plan Provisions During the Measurement Period

A legislative change that occurred after the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation date affected the plan provisions reflected for June 2021 financial reporting liability calculations. Senate Bill 111, enacted in June 2021, provides an increased pre-retirement death benefit for members who die on or after their early retirement age.

For GASB 67 and GASB 68, the benefits valued in the Total Pension Liability are required to be in accordance with the benefit terms legally in effect as of the relevant fiscal year-end for the plan. As a result, Senate Bill 111 was reflected in the June 30, 2021 Total Pension Liability. The increase in the Total Pension Liability resulting from Senate Bill 111, measured as of June 30, 2021, is shown in Exhibit A as the "Effect of plan changes" during the measurement period. While Senate Bill 111 also made changes to certain aspects of the System's funding and administration, the change in the death benefit provision is the only change that affects the measured Total Pension Liability. As a result, the death benefit provision is the only difference between June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021 in the plan provisions basis used to determine the Total Pension Liability as of those two respective Measurement Dates.

Changes in Plan Provisions Subsequent to Measurement Date

There were no changes subsequent to the June 30, 2021 measurement period that require disclosure.

IV. Other Information

A. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; natural disasters for which the government carried commercial insurance. In 1981, the League of Oregon Cities joined together with the Association of Oregon Cities to form City

County Insurance Services (CIS), a public entity risk pool currently operating a common risk management and insurance program. The City pays an annual premium to CIS for insurance coverage. Based on the experience of the City and CIS, the City may be liable for an additional premium of up to 20% of its initial premium or it may receive a refund. The City has not had to pay an additional premium. Predetermined limits and deductible amounts are stated in the policy. Settled claims have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

B. Commitments and Contingencies

Under terms of federal and state grants, periodic audits are required, and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under terms of the grant. Such audits could lease to reimbursement to the grantor agencies. The City believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

C. Contingency Liabilities

The City is contingency liable with respect to lawsuits and other claims incidental to the ordinary course of its operations and capital projects. Management intends to contest these matters and does not believe their ultimate resolution will have a material effect upon the City's financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

D. Accounting Pronouncements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. GASB Statement 87 establishes new standards for accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. The requirements of this statement are effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. The City implemented Statement 87 for the year ending June 30, 2022.

E. Prior Period Adjustments

The City discovered three errors made in prior periods. Within the City's General Fund, deferred revenue was overstated in the amount \$32,983. Adjustment related to the correction of error was a decrease in deferred revenue and an increase in the General Fund's fund balance. Additionally, within the City's General Fund, franchise fee revenue was understated by \$29,627 in the prior year. Beginning fund balance was increased to correct the error. The third adjustment was for the City's Street Fund as inventory was understated in the amount of \$24,750. The adjustment to correct the error was an increase in inventory assets and an increase in fund balance.

F. Subsequent Events

In December of 2022, the City negotiated a sale of property on which an outstanding local improvement district (LID) assessment was owed to the City. The City used the \$400,000 proceeds from the sale to partially recover the outstanding debt owned to the City. Following the sale, the City wrote off approximately \$139,114 in interest on the LID.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements.

- Budgetary Comparison Schedules
 - General Fund
 - Street Fund
 - Florence Urban Renewal Agency General Fund
 - ARPA Fund
- > Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
- Schedule of Contributions Pension
- Schedule of the Proportionate Share of OPEB RHIA
- Schedule of Contributions to OPEB RHIA
- Schedule of Changes in OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Implicit Rate Subsidy
- Schedule of Contributions to OPEB Impicit Rate Subsidy

	Bud	lget	Actual			Variance with
	Original	Final	FY 2021-22	FY 2022-23	Biennium	Final Budget
REVENUES:						
Taxes	\$ 5,881,500	\$ 6,509,200	\$ 2,921,984	\$ -	\$ 2,921,984	\$(3,587,216)
Franchise fees	2,146,300	2,146,300	1,031,775	· -	1,031,775	(1,114,525)
Licenses and permits	376,000	376,000	451,723	-	451,723	75,723
Intergovernmental	1,711,600	2,339,300	857,054	-	857,054	(1,482,246)
Charges for services	4,093,400	4,093,400	1,772,917	_	1,772,917	(2,320,483)
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	151,288	_	151,288	151,288
Miscellaneous	499,800	499,800	62,429		62,429	(437,371)
Total revenues	14,708,600	15,964,000	7,249,170		7,249,170	(8,714,830)
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Administration	2,550,900	2,550,900	881,982	_	881,982	1,668,918
Administrative services	2,691,600	2,691,600	1,165,080	_	1,165,080	1,526,520
Community development	2,003,400	2,003,400	910,720	_	910,720	1,092,680
Public safety	5,240,600	5,240,600	2,366,544	_	2,366,544	2,874,056
Municipal court	673,800	673,800	276,327	_	276,327	397,473
Parks	696,500	696,500	304,542	_	304,542	391,958
Non-departmental	246,800	874,500	129,540	_	129,540	744,960
Capital outlay	968,000	968,000	121,646	_	121,646	846,354
Contingency	2,002,700	2,002,700				2,002,700
Total expenditures	17,074,300	17,702,000	6,156,381		6,156,381	11,545,619
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(2,365,700)	(1,738,000)	1,092,789		1,092,789	2,830,789
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Issuance of debt	705,000	705,000	-	-	-	(705,000)
Transfers out	(1,215,100)	(1,215,100)	(606,377)		(606,377)	608,723
Total other financing sources (uses)	(510,100)	(510,100)	(606,377)		(606,377)	(96,277)
Net change in fund balance	(2,875,800)	(2,248,100)	486,412	-	486,412	2,734,512
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING - BUDGETARY BASIS	2,875,800	2,875,800	2,548,114	-	2,548,114	(327,686)
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT			62,610			
FUND BALANCE, ENDING BUDGETARY BASIS	\$ -	\$ 627,700	\$ 3,097,136	\$ -	\$ 3,034,526	\$ 2,406,826

	Buc	lget		Variance with		
	Original	Final	FY 2021-22	FY 2022-23	Biennium	Final Budget
REVENUES:						
Franchise fees	\$ 188,000	\$ 188,000	\$ 123,440	\$ -	\$ 123,440	\$ (64,560)
Intergovernmental	5,134,500	5,280,100	1,689,824	-	1,689,824	(3,590,276)
Charges for services	976,100	976,100	478,409	-	478,409	(497,691)
Miscellaneous	4,800	4,800	64,491		64,491	59,691
Total revenues	6,303,400	6,449,000	2,356,164		2,356,164	(4,092,836)
EXPENDITURES:						
Personnel service	139,400	139,400	21,500	_	21,500	117,900
Materials and service	1,390,300	1,535,900	501,227	-	501,227	1,034,673
Capital outlay	6,062,700	5,911,700	1,301,183	-	1,301,183	4,610,517
Contingency	746,300	746,300				746,300
Total expenditures	8,338,700	8,333,300	1,823,910		1,823,910	6,509,390
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(2,035,300)	(1,884,300)	532,254		532,254	2,416,554
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Issuance of debt	2,500,000	2,500,000	-	-	-	(2,500,000)
Transfers in	180,000	180,000	90,000	-	90,000	(90,000)
Transfers out	(773,900)	(924,900)	(409,508)		(409,508)	515,392
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,906,100	1,755,100	(319,508)		(319,508)	(2,074,608)
Net change in fund balance	(129,200)	(129,200)	212,746	-	212,746	341,946
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING-BUDGETARY BASIS	129,200	129,200	(80,598)		(80,598)	(209,798)
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT			24,750			
FUND BALANCE, ENDING -BUDGETARY BASIS	\$ -	\$ -	156,898	\$ -	\$ 132,148	\$ 132,148
The Street Fund is budgeted as an individual fund b	out is combined					
with the Street System Development Fund for GAAI	P reporting.		172,513			
FUND BALANCE, ENDING			\$ 329,411			

	Budget			Variance with		
	Original	Final	FY 2021-22	FY 2022-23	Biennium	Final Budget
REVENUES:						
Taxes	\$ 1,200,000	\$ 1,200,000	\$ 616,775	\$ -	\$ 616,775	\$ (583,225)
Intergovernmental	400,000	400,000	234,987	=	234,987	(165,013)
Miscellaneous	8,000	8,000	3,392		3,392	(4,608)
Total revenues	1,608,000	1,608,000	855,154		855,154	(752,846)
EXPENDITURES:						
Materials and service	708,100	708,100	245,300	=	245,300	462,800
Capital outlay	515,000	515,000	157,174	=	157,174	357,826
Debt service:	•	,	,		•	,
Principal	563,200	563,200	277,163	_	277,163	286,037
Interest	374,000	374,000	191,291	_	191,291	182,709
Contingency	859,100	859,100				859,100
Total expenditures	3,019,400	3,019,400	870,928		870,928	2,148,472
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,411,400)	(1,411,400)	(15,774)		(15,774)	1,395,626
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in	81,000	81,000				(81,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	81,000	81,000				(81,000)
Net change in fund balance	(1,330,400)	(1,330,400)	(15,774)	-	(15,774)	1,314,626
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING-BUDGETARY BASIS	1,330,400	1,330,400	692,018		692,018	(638,382)
FUND BALANCE, ENDING -BUDGETARY BASIS	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ 676,244	\$ -	\$ 676,244	\$ 676,244

	Budget			Variance with		
	Original	Final	FY 2021-22	FY 2022-23	Biennium	Final Budget
REVENUES:						
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,800,000	\$ 2,031,500	\$ 549,800	\$ -	\$ 549,800	\$ (1,481,700)
Miscellaneous	2,500	2,500	3,486		3,486	986
Total revenues	1,802,500	2,034,000	553,286		553,286	(1,480,714)
EXPENDITURES:						
Materials and service	621,200	1,478,400	549,800	-	549,800	928,600
Capital outlay	100,000	555,600				555,600
Total expenditures	1,802,500	2,034,000	549,800		549,800	1,484,200
Net change in fund balance			3,486		3,486	3,486
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING -						
BUDGETARY BASIS	-					
FUND BALANCE, ENDING -						
BUDGETARY BASIS	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,486	\$ -	\$ 3,486	\$ 3,486

CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY For the Last Ten Fiscal Years¹

Measurement Date June 30,	(a) City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	of th	(b) City's ortionate share ne net pension bility (asset)	(c) City's covered payroll	(b/c) City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2021	0.03043612%	\$	3,642,132	\$ 3,739,002	97.41%	87.60%
2020	0.02742937%		5,986,032	3,695,621	161.98%	75.80%
2019	0.02788294%		4,823,081	3,762,260	128.20%	80.20%
2018	0.02703036%		4,094,744	3,669,227	111.60%	82.10%
2017	0.02733098%		3,684,226	3,257,585	113.10%	83.10%
2016	0.02535152%		3,805,852	3,354,642	113.45%	80.53%
2015	0.02730409%		1,567,653	3,238,206	48.41%	91.90%
2014	0.02378761%		(539,197)	3,154,516	-17.09%	103.60%
2013	0.02378761%		1,213,917	3,015,337	40.26%	91.97%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarial determined at December 31 and rolled forward to the measurement date.

NOTES TO SCHEDULE

Changes in Benefit Terms:

The 2013 Oregon Legislature made a series of changes to PERS that lowered projected future benefit payments from the System. These changes included reductions to future Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA) made through Senate Bills 822 and 861. Senate Bill 822 also required the contribution rates scheduled to be in effect from July 2013 to June 2015 to be reduced. The Oregon Supreme Court decision in Moro v. State of Oregon, issued on April 30, 2015, reversed a significant portion of the reductions the 2013 Oregon Legislature made to future System Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA) through Senate Bills 822 and 861. This reversal increased the total pension liability as of June 30, 2015 compared to June 30, 2014 total pension liability.

A legislative change that occurred after the December 31, 2017 valuation date affected the plan provisions reflected for financial reporting purposes. Senate Bill 1049, signed into law in June 2019, introduced a limit on the amount of annual salary included for the calculation of benefits. Beginning in 2020, annual salary in excess of \$195,000 (as indexed in future years) will be excluded when determining member benefits. As a result, future Tier 1/Tier 2 and OPSRP benefits for certain active members are now projected to be lower than prior to the legislation. Senate Bill 1049 was reflected in the June 30, 2019 Total Pension Liability as a reduction in liability.

A legislative change that occurred after the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation date affected the plan provisions reflected for June 2021 financial reporting liability calculations. Senate Bill 111, enacted in June 2021, provides an increased pre-retirement death benefit for members who die on or after their early retirement age. For GASB 67 and GASB 68, the benefits valued in the Total Pension Liability are required to be in accordance with the benefit terms legally in effect as of the relevant fiscal year-end for the plan. As a result, Senate Bill 111 was reflected in the June 30, 2021 Total Pension Liability. The increase in the Total Pension Liability resulting from Senate Bill 111, measured as of June 30, 2021, is shown in Exhibit A as the "Effect of plan changes" during the measurement period. While Senate Bill 111 also made changes to certain aspects of the System's funding and administration, the change in the death benefit provision is the only change that affects the measured Total Pension Liability. As a result, the death benefit provision is the only difference between June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021 in the plan provisions basis used to determine the Total Pension Liability as of those two respective Measurement Dates.

Changes of Assumptions:

The PERS Board adopted assumption changes that were used to measure the June 30, 2016 total pension liability and June 30, 2018 total pension liability. For June 30, 2016, the changes included the lowering of the long-term expected rate of return to 7.50 percent and lowering of the assumed inflation to 2.50 percent. For June 30, 2018, the long-term expected rate of return was lowered to 7.20 percent. In addition, the healthy mortality assumption was changed to reflect an updated mortality improvement scale for all groups, and assumptions were updated for merit increases, unused sick leave, and vacation pay were updated.

