



City of Florence, Oregon

Annual Financial Report Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

City of Florence, Oregon Annual Financial Report Year Ended June 30, 2020

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

City of Florence, Oregon

Elected Officials And Principal Appointed Officers of the City

June 30, 2020

ELECTED OFFICIALS

TERM EXPIRATION

Joe Henry	Mayor	December 31, 2022
Woody Woodbury	Council President	December 31, 2022
Sally Wantz	Council Vice-President	December 31, 2024
Maggie Wisniewski	Councilor	December 31, 2022
Bill Meyer	Councilor	December 31, 2024

ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICIALS

Erin Reynolds	City of Florence City Manager
Anne Baker	City of Florence Administrative Services Director

MAILING ADDRESS

250 Hwy. 101 Florence, Oregon 97439

FINANCIAL SECTION

7624 SW Mohawk Street Tualatin, OR 97062 www.merina.com 503.723.0300



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Florence, Oregon

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Florence, Oregon, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of Florence's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

City of Florence's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Florence, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, such as management's discussion and analysis and schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance – budget and actual, as listed in the table of contents under required supplementary information, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of the proportionate share of the net pension liability, schedule of contributions - pension, schedule of proportionate share of OPEB - RHIA, schedule of contributions to OPEB - RHIA, schedule of changes in OPEB liability and related ratios - implicit rate subsidy, and schedule of contributions to OPEB - implicit rate subsidy, as listed in the table of contents under required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance – budget and actual, as listed in the table of contents under required supplementary information, are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Supplemental and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise City of Florence's basic financial statements. The introductory section and other supplementary information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Reports on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 7, 2021 on our consideration of City of Florence's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report

is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Florence's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is issued separately and is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Florence's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Other Reporting Required by Oregon Minimum Standards

In accordance with Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, we have also issued our report dated May 7, 2021, on our consideration of City of Florence's compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on compliance.

Jonge Mig

For Merina+Co Tualatin, Oregon May 7, 2021

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The management of the City of Florence offers readers of the City of Florence's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Florence for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

Financial Highlights

The City's governmental activities assets totaled \$32.1 million at June 30, 2020, consisting of \$24.8 million in net capital assets, \$5.4 million in cash and cash equivalents and \$1.9 million in receivables and other assets. The City's governmental activities liabilities totaled \$16.8 million at June 30, 2020, consisting of \$15.2 million in noncurrent liabilities and \$1.5 million in accounts payable and other current liabilities. Total net position was \$16.1 million, of which \$12.4 million were invested in capital assets, net of related debt, \$3.5 million was restricted and the remaining \$.3 million was unrestricted.

The City's governmental activities net position decreased by \$91,353 or 0.56 percent. Overall governmental activities revenue decreased \$2.8 million or 25.6 percent. The most significant change was a decrease of \$2.8 million, or 87.9 percent, in the capital grants and contributions driven by grants funding the ReVision Florence project received in the prior year.

The City's business-type activities assets totaled \$40.4 million at June 30, 2020, consisting of \$36.9 million in capital assets, \$2.9 million in cash and cash equivalents and \$0.5 million in receivables and other assets. The City's business-type activities liabilities totaled \$11.4 million at June 30, 2020, consisting of \$9.7 million in noncurrent liabilities and \$1.7 million in accounts payable and other liabilities. Total net position was \$29.3 million of which \$27.4 million was invested in capital assets, net of related debt, \$1.0 million was restricted and the remaining \$.9 million was unrestricted.

The City's business-type activities net position increased by \$.6 million or 2.0 percent. Business-type activities revenue decreased by \$.5 million, or 6.2 percent. Decreases in capital grants were a major contributing factor decreasing \$0.6 million, or 45.3 percent over the prior year due to the completion of the Airport runway project in the prior year. Charges for services increased \$144,600, or 2.2 percent. The City did not adjust utility rates (water, wastewater or stormwater) in fiscal year 2020, in response to the Corona Virus (COVID-10) Pandemic. Future increases of approximately the consumer price index based on the CPI-W for March – February are anticipated.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Florence's basic financial statements. The City of Florence's basic financial statements are comprised of three components:

1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Florence's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City of Florence's assets, and liabilities with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Florence is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Florence that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City of Florence include general government, public safety, highways and streets, culture and recreation, and economic development. The business-type activities include an events center, airport, water, wastewater and stormwater services.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Florence, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Florence can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and change in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City of Florence maintains ten individual governmental funds, which includes two funds from a blended component unit, the Florence Urban Renewal Agency. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Street Fund, Florence Urban Renewal Agency General Fund, Debt Service Fund, City FURA Debt Service Fund and the FURA Debt Service Fund.

Data for the remaining funds are combined into a single aggregate presentation. Individual fund data for each of the remaining funds is provided in the form of combining schedules in the other supplemental information.

Proprietary Funds. The City of Florence maintains two types of proprietary funds. Funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Florence uses five enterprise funds to account for its water, wastewater, stormwater, events center, and airport activities.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments. Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information including financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB, but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Budgetary comparison schedules for major governmental funds are presented immediately following the notes to the basic financial statements.

Other Supplementary Information. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds and budgetary comparison schedules for both the non-major governmental funds and the proprietary funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found in the other supplementary information of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Florence, assets exceeded liabilities by \$45.4 million as of June 30, 2020.

The City of Florence's net investment in capital assets reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, infrastructure, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City of Florence uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the City of Florence's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities

Table 1 - Net Position as of June 30 (Thousands)

	Governmental Activities			В	usiness-ty	pe A	ctivities	Total		
		2020		2019		2020		2019	2020	2019
Current and other assets	\$	7,316	\$	9,557	\$	3,481	\$	3,942	\$ 10,797	\$ 13 <i>,</i> 499
Capital assets		24,797		22,893		36,873		36,971	61,670	59,864
Total assets		32,113		32,450		40,354		40,913	72,467	73,363
Deferred outflow of resources		1,125		1,132		480		451	1,605	1,583
Long-term liabilities		15,188		16,354		9,734		12,053	24,922	28,407
Other liabilities		1,586		687		1,685		493	3,271	1,180
Total liabilities		16,774		17,041		11,419		12,546	28,193	29,587
Deferred inflow of resources		325		310		139		124	464	434
Net position:										
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:		12,397		9,680		27,375		26,175	39,772 -	35,855 -
Public safety		548		368		-		-	548	368
Urban renewal		2,036		3,920		-		-	2,036	3,920
Tourism/economic development		-		82		-		-	-	82
Transportation		216		383		-		-	216	383
System development		174		490		958		864	1,132	1,354
Debt service		472		704		-		-	472	704
Net OPEB Benefits		40		-		17		-	57	-
Event center, non-expendible		-		-		75		79	75	79
Unrestricted		256		603		851		1,575	1,107	2,178
Total net position	\$	16,139	\$	16,231	\$	29,276	\$	28,694	\$ 45,415	\$ 44,925

At the end of the current and past fiscal years, the City of Florence is able to report positive balances of net position in its governmental activities, business-like activities and the government as a whole.