¹This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSION

For the Last Ten Fiscal Years¹

Year Ended June 30,	re	(a) tatutorily equired ntribution	rela statut	(b) tributions in tion to the orily required intribution	Contr defic	-b) ibution iency cess)	 (c) City's covered payroll	(b/c) Contributions as a percent of covered payroll
2022	\$	614,091	\$	614,091	\$	-	\$ 4,146,700	14.81%
2021		543,812		543,812		-	3,739,002	0.00%
2020		450,246		450,246		-	3,695,621	12.18%
2019		312,862		312,862		-	3,762,260	8.32%
2018		331,774		331,774		-	3,669,227	9.04%
2017		227,630		227,630		-	3,257,585	6.99%
2016		239,728		239,728		-	3,354,642	7.15%
2015		228,397		228,397		-	3,238,206	7.05%
2014		251,436		251,436		-	3,154,516	7.97%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarial determined at December 31 and rolled forward to the measurement date.

NOTES TO SCHEDULE

Actuarial Assumptions and Methods Used to Set the Actuarially Determined Contributions

Actuarial valuation
Effective
Actuarial cost method
Amortization method
Asset valuation method
Remaining amortization periods
Actuarial assumptions:
Inflation rate
Projected salary increases
Investment rate of return

December 31, 2017	December 31, 2011						
July 2019 - June 2021	July 2019 - June 2021 July 2017 - June 2019 July 2015 - June 2017						
	Entry Age Normal						
	Level percent	age of payroll					
	Fair \	/alue					
	N/A						

2.50	percent	2.75 p	ercent
	3.50 p	ercent	
7.20 percent	7.50 percent	7.75 percent	8.00 percent

¹This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF OPEB - RHIA For the Last Ten Fiscal Years¹

Measurement Date June 30,	(a) City's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	of th	(b) City's tionate share e net OPEB ility (asset)	(c) Covered payroll	(b/c) City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the net OPEB liability (asset)
2021	0.02066542%	\$	(70,965)	\$ 3,739,002	-1.90%	183.9%
2020	0.01608306%		(32,771)	3,695,621	-0.89%	150.1%
2019	0.02969519%		(57,382)	3,762,260	-1.53%	144.4%
2018	0.03019437%		(33,705)	3,669,227	-0.92%	124.0%
2017	0.02881056%		(12,024)	3,257,585	-0.37%	108.9%

NOTES TO SCHEDULE

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarial determined at December 31 and rolled forward to the measurement date.

Changes of Assumptions:

The PERS Board adopted assumption changes that were used to measure the June 30, 2018 total OPEB liability. The changes include lowering of the long-term expected rate of return to 7.20 percent. In addition, healthy retiree participation and healthy mortality assumptions were changes to reflect an updated trends and mortality improvement scale for all groups.

¹This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO OPEB - RHIA

For the Last Ten Fiscal Years¹

Year Ended June 30,	(a) Contractually determined contribution		rela actuar	(b) Contributions in (a-b) relation to the Contribution actuarially required contribution (excess)		ibution iency	(c) Covered payroll	(b/c) Contributions as a percent of covered payroll
2022	\$	7,985	\$	7,985	\$	_	\$ 4,146,700	0.19%
2021		17,668		17,668		-	3,739,002	0.47%
2020		1,149		1,149		-	3,695,621	0.03%
2019		14,718		14,718		-	3,762,260	0.39%
2018		14,620		14,620		-	3,669,227	0.40%
2017		14,494		14,494		-	3,257,585	0.44%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarial determined at December 31 and rolled forward to the measurement date.

NOTES TO SCHEDULE

Actuarial Assumptions and Methods Used to Set the Actuarially Determined Contributions

Actuariai valuation:
Effective:
Actuarial cost method:
Amortization method:
Amortization period:
Asset valuation method:
Remaining amortization periods
Actuarial as sumptions

Inflation rate
Projected salary increases
Investment rate of return
Healthcare cost trend rates

December 31, 2019	ecember 31, 2019 December 31, 2017 December 31, 2015 December 31, 2013							
July 2021 - June 2023	ıly 2021 - June 2023 July 2019 - June 2021 July 2017 - June 2019 July 2015 - June 2017							
Entry Age Normal Projected Unit Credit								
Level percentage of payroll, closed								
		10 years						
Fair value								
10 years 20 years N/A								

2.40 percent	2.50 p	ercent	2.75 percent						
3.40 percent	3.50 p	ercent	3.75 p	ercent					
6.90 percent	7.20 percent	7.50 percent	7.75 percent 8.00 percer						
	None. Statute stipulates \$60 monthly payment for healthcare insurance								

¹This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - IMPICIT RATE SUBSIDY

For the Last Ten Fiscal Years¹

	2022	2021	2020	2019
Total OPEB Liability				
Service Interest	\$ 26,288	\$ 20,928	\$ 18,602	\$ 17,474
Interest	6,358	10,718	11,711	10,129
Differences between economic/demographic gains or				
losses	-	(10,517)	-	41,955
Changes of assumptions	990	(7,720)	7,335	(17,222)
Benefit payment	(39,458)	(35,016)	(37,666)	(30,002)
Net change in total OPEB liability	 (5,822)	(21,607)	(18)	22,334
Total OPEB liability - beginning	281,041	302,648	302,666	280,332
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$ 275,219	\$ 281,041	\$ 302,648	\$ 302,666
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,146,700	\$ 3,739,002	\$ 3,695,621	\$ 3,762,260
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	6.64%	7.52%	8.19%	8.04%

NOTES TO SCHEDULE

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarial determined at July 1 and rolled forward to the measurement date.

¹This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO OPEB - IMPLICIT RATE SUBSIDY

For the Last Ten Fiscal Years¹

Year Ended June 30,	det	(a) tuarially termined ntribution	(b) Contributions in relation to the actuarially required contribution		Contr defic	a-b) ribution ciency cess)	(c) Covered payroll	(b/c) Contributions as a percent of covered payroll
2022	\$	36,288	\$	36,288	\$	-	\$ 4,146,700	0.88%
2021		5,757		5,757		-	3,739,002	0.15%
2020		35,016		35,016		-	3,695,621	0.95%
2019		37,666		37,666		-	3,762,260	1.00%
2018		30,002		30,002		-	3,669,227	0.82%
2017		31,896		31,896		-	3,257,585	0.98%

NOTES TO SCHEDULE

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarial determined at July 1 and rolled forward to the measurement date.

Actuarial Assumptions and Methods Used to Set the Actuarially Determined Contributions

Actuarial valuation:	July 1, 2020	July 1, 2018	July 1, 2016						
	June 30, 2020 and	June 30, 2018 and	June 30, 2016 and						
Effective:	2021	2019	2017						
Actuarial cost method:		Entry Age Normal							
Amortization method:	Level percentage of payroll, closed								
Amortization period:	5.8 years	5.8 years 6.8 years 7.7 y							
Asset valuation method:		Fair value							
Remaining amortization periods:		20 years							
Actuarial assumptions:									
Inflation rate	2.50 percent	2.50 percent	2.50 percent						
Projected salary increases	3.50 percent	3.50 percent	3.50 percent						

¹This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Other supplementary information includes financial schedules not required by the GASB, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

Such statements and schedules include:

- Street System Development Fund
- Debt Service Fund
- Combining Statements Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- Budgetary Comparison Schedules
- Budgetary Comparison Schedules Enterprise Funds

COMBINING STATEMENTS

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

These funds account for revenue derived from specific taxes or other earmarked revenue sources, which are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. Funds included in this category are:

9-1-1 Emergency Fund

The 911 Emergency Fund is used to account for revenue from the 911 telephone tax and user fees from various special districts for operation of the Western Lane County Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP).

Room Tax Fund

The Room Tax Fund is used to account for the City's room tax receipts. These taxes are used to help support the Florence Events Center and to accomplish specific marketing of the City and tourism-related projects.

Debt Service Fund

This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures related to the servicing of general long-term debt:

General Obligation Debt Fund

The General Obligation Debt Fund is used to account for the City's general obligation debt service activities.

	Bu	dget		Variance with			
	Original	Final	FY 2021-22	FY 2022-23	Biennium	Final Budget	
REVENUES:							
Charges for services	\$ 80,000	\$ 80,000	\$ 72,450	\$ -	\$ 72,450	\$ (7,550)	
Miscellaneous	1,500	1,500	848		848	(652)	
Total revenues	81,500	81,500	73,298		73,298	(8,202)	
EXPENDITURES:							
Materials and service	1,000	1,000	199	-	199	801	
Contingency	13,700	13,700				13,700	
Total expenditures	14,700	14,700	199		199	14,501	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	66,800	66,800	73,099		73,099	6,299	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out	(180,000)	(180,000)	(90,000)		(90,000)	90,000	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(180,000)	(180,000)	(90,000)		(90,000)	90,000	
Net change in fund balance	(113,200)	(113,200)	(16,901)	-	(16,901)	96,299	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING-BUDGETARY BASIS	113,200	113,200	189,414		189,414	76,214	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING -BUDGETARY BASIS	\$ -	\$ -	172,513	\$ -	\$ 172,513	\$ 172,513	
The Street System Development Fund is buindividual fund but is combined with the Streege GAAP reporting.	•		(172,513)				
FUND BALANCE, ENDING			\$ -				

	Bud	dget		Variance with		
	Original	Final	FY 2021-22	FY 2022-23	Biennium	Final Budget
REVENUES:						
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,239,000	\$ 1,239,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (1,239,000)
Miscellaneous	170,000	170,000	182,601		182,601	12,601
Total revenues	1,409,000	1,409,000	182,601		182,601	(1,226,399)
EXPENDITURES:						
Materials and service	1,700	1,800	492	-	492	1,308
Debt service:						
Principal	1,934,900	1,934,900	804,945	-	804,945	1,129,955
Interest	894,100	894,000	459,664		459,664	434,336
Total expenditures	2,830,700	2,830,700	1,265,101		1,265,101	1,565,599
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,421,700)	(1,421,700)	(1,082,500)		(1,082,500)	339,200
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in	1,372,000	1,372,000	1,156,949		1,156,949	(215,051)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,372,000	1,372,000	1,156,949		1,156,949	(215,051)
Net change in fund balance	(49,700)	(49,700)	74,449	-	74,449	124,149
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING - BUDGETARY BASIS	531,000	531,000	382,548		382,548	(148,452)
FUND BALANCE, ENDING - BUDGETARY BASIS	\$ 481,300	\$ 481,300	\$ 456,997	\$ -	\$ 456,997	\$ (24,303)

	9-1-1	Special Rev Emergency Fund		unds n Tax Fund	Debt Service Fund General Obligation Debt Fund		Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
ASSETS:			-				•	
Cash and cash equivalents Receivable, net:	\$	441,938	\$	21,876	\$	17,264	\$	481,078
Accounts		_		44,261		-		44,261
Taxes				-		6,260		6,260
Total assets	\$	441,938	\$	66,137	\$	23,524	\$	531,599
LIABILITIES:								
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	89	\$	17,845	\$		\$	17,934
Total liabilities		89		17,845				17,934
DEREFFED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:								
Unavailable revenue - property taxes						5,933		5,933
Total deferred inflows of resources						5,933		5,933
FUND BALANCE:								
Restricted for:		441,849						441,849
Public safety Tourism		441,049		- 48,292		-		48,292
Debt service				-		17,591		17,591
Total fund balance		441,849		48,292		17,591		507,732
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund								
balance	\$	441,938	\$	66,137	\$	23,524	\$	531,599

CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Special Re	venue Funds	Debt Service Fund	
	9-1-1 Emergency Fund	Room Tax Fund	General Obligation Debt Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES:	- T dild	100m rax rand	1 una	1 dilas
Taxes	\$ -	\$ 562,800	\$ 115,452	\$ 678,252
Intergovernmental	185,759	-	-	185,759
Charges for services	150,797	-	-	150,797
Miscellaneous	2,540			2,540
Total revenues	339,096	562,800	115,452	1,017,348
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
Administration	-	226,535	-	226,535
Public safety	803,200	-	-	803,200
Capital outlay	126,414	-	-	126,414
Debt service:				
Principal	-	-	164,094	164,094
Interest			3,462	3,462
Total expenditures	929,614	226,535	167,556	1,323,705
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(590,518)	336,265	(52,104)	(306,357)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers in	547,000	-	-	547,000
Transfers out		(307,635)		(307,635)
Total other financing sources (uses)	547,000	(307,635)		239,365
Net change in fund balance	(43,518)	28,630	(52,104)	(66,992)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	485,367	19,662	69,695	574,724
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ 441,849	\$ 48,292	\$ 17,591	\$ 507,732

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

Pursuant to the provisions of Oregon Revised Statute, an individual schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance - budget and actual be displayed for each fund where legally adopted budgets are required.

Governmental Budgetary Comparison schedules not included in required supplemental information include the following:

- Special Revenue Funds
 - 9-1-1 Emergency Fund
 - Room Tax Fund
- Debt Service Funds
 - General Obligation Debt Fund

	Budget						Variance with					
	Original		Final		FY 2021-22		FY 2022-23		Biennium		Final Budget	
REVENUES:												
Intergovernmental	\$	349,200	\$	349,200	\$	185,759	\$	-	\$	185,759	\$	(163,441)
Charges for services		443,400		443,400		150,797		-		150,797		(292,603)
Miscellaneous		2,000		2,000		2,540				2,540		540
Total revenues		794,600		794,600		339,096				339,096		(455,504)
EXPENDITURES:												
Personnel service	1	,328,200		1,328,200		614,042		-		614,042		714,158
Materials and service		441,800		441,800		189,158		-		189,158		252,642
Capital outlay		260,000		260,000		126,414		-		126,414		133,586
Contingency		289,500		289,500		-				-		289,500
Total expenditures	2	,319,500		2,319,500		929,614				929,614		1,389,886
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1	,524,900)	((1,524,900)		(590,518)				(590,518)		934,382
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in	1	,094,000		1,094,000		547,000				547,000		(547,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1	,094,000		1,094,000		547,000				547,000		(547,000)
Net change in fund balance		(430,900)		(430,900)		(43,518)		-		(43,518)		387,382
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING - BUDGETARY BASIS		460,900		460,900		485,367				485,367		24,467
FUND BALANCE, ENDING - BUDGETARY BASIS	\$	30,000	\$	30,000	\$	441,849	\$		\$	441,849	\$	411,849

	Budget				Actual						Variance with	
	Original		Final		FY 2021-22		FY 2022-23	Biennium		Final Budget		
REVENUES:												
Transient lodging tax	\$	915,000	\$	915,000	\$	562,800	\$ -	\$	562,800	\$	(352,200)	
Intergovernmental		68,800		68,800					-		(68,800)	
Total revenues	·	983,800		983,800		562,800			562,800		(421,000)	
EXPENDITURES:												
Materials and service		363,000		363,000		226,535	-		226,535		136,465	
Contingency		76,300		76,300		<u>-</u>			<u>-</u>		76,300	
Total expenditures		439,300		439,300		226,535			226,535		212,765	
Revenues over (under) expenditures		544,500		544,500		336,265			336,265		(208,235)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):												
Transfers out		(544,600)		(544,600)		(307,635)			(307,635)		236,965	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(544,600)		(544,600)		(307,635)			(307,635)		236,965	
Net change in fund balance		(100)		(100)		28,630	-		28,630		28,730	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING - BUDGETARY BASIS		100		100		19,662			19,662		19,562	
DODGETANT DAGIG	_	100		100		13,002			13,002		19,002	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING - BUDGETARY BASIS	¢		\$		\$	48,292	¢	¢	49 202	Ф	48,292	
DUDGETAKT DASIS	\$		Φ		Φ	40,292	<u>\$</u> -	\$	48,292	\$	40,292	

	Budget						Variance with					
	Original		Final		FY	′ 2021-22	FY 2022-23		Biennium		Final Budget	
REVENUES:												
Taxes	\$	110,900	\$	110,900	\$	115,452	\$		\$	115,452	\$	4,552
Total revenues		110,900		110,900		115,452				115,452		4,552
EXPENDITURES:												
Debt service:												
Principal		164,100		164,100		164,094		-		164,094		6
Interest	_	3,500		3,500		3,462		-		3,462		38
Total expenditures		167,600		167,600		167,556				167,556		44
Net change in fund balance		(56,700)		(56,700)		(52,104)		-		(52,104)		4,596
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING -												
BUDGETARY BASIS		69,900		69,900		69,695				69,695		(205)
FUND BALANCE, ENDING - BUDGETARY BASIS	\$	13,200	\$	13,200	\$	17,591	\$		\$	17,591	\$	4,391
DODOLIANI DAGIG	Ψ_	13,200	Ψ	13,200	Ψ	17,001	Ψ		Ψ	17,001	Ψ	4,531

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

Enterprise Funds

Pursuant to the provisions of Oregon Revised Statute, an individual schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance - budget and actual be displayed for each fund where legally adopted budgets are required.

Enterprise Budgetary Comparison schedules include the following:

- Water Funds
 - Water Fund
 - Water System Development Fund
- Wastewater Funds
 - Wastewater Fund
 - Wastewater Systems Development Fund
- Airport Fund
 - Airport Fund
- Stormwater Funds
 - Stormwater Fund
 - Stormwater Systems Development Fund
- Events Center
 - Events Center Fund

CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON WATER FUNDS COMBINED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	W	ater Fund	ter System velopment Fund	Т	otal Water Funds
REVENUES:					
Intergovernmental	\$	115,578	\$ -	\$	115,578
Charges for services		2,259,438	226,232		2,485,670
Miscellaneous		18,442	 1,780		20,222
Total revenues	,	2,393,458	228,012		2,621,470
EXPENDITURES:					
Personal services		391,078	-		391,078
Materials and services		1,341,421	199		1,341,620
Capital outlay		849,996	-		849,996
Debt service:					
Principal		93,649	-		93,649
Interest		51,907			51,907
Total expenditures		2,728,051	199		2,728,250
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(334,593)	 227,813		(106,780)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in		300,000	_		300,000
Transfers out		-	(300,000)		(300,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		300,000	(300,000)		-
Net change in fund balance		(34,593)	(72,187)		(106,780)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING - BUDGETARY BASIS		48,218	420,620		468,838
FUND BALANCE, ENDING - BUDGETARY BASIS	\$	13,625	\$ 348,433		362,058
RECONCILIATION TO NET POSITION - GAAP BASIS Inventory Capital assets, net Lease assets, net					33,400 10,347,226 2,149
Net OPEB asset					3,823
Deferred outflows related to pensions Deferred outflows related to OPEB					126,001 4,017
Unavailable revenue					27,784
Accrued interest					(4,075)
Compensated absences payable					(19,774)
Lease payable					(2,176)
Long-term debt					(1,508,135)
Net pension liability					(196,185)
Net OPEB liability					(14,825)
Deferred inflows related to pensions					(164,678)
Deferred inflows related to OPEB					(2,935)
NET POSITION				\$	8,993,675

	Bienniur	n Budget		Actual	Variance with	
	Original	Final	FY 2021-22	FY 2022-23	Biennium	Final Budget
REVENUES:						
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,921,800	\$ 2,152,000	\$ 115,578	\$ -	\$ 115,578	\$ (2,036,422)
Charges for services	4,705,400	4,705,400	2,259,438	-	2,259,438	(2,445,962)
Miscellaneous	22,000	22,000	18,442		18,442	(3,558)
Total revenues	6,649,200	6,879,400	2,393,458		2,393,458	(4,485,942)
EXPENDITURES:						
Personal services	824,800	824,800	391,078	-	391,078	433,722
Materials and services	3,074,000	3,304,200	1,341,421	-	1,341,421	1,962,779
Capital outlay	3,535,000	3,535,000	849,996	-	849,996	2,685,004
Debt service:						
Principal	376,300	376,300	93,649	-	93,649	282,651
Interest	101,000	101,000	51,907	-	51,907	49,093
Contingency	1,192,100	1,192,100				1,192,100
Total expenditures	9,103,200	9,333,400	2,728,051		2,728,051	6,605,349
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(2,454,000)	(2,454,000)	(334,593)		(334,593)	2,119,407
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Issuance of debt	1,680,000	1,680,000	_	_	_	(1,680,000)
Transfers in	500,000	500,000	300,000		300,000	(200,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,180,000	2,180,000	300,000		300,000	(1,880,000)
Net change in fund balance	(274,000)	(274,000)	(34,593)	-	(34,593)	239,407
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING -						
BUDGETARY BASIS	274,000	274,000	48,218		48,218	(225,782)
FUND BALANCE, ENDING -						
BUDGETARY BASIS	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,625	\$ -	\$ 13,625	\$ 13,625

	Biennium Budget			Actual						Variance with		
		Original		Final	F١	/ 2021-22	FY 2022	-23	В	Biennium	Fin	al Budget
REVENUES:		_		_						_		
Charges for services	\$	240,000	\$	240,000	\$	226,232	\$	-	\$	226,232	\$	(13,768)
Miscellaneous		10,000		10,000		1,780				1,780		(8,220)
Total revenues		250,000		250,000		228,012				228,012		(21,988)
EXPENDITURES:												
Materials and services		-		-		199		-		199		(199)
Contingency		140,200		140,200				-				140,200
Total expenditures		140,200		140,200		199				199		140,001
Revenues over (under) expenditures		109,800		109,800		227,813				227,813		118,013
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):												
Transfers out		(500,000)		(500,000)		(300,000)				(300,000)		200,000
Total other financing sources (uses)		(500,000)		(500,000)		(300,000)				(300,000)		200,000
Net change in fund balance		(390,200)		(390,200)		(72,187)		-		(72,187)		318,013
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING - BUDGETARY BASIS		390,200		390,200		420,620				420,620		30,420
FUND BALANCE, ENDING - BUDGETARY BASIS	\$		\$		\$	348,433	\$		\$	348,433	\$	348,433

CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON WASTEWATER FUNDS COMBINED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	W	astewater Fund	(astewater Systems velopment Fund	Was	Total stewater Funds
REVENUES:						
Intergovernmental	\$	281	\$	-	\$	281
Charges for services		3,449,746		292,860	3	3,742,606
Miscellaneous		71,896		1,635		73,531
		•		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total revenues		3,521,923		294,495	3	3,816,418
EXPENDITURES:						
Personnel service		482,611		-		482,611
Materials and service		1,840,158		715	1	,840,873
Capital outlay		207,229		-		207,229
Debt service:		,				•
Principal		283,879		_		283,879
Interest		36,373		_		36,373
		33,0.0				
Total expenditures		2,850,250		715	2	2,850,965
Net change in fund balance		671,673		293,780		965,453
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING -		311,316		228,429		539,745
FUND BALANCE, ENDING -	\$	982,989	\$	522,209	1	,505,198
RECONCILIATION TO NET POSITION - GAAP BASIS Inventory Capital assets, net Lease assets, net Net OPEB asset Deferred outflows related to pensions Deferred outflows related to OPEB Unavailable revenue Accrued interest Compensated absences payable Lease payable Long-term debt Net pension liability Net OPEB liability Deferred inflows related to OPEB					(3	15,721 4,666,804 6,297 5,231 172,427 5,497 20,213 (11,583) (28,826) (6,378) 8,271,686) (268,470) (20,287) (20,287) (225,355) (4,016)
NET POSITION					\$ 12	2,560,787

	Bienniun	n Budget		Actual		Variance with
	Original	Final	FY 2021-22	FY 2022-23	Biennium	Final Budget
REVENUES:						
Intergovernmental	\$ 3,070,900	\$ 3,070,900	\$ 281	\$ -	\$ 281	\$(3,070,619)
Charges for services	6,750,400	6,750,400	3,449,746	-	3,449,746	(3,300,654)
Miscellaneous	11,100	11,100	71,896		71,896	60,796
Total revenues	9,832,400	9,832,400	3,521,923		3,521,923	(6,310,477)
EXPENDITURES:						
Personnel service	969,100	979,100	482,611	_	482,611	496,489
Materials and service	3,811,400	3,811,400	1,840,158	_	1,840,158	1,971,242
Capital outlay	5,660,000	5,650,000	207,229	_	207,229	5,442,771
Debt service:	0,000,000	3,333,333	_0:,0		_0:,0	o, <u>_</u> ,
Principal	792,600	792,600	283,879	-	283,879	508,721
Interest	81,500	81,500	36,373	-	36,373	45,127
Contingency	1,527,400	1,527,400	· -	-	-	1,527,400
Total expenditures	12,842,000	12,842,000	2,850,250		2,850,250	9,991,750
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(3,009,600)	(3,009,600)	671,673		671,673	3,681,273
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Issuance of debt	2,610,000	2,610,000	-	-	-	(2,610,000)
Transfers in	200,000	200,000				(200,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,810,000	2,810,000				(2,810,000)
Net change in fund balance	(199,600)	(199,600)	671,673	-	671,673	871,273
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING - BUDGETARY BASIS	199,600	199,600	311,316		311,316	111,716
FUND BALANCE, ENDING - BUDGETARY BASIS	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 982,989	\$ -	\$ 982,989	\$ 982,989

	Biennium Budget			Actual							Variance with		
	Origii	nal		Final	F١	/ 2021-22	FY 20)22-23	В	Biennium	Fin	al Budget	
REVENUES:											'		
Charges for services	\$ 360	,000	\$	360,000	\$	292,860	\$	-	\$	292,860	\$	(67,140)	
Miscellaneous	4	,000		4,000		1,635				1,635		(2,365)	
Total revenues	364	,000		364,000		294,495				294,495		(69,505)	
EXPENDITURES:													
Materials and service	2	2,200		2,200		715		-		715		1,485	
Contingency	359	,300		359,300								359,300	
Total expenditures	361	,500		361,500		715				715		360,785	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	2	2,500		2,500		293,780				293,780		291,280	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):													
Transfers out	(200	,000)	-	(200,000)								200,000	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(200	,000)		(200,000)								200,000	
Net change in fund balance	(197	',500)		(197,500)		293,780		-		293,780		491,280	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING - BUDGETARY BASIS	197	,500 <u> </u>		197,500		228,429				228,429		30,929	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING - BUDGETARY BASIS	\$		\$		\$	522,209	\$		\$	522,209	\$	522,209	

	Bienniun	n Budget		Variance with		
	Original	Final	FY 2021-22	FY 2022-23	Biennium	Final Budget
REVENUES:					_	
Intergovernmental	\$ 613,500	\$ 709,500	\$ 613,731	\$ -	\$ 613,731	\$ (95,769)
Charges for services	120,000	120,000	73,322	-	73,322	(46,678)
Miscellaneous	395,600	395,600	64,576		64,576	(331,024)
Total revenues	1,129,100	1,225,100	751,629		751,629	(473,471)
EXPENDITURES:						
Materials and service	369,600	465,600	187,120	-	187,120	278,480
Capital outlay	600,000	600,000	398,441	-	398,441	201,559
Contingency	175,000	175,000				175,000
Total expenditures	1,144,600	1,240,600	585,561		585,561	655,039
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(15,500)	(15,500)	166,068		166,068	181,568
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Proceeds from sale of capital assets			224,114		224,114	224,114
Total other financing sources (uses)			224,114		224,114	224,114
Net change in fund balance	(15,500)	(15,500)	390,182	-	390,182	405,682
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING -						
BUDGETARY BASIS	15,500	15,500	(86,696)		(86,696)	(102,196)
FUND BALANCE, ENDING -						
BUDGETARY BASIS	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	303,486	\$ -	\$ 303,486	\$ 303,486
RECONCILIATION TO NET POSITION - Inventory	GAAP BASIS		23,366			
Capital assets, net			3,803,836			
·						
NET POSITION			\$ 4,130,688			

	Storm	nwater Fund	Sy	rmwater estems oment Fund	Tota	l Stormwater Funds
REVENUES:				_		_
Intergovernmental	\$	18	\$	-	\$	18
Charges for services		581,684		81,712		663,396
Miscellaneous		2,822		1,068		3,890
Total revenues		584,524		82,780		667,304
EXPENDITURES:						
Personnel service		216,006		-		216,006
Materials and service		299,254		655		299,909
Capital outlay		139,549		-		139,549
Debt service:						
Principal		16,250		-		16,250
Interest		7,401				7,401
Total expenditures		678,460		655		679,115
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(93,936)		82,125		(11,811)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in		100,000		_		100,000
Transfers out		-		(100,000)		(100,000)
			-	(100,000)		(100,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		100,000		(100,000)		-
Net changes in fund balances		6,064		(17,875)		(11,811)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING BUDGETARY BASIS		597,364		211,881		809,245
FUND BALANCE, ENDING BUDGETARY BASIS	\$	603,428	\$	194,006		797,434
RECONCILIATION TO NET POSITION - GAAP BASIS Capital assets, net Net OPEB asset Deferred outflows related to pensions Deferred outflows related to OPEB Unavailable revenue Accrued interest Compensated absences payable Long-term debt Net pension liability Net OPEB liability Deferred inflows related to pensions Deferred inflows related to OPEB					\$	2,365,298 2,060 67,915 2,165 5,974 (560) (7,534) (190,076) (105,744) (7,991) (88,762) (1,582)
NET POSITION					\$	2,838,597