Governmental activities. Governmental activities slightly decreased the City of Florence's net position. COVID increased spending in many areas, however, funding through the Corona Virus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act (CARES Act) mitigated those effects. Key elements affecting net position are as follows:

- Franchise fees and lodging taxes remained steady with no increases due to COVID-19
- Decrease in operating grants and contributions of \$0.31 million, 22.6%
- Capital grants and contributions decreased from prior year by \$2.8 million, 87.9%
- Only a slight overall increase in general government expenditures of \$0.3 million from prior year as departments slowed spending in response to COVID, 3.65%
- Property Taxes were not affected for the 2020 fiscal year
- Increase in highways and streets spending of \$0.15 million, 14.14%

Table 2 - Changes in Net Position (Thousands)

	Governmental Activities			В	Business-type Activities			Total				
	202	0		2019		2020		2019		2020		2019
Revenue												
Program revenue												
Charges for services	\$1	,776	\$	1,470	\$	6,656	\$	6,512	\$	8,432	\$	7,982
Operating grants and contributions	1	,074		1,387		12		2		1,086		1,389
Capital grants and contributions		390		3,225		722		1,320		1,112		4,545
General revenue										-		-
Property taxes	3	,385		3,231						3,385		3,231
Franchise and lodging taxes	1	,409		1,558						1,409		1,558
Investment earings		116		85		88		137		204		222
Total revenue	8	,150		10,956		7,478		7,971		15,628		18,927
Expenses												
Governmental activities												
Administration	2	,216		2,029		-		-		2,216		2,029
Community development		801		831		-		-		801		831
Public safety	3	,521		3,247		-		-		3,521		3,247
Parks		259		205		-		-		259		205
Transportation	1	,209		1,059		-		-		1,209		1,059
Non-departmental		115		395		-		-		115		395
Interest expense		416		329		-		-		416		329
Business-type activities										-		-
Water		-		-		2,141		1,986		2,141		1,986
Wastewater		-		-		2,949		2,667		2,949		2,667
Stormwater		-		-		473		367		473		367
Events center		-		-		775		800		775		800
Airport		-		-		263		198		263		198
Total expenses	8	,537		8,095		6,601		6,018		15,138		14,113
Change in net position before non-operating												
items		(387)		2,861		877		1,953		490		4,814
Transfers		295		560		(295)		(560)		-		-
Change in net position		(92)		3,421		582		1,393		490		4,814
Net position, beginning	16	,231		12,810		28,694		27,165		44,925		39,975
Restatement		-		-		-		136		-		136
Net position, beginning, as restated	16	,231		12,810		28,694		27,301		44,925		40,111
Net position, ending	\$ 16	,139	\$	16,231	\$	29,276	\$	28,694	\$	45,415	\$	44,925

Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased the City of Florence's net position by \$.58 million, or 2.0 percent. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- Increase in expenditures of \$0.6 million, 9.7 percent, from the prior year
- COVID-19 had a negative effect on utility charges, which contributed to a decrease in revenue of \$0.14 million, (2.2 percent), from the prior year
- Decrease in capital grants & contributions of \$0.60 million, (45.33 percent), from prior year
- Decrease in transfers of \$0.27 million, (47.38 percent), from the prior year

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Florence uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City of Florence's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Florence's financing requirements. In particular, the *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Florence's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$5.2 million, a decrease of \$2.5 million in comparison with the prior year. The decrease is attributable to the completion of the ReVision Florence project and the use of \$1.88 million in debt proceeds financing the project, and \$0.48 million decrease in the Street Fund as projects were started and the grants funding those projects have yet to be received.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Florence. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$1.63 million, a decrease of \$0.39 million, or 19.31 percent.

Proprietary funds. The City of Florence's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position as of June 30, 2020 of the City's enterprise funds is as follows:

- Water Fund \$0.40 million, a decrease of \$0.58 million, (58.9) percent
- Wastewater Fund \$(.13) million, a decrease of \$0.02 million, (19.9) percent
- Stormwater Fund \$0.95 million, an increase of \$0.20 million, 26.2 percent
- Airport Fund \$0.24 million, a decrease of \$0.06 million, (69.9) percent
- Events Center Fund \$0.93 million, a decrease of \$0.90 million, (49.1) percent

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The City adopted a biennial budget for the two-year biennium of July 1, 2019 to June 30, 2021. The fiscal year 2020 allocated General Fund budget for revenues was \$6.7 million. Actual revenue for the fiscal year was \$6.6 million. A negative variance in revenue of \$0.1 million resulted as franchise fees were \$0.1 million less than budgeted, a local law enforcement contract expected did not materialize, and property taxes and carryover were \$0.19 million more than budgeted. Other revenue categories were near budgeted amounts.

The fiscal year 2020 actual General Fund expenditures totaled \$5.7 million. All General Fund departmental budgets were underspent relative to allocated budgets for the biennium.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The City of Florence's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2020, amounts to \$61.7 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This represents an increase of \$1.8 million, or 2.95 percent. Governmental Activities capital assets increased \$1.9 million, 8.32% resulting from the work for the ReVision Florence project to be completed in Summer 2020. The business-type funds realized a decrease of \$.1 million, (0.2%) due to the depreciation of the assets. Additionally, \$1.3 million of debt was paid off during the year while \$1.9 million in depreciation was realized.

The investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, utility infrastructure, vehicles and equipment, park facilities, roads and work in progress within these various categories, net of depreciation.

The following table summarizes the City of Florence's capital assets as of June 30, 2020:

Table 3 - Capital Assets as of June 30th (Thousands)

	 Governmen	tivities		Business-ty	pe Ac	tivities	Total				
	 2020	2019		2020		2019		2020		2019	
Land	\$ 2,031	\$	2,031	\$	1,868	\$	1,868	\$	3,899	\$	3,899
Buildings and improvements	7,640		7,921		16,765		16,195		24,405		24,116
Equipment & vehicles	631		694		1,708		1,405		2,339		2,099
Utility systems	-		-		6,417		5,441		6,417		5,441
Infrastructure	8,193		8,043		8,677		9,113		16,870		17,156
Construction in progress	6,303		4,205		1,438		2,949		7,741		7,154
Capital assets, net of depreciation	\$ 24,798	\$	22,894	\$	36,873	\$	36,971	\$	61,671	\$	59,865

Additional information on the City of Florence's capital assets can be found in note III.D.

Long-term debt. At the end of the fiscal year, the City of Florence had total long-term liabilities outstanding of \$24.9 million. During fiscal year 2020, the City paid principal on outstanding debt totaling \$2.1 million. The City timely paid its debt service payments during the year and was in compliance with required debt covenants, with the exception of completing its annual audit timely.