	Diamaium	n Dudwat		Variance		
	Biennium Original	Final	FY 2021-22	Actual FY 2022-23	Biennium	Positive (Negative)
REVENUES:	Original	ГПа	F1 2021-22	F1 2022-23	Dieminum	(Negative)
Intergovernmental	\$ 960,000	\$ 960,000	\$ 18	\$ -	\$ 18	\$ (959,982)
Charges for services	1,177,900	1,177,900	581,684	Ψ -	581,684	(596,216)
Miscellaneous	1,177,900	1,177,900	2,822	_	2,822	1,822
Miscellarieous	1,000	1,000	2,022		2,022	1,022
Total revenues	2,138,900	2,138,900	584,524		584,524	(1,554,376)
EXPENDITURES:						
Personnel service	472,400	472,400	216,006	-	216,006	256,394
Materials and service	583,700	593,700	299,254	-	299,254	294,446
Capital outlay	1,910,000	1,900,000	139,549	-	139,549	1,760,451
Debt service:						
Principal	126,100	126,100	16,250	-	16,250	109,850
Interest	14,200	14,200	7,401	-	7,401	6,799
Contingency	594,900	594,900				594,900
Total expenditures	3,701,300	3,701,300	678,460		678,460	3,022,840
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,562,400)	(1,562,400)	(93,936)	-	(93,936)	1,468,464
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Issuance of debt	840,000	840,000	-	-	-	(840,000)
Transfers in	200,000	200,000	100,000		100,000	(100,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,040,000	1,040,000	100,000		100,000	(940,000)
Net changes in fund balances	(522,400)	(522,400)	6,064	-	6,064	528,464
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING -						
BUDGETARY BASIS	726,400	726,400	597,364		597,364	(129,036)
FUND BALANCE, ENDING -						
BUDGETARY BASIS	\$ 204,000	\$ 204,000	\$ 603,428	\$ -	\$ 603,428	\$ 399,428

	Biennium Budget				Actual							Variance Positive		
		riginal	i bu	Final	FY	′ 2021-22		2022-23	P	Biennium		Negative)		
REVENUES:		rigiriai		Tillai		ZOZ I ZZ		022 20		Jioinnani		togativo _j		
Charges for services	\$	150,000	\$	150,000	\$	81,712	\$	-	\$	81,712	\$	(68,288)		
Miscellaneous		3,000		3,000		1,068				1,068		(1,932)		
Total revenues		153,000		153,000		82,780				82,780		(70,220)		
EXPENDITURES:														
Materials and service		1,000		1,000		655		-		655		345		
Contingency		341,000		341,000				-		-		341,000		
Total expenditures		342,000		342,000		655				655		341,345		
Revenues over (under) expenditures	((189,000)		(189,000)		82,125		-		82,125		271,125		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):														
Transfers out		(200,000)		(200,000)		(100,000)				(100,000)		100,000		
Total other financing sources (uses)	((200,000)		(200,000)		(100,000)				(100,000)		100,000		
Net changes in fund balances	((389,000)		(389,000)		(17,875)		-		(17,875)		371,125		
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING - BUDGETARY BASIS		389,000		389,000		211,881				211,881		(177,119)		
FUND BALANCE, ENDING - BUDGETARY BASIS	\$		\$		\$	194,006	\$		\$	194,006	\$	194,006		

	Rienniun	n Budget		Actual					
	Original	Final	FY 2021-22	FY 2022-23	Biennium	Positive (Negative)			
REVENUES:	<u> </u>		202 . 22	1 1 2022 20	<u> </u>	(i togalivo)			
Intergovernmental	\$ 467,700	\$ 467,700	\$ 137,734	\$ -	\$ 137,734	\$ (329,966)			
Charges for services	572,200	572,200	140,445	-	140,445	(431,755)			
Miscellaneous	73,000	73,000	99,355		99,355	26,355			
Total revenues	1,112,900	1,112,900	377,534		377,534	(735,366)			
EXPENDITURES:									
Personnel service	532,000	532,000	142,672	-	142,672	389,328			
Materials and service	1,249,500	1,249,500	472,874	-	472,874	776,626			
Capital outlay	1,162,000	1,162,000	20,600	-	20,600	1,141,400			
Debt service:									
Principal	95,000	95,000	-	-	-	95,000			
Contingency	217,600	217,600				217,600			
Total expenditures	3,256,100	3,256,100	636,146		636,146	2,619,954			
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(2,143,200)	(2,143,200)	(258,612)	-	(258,612)	1,884,588			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
Issuance of debt	1,200,000	1,200,000	-	-	-	(1,200,000)			
Transfers in	544,600	544,600	307,635		307,635	(236,965)			
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,744,600	1,744,600	307,635		307,635	(1,436,965)			
Net changes in fund balances	(398,600)	(398,600)	49,023	-	49,023	447,623			
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	398,600	398,600	446,120		446,120	47,520			
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ -	\$ -	495,143	\$ -	\$ 495,143	\$ 495,143			
RECONCILIATION TO NET POSITION - GA	AAD DACIC								
Capital assets, net	AAF DASIS		1,660,908						
Net OPEB asset			1,469						
Deferred outflows related to pensions			48,437						
Deferred outflows related to OPEB			1,544						
Compensated absences payable			(5,381)						
Net pension liability			(75,417)						
Net OPEB liability			(5,699)						
Deferred inflows related to pensions			(63,305)						
Deferred inflows related to OPEB			(1,128)						
NET POSITION			\$ 2,056,571						

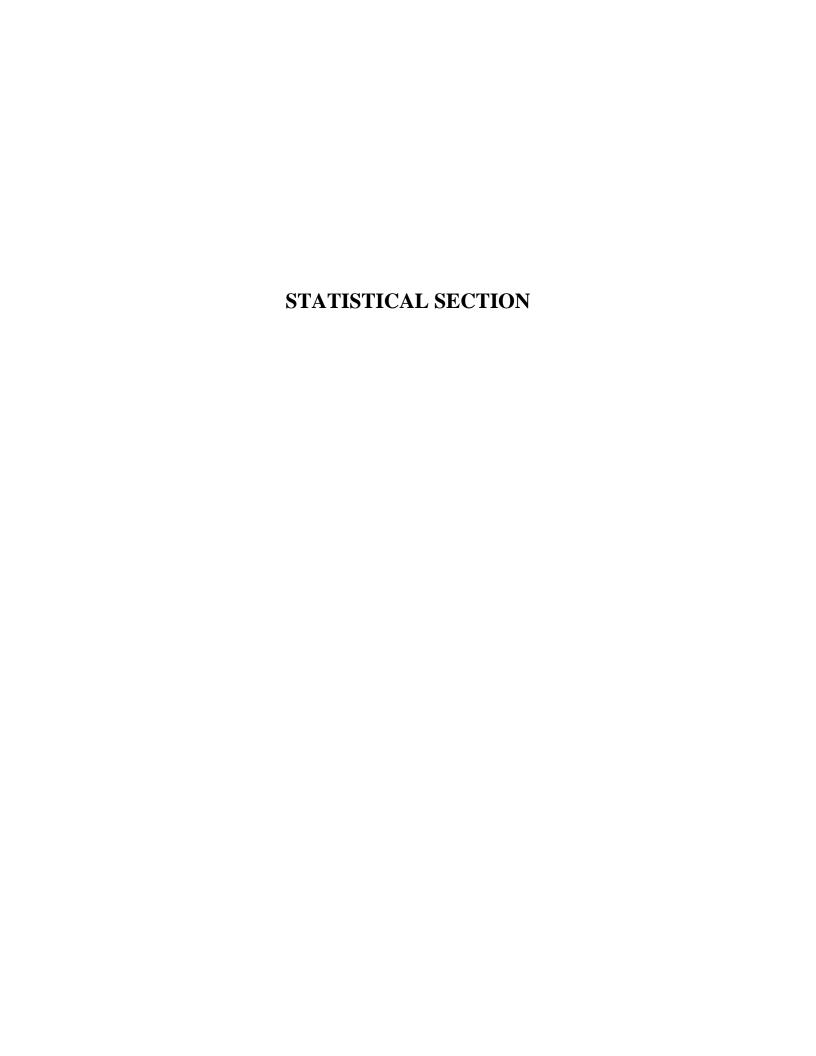
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

Internal Service Funds

Pursuant to the provisions of Oregon Revised Statute, an individual schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - budget and actual be displayed for each fund where legally adopted budgets are required.

Public Works Admin Fund

	Bienniur	n Budget		Actual		Variance with		
	Original	Final	FY 2021-22	FY 2022-23	Biennium	Final Budget		
REVENUES:								
Intergovernmental	\$ 265,400	\$ 265,400	\$ 7,378	\$ -	\$ 7,378	\$ (258,022)		
Charges for services	2,968,500	2,968,500	1,343,301	-	1,343,301	(1,625,199)		
Miscellaneous			941		941	941		
Total revenues	3,233,900	3,233,900	1,351,620		1,351,620	(1,882,280)		
EXPENDITURES:								
Personal services	1,784,500	1,784,500	745,474	-	745,474	1,039,026		
Material services	766,800	766,800	334,259	-	334,259	432,541		
Capital outlay	770,000	770,000	103,361	-	103,361	666,639		
Contingency	65,500	65,500				65,500		
Total expenditures	3,386,800	3,386,800	1,183,094		1,183,094	2,203,706		
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(152,900)	(152,900)	168,526		168,526	321,426		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Issuance of debt	520,000	520,000	_	-	_	(520,000)		
Transfers out	(477,000)	(477,000)	(219,610)	-	(219,610)	257,390		
Total other financing sources (uses)	43,000	43,000	(219,610)		(219,610)	(262,610)		
Net change in fund balance	(109,900)	(109,900)	(51,084)	-	(51,084)	58,816		
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING BUDGETARY BASIS	109,900	109,900	102,954		102,954	(6,946)		
BASIS	109,900	109,900	102,954		102,954	(0,940)		
FUND BALANCE, ENDING BUDGETARY BASIS	\$ -	\$ -	51,870	\$ -	\$ 51,870	\$ 51,870		
RECONCILIATION TO NET POSITION - G	AAP BASIS							
Capital assets, net			3,966,652					
Net OPEB asset			7,674					
Deferred outflows related to pensions			252,945					
Deferred outflows related to OPEB			8,065					
Accrued interest			(6,260)					
Compensated absences payable			(63,358)					
Long-term debt			(2,573,367)					
Net pension liability			(393,839)					
Net OPEB liability			(29,761)					
Deferred inflows related to pensions			(330,589)					
Deferred inflows related to OPEB			(5,891)					
NET POSITION			\$ 884,141					



Schedule 1

CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

	2013		2014		2015		2016		2017
Governmental Activities				-					
Net investment in capital assets	\$	7,769,978	\$ 7,806,799	\$	9,045,594	\$	8,749,180	\$	8,085,240
Restricted		1,740,561	2,277,005		2,393,646		1,550,089		3,295,378
Unrestricted		4,422,916	4,735,280		3,432,140		1,748,741		1,313,947
Total governmental activities net position		13,933,455	14,819,084		14,871,380		12,048,010		12,694,565
Business-type Activities									
Net investment in capital assets		15,900,226	16,092,100		17,175,593		19,600,617		19,297,256
Restricted		687,974	835,798		1,270,735		1,057,007		1,123,542
Unrestricted		1,988,903	2,918,049		3,074,893		3,050,498		5,032,928
Total governmental activities net position		18,577,103	19,845,947		21,521,221		23,708,122		25,453,726
Total City of Florence									
Net investment in capital assets		23,670,204	23,898,899		26,221,187		28,349,797		27,382,496
Restricted		2,428,535	3,112,803		3,664,381		2,607,096		4,418,920
Unrestricted		6,411,819	7,653,329		6,507,033		4,799,239		6,346,875
Total City of Florence net position	\$	32,510,558	\$ 34,665,031	\$	36,392,601	\$	35,756,132	\$	38,148,291

Source: City of Florence Audited Financial Statements

Schedule 1

CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting)

2018 2019		2019	2020		2021		2022		
									Governmental Activities
\$ 8,006,878	\$	9,679,655	\$	12,397,367	\$	14,532,904	\$	15,914,226	Net investment in capital assets
2,134,564		5,947,813		3,486,628		1,781,734		1,999,828	Restricted
2,668,369		603,247		255,367		44,109		579,432	Unrestricted
 12,809,811		16,230,715		16,139,362		16,358,747	18,493,486		Total governmental acricvities net position
									Business-type Activities
23,816,426		26,174,884		27,375,453		29,267,265		29,192,130	Net investment in capital assets
940,845		943,472		1,049,695		1,029,658		1,227,169	Restricted
2,407,575		1,575,438		851,146		(26,359)		1,045,160	Unrestricted
27,164,846		28,693,794		29,276,294		30,270,564		31,464,459	Total governmental acricvities net position
									Total City of Florence
31,823,304		35,854,539		39,772,820		43,800,169		45,106,356	Net investment in capital assets
3,075,409		6,891,285		4,536,323		2,811,393		3,226,997	Restricted
5,075,944		2,178,685		1,106,513		17,750		1,624,592	Unrestricted
\$ 39,974,657	\$	44,924,509	\$	45,415,656	\$	46,629,312	\$	49,957,945	Total governmental acricvities net position

Schedule 2

CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON

CHANGE IN NET POSITION

Last Ten Fiscal Years (thousands)

(accrual basis of accounting)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Expenses					
Governmental activities					
Administration	\$ 900,195	\$ 1,019,476	\$ 986,949	\$ 1,423,748	\$ 1,425,135
Community development	1,468,096	534,384	715,076	1,376,252	1,122,411
Public Safety	2,469,971	2,775,343	2,662,133	3,696,842	3,624,860
Parks	144,573	177,293	175,572	164,905	174,977
Transportation	1,109,846	825,052	803,012	912,297	920,785
Non-departmental	245.260	170.000	206 611	255.761	211.075
Interest on long-term debt	345,360	178,899	206,611	355,761	211,975
Total governmental activities expenses	6,438,041	5,510,447	5,549,353	7,929,805	7,480,143
Business-type activities					
Water	1,114,454	1,618,232	1,327,709	1,621,414	1,685,517
Wastewater	1,643,715	2,014,310	1,948,766	2,508,116	2,327,154
Stormwater	144,002	194,736	160,751	217,544	211,443
Events Center	533,230	631,063	697,132	860,264	932,866
Airport	222,692	178,068	169,891	167,378	166,376
Total business-type activities expenses	3,658,093	4,636,409	4,304,249	5,374,716	5,323,356
Program Revenues					
Governmental activities					
Charges for services:					
Administration	538,935	598,311	713,696	686,608	703,566
Community development	-	-	-	3,025	-
Public safety	165,374	175,902	145,779	145,867	298,350
Parks	-	-	-	-	-
Transportation	301,980	317,840	310,063	332,695	340,762
Operating grants and contributions	447,200	1,019,322	170,974	951,743	754,614
Capital grants and contributions	1,264,454	111,826	248,191	29,342	1,443,244
Total governmental activities program revenues	2,717,943	2,223,201	1,588,703	2,149,280	3,540,536
Business-type activities					
Water	1,975,383	2,018,879	2,112,750	2,207,751	2,126,622
Wastewater	2,798,397	2,906,147	3,006,947	3,138,562	3,114,118
Stormwater	519,685	506,606	512,494	522,140	528,209
Events Center	231,330	296,985	318,218	338,038	339,053
Airport	95,694	84,765	79,475	99,578	164,237
Operating grants and contributions	-	-	-	192,476	-
Capital grants and contributions	1,555,123	487,939	379,416	266,673	442,606
Total business-type activities program revenues	7,175,612	6,301,321	6,409,300	6,765,218	6,714,845
Total program revenues	9,893,555	8,524,522	7,998,003	8,914,498	10,255,381
General Revenues					
Governmental activities					
Taxes:					
Property taxes	2,763,851	2,534,509	2,930,383	2,678,996	2,784,247
Franchise taxes	498,963	731,280	768,863	481,719	527,434
Transient lodging tax	715,305	-	-	319,287	367,729
Unrestricted interest and investment earnings	46,601	54,099	46,151	29,839	33,158
Transfers in (out)	381,775	1,031,422	427,475	362,221	393,249
Total governmental activities	4,406,495	4,351,310	4,172,872	3,872,062	4,105,817
Business-type activities					
Taxes:					
Property taxes	_	_	_	191,764	_
Unrestricted interest and investment earnings	21,363	26,895	31,407	32,496	40,989
Transfers in (out)	(381,775)	(1,031,422)	(427,475)	(362,221)	(393,249)
Total business-type activities	(360,412)	(1,004,527)	(396,068)	(137,961)	(352,260)
	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	
Change in Net Position					
Governmental activities	1,118,733	631,212	885,626	731,654	(1,674,708)
Business-type activities	1,963,017	2,502,253	1,268,844	1,967,120	1,038,242
Change in net position	3,081,750	3,133,465	2,154,470	2,698,774	(636,466)
Net position - beginning	27,227,667	29,377,093	32,510,561	33,693,827	36,392,598
Prior period adjustments Net position - ending	\$30,309,417	\$32,510,558	\$34,665,031	\$36,392,601	\$35,756,132
roc position - chaing	ψ 50,507,417	ψ 52,510,556	Ψ 57,005,051	Ψ 30,392,001	Ψ33,730,132
Source: City of Florence Audited Financial Statements					

Source: City of Florence Audited Financial Statements

CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON

CHANGE IN NET POSITION

Last Ten Fiscal Years (thousands)

(accrual basis of accounting)

2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	
					Expenses
					Governmental activities
\$ 1,816,801	\$ 2,029,060	\$ 2,216,213	\$ 2,601,892	\$ 2,451,872	Administration
814,792	830,721	801,269	934,432	920,504	Community development
3,172,966	3,247,340	3,521,290	3,915,817	3,481,115	Public Safety
172,065	205,266	258,707	261,353	297,214	Parks
1,016,683	1,058,870	1,208,977	1,281,448	921,529	Transportation
405,137	395,052	115,055	136,136	685,874	Non-departmental
258,623	329,086	415,731	398,275	381,376	Interest on long-term debt
7,657,067	8,095,395	8,537,242	9,529,353	9,139,484	Total governmental activities expenses
					Business-type activities
1,841,688	1,985,964	2,141,121	2,045,635	2,152,585	Water
2,407,923	2,667,424	2,948,543	2,784,746	2,987,245	Wastewater
262,831	366,590	473,219	442,297	629,625	Stormwater
864,686	800,512	774,499	370,584	557,317	Events Center
202,901	197,856	263,277	273,677	317,160	Airport
5,580,029	6,018,346	6,600,659	5,916,939	6,643,932	Total business-type activities expenses
					Program Revenues
					Governmental activities
					Charges for services:
753,794	718,130	1,028,731	674,278	474,712	Administration
-	_	-	-	461,709	Community development
374,369	285,524	246,949	292,233	263,382	Public safety
-	-	500,082	617,690	537,241	Parks
390,019	466,720	_	_	_	Transportation
1,123,568	1,386,899	1,073,822	1,700,178	2,839,237	Operating grants and contributions
84,630	3,224,944	390,245	563,062	576,647	Capital grants and contributions
	6,000,017				
2,726,380	6,082,217	3,239,829	3,847,441	5,152,928	Total governmental activities program revenues
521 247	200.025	2 271 220	2 296 465	2 255 259	Business-type activities Water
521,347	300,935	2,271,239	2,386,465	2,255,258	
1,237,673 361,241	743,769 232,394	3,370,135 564,102	3,352,281 560,853	3,510,382 581,686	Wastewater Stormwater
*					Events Center
(309,722)	(291,551) 830,164	315,538	43,557	233,833	
(8,791)	,	135,192	122,203	350,601	Airport
498,519	2,500 1,319,990	12,256 721,585	264,871 708,621	246,875 1,250,447	Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions
490,319	1,319,990	721,363	708,021	1,230,447	
2,300,267	3,138,201	7,390,047	7,438,851	8,429,082	Total business-type activities program revenues
5,026,647	9,220,418	10,629,876	11,286,292	13,582,010	Total program revenues
					General Revenues
					Governmental activities
2.065.479	2 046 122	2 220 921	2 562 550	2 669 544	Taxes:
2,965,478	3,046,132	3,230,831	3,563,559	3,668,544	Property taxes Franchise taxes
917,267 352 748	1,028,691 409,343	1,144,253 414,195	1,260,683 489,891	1,155,215	
352,748 65,758	409,343 95,141	414,195 85,203	489,891 36,275	562,801 30,721	Transient lodging tax
129,500	238,800	85,203 559,600	550,889	618,040	Unrestricted interest and investment earnings Transfers in (out)
4,430,751	4,818,107	5,434,082	5,901,297	6,035,321	Total governmental activities
4,430,731	4,010,107	3,434,002	3,701,277	0,033,321	Business-type activities
					Taxes:
-	-	-	-	-	Property taxes
79,047	95,833	136,824	23,247	26,861	Unrestricted interest and investment earnings
(129,500)	(238,800)	(559,600)	(550,889)	(618,040)	Transfers in (out)
(50,453)	(142,967)	(422,776)	(527,642)	(591,179)	Total business-type activities
					Change in Net Position
542,092	(112,580)	3,420,904	219,385	2,048,765	Governmental activities
1,522,137	1,658,781	1,392,935	994,270	1,193,971	Business-type activities
2,064,229	1,546,201	4,813,839	1,213,655		Change in net position
36,084,062	38,428,456	40,110,670	44,924,509	46,629,312	Net position - beginning
				85,897	Prior period adjustments
\$38,148,291	\$39,974,657	\$44,924,509	\$46,138,164	\$49,957,945	Net position - ending

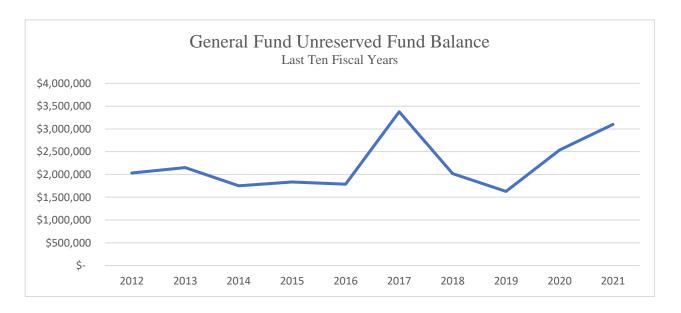
Schedule 3

CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2013		2014		2015		2016		2017	
General Fund										
Nonspendable	\$	48,048	\$	47,140	\$	53,383	\$	1,633,553	\$	66,842
Committed		41,000		280,000		280,000		-		-
Unassigned		2,032,297		2,151,094		1,751,988		1,834,013		1,787,273
All other governmental funds										
Nonspendable		359,741		276,177		10,839		10,609		3,238,131
Restricted		713,757		1,501,489		2,473,646		1,950,972		3,284,539
Committed		960,070		941,176		-		-		-
Assigend		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		263,505		-		-		(1,386,206)		(3,227,292)
Total all other governmental funds		2,297,073		2,718,842		2,484,485		575,375		3,295,378
Total fund balances of governmental funds	\$	4,418,418	\$	5,197,076	\$	4,569,856	\$	4,042,941	\$	5,149,493



Source: City of Florence Audited Financial Statements

CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

2018	2019	2020	2021	2021 20		
						General Fund
\$ 588,890	\$ 91,642	\$ 79,764	\$ 10,627	\$	-	Nonspendable
-	-	-	-		-	Committed
3,376,255	2,018,179	1,628,141	2,537,487		3,097,136	Unassigned
						All other governmental funds
3,487,440	-	-	250		24,750	Nonspendable
2,134,564	12,591,218	3,446,395	1,757,856		1,949,120	Restricted
-	-	-	-		-	Committed
-	-	-	-		-	Assigend
(3,987,440)	(6,990,048)	80,640	-		-	Unassigned
1,634,564	5,601,170	3,527,035	1,758,106		1,973,870	Total all other governmental funds
\$ 5,599,709	\$ 7,710,991	\$ 5,234,940	\$ 4,306,220	\$	5,071,006	Total fund balances of governmental funds

General Fund Unreserved/Unassigned Fund Balance and Annual Percentage Change

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Fund Balance	% Change
2012	\$ 2,032,297	-
2013	2,151,094	5.85%
2014	1,751,988	-18.55%
2015	1,834,013	4.68%
2016	1,787,273	-2.55%
2017	3,376,255	88.91%
2018	2,018,179	-40.22%
2019	1,628,141	-19.33%
2020	2,537,487	55.85%
2021	3,097,136	22.06%

Schedule 3
CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON
CHANGES IN GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

(modified accrual basis of accounting)					
	2013*	2014	2015	2016	2017
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 2,709,301	\$ 3,144,823	\$2,992,196	\$2,820,857	\$3,273,753
Franchise fees	487,205	486,086	481,719	527,434	917,267
Licenses and permits	532,771	584,210	334,337	335,309	378,089
Intergovernmental	1,596,950	978,013	1,096,795	917,171	1,258,612
Charges for services	206,860	199,994	462,352	486,671	795,971
Fines and forfeitures	245,659	274,705	255,566	211,265	205,114
Miscellaneous	219,963	278,619	637,525	612,910	1,504,933
Total Revenues	5,998,709	5,946,450	6,260,490	5,911,617	8,333,739
Expenditures					
Administration	2,889,904	952,122	1,056,843	1,267,781	1,350,257
Community development	-,,	510,173	691,025	1,280,823	1,011,828
Public safety	_	2,576,863	2,700,386	2,822,637	2,859,704
Parks	-	120,870	129,575	120,873	124,600
Transportation	-	291,450	285,152	317,833	322,250
Non-departmental	1,345,274	-	- , -	-	-
Capital outlay	2,935,358	460,613	1,429,465	1,177,377	3,582,557
Debt service	. ,	, -	. ,		. ,
Principal	1,340,148	702,913	747,872	2,803,679	513,153
Interest	484,643	230,266	209,613	341,164	314,122
Total expenditures	8,995,327	5,845,270	7,249,931	10,132,167	10,078,471
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(2,996,618)	101,180	(989,441)	(4,220,550)	(1,744,732)
0.4					
Other financing sources (uses)	242.222	250.000		2 202 575	0 (17 00)
Issuance of Debt/Loan Proceeds	340,000	250,000	-	2,382,679	2,617,321
Transfers in	2,458,880	1,322,806	1,363,804	2,052,894	3,244,500
Transfers out	(987,190)	(895,331)	(1,001,583)	(741,935)	(3,115,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,811,690	677,475	362,221	3,693,638	2,746,821
Net change in fund balance	\$(1,184,928)	\$ 778,655	\$ (627,220)	\$ (526,912)	\$1,002,089
<i>5</i>					
Ratio of Tot	al Debt Service	to Total Non-C	Capital Expend	itures	
Total debt service expenditures	\$ 1,824,791	\$ 933,179	\$ 957,485	\$3,144,843	\$ 827,275
Total non-capital expenditures	1,551,905	409,822	1,404,235	1,140,635	3,401,455
Ratio of total debt service	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		,,	,,	
expenditures less refundings to total					
non-capital expenditures	117.58%	227.70%	68.19%	275.71%	24.32%
non suprim expenditures	117.30%	221.10%	00.1770	413.1170	∠4.3∠%

¹Corrected to reflect capital asset additions from Reconciliation of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund I

Source: City of Florence Audited Financial Statements

Schedule 3
CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON
CHANGES IN GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES

Last Tell I iscai	1 cars				
(modified accrua	al basis of accour	nting)			
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	
					Revenues
\$3,603,210	\$3,843,449	\$ 3,679,418	\$ 4,045,669	\$ 4,217,011	Taxes
1,028,691	1,144,253	1,115,568	1,260,683	1,155,215	Franchise fees
281,348	258,469	286,683	325,952	451,723	Licenses and permits
1,162,749	4,500,588	1,491,895	2,228,891	3,517,424	Intergovernmental
1,114,150	989,088	2,549,990	2,795,167	2,474,573	Charges for services
230,361	214,989	217,781	195,258	151,288	Fines and forfeitures
293,589	327,579	244,267	326,231	319,787	Miscellaneous
7,714,098	11,278,415	9,585,602	11,177,851	12,287,021	Total Revenues
					-
					Expenditures
1,805,071	2,032,231	2,168,073	2,515,552	2,518,897	Administration
740,316	766,367	714,557	813,720	910,720	Community dvelopment
2,747,979	2,692,751	3,254,706	3,515,083	3,446,071	Public safety
127,986	166,124	257,778	254,317	304,542	Parks
331,997	364,660	715,823	738,242	522,926	Transportation
401,979	361,130	121,232	141,168	679,832	Non-departmental
3,682,675	5,451,140	3,155,287	2,638,523	1,706,417	Capital outlay
					Debt service
700,803	698,817	944,218	942,303	969,039	Principal
358,876	432,963	474,192	485,235	463,126	Interest
10,897,682	12,966,183	11,805,866	12,044,143	11,521,570	Total expenditures
(3,183,584)	(1,687,768)	(2,220,264)	(866,292)	765,451	Revenues over (under) expenditures
					Other financing sources (uses)
3,395,000	3,239,450				Issuance of Debt/Loan Proceeds
		2 222 900	2.042.572	1 702 040	Transfers in
1,565,500	1,944,300	2,223,800	2,043,573	1,703,949	
(1,326,700)	(1,384,700)	(2,479,587)	(2,106,001)	(1,791,974)	Transfers out
3,633,800	3,799,050	(255,787)	(62,428)	(88,025)	
\$ 450,216	\$2,111,282	\$(2,476,051)	\$ (928,720)	\$ 677,426	Net change in fund balance
\$1,059,679 3,682,700	\$1,131,780 5 384 657	\$ 1,418,410 3.041,730	\$ 1,427,538 2,430,140		Total debt service expenditures Total non-capital expenditures
3,682,790	5,384,657	3,041,739	2,430,140	1,090,970	Ratio of total debt service
					expenditures less refundings to total
28.77%	21.02%	46.63%	58.74%	84.30%	non-capital expenditures

Balance to Statement of Activities

Schedule 5
CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON
ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED MARKET VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY
Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Direct Tax Rate	Urban Renewal			Assessed Value
Fiscal Year	Taxable	Per \$1,000	District	Total	Estimated	as a % of
Ended	Assessed	of Assessed	Assessed	Assessed	Market	Market
June 30,	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value	Value
2013	\$ 795,927,742	13.0161	\$ 21,796,071	\$ 817,723,813	\$1,186,510,821	68.92%
2014	813,163,226	13.2254	24,385,105	837,548,331	1,197,822,022	69.92%
2015	838,040,607	14.2034	26,557,328	864,597,935	1,238,117,316	69.83%
2016	852,775,333	14.2822	28,220,985	880,996,318	1,226,269,574	71.84%
2017	871,894,882	14.0145	31,068,716	902,963,598	1,242,714,606	72.66%
2018	902,212,696	13.9021	37,714,565	939,927,261	1,371,856,710	68.51%
2019	933,720,234	13.8926	44,215,774	977,936,008	1,465,722,838	66.72%
2020	971,062,765	13.9854	48,395,956	1,019,458,721	1,536,830,998	66.34%
2021	1,006,642,419	13.5505	50,620,781	1,057,263,200	1,649,048,531	64.11%
2022	1,052,827,325	13.6665	55,354,336	1,108,181,661	1,936,882,815	57.21%



Source: Lane County Tax Reports

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Schedule 6
CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX RATES¹

	City	y of Florence	ites			
•		General	Total			
Fiscal Year		Obligation	Before	Florence	Total	Lane
Ended	City of	Debt	Urban	Urban	Direct	Community
June 30,	Florence	Service	Renewal	Renewal	Rate	College
2013	2.4052	0.3981	2.8033	0.3139	3.1172	0.8475
2014	2.7778	0.4060	3.1838	0.3555	3.5393	0.8466
2015	2.7732	0.2898	3.0630	0.3776	3.4406	0.8426
2016	2.7694	0.1692	2.9386	0.3866	3.3252	0.8000
2017	2.7626	0.1720	2.9346	0.4159	3.3505	0.8206
2018	2.7463	0.1633	2.9096	0.4847	3.3943	0.8216
2019	2.7317	0.1569	2.8886	0.5438	3.4324	0.8170
2020	2.7252	0.1553	2.8805	0.5495	3.4300	0.8117
2021	2.7241	0.1497	2.8738	0.5541	3.4279	0.9332
2022	2.7181	0.1065	2.8246	0.5758	3.4004	0.9245

¹ Per \$1,000 of assessed Value

Source: Lane County Tax Code Area Report

Schedule 6
CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING TAX RATES¹

		Overlapp	oing Rates				
							Total
	Siuslaw			Siuslaw	Siuslaw	Western	Direct &
Lane	School	Lane	Port of	Public	Valley Fire	Lane	Overlapping
ESD	District 97J	County	Siuslaw	Library	& Rescue	Ambulance	Rates
0.2173	5.4172	1.3539	0.1435	0.5026	0.8649	0.7613	13.2254
0.2168	5.3873	1.8973	0.1432	0.5013	0.9111	0.7605	14.2034
0.2164	5.3837	1.8921	0.1429	0.5005	1.1034	0.7600	14.2822
0.2161	5.3808	1.7884	0.1427	0.4998	1.1019	0.7596	14.0145
0.2156	5.3859	1.6303	0.1424	0.4986	1.0994	0.7588	13.9021
0.2143	5.3527	1.6230	0.1415	0.4956	1.0926	0.7570	13.8926
0.2132	5.2949	1.7515	0.1408	0.4930	1.0872	0.7554	13.9854
0.2127	4.4581	1.7836	0.1405	0.4918	1.4674	0.7547	13.5505
0.2126	4.4565	1.7831	0.1404	0.4916	1.4667	0.7545	13.6665
0.2121	4.4484	1.7934	0.1401	0.4906	1.4635	0.7539	13.6269

Schedule 7

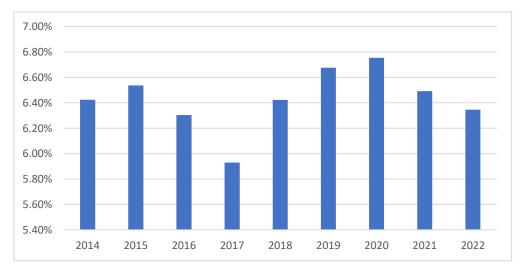
CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS

Fiscal Years 2013-14¹ and 2021-22

		2021-22 Taxable Assessed		% of Total Taxable Assessed	2013-14 Taxable Assessed		% of Total Taxable Assessed
Taxpayer		Value	Rank	Value	Value	Rank	Value
Central Lincoln PUD	\$	11,275,000	1	1.07%	\$ 6,668,000	3	0.82%
Charter Communications		10,696,000	2	1.02%	5,951,500	4	0.73%
Fred Meyer Stores, INC		9,986,671	3	0.95%	7,883,573	1	0.97%
Spruce Partners, LLC		8,399,844	4	0.80%	6,937,550	2	0.85%
AIC Real Estate SPE 126, LLC		6,176,978	5	0.59%			
Oregon Pacific Banking Co.		4,925,357	6	0.47%	4,209,697	8	0.52%
APIC Florence Holdings, LLC		5,069,156	7	0.48%			
Lumen Technologies		3,960,000	8	0.38%			
Matias Edwin M & Lamport Inna		3,170,960	9	0.30%			
Van Devender Kenneth J		3,147,672	10	0.30%			
Columbia State Bank					4,976,338	5	0.61%
On Par Properties, LLC					4,971,054	6	0.61%
Safeway, Inc. Store #363					4,434,469	7	0.55%
Cuddeback C0					3,197,184	9	0.39%
Hanson Robert J					3,006,500	10	0.37%
	\$	66,807,638		6.35%	\$ 52,235,865		6.42%
Total taxable assessed value, all							
properties	\$ 1	,052,827,325			\$ 813,163,226		

Percentage of Total Assessed Value for Top Ten Taxpayers

Last Nine Fiscal Years



¹Earliest availabe information

Source: Lane County Tax Assessor

Schedule 8
CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON
PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

Fiscal Year Ended	Tax Levy as Extended	Collected First Year	Percent	Collected in Subsequent	Total Collections	Percentage of Levy
June 30,	by Assessor ¹	of Levy	Collected	Years	to Date	as Extended
2013	\$ 2,287,338	\$ 2,156,306	94.27%	\$ 85,482	\$ 2,241,788	98.01%
2014	2,661,466	2,514,092	94.46%	65,167	2,579,260	96.91%
2015	2,639,277	2,498,478	94.67%	63,152	2,561,631	97.06%
2016	2,572,312	2,435,544	94.68%	59,252	2,494,795	96.99%
2017	2,644,551	2,507,373	94.81%	48,518	2,555,891	96.65%
2018	2,721,388	2,602,813	95.64%	47,548	2,650,361	97.39%
2019	2,816,794	2,692,823	95.60%	36,406	2,729,228	96.89%
2020	2,929,252	2,795,131	95.42%	33,539	2,828,670	96.57%
2021	3,941,555	3,770,221	95.65%	33,143	3,803,364	96.49%
2022	3,131,507	2,991,485	95.53%	-	2,991,485	95.53%

¹The City has chosen to calculate the property tax collection rate based on the gross amount of the levy as extended by the Lane County Assessor. The resulting rate is a lower percentage, but for comparative purposes it can be applied to future years' levies without having to estimate discounts and adjustments. This method of calculating the collection rate is the same one used for the budget.

There are three ways in which property tax revenue can be adversely affected by a slow-down in the economy: 1) market value falls below assessed value; 2) assessed value falls; and 3) the rate of tax collection falls. Because of the healthy gap between market values and assessed values, there would be a lag time before a downturn would directly affect the market value limit on assessed value. The possibility of assessed values falling drastically quickly is remote. It is more likely that the rate of assessed value growth will slow. Lower collection rates would have a more immediate effect. A one percentage point drop in collection rates would translate into a \$250,000 reduction in current tax revenues. The City did not realize any reduction in the collection rate for the 2020-21 fiscal year, but the 2020-21 fiscal year dropped .96%. The City will monitor the collection rate going forward to gauge its effect on future revenue.

Source: Lane County Tax Assessor

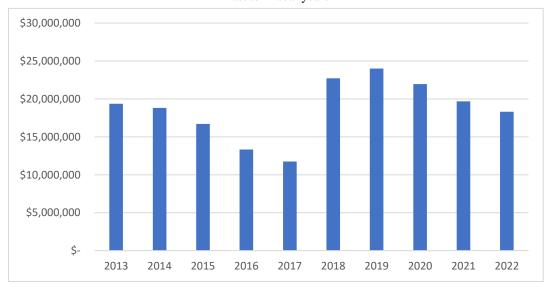
Schedule 9 CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON SCHEDULE OF DEBT PER CAPITA

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Governmental Activities						
		Full					
Fiscal	General	Faith and	Limited Tax				
Year Ended	Obligation	Credit	Improvement	Notes	Unamortized		
June 30,	Bonds	Bonds	Bonds Bonds		Premium		
2013	\$ 599,523	\$ 1,076,868	\$ 1,380,000	\$ 2,533,276			
2014	304,762	806,537	1,340,000	2,428,324			
2015	-	985,963	1,295,000	2,071,054			
2016	984,566	938,821	1,250,000	261,470			
2017	820,472	890,634	1,200,000	139,599			
2018	656,378	840,854	1,150,000	7,966,837			
2019	492,284	793,390	1,095,000	10,832,895			
2020	328,190	741,441	1,035,000	10,295,722	14,960		
2021	164,094	672,857	970,000	9,772,370	13,871		
2022	-	618,061	900,000	9,232,520	12,484		

Total Outstanding Debt (Governmental and Business-type)

Last ten fiscal years



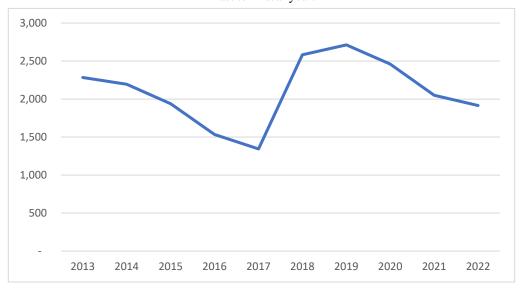
Sources:

City of Florence Audited Financial Statements

Busi	ness-Type Acti	vities			
Full					
Faith and			Total	% of	Debt
Credit	Notes	Unamortized	Outstanding	Personal	per
Bonds	Payable	Premium	Debt	Income	Capita
\$ 7,660,265	\$ 6,123,414		\$ 19,373,346	150.77%	2,285
8,102,744	5,823,540		18,805,907	137.32%	2,196
7,046,114	5,309,110		16,707,241	113.91%	1,938
4,985,238	4,899,367		13,319,462	86.81%	1,535
4,200,741	4,501,855		11,753,301	72.22%	1,344
3,404,415	8,702,528		22,721,012	133.42%	2,583
2,579,598	8,216,880		24,010,047	136.74%	2,713
1,738,753	7,752,687	51,234	21,957,987	115.63%	2,460
862,143	7,197,925	23,589	19,676,849	93.12%	2,050
791,939	6,734,054	16,465	18,305,523	n/a	1,915

Debt per Capita (Governmental and Business-type)