Table 4 - Outstanding Long-term Debt Obligations as of June 30th (Thousands)

. ,	 Governmental Activities				Business-ty	pe Acti	vities	Total			
	 2020		2019		2020		2019		2020		2019
Bonds payable	\$ 2,089	\$	2,364	\$	1,693	\$	2,507	\$	3,782	\$	4,871
Unamortized bond premium	15		16		45		72		60		88
Notes payable	 10,296		10,833		7,759		8,217		18,055		19,050
Total	\$ 12,400	\$	13,213	\$	9,497	\$	10,796	\$	21,897	\$	24,009

Additional information on the City of Florence's long-term debt and liabilities can be found in note III.E.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

In preparing the budget for the 2019-21 biennium, City management presented two-year spending in addition to a sixyear financial plan for consideration and approval by the City's Budget Committee and City Council. The budget included updated assumptions for inflation and adjustments to utility rates and other City fees and charges for the twoyear period. City utility rates were increased annually by the CPI-W, with additional phased-in adjustments to address equity considerations identified in the utility rate study, street revenue was increased to provide additional funding for street maintenance. Other fees and charges were adjusted to recover costs associated with inflation.

Due to the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic, the City elected to forgo the budgeted increase in rates for the 2020-21 fiscal year. Other factors that will have to be addressed are the impacts the pandemic will have on lodging taxes, utility revenues, and state shared revenue.

The local economy shows signs of low to moderate growth, with additional real estate development, and increased tourism. Increases to property valuation is slowly meeting expectations, and revenue forecasts were adjusted accordingly. Personnel costs, due to the increased cost of PERS and health care above inflation, are still outpacing increases in revenue. The City continues to offset this disparity by retaining its staff size, investing in technology where beneficial, thus becoming more efficient. Additionally, the City continues to outsource various functions where cost savings can be realized.

Annual inflation is projected to remain in the 1.5 percent to 3.0 percent range, while local population growth is projected to remain at or below 1.0 percent annually. Development activity is trending upward with the potential for several projects to seek development approval during the next two-year period.

Requests for information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Florence's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Administrative Services Director, 250 Highway 101, Florence, 97439.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements include interrelated sets of financial statements as required by the GASB. The sets of statements include:

- Government-Wide Financial Statements
- Fund Financial Statements
 - Governmental Funds
 - Proprietary Funds
 - Fiduciary Fund

-

In addition, the notes to the basic financial statements are included to provide information that is essential to a user's understanding of the basic financial statements.

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	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS:			
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,389,071	\$ 2,885,204	\$ 8,274,275
Receivable, net:	φ 0,000,011	• 2,000,201	¢ 0,21 1,210
Accounts	495,140	469,145	964,285
Taxes	154,605	-	154,605
Assessments	1,135,047	-	1,135,047
Prepaid expenses	79,764	299	80,063
Inventory		70,314	70,314
Total current assets	7,253,627	3,424,962	10,678,589
Noncurrent assets:			
Notes receivable	21,925	38,971	60,896
Capital assets:			
Non-depreciable	8,334,073	3,306,288	11,640,361
Depreciable	16,463,647	33,566,605	50,030,252
Net OPEB asset	40,233	17,149	57,382
Total noncurrent assets	24,859,878	36,929,013	61,788,891
Total assets	32,113,505	40,353,975	72,467,480
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:			
Deferred outflows related to pensions	1,071,967	456,912	1,528,879
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	53,229	22,689	75,918
Total deferred outflows of resources	1 125 106	470 601	1 604 707
	1,125,196	479,601	1,604,797
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 33,238,701	\$ 40,833,576	\$ 74,072,277
LIABILITIES:			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 203,656	\$ 242,673	\$ 446,329
Accrued payroll and other payroll liabilities	190,444	-	190,444
Interest payable	60,067	25,325	85,392
Deposits Retainage payable	20,000 5,843	-	20,000 5,843
Due to other funds	5,645	3,029	3,029
Compensated absences	299,955	118,381	418,336
Current debt payable	805,799	1,295,360	2,101,159
Total current liabilities	1,585,764	1,684,768	3,270,532
		.,	
Noncurrent liabilities:	2 201 601	1 441 400	4 922 094
Net pension liability Other post employment benefits	3,381,681 212,200	1,441,400 90,448	4,823,081 302,648
Notes and bonds payable	11,594,554	8,202,080	19,796,634
		· . <u> </u>	
Total noncurrent liabilities	15,188,435	9,733,928	24,922,363
Total liabilities	16,774,199	11,418,696	28,192,895
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:			
Deferred inflows related to pensions	301,681	128,587	430,268
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	23,459	9,999	33,458
Total deferred inflows of resources	325,140	138,586	463,726
NET POSITION:			
Net investment in capital assets	12,397,367	27,375,453	39,772,820
Restricted for:			
Public safety	548,425	-	548,425
Tourism	144	-	144
Urban renewal projects Transportation	2,035,733 215,856	-	2,035,733 215,856
•	174,183	- 957,682	1,131,865
System development charges Debt service	472,054	907,002	472,054
Net OPEB benefits	40,233	- 17,149	57,382
Events center		74,864	74,864
Unrestricted	255,367	851,146	1,106,513
Total net position	16,139,362	29,276,294	45,415,656
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$ 33,238,701	\$ 40,833,576	\$ 74,072,277
	, , , , -		

			Program Revenues					
Functions/Programs		Expenses	С	harges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions			
Primary Government								
Governmental activities:								
Administration	\$	2,216,213	\$	1,028,731	\$	321,373		
Community development		801,269		-		-		
Public safety		3,521,290		246,949		116,061		
Parks		258,707		500,082		32,700		
Transportation		1,208,977		-		603,688		
Non-departmental		115,055		-		-		
Interest on long-term debt		415,731		-		-		
Total governmental activities		8,537,242		1,775,762		1,073,822		
Business type activities:								
Water		2,141,121		2,271,239		4,570		
Wastewater		2,948,543		3,370,135		4,710		
Stormwater		473,219		564,102		1,374		
Events Center		774,499		315,538		1,602		
Airport		263,277		135,192		-		
Total business type activities		6,600,659		6,656,206		12,256		
Total government	\$	15,137,901	\$	8,431,968	\$	1,086,078		
	Ta: F F T Un	insfers in (out)	st and	investment ear	-			
	Total general revenues and							

Change in net position

Net position, beginning

Net position, ending

Progr	am Revenues			• •	ense) Revenue a ge in Net Positior			
	Capital				Business			
	Grants and	G	overnmental Activities		Type Activities		Total	
			Activities		Activities	Total		
\$	340,036	\$	(526,073) (801,269)	\$	-	\$	(526,073) (801,269)	
	-		(3,158,280)		-		(3,158,280)	
	-		274,075		-		274,075	
	50,209		(555,080)		-		(555,080)	
	-		(115,055)		-		(115,055)	
	-		(415,731)		-		(415,731)	
	390,245		(5,297,413)				(5,297,413)	
	135,601		-		270,289		270,289	
	308,132		-		734,434		734,434	
	71,260		-		163,517		163,517	
	127,233		-		(330,126)		(330,126)	
	79,359		-		(48,726)		(48,726)	
	721,585				789,388		789,388	
\$	1,111,830		(5,297,413)		789,388		(4,508,025)	
			3,385,338		-		3,385,338	
			1,115,569		-		1,115,569	
			294,222 116,456		- 87,587		294,222 204,043	
			294,475		(294,475)		204,043	
			5,206,060		(206,888)		4,999,172	
			(91,353)		582,500		491,147	
			16,230,715		28,693,794		44,924,509	
		\$	16,139,362	\$	29,276,294	\$	45,415,656	

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund

The General Fund accounts for the financial operations of the City not accounted for in any other fund. Principal sources of revenues are property taxes, licenses and permits, franchise fees and State shared revenues. Primary expenditures are for police protection, insurance and general administration.

Street Fund

This fund accounts for gas tax apportionment and system development charges designated for street and highway projects.

Florence Urban Renewal Agency General Fund

This fund accounts for the activities associated with the City's Urban Renewal Plan. The primary resources are debt proceeds, grants and developer contributions.

Debt Service Fund

This fund is used to accounts for all principal and interest debt payments, except the general obligation bond debt for water treatment plant improvements.

City FURA Debt Service Fund

This fund accounts for the issuance and repayment of City issued debt obligations that are loaned by the City to FURA per the terms of an intergovernmental agreement (IGA) between the parties. The source of repayment are payments from FURA. This Fund was closed during the fiscal year.

FURA Debt Service Fund

This fund accounts for the repayment of debt issued to finance the urban renewal agency's projects and programs, including debt obligations to the City. The primary revenue source is property taxes.

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	Ge	eneral Fund	St	reet Fund	Ren	rence Urban lewal Agency eneral Fund
ASSETS:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,901,020	\$	340,242	\$	2,055,745
Receivable, net:			·	,	·	
Accounts		367,671		80,260		-
Taxes		108,571		-		-
Assessments		127,276		17,334		-
Prepaid expenses		79,764		-		-
Notes receivable		-		21,925		-
Total assets	\$	2,584,302	\$	459,761	\$	2,055,745
LIABILITIES:						
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	151,104	\$	9,965	\$	14,169
Accrued payroll and other payroll liabilities		190,444		-		-
Deposits		-		20,000		-
Retainage payable		-		-		5,843
Total liabilities		341,548		29,965		20,012
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:						
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		105,658		-		-
Unavailable revenue - other		269,409		498		-
Unavailable revenue - intergovernmental		32,506		-		-
Unavailable revenue - SDC and assessments receivables		127,276		39,259		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		534,849		39,757		
FUND BALANCES:						
Nonspendable		79,764		-		_
Restricted for:		10,101				
Public safety		-		-		-
Tourism		-		-		-
Urban renewal projects		-		-		2,035,733
Transportation		-		215,856		-
System development charges		-		174,183		-
Debt service		-		-		-
Unassigned		1,628,141		-		-
Total fund balances		1,707,905		390,039		2,035,733
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and						
fund balances	\$	2,584,302	\$	459,761	\$	2,055,745

D	ebt Service Fund		RA Debt e Fund		JRA Debt vice Fund	Gov	l Non-Major /ernmental Funds	Gc	Total overnmental
\$	385,033	\$	-	\$	80,170	\$	626,861	\$	5,389,071
	-		-		-		47,209		495,140
	-		-		38,668		7,366		154,605
	990,437		-		-		-		1,135,047
	-		-		-		-		79,764
	-				-		-		21,925
\$	1,375,470	\$		\$	118,838	\$	681,436	\$	7,275,552
\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	28,418	\$	203,656
Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	- 20,410	Ψ	190,444
	-		-		-		-		20,000
	-		-		-		-		5,843
	-		-		-		28,418		419,943
	_		-		-		6,844		112,502
	-		-		-		10,584		280,491
	-		-		-		-		32,506
	990,437		-		38,198		-		1,195,170
	990,437		_		38,198		17,428		1,620,669
									70.764
	-		-		-		-		79,764
	-		-		-		548,425		548,425
	-		-		-		144		144
	-		-		-		-		2,035,733
	-		-		-		-		215,856
	-		-		-		-		174,183
	385,033		-		-		87,021		472,054
	-		-		80,640		-		1,708,781
	385,033		-		80,640		635,590		5,234,940
\$	1,375,470	\$		\$	118,838		681,436	\$	7,275,552

CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2020

Total fund balances - governmental funds			\$ 5,234,940
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	•		
Non-depreciable Depreciable	\$	8,334,073 16,463,647	24,797,720
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds:			
Property taxes earned but not available		112,502	
Other receivables earned but not available		280,491	
Intergovernmental receivables earned but not available		32,506	
SDC and assessments receivables earned but not available		1,195,170	1,620,669
Pension-related changes			(2,611,395)
OPEB related-changes			(142,197)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported in the funds:			
Compensated absences payable		(299,955)	
Notes and bonds payable		(12,400,353)	
Interest payable		(60,067)	(12,760,375)
Total net position - governmental activities			\$ 16,139,362

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	Ge	neral Fund	St	reet Fund	Ren	rence Urban ewal Agency eneral Fund
REVENUES:						
Taxes	\$	2,691,318	\$	-	\$	540,348
Franchise fees		1,032,926		82,642		-
Licenses and permits		286,683		-		-
Intergovernmental		434,792		603,688		340,036
Charges for services		1,828,472		548,165		-
Fines and forfeitures		217,781		-		-
Miscellaneous		74,074		19,523		47,470
Total revenues		6,566,046		1,254,018		927,854
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Administration		1,737,720		-		289,413
Community development		714,557		-		-
Public safety		2,574,676		-		-
Parks		257,778		-		-
Transportation		-		715,823		-
Non-departmental		120,372		-		-
Capital outlay		339,259		847,986		1,875,868
Debt service:						
Principal		-		-		-
Interest		-				-
Total expenditures		5,744,362		1,563,809		2,165,281
Revenues over (under) expenditures		821,684		(309,791)		(1,237,427)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfer interfund note payable		-		-		-
Transfers in		100,000		-		-
Transfers out		(1,323,600)		(173,400)		(647,100)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,223,600)		(173,400)		(647,100)
Net change in fund balance		(401,916)		(483,191)		(1,884,527)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		2,109,821		873,230		3,920,260
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	1,707,905	\$	390,039	\$	2,035,733

Del	bt Service Fund	City FURA Debt Service Fund		A Debt ce Fund	Gov	Non-Major vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental
\$	- - - 94,026 94,026	\$ - - - - - - - - - - -	\$	- - - - - - -	\$	447,752 - 113,379 173,353 - 9,174 743,658	\$	3,679,418 1,115,568 286,683 1,491,895 2,549,990 217,781 244,267 9,585,602
	- - - 860 60,503	- - - - -				140,940 - 680,030 - - 31,671		2,168,073 714,557 3,254,706 257,778 715,823 121,232 3,155,287
	636,896 387,225	-		143,228 76,589		164,094 10,378		944,218 474,192
	1,085,484			219,817		1,027,113		11,805,866
	(991,458)			(219,817)		(283,455)		(2,220,264)
	- 776,700 -	(6,643,405) - -	6	643,405 647,100 -		- 700,000 (335,487)		- 2,223,800 (2,479,587)
	776,700	(6,643,405)	7	7,290,505		364,513		(255,787)
	(214,758)	(6,643,405)	7	7,070,688		81,058		(2,476,051)
	599,791	6,643,405	(6	6,990,048)		554,532		7,710,991
\$	385,033	<u>\$ -</u>	\$	80,640	\$	635,590	\$	5,234,940