Last ten fiscal years



Schedule 10

CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON

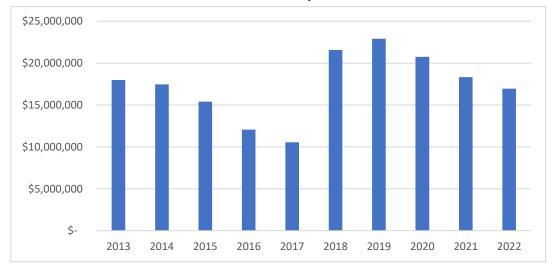
RATIO OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT TO ASSESSED VALUE

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal			General		General
Year Ended		Assessed	Obligation	Unamortized	Revenue
June 30,	Population	Value	Bonds	Premium	Obligations
2013	8,480	\$ 795,927,742	\$ 599,523	\$ -	\$ 17,393,823
2014	8,565	813,163,226	304,762	-	17,161,145
2015	8,620	838,040,607	-	-	15,412,241
2016	8,680	852,775,333	984,566	-	11,084,896
2017	8,745	871,894,882	820,472	-	9,732,829
2018	8,795	902,212,696	656,378	-	20,914,634
2019	8,850	933,720,234	492,284	-	22,422,763
2020	8,925	971,062,765	328,190	66,194	20,528,603
2021	9,600	1,006,642,419	164,094	37,460	18,505,295
2022	9,561	1,052,827,325	-	28,949	17,376,574

Net General Bonded Debt

Last ten fiscal years

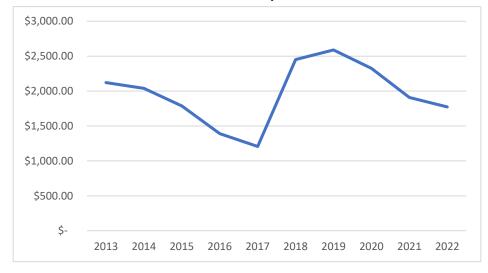


Schedule 10
CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON
RATIO OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT TO ASSESSED VALUE

	Less: mounts		Ratio of Net Bonded		Net Bonded Debt as a
A	vailable	Net	Debt to	Net Bonded	Percent of
i	n Debt	Bonded	Assessed	Debt	Personal
Serv	rice Funds	Debt	Value	Per Capita	Income
\$	-	\$ 17,993,346	2.26%	\$ 2,121.86	140.03%
	-	17,465,907	2.15%	2,039.22	127.53%
	-	15,412,241	1.84%	1,787.96	105.08%
	-	12,069,462	1.42%	1,390.49	78.66%
	-	10,553,301	1.21%	1,206.78	64.85%
	-	21,571,012	2.39%	2,452.64	126.66%
	-	22,915,047	2.45%	2,589.27	130.50%
	167,661	20,755,326	2.14%	2,325.53	109.30%
	382,548	18,324,301	1.82%	1,908.78	86.72%
	456,997	16,948,526	1.61%	1,772.67	n/a

Net General Bonded Debt Per Capita

Last ten fiscal years

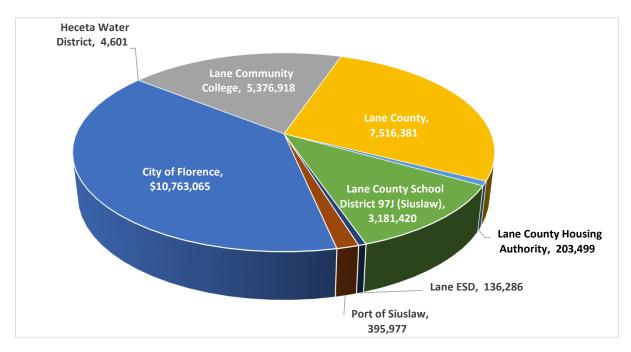


Schedule 11
CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON
COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT

As of June 30, 2022

Jurisdiction	Net Outstanding Debt	Percentage Applicable to the City of Florence ¹	Amount Applicable to the City of Florence
DIRECT DEBT			
City of Florence	\$ 10,763,065	100.00%	\$ 10,763,065
OVERLAPPING DEBT			
Heceta Water District	1,411,277	0.33%	4,601
Lane Community College	219,475,000	2.45%	5,376,918
Lane County	302,263,289	2.49%	7,516,381
Lane County Housing Authority	8,183,487	2.49%	203,499
Lane County School District 97J (Siuslaw)	6,465,000	49.21%	3,181,420
Lane ESD	5,467,639	2.49%	136,286
Port of Siuslaw	943,039	41.99%	395,977
Total overlapping debt	544,208,731		16,815,082
Total direct and overlapping debt	\$ 554,971,796		\$ 27,578,147

Direct and Overlapping Debt Applicable to the City of Florence



Source: State of Oregon, Treasury Department

¹The overlapping debt percentage is determined by the percent of real market value the City shares with other issuers. This data is provided to the Treasury Department annually by the Oregon Department of Revenue.

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Schedule 12

CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN

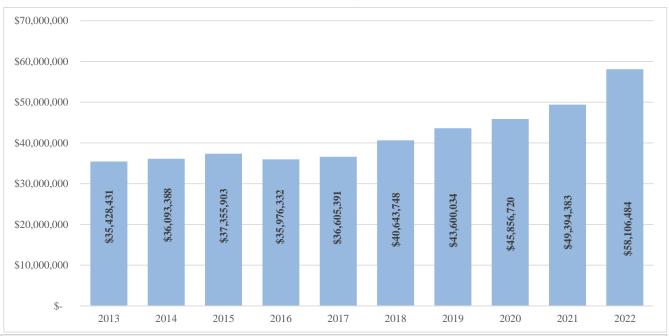
Last ten fiscal years

Debt limitation
Total net debt applicable to limitation
Legal debt margin
Ratio of net debt applicable to the debt
limitation

2013	2014	 2015	2016
\$ 35,595,325	\$ 35,934,661	\$ 37,143,519	\$ 36,788,087
166,894	(158,727)	 (212,384)	811,755
\$ 35,428,431	\$ 36,093,388	\$ 37,355,903	\$ 35,976,332
0.47%	-0.44%	-0.57%	2.21%
 0.47%	 -0.44%	 -0.57%	 2.219

Legal Debt Margin

Last ten fiscal years



The state-mandated legal debt margin for general obligation debt is three percent of true cash value (market value). The legal debt margin is a direct function of the true cash value of properties in the City and the City's net general obligation debt. The City's legal debt margin has increased by 34.7 percent (\$22,678,053) over the last ten years. During that same period, the City's true cash value increased 30.1 percent (\$381,937,383) and the City's general obligation debt decreased

Sources: Lane County Assessor and Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Schedule 12 CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN

	2017		2018		2019	 2020	 2021	 2022
\$	37,281,438	\$	41,155,701	\$	43,971,685	\$ 46,104,930	\$ 49,471,456	\$ 58,106,484
	676,047		511,953		371,651	248,210	77,073	-
\$	36,605,391	\$	40,643,748	\$	43,600,034	\$ 45,856,720	\$ 49,394,383	\$ 58,106,484
	1.81%		1.24%		0.85%	0.54%	0.16%	0.00%
Leg	al debt margir	calc	ulation for Fis	cal Y	ear			

True cash value	\$ 1,936,882,815
General obligation debt limit - 3% of true cash value	3%
General obligation debt limit	58,106,484

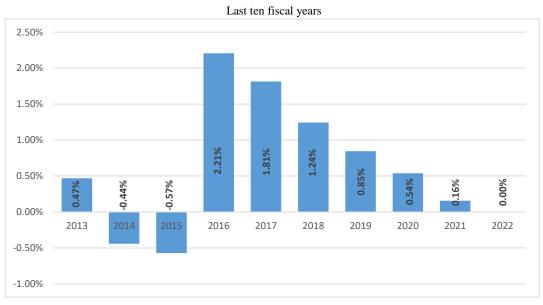
Gross general obligation bonded debt principal

Wastewater bonds \$ -Less: Debt serevice funds available

Wastewater bonds Net debt subject to three percent limitation

Legal debt margin \$ 58,106,484

Ratio of the Net Debt Applicable to the Debt Limitation



Schedule 13
CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON
PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE

Wastewater Revenue Debt (Coverage requirement equals 105%)

Fiscal		Less:			Net		•		
Year Ended	Operating	Operating			Available		Debt Service	;	Coverage
June 30,	Revenues	Expenses	Dep	reciation	Resources	Principal	Interest	Total	Percentage
2013	\$ 2,798,397	\$ 1,404,555	\$	574,739	\$ 1,968,581	\$ 661,795	\$ 205,118	\$ 866,913	227.1%
2014	2,906,147	1,537,203		812,421	2,181,365	917,783	201,818	1,119,601	194.8%
2015	3,006,947	1,569,768		810,145	2,247,324	932,280	197,047	1,129,327	199.0%
2016	3,138,562	2,012,846		806,631	1,932,347	965,366	199,230	1,164,596	165.9%
2017	3,114,118	1,822,760		837,373	2,128,731	984,413	178,056	1,162,469	183.1%
2018	3,472,585	1,896,308		862,691	2,438,968	998,983	156,374	1,155,357	211.1%
2019	3,260,296	2,125,681		957,735	2,092,350	1,013,308	132,340	1,145,648	182.6%
2020	3,370,136	2,948,543		980,534	1,402,127	1,037,144	107,599	1,144,743	122.5%
2021	3,352,281	2,784,746		1,005,643	1,573,178	1,051,759	69,365	1,121,124	140.3%
2022	3,510,384	3,395,037		1,043,365	1,158,712	283,980	38,851	322,831	358.9%

Schedule 14
CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON
DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS

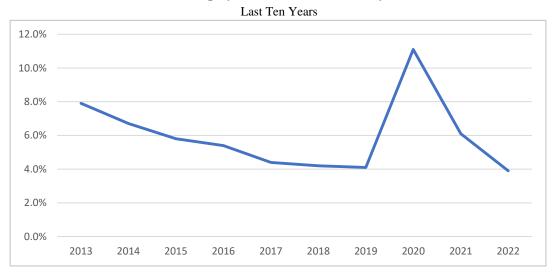
Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Lane County ²		_	
Fiscal	City of		Personal	Per Capita	Florence	Unemployment
Year Ended	Florence		Income	Personal	School	Rate
June 30,	Population ¹	Population	(thousands)	Income	Enrollment ³	Lane County ⁴
2013	8,480	355,654	\$ 12,849,433	\$ 36,129	n/a	7.9%
2014	8,565	358,273	13,695,183	38,226	n/a	6.7%
2015	8,620	362,257	14,666,799	40,487	n/a	5.8%
2016	8,680	369,201	15,343,064	41,557	n/a	5.4%
2017	8,745	375,689	16,273,772	43,317	n/a	4.4%
2018	8,795	378,807	17,030,077	44,957	1,370	4.2%
2019	8,850	382,064	17,559,531	45,960	1,303	4.1%
2020	8,925	382,986	18,989,468	49,583	1,356	11.1%
2021	9,600	383,958	21,131,525	55,146	1,252	6.1%
2022	9,561	n/a	n/a	n/a	1,180	3.9%

The population of Florence increased 455 (5.37%) from 2013 to 2021.

* 2022 Population Estimate

Unemployment Rates, Lane County



Sources:

¹Portland State University, Population Research and Census Center

²U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis (Data for Lane County)

³Siuslaw School District 97J

⁴State of Oregon Employment Department

Schedule 15

CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON FLORENCE AREA PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

Fiscal year 2022

			Percent
	Number of		of Total
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment
Peace Harbor Medical Center	458	1	0.29%
Siuslaw School District, 97J	127	2	0.08%
City of Florence	65	3	0.04%
Total	650		0.42%
Total Employment Lane County ¹	155,300	_	

¹As of April 2022

Employment, Lane County

Last ten years



Sources:

Oregon Department of Education Oregon Employment Department Employers

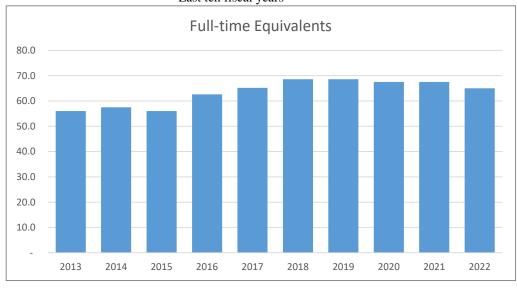
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Schedule 16
CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON
EMPLOYEE FULL-TIME EQUIVALENTS BY FUNCTION
Last ten fiscal years

Function	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES					
Administration	7.5	7.5	7.5	11.6	5.5
Administrative Services	-	-	-	-	7.0
Community Development	4.0	3.5	4.0	5.0	4.0
Municipal Court	2.0	2.5	2.0	-	2.0
Public Safety	22.5	23.0	22.5	25.0	25.0
Parks	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.7
Transportation	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Total Governmental Activities	38.0	38.5	38.0	43.6	45.2
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Enterprise					
Water	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
Wastewater	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
Stormwater	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Events Center	3.0	3.0	3.0	4.0	4.0
Total Enterprise	14.0	14.0	14.0	15.0	15.0
Internal Service					
Public Works Administration	4.0	5.0	4.0	4.0	5.0
Total Internal Services	4.0	5.0	4.0	4.0	5.0
Total Business-type Activities	18.0	19.0	18.0	19.0	20.0
Total City-wide Full-time Equivalent	56.0	57.5	56.0	62.6	65.2

Total Full-time Equivalents

Last ten fiscal years



Source: City of Florence Adopted Budget

2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Function
					GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
5.6	5.6	4.0	4.0	4.0	Administration
7.0	7.0	7.5	7.5	7.0	Administrative Services
6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	5.0	Community Development
2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	Municipal Court
25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0	24.0	Public Safety
1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	Parks
1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	Transportation
47.6	47.6	46.5	46.5	45.0	Total Governmental Activities
					BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES
					Enterprise
5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	6.0	Water
5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	Wastewater
2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	Stormwater
4.0	4.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	Events Center
16.0	16.0	15.0	15.0	16.0	Total Enterprise
					Internal Service
5.0	5.0	6.0	6.0	4.0	Public Works Administration
5.0	5.0	6.0	6.0	4.0	Total Internal Services
		,			•
21.0	21.0	21.0	21.0	20.0	Total Business-type Activities
68.6	68.6	67.5	67.5	65.0	Total City-wide Full-time Equivalent