Amounts reported in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balance			\$ (2,476,051)
The statement of revenues, expenditures, a balance report capital outlays as expenditur statement of activities the cost of those assets estimated useful lives and reported as depreci the amount by which capital outlay exceede current period.	res. Howevers is allocated ation expense	er, in the over their e. This is	
Current year depreciation		1,137,243)	
Capital asset additions		3,041,739	1,904,496
Some revenue provide current financial resourc funds and are not reported in the statement of a		vernmental	148,512
Governmental funds report pension contribut However, in the statements of activities, the construction of employee contributions is reported	ost of pensic	on benefits	(461,462)
Governmental funds report OPEB contributi However, in the statements of activities, the co of employee contributions is reports as OPEB e	st of OPEB e		27,507
Some expenses reported in the statement of a the use of current financial resources and, the as expenditures in governmental funds.		-	
Accrued interest expense			(30,237)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, le financial resources to governmental funds, whil principal of long-term debt consumes the currer governmental funds. Neither transaction, howe net position.	le the repayn nt financial re	nent of the sources of	
Changes in compensated absences	\$	(17,334)	
Debt service principal payments		813,216	795,882
Change in net position of governmental activities			\$ (91,353)

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Proprietary Funds

Enterprise Funds

These funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The intent of the governing body is that the costs of providing the services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed primarily through user charges. These funds represent five segments of operations – Water, Wastewater, Airport, Stormwater, and Events Center. Included in these segments are:

Water Funds

Water Fund

This fund accounts for the financial activities of the city-owned water utility operations. Sales of water and related charges are the major revenue sources.

Water System Development Fund

This fund accounts for monies accumulated from water systems development charges for facility expansion or improvement. The use of these funds is restricted by State statute and City ordinance.

Wastewater Funds

Wastewater Fund

This fund accounts for the financial activities of the city-owned sewer service. Wastewater charges are the major revenue sources.

Wastewater Systems Development Fund

This fund accounts for monies accumulated from wastewater systems development charges for facility expansion or improvement. The use of these funds is restricted by State statute and City ordinance.

Airport

Airport Fund

This fund accounts for all activities of the City's municipal airport. Expenditures include facility and grounds maintenance, aviation fuel, and capital investment. Primary revenue sources are fuel sales, ground leases, land sales, and intergovernmental grants.

Stormwater Funds

Stormwater Fund

This fund accounts for the financial activities of the city-owned storm drainage system. Revenues consist primarily of stormwater charges.

Stormwater Systems Development Fund

This fund accounts for monies accumulated from storm drainage systems development charges for facility expansion or improvement. The use of these funds is restricted by State statute and City ordinance.

Events Center

Events Center Fund

This fund is used to account for the activities of the Florence Events Center.

Internal Service Fund

This fund is used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the government and to other government units, on a cost reimbursement basis.

Public Works Admin Fund

This fund accounts for services provided to other fund of the City. The internal service fund primarily operates for the benefit of the enterprise funds and is reported with Business-type Activities on the statement of activities.

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds			
	Major Funds		<u> </u>	
		Wastewater		
ASSETS:	Water Funds	Funds	Airport	
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 962,054	\$ 422,493	\$-	
Accounts receivable, net	178,013	237,922	6,285	
Prepaid expenses	-	-	-	
Inventory	34,172	15,498	20,644	
Total current assets	1,174,239	675,913	26,929	
Noncurrent assets:	4 005	26.462		
Notes receivable Non-depreciable capital assets	4,825 529,110	26,462 1,075,611	- 1,365,074	
Capital assets, net	8,887,434	15,097,289	2,229,304	
Net OPEB asset	2,459	4,583	-	
Total noncurrent assets	9,423,828	16,203,945	3,594,378	
Total assets	10,598,067	16,879,858	2 621 207	
Total assets	10,596,067	10,079,000	3,621,307	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:				
Deferred outflows related to pensions	65,516	122,117	-	
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	3,253	6,064		
	00 700	100.101		
Total deferred outflows of resources	68,769	128,181		
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 10,666,836	\$ 17,008,039	\$ 3,621,307	
LIABILITIES:				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 81,236	\$ 139,080	\$ -	
Interest payable	4,566	13,440	-	
Due to other funds Accrued compensated absences	- 19,926	- 25,147	3,029	
Current portion of long-term debt	91,801	1,051,759	-	
		1,001,100		
Total current liabilities	197,529	1,229,426	3,029	
Noncurrent liabilities:	1 602 104	2 679 024		
Noncurrent portion of long-term debt Net pension liability	1,602,194 206,680	3,678,921 385,237	-	
Net OPEB liability	12,969	24,174	-	
	12,000	24,114		
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,821,843	4,088,332		
		/		
Total liabilities	2,019,372	5,317,758	3,029	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:				
Deferred inflows related to pensions	18,438	34,367	-	
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	1,434	2,672	-	
Total deferred inflows of resources	19,872	37,039		
NET POSITION:				
Net investment in capital assets	7,722,549	11,442,220	3,594,378	
Restricted for:				
System development	501,448	341,345	-	
Events center	-	-	-	
Unrestricted	403,595	(130,323)	23,900	
Total not position	0 607 500	14 650 040	2 640 070	
Total net position	8,627,592	11,653,242	3,618,278	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$ 10,666,836	\$ 17,008,039	\$ 3,621,307	

Reconciliation to business-type activities:

Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position for internal service funds

Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position of business-type activities

Business-Ty	pe Activities - Ente	rprise Funds	Internal Service
Non-Maj	or Funds		
Stormwater			Public Works
Funds	Events Center	Total	Admin
\$ 1,095,512	\$ 378,118	\$ 2,858,177	\$ 27,027
46,925	-	469,145	
-	299	299	
-	-	70,314	
1,142,437	378,417	3,397,935	27,027
7 694		29.071	
7,684	-	38,971	·
99,909	236,584	3,306,288	0.040.00
1,797,720	1,641,921	29,653,668	3,912,937
990	2,706	10,738	6,411
1,906,303	1,881,211	33,009,665	3,919,348
3,048,740	2,259,628	36,407,600	3,946,375
26,366	72,107	286,106	170,806
1,309	3,581	14,207	8,482
27,675	75,688	300,313	179,288
	• • • • • • • • • •	A 00 707 040	A 4 405 000
\$ 3,076,415	\$ 2,335,316	\$ 36,707,913	\$ 4,125,663
\$ 15,215	\$ 4,430	\$ 239,961	\$ 2,712
371	-	18,377	6,948
-	-	3,029	
3,982	20,667	69,722	48,659
15,566		1,159,126	136,234
35,134	25,097	1,490,215	194,553
207,301	-	5,488,416	2,713,664
83,176	227,474	902,567	538,833
5,219	14,274	56,636	33,812
	·		
295,696	241,748	6,447,619	3,286,309
330,830	266,845	7,937,834	3,480,862
7,420	20,293	80,518	48,069
577	1,578	6,261	3,738
<u>.</u>			
7,997	21,871	86,779	51,807
4 074 700	4 070 505	00.040.444	4 000 000
1,674,762	1,878,505	26,312,414	1,063,039
114,889	- 74,864	957,682 74,864	
947,937	93,231	1,338,340	(470,045
2,737,588	2,046,600	28,683,300	592,994
\$ 3,076,415	\$ 2,335,316	36,707,913	\$ 4,125,663
,-,-,-,-	2,000,010		
		4,125,663	

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds					
	Water Funds	Airport				
OPERATING REVENUES:						
Charges for services	\$ 2,244,412	\$ 3,314,331	\$ 60,322			
Miscellaneous income	26,824	55,805	74,871			
Total operating revenues	2,271,236	3,370,136	135,193			
OPERATING EXPENSES:						
Personnel service	383,845	536,756	-			
Materials and service	1,504,672	1,693,897	140,981			
Depreciation	541,812	980,534	130,236			
Total operating expenses	2,430,329	3,211,187	271,217			
Operating income (loss)	(159,093)	158,949	(136,024)			
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):						
Grants and contributions	117	117	79,359			
Interest income	16,974	48,444	13,253			
Interest expense	(54,528)	(76,083)				
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	(37,437)	(27,522)	92,612			
Net income (loss) before transfers	(196,530)	131,427	(43,412)			
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS:						
System development charges	135,601	308,132	-			
Transfers from other funds		240,000				
Change in net position	(60,929)	679,559	(43,412)			
NET POSITION, BEGINNING	8,688,521	10,973,683	3,661,690			
NET POSITION, ENDING	\$ 8,627,592	\$ 11,653,242	\$ 3,618,278			

Reconciliation to business-type activities:

Change in net position for internal service funds

Total change in net position of business-type activities

Business-	Type Activities - Ent	erprise Funds	Internal Service
Stormwater Funds	Events Center	Total	Public Works Admin
\$ 563,923 179		\$ 6,400,859 251,790	\$ 1,258,185
564,102	2 311,982	6,652,649	1,258,185
199,490 270,653 80,550	498,271	1,366,426 4,108,474 1,875,770	731,417 206,677 122,977
550,693	8 887,244	7,350,670	1,061,071
13,409		(698,021)	197,114
3,224 (623	,	208,117 91,142 (131,234)	10,731 - (85,829)
2,601	137,771	168,025	(75,098)
16,010) (437,491)	(529,996)	122,016
71,260) - 235,487	514,993 475,487	-
87,270) (202,004)	460,484	122,016
2,650,318	3 2,248,604		470,978
\$ 2,737,588	\$ 2,046,600		\$ 592,994

122,016
\$ 582,500

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Fund					ise Funds
	Wa	ater Funds	V	/astewater Funds		Airport
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Cash received from customers and users	\$	2,301,309	\$	3,397,340	\$	1,138,380
Cash received from interfund services provided		-		-		-
Cash paid to employees and others for salaries and benefits Cash paid to suppliers and others		(345,269) (1,410,138)		(451,825) (1,825,966)		- (186,224)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		545,902		1,119,549		952,156
CASH FLOWS FROM						
NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Transfers from other funds		-		240,000		-
Receipt (repayment) on interfund loan		-		-		(902,363)
Net cash provided by (used for) non-capital financing activities		-		240,000		(902,363)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND						
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		(0.47.000)				
Purchase of capital assets		(817,390)		(553,044)		(142,405)
Principal paid on long-term obligations Proceeds from system development charges		(87,603) 135,601		(1,063,576) 308,132		-
Grants and contributions		135,001		306,132 117		- 79,359
Interest paid on long-term debt		(57,414)		(81,168)		-
		(01),111		(2,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities		(826,689)		(1,389,539)		(63,046)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:						
Interest received		16,974		48,444		13,253
Notes receivable		887		22,453		-
Net cash provided by investing activities		17,861		70,897		13,253
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(262,926)		40,907		-
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING		1,224,980		381,586		-
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, ENDING	\$	962,054	\$	422,493	\$	-
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Operating income Adjustments:	\$	(159,093)	\$	158,949	\$	(136,024)
Depreciation and amortization		541,812		980,534		130,236
Decrease (increase) in: Accounts receivable and due from other funds		30,073		27,204		1,002,811
Inventories		18,935		(736)		4,153
Prepaids				(750)		376
Increase (decrease) in:						0.0
Accounts payable		75,599		(131,333)		(49,396)
Compensated absences		735		6,267		-
Net other post employment benefits		(8,062)		(5,214)		-
Net pension benefits		45,903		83,878		-
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	545,902	\$	1,119,549	\$	952,156

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

Busir	iess-Typ	e A	ctivities - En	terp	orise Funds		Internal Service
	nwater nds		Events Center		Total	Pu	blic Works Admin
	63,201	\$	311,982	\$	7,712,212	\$	- 1,260,685
-	56,976) 63,612)		(244,200) (503,010)		(4,188,950)		(646,960) (209,491)
14	42,613		(435,228)		2,324,992		404,234
	-		235,487 -		475,487 (902,363)		-
	-		235,487		(426,876)		
(80,899) 15,801) 71,260		(35,474) - -		(1,629,212) (1,166,980) 514,993		(271,066) (132,058) -
	(891)		128,524 -		208,117 (139,473)		10,731 (87,642)
(2	26,331)		93,050		(2,212,555)		(480,035)
	3,224 4,469		9,247		91,142 27,809		-
	7,693		9,247		118,951		-
1:	23,975		(97,444)		(195,488)		(75,801)
9	71,537		475,562		3,053,665		102,828
\$ 1,0	95,512	\$	378,118	\$	2,858,177	\$	27,027
\$	13,409	\$	(575,262)	\$	(698,021)	\$	197,114
1	80,550		142,638		1,875,770		122,977
	(901) - -		- - -		1,059,187 22,352 376		2,500 - -
	7,041 530		(4,739) (2,521)		(102,828) 5,011		(2,814) 3,811
	(2,009) 43,993		(4,282) 8,938		(19,567) 182,712		(3,132) 83,778
\$ 1·	42,613	\$	(435,228)	\$	2,324,992	\$	404,234

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Fiduciary Funds

These funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds. Agency Funds are custodial in nature and do not involve measurement of results.

Agency Fund

This fund is used for tracking of activities for the Municipal Court Agency Fund. The assets are held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other organizations.

CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION June 30, 2020

ASSETS:	Ager	ncy Funds
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	44,779
LIABILITIES: Amount held for others	\$	44,779

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the City of Florence, Oregon (the City) have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). GAAP statements require the application of all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements.

A. Description of Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the primary government and its component unit. *Governmental activities*, which are normally supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from a legally separate *component unit* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

B. Reporting Entity

1. Primary Government

The City of Florence, Oregon (City), is an Oregon municipal corporation, is organized under the general laws of the State of Oregon. The City's governed by an elected mayor and four-member council. These financial statements present the primary government and its component unit, the Florence Urban Renewal Agency, a separate legal entity for which the City is considered to be financially accountable.