			Total
Fiscal		Annual	Percentage
Year Ended	Total	Percentage	Change
June 30,	FTE	Change	From 2011
2013	56.0	-	-
2014	57.5	2.68%	2.7%
2015	56.0	-2.61%	0.0%
2016	62.6	11.79%	11.8%
2017	65.2	4.15%	16.4%
2018	68.6	5.21%	22.5%
2019	68.6	0.00%	22.5%
2020	67.5	-1.60%	20.5%
2021	67.5	0.00%	20.5%
2022	65.0	-3.70%	16.1%

Schedule 17
CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON
OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION
Last ten fiscal years

Function	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES					
Administration					
Ordinances adopted	n/a	12	n/a	n/a	18
Public records requests	n/a	12	n/a	n/a	26
Total website sessions Administrative Services	n/a	107,632	n/a	n/a	95,121
GFOA Budget Award	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Recruitments	n/a	15	n/a	10	13
Number of utility customers	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	4,525
Community Development					,-
Type I applications processed	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	28
Type 2 administrative reviews	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	24
Type 3 quasi-judicial applications	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	36
Dwelling building permits	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	41
Commercial building permits	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	-
Dog complaints filed	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	149
Nuisance complaints processed	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	58
Municipal Court Total cases filed	n/a	2,098	n/a	2,055	1,875
Misdemeanor cases	n/a	541	n/a	660	612
Violations	n/a	1,557	n/a	1,395	1,263
Public Safety		-,		-,	-,
Traffic citations	2,004	1,650	1,484	1,266	1,343
Arrests	636	690	599	752	841
DUII arrests	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	39
Total inmates	550	539	490	405	436
Parks					
Developed park acres	n/a	n/a	n/a	54.23	54.23
Acres of mowed turf	n/a	n/a	n/a	12.70	12.70
Transportation	71	71	71	71	72
City-wide average PCI rating Lane miles chip/fog sealed	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	1.72
Signs inspected/cleaned/replaced	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	445
Airport	10 4				
Runway light checks	365	365	365	365	365
QA/QC on fuel/fuel systems	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	272
Business Park lots leased	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	1
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES					
Enterprise					
Water					
Total gallons water produced (millions)	343	364	393	379	372
% of water samples meeting standards	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Water loss percentage	0.3%	3.7%	5.3%	4.6%	4.6%
Wastewater Wastewater plant flows (millions/gal)	268	263	273	294	372
Solids produced (wet tons)	538	538	680	1,734	620
Wastewater lines cleaned (lineal feet)	38,015	34,003	6,990	36,669	36,669
Stormwater	50,015	3 1,003	0,,,,	30,000	50,005
Streets cleaned (miles)	1,150	1,150	1,150	1,150	1,150
Catch basin sumps cleaned	1,000	900	913	913	900
Annual stream/creek inspections	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	4
Events Center					
Multi-day conferences	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	4
Total events	n/a	316	n/a	n/a	386
Theater usage days	n/a	n/a	n/a	169	148
Box office gross ticket sales	n/a	\$ 173,000	n/a	\$ 203,622	\$ 185,300
Internal Service					
Public Works Administration					
Capital projects managed	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	4
Facility inspections per month	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	3
Vehicles maintained OSHA safety violations	n/a n/a	n/a n/a	n/a n/a	n/a n/a	31
OSITA Salety Violations	11/21	ıı/a	11/ d	11/d	-

Source: City of Florence Adopted Budget

Schedule 17
CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON
OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION
Last ten fiscal years

Edit ten nisetti	jeus				
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Function
					GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
					Administration
12	15	8	11	18	Ordinances adopted
41	39	24	20	294	Public records requests
98,249	105,665	113,117	125,000	141,020	Total website sessions
Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Administrative Services
1 es 12	res 5	res 8	res 8	res	GFOA Budget Award Recruitments
4,385	4,741	4,255	3,845	3,840	Number of utility customers
1,505	.,,	1,200	5,015	5,010	Community Development
58	54	33	17	27	Type I applications processed
14	13	12	10	23	Type 2 administrative reviews
32	34	30	24	40	Type 3 quasi-judicial applications
44	49	46	50	31	Dwelling building permits
3	5	3	7	53	Commercial building permits
135 52	126 71	95 75	130 69	77	Dog complaints filed
32	/1	75	09	100	Nuisance complaints processed Municipal Court
2,052	1,772	1,569	1,250	1,063	Total cases filed
585	509	480	500	403	Misdemeanor cases
1,467	1,263	1,089	800	660	Violations
					Public Safety
1,420	1,356	655	689	639	Traffic citations
929	958	709	746	684	Arrests
53	61	43	52	41	DUII arrests
540	500	369	376	381	Total inmates
54.22	57.57	57.57	50.00	50.00	Parks
54.23 12.70	57.57 12.70	57.57 12.70	59.00 12.70	59.00 12.70	Developed park acres Acres of mowed turf
12.70	12.70	12.70	12.70	12.70	Transportation
73	74	73	72	70	City-wide average PCI rating
1.30	2.20	2.06	3.16	1.30	Lane miles chip/fog sealed
445	445	445	450	445	Signs inspected/cleaned/replaced
					Airport
365	365	365	365	365	Runway light checks
270	270	272	272	272	QA/QC on fuel/fuel systems
2	5	19	19	13	Business Park lots leased
					BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES
					Enterprise
					Water
410	419	433	445	426	Total gallons water produced (millions)
100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	% of water samples meeting standards
4.4%	4.6%	4.0%	4.7%	4.2%	Water loss percentage
410	270	265	275	268	Wastewater plant flows (millions/gal)
760	784	745	780	841	Wastewater plant flows (millions/gal) Solids produced (wet tons)
2,859	13,091	10,707	25,000	8,464	Wastewater lines cleaned (lineal feet)
_,	,	,	,	-,	Stormwater
1,150	1,130	1,150	1,180	1,150	Streets cleaned (miles)
915	450	500	500	500	Catch basin sumps cleaned
4	4	4	4	4	Annual stream/creek inspections
					Events Center
4	4	2	2	3	Multi-day conferences
386	392	8	8	178	Total events
137 \$ 219,700	137	\$ 140,060	\$ 7,077	50 \$ 80,257	Theater usage days
\$ 219,700	\$ 210,000	\$ 140,060	\$ 7,077	\$ 80,237	Box office gross ticket sales
					Internal Service
					Public Works Administration
5	6	4	6	6	Capital projects managed
4	3	4	4	4	Facility inspections per month
31	40	45	47	47	Vehicles maintained
-	-	-	-	-	OSHA safety violations

Schedule 18
CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON
CAPITAL ASSETS BY FUNCTION

Function	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
GOVERNMENTAL Administration City Hall	1	1	1	1	1
Public Safety Justice Center	1	1	1	1	1
Jail	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
Parks					
Developed park sites	12	13	13	13	13
Acres of park land	153	154	154	154	154
Transportation					
Miles of streets	77	77	77	77	79
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Water					
Miles of water lines	65	65	66	66	66
Number of water hookups	3855	3855	3860	3862	3882
Number of treatment plants	1	1	1	1	1
Wastewater					
Miles of sanitary sewer lines	65	65	65	65	65
Pump stations	38	38	38	38	38
Number of sewer hookups	3605	3610	3625	3644	3663
Stormwater					
Number of storm sewer lines	33.25	33.25	33.25	33.51	33.51

Source: City of Florence Asset Records

Schedule 18
CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON
CAPITAL ASSETS BY FUNCTION

2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Function
					GOVERNMENTAL
					Administration
1	1	1	1	1	City Hall
					Public Safety
1	1	1	1	1	Justice Center
1	1	1	1	1	Jail
					Parks
13	14	14	14	15	Developed park sites
154	157	197	197	198	Acres of park land
					Transportation
79	79	79	79	79	Miles of streets
					BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES
					Water
66	66.81	66.98	67.05	67.05	Miles of water lines
3902	3922	3961	4020	4816	Number of water hookups
1	1	1	1	1	Number of treatment plants
1	1	1	1	1	•
					Wastewater
65	69.49	69.49	70.65	70.65	Miles of sanitary sewer lines
39	39	39	39	39	Pump stations
3682	3700	3774	3850	4817	Number of sewer hookups
					Stormwater
33.51	33.51	34.46	34.46	34.46	Miles of storm sewer lines



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH OREGON STATE REGULATION

The Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Florence, Oregon

We have audited the basic financial statements of City of Florence, Oregon, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022 and have issued our report thereon dated February 10, 2023. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the provisions of the *Minimum Standards of Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*, prescribed by the Secretary of State and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Florence, Oregon's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS) as specified in the Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-0000 through 162-10-0330 of the *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*, as set forth below, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

We performed procedures to the extent we consider necessary to address the required comments and disclosures which included, but were not limited to, the following:

- Deposits of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295).
- Indebtedness limitations, restrictions, and repayments.
- Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294).
- Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law.
- Programs funded from outside sources.
- Highway revenues used for public highways, roads, and streets.
- Authorized investment of surplus funds. (ORS Chapter 294).
- Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, and 279C).
- Accountability for collecting or receiving money by elected officials. The City does not have any elected
 officials collecting or receiving money.

In connection with our testing, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe the City was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in the Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-0000 through 162-10-0330 of the *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations* except as follows.

Expenditures in the following fund exceeded appropriations for the year ended June 30, 2022:

FundBudget CategoryAmountWater System Development FundMaterials and Service\$ 199

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City of Florence, Oregon's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Florence, Oregon's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Florence, Oregon's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We identified a certain deficiency in internal control described in the findings and responses section as item 2022-001 that we consider to be a material weakness.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Minimum Standards of Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*, prescribed by the Secretary of State, in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

For Merina+Co Tualatin, Oregon February 10, 2023

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENTAL AUDITING STANDARDS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Florence, Oregon

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Florence, Oregon as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of Florence, Oregon's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 10, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City of Florence, Oregon's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Florence, Oregon's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Florence, Oregon's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We identified a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 2022-001 that we consider to be a material weakness.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Florence, Oregon's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

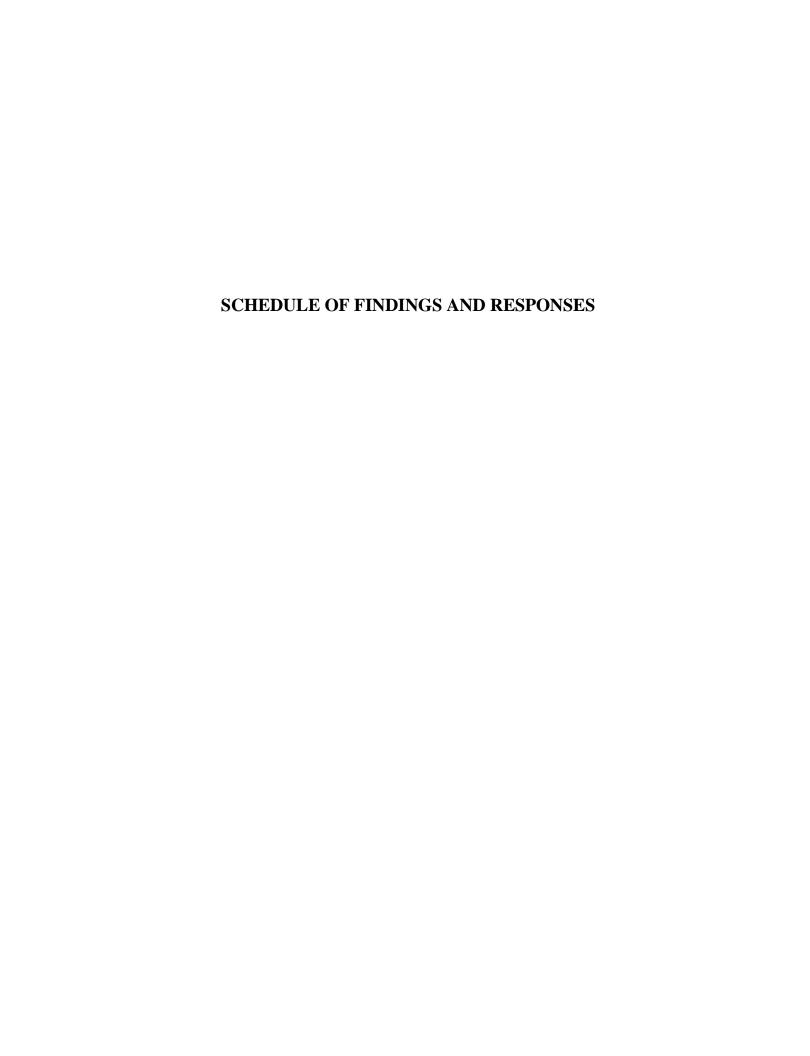
City of Florence, Oregon's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the City of Florence, Oregon's response to the finding identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. City of Florence, Oregon's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

For Merina+Co Tualatin, Oregon February 10, 2023



CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES June 30, 2022

2022-001

<u>Condition</u>: The City lacked controls to ensure accurate recording of journal entries including year-end entries for capital assets, accrued interest payable, and pension.

<u>Criteria</u>: The capital assets, accrued interest payable, and pension were not accurately recorded as per Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP).

<u>Effect</u>: City's capital assets, accrued interest payable, and pension expense would have been misstated in the financial statements.

<u>Cause</u>: The City did not adequately review the adjusting journal entries, resulting in entries being posted inaccurately to the general ledger, including incorrect journal entry for capital assets, formula errors in the accrued interest payable workpaper, and posting pension expense to the incorrect account.

<u>Recommendation</u>: The City should revise its journal entry policies to improve the review process and identify errors promptly before posting to the general ledger.

<u>Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions</u>: The City's Finance Department lost one of its key employees at the beginning of fiscal year 2022-23. This position provided much needed support during the audit process. Current staff were unable to assist due to lack of training for the fiscal year 2021-22 audit.

Controls to ensure accurate recording of journal entries were in place, however due to the added work load of staff, processes were rushed to complete the audit timely. The department is training staff to assist with the fiscal year 2022-23 audit. We will make sure all adjusting JE's are reviewed completely to ensure the result is accurate.