2. Blended Component Unit

The accompanying basic financial statements present the City and its component unit, Florence Urban Renewal Agency (Agency). The Agency was formed to plan, direct, and manage certain projects within Florence. Pursuant to ORS 457.055 and under Lane County's order No. 86-8-27-1H, the City Council has appointed a nine-member board as the governing body of the Agency. The Agency was formed by the City as a separate legal entity to implement the programs in the revitalization plan of the City. Upon completion, all projects constructed become assets of the City. The Florence Urban Renewal Agency General Fund and Florence Urban Renewal Agency Debt Service Fund are reported as governmental funds. The Agency is a blended component unit and as such is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize the Department's separate enterprise operations

C. Basic Financial Statements

1. Government-Wide Financial Statements

Basic financial statements are presented at both the government-wide and fund financial level. Both levels of statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. Governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

Government-wide financial statements present information about the reporting government as a whole. These statements focus on the sustainability of the City as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from the activities of the fiscal period. These aggregated statements consist of the *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities*.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the City's assets and deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows, with the difference between the two reported as net position.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and allocated indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Indirect expenses are those costs, usually

administrative in nature, that support all City function or program. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from a function or segment or are otherwise directly affected by it; 2) operating grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting requirements of a particular function or segment; and 3) capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting requirements of a particular function or segment. Property taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

2. Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements present information at the individual fund level. Funds are classified and summarized as governmental, proprietary, or fiduciary type. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Non-major funds are combined into a single column in the fund financial statements and are detailed in the supplemental information.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Capital assets are capitalized and depreciated, and City debt is reported as a liability with premiums and discounts amortized over the life of the debt.

Governmental fund financial statements are presented using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both *measurable and available*. *Measurable* means the amount of the transaction can be determined and revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of year end. Property taxes, franchise fees from the Department, assessment liens, and state shared revenues are susceptible to the year-end 60-day accrual. Expenditure driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

An unavailable revenue deferred inflow arises on the balance sheets of the governmental funds when potential revenue does not meet both the *measurable* and *available* criteria for recognition in the current period. This unavailable revenue consists primarily of uncollected property taxes not deemed available to finance operations of the current period. In the government-wide statement of activities, with a full accrual basis of accounting, revenue must be recognized as soon as it is earned regardless of its availability. Thus, the deferred inflow created on the balance sheets of the governmental funds for unavailable revenue, is eliminated.

Similar to the way its revenues are recorded, governmental funds only record those expenditures that affect current financial resources. Debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. In the government-wide financial statements, however, with a full accrual basis of accounting, all expenses affecting the economic resource status of the government are recognized.

Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental column, a reconciliation is necessary to explain the adjustments needed to transform the fund based financial statements into the governmental column of the government-wide presentation. This reconciliation is part of the basic financial statements.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise and internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses include the cost of sales and services, administrative expense, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

E. Financial Statement Presentation

The financial transactions of the City are recorded in individual funds. A fund is an independent accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts comprised of assets, liabilities, deferred inflows/outflows of resources, fund balances, revenues, and expenditures. Fund accounting segregates resources according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance related legal and contractual provisions.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) set forth minimum criteria for the determination of major funds. The City elected to include the Airport Maintenance Fund as a major funds due to community interest.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

- <u>General Fund</u> This is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the City except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Principal sources of revenue are property taxes; franchise taxes, and state shared revenue. Primary expenditures are for general government and public safety.
- <u>Streets Program</u> This program reports activity from the following budgeted funds:
 - <u>Street Fund</u> This was established as a requirement of Oregon Revised Statues 366.815. Monies received from the State of Oregon (gasoline tax apportionment), the City's street maintenance fee, and grants are the major sources of revenue. These monies are to be used exclusively for the construction, reconstruction, improvement, repair, maintenance, operation and use of public highways, roads, streets, sidewalks, bike lanes, and paths.
 - <u>Street System Development Fund</u> This fund is used to account for major street improvements. The primary source of revenues is street system development fees on new construction within the City. The use of these funds is restricted by State statue and City ordinance.
- <u>FURA General Fund</u> This fund accounts for the activities associated with the City's Urban Renewal Plan. The primary resources are debt proceeds, grants and developer contributions.
- <u>Debt Service Fund</u> This fund is used to account for special assessment revenue from a local improvement district (LID) and the servicing of related bonded debt incurred for the improvement of Spruce Street.
- <u>City FURA Debt Service Fund</u> This fund was closed during the fiscal year. This fund accounted for the issuance and repayment of City issued debt obligations that were loaned by the City to the FURA per the terms of an intergovernmental agreement (IGA) between the parties. The source of repayment was payments from FURA.
- <u>FURA Debt Service Fund</u> This fund accounts for the repayment of debt issued to finance the urban renewal agency's projects and programs, including debt obligations to the City. The primary revenue source is property taxes.

Additionally, the City reports non-major funds within the governmental classification which include the following funds:

- <u>9-1-1 Emergency Fund</u> This fund accounts for revenue from the 911 telephone tax and user fees from various special districts for operation of the Western Lane County Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP).
- <u>Room Tax Fund</u> This fund accounts for the City's room tax receipts. These taxes are used to help support the Florence Events Center and to accomplish specific marketing of the City and tourismrelated projects.
- <u>General Obligation Bond Fund</u> This fund accounts for the City's general obligation bond activity. Currently, a bond issued to fund construction of water utility infrastructure is accounted for in this fund.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

- <u>Water Operations</u> This program reports activity from the following budgeted funds:
 - <u>Water Fund</u> This fund accounts for the financial activities of the city-owned water utility operations. Sales of water and related charges are the major revenue sources.
 - <u>Water Systems Development Fund</u> This fund accounts for monies accumulated from water system development charges for facility expansion or improvement. The use of these funds is restricted by State statute and City ordinance.
- <u>Wastewater Operations</u> This program reports activity from the following budgeted funds:
 - <u>Wastewater Fund</u> This fund accounts for the financial activities of the city-owned sewer service. Wastewater charges are the major revenue sources.
 - <u>Water Systems Development Fund</u> This fund accounts for monies accumulated from wastewater systems development charges for facility expansion or improvement. The use of these funds is restricted by State statute and City ordinance.
- <u>Airport Fund</u> This fund accounts for all activities of the City's municipal airport. Expenditures include facility and grounds maintenance, aviation fuel, and capital investment. Primary revenue sources are fuel sales, ground leases, land sales, and intergovernmental grants.

Additionally, the City reports the following funds as nonmajor enterprise funds:

- <u>Stormwater Operations</u> This program reports activity from the following budgeted funds:
 - <u>Stormwater Operations Fund</u> This fund accounts for the financial activities of the city-owned storm drainage system. Revenues consist primarily of stormwater charges
 - <u>Stormwater Systems Development Fund</u> This fund accounts for monies accumulated from storm drainage systems development charges for facility expansion or improvement. The use of these funds is restricted by State statute and City ordinance.
- <u>Event Center Fund</u> This fund is used to account for the activities of the Florence Events Center. Expenditures are for the operation of the Events Center facility including personnel, show booking costs, facility operating and maintenance costs, licensing, and equipment expenditures. The

primary sources of revenue are facility and equipment rental fees, ticket fees, commissions, and show revenue.

The City also reports internal service funds within the proprietary fund type. The City's internal service funds include the service the <u>Public Works Administration Fund</u> provides to other funds of the City. The internal service fund primarily operates for the benefit of the enterprise funds and is reported with Business-type Activities on the statement of activities.

The agency fund is used for tracking of activities for the <u>Municipal Court Agency Fund</u>. The assets are held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other organizations.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. The City allocates charges as reimbursement for services provided by the general fund in support of those functions based on levels of service provided. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned. These charges are included in direct program expenses.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Significant operating expenses include personnel, contracted services, repairs and maintenance, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

F. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

1. Cash and Investments

Cash and investments, including restricted cash and investments, consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition, and the State of Oregon Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) deposits. Investments in the LGIP are stated at share value, which approximates fair value, and is the value at which the shares can be withdrawn.

The LGIP is administered by the Oregon State Treasury. The LGIP is an open-ended no-load diversified portfolio offered to any agency, political subdivision or public corporation of the sate who by law is made the custodian of, or has control of, any public funds. The LGIP is commingled with the state's short-term funds. In seeking to best serve local governments of Oregon, the Oregon Legislature established the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board. The purpose of the Board is to advise the Oregon State Treasury in the management and investment of the LGIP.

The City's investment policy, adopted by the City Council, essentially mirrors the requirements of the Oregon Revised Statutes. Currently, the City's investment portfolio consists of investments in the LGIP.

Investments are stated at fair value. Fair value is based on current market prices. Changes in the fair value of investments are recognized as revenue. GASB Statement 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application* provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritized the inputs for valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1 measurement) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (level 3 measurements).

2. Receivables and Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending or borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year, as well as all other outstanding balances between funds or between the primary government and its component unit are referred to as "due to", "advance to" or "due from", "advance from" other funds or component unit. Amounts related to the intergovernmental agreement between the City and FURA are reported as interfund note receivable/payable. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Property taxes are assessed as of January 1 and become a lien as of July 1 on all taxable property. Property taxes are due on November 15. Collection dates are November 15, February 15, and May 15. Discounts are allowed if the amount due or two-thirds of the amount due is received by November 15. Taxes unpaid and outstanding on May 16 are considered delinquent.

In the government-wide financial statements, property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. In the fund financial statements, property taxes receivable which have been collected within 60 days subsequent to year-end are considered *measurable* and *available* and are recognized as revenues. All other property taxes receivable is offset by deferred inflows of resources as they are deemed unavailable to finance operations of the current period.

Receivables of the proprietary fund types and the Department are recorded as revenue when earned. Accounts receivables in the Department also include estimated revenues, that are accrued for power and water deliveries not yet billed to customers from meter reading dates prior to month end (unbilled revenue) and are reversed in the following year when the billings occur. In the Department, the allowance for uncollectible accounts is determined by considering a number of factors, including the length of time trade accounts receivable are past due, the customer's previous loss history, the customer's current ability to pay its obligation, and the condition of the general economy and the industry as a whole.

3. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories of materials and supplies in the proprietary funds are stated at cost, on a first-in, first-out basis, and charged to expense as used.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

4. Capital Assets

In the government-wide financial statements, capital assets include property, plant, equipment, infrastructure assets (streets, traffic lights, storm drain, and sanitary sewer), and intangible assets (easements and land rights) and are reported in the applicable governmental activity, business-type activity columns in the government-wide financial statements. In the governmental fund financial statements, capital assets are charged to expenditures as purchased; while in the proprietary fund financial statements, capital assets are capitalized when purchased. Capital Assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual cost is not available. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more, and having a useful life extending beyond a single reporting period. Additions or improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset, or that significantly increase the capacity of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. No interest costs were capitalized during the year ended June 30, 2020.

Depreciation on exhaustible assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position and is provided on the straightline basis over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	Years
Buildings	40
Improvements	25
Infrastructure	25 – 40
Vehicles	5
Furniture & Equipment	5

Depreciation is recorded in the year the assets are acquired or retire from the date of acquisition or to the date of disposition. Gains and losses from sales or retirements of capital assets are included in operations of the current period.

5. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The government-wide statements and the enterprise funds report deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and other post employment benefits (OPEB).

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City reports two types of deferred inflows. Unavailable revenues, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, are reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes, assessments and notes receivable. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The government-wide statements and the enterprise funds report deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB.

6. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences, such as vacation and comp time pay is accrued as it is earned. For governmental funds, compensated absences is maintained separately and represents a reconciling item between the fund level and government-wide presentations. No liability is recorded for non-vesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it.

Funds used to liquidate accrued compensated absences include the general fund, street fund, water fund, wastewater fund, event center fund, stormwater fund, and public works administration fund.

7. Long-Term Debt

In the government-wide and proprietary fund type financial statements, long-term debt is reported as a liability in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund statement of net position. Premiums, discounts and deferred amounts on refunding are amortized over the life of the related debt issue. Long-term debt payable is reported net of the related unamortized premium or discount. Issuance costs are reported as period costs in the year of issue.

In the governmental fund financial statements, the face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums are also reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported

as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

8. Pensions

A pension liability is reported in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements as a liability in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund statement of net position. Interest and amortization are reported as pension expense in the government-wide statement of activities for governmental and business-type activities, and as operating expense in the proprietary funds.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows or resources related to pension, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (Oregon PERS) and additions to/deductions from Oregon PERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by Oregon PERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

9. Other Postemployment Benefit Obligations

For purposes of measuring the OPEB asset and liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City and Department's two separate plans the Implicit Rate Subsidy and Oregon Public Employees Retirement Systems and additions to/deductions from Implicit Rate Subsidy and Oregon PERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by Implicit Rate Subsidy and Oregon PERS. For this purpose, Implicit Rate Subsidy and Oregon PERS recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

10. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has two types of deferred inflows that qualify for reporting in this category. *Unavailable revenue* is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that amount becomes available. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from four sources: property taxes, intergovernmental, SDC and assessments receivable, and other for when a timing requirement has not been met. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The City also reports deferred amounts related to pension and OPEB. These amounts are deferred and recognized as inflows of resources in the period when the City recognizes pension and OPEB income. Deferred inflows are included in the government-wide statement of net position and the proprietary funds statement of net position.

11. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted-net position and unrestricted-net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be

made about the order in which resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted-net position to have been depleted before unrestricted-net position is applied.

12. Fund Balance

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Fund balance is reported as *nonspendable* when the resources cannot be spent because they are either in a nonspendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Resources in nonspendable form include inventories and prepayments.

Fund balance is reported as *restricted* when the constraints placed on the use of the resources are either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City's highest level of decision-making authority are reported as *committed* fund balances. The City reports fund balances as committed when the City Council passes a resolution that places specific constraints on how the resources may be used. The City Council can modify or rescind the resolution at any time through passage of an additional resolution.

Amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to use them for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed, are reported as *assigned* fund balance. Intent is expressed when the City Council approves certain amounts during the adoption of the annual budget.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. This classification is also used to report deficit fund balance amounts in other governmental funds.

G. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and deferred inflows, the disclosure of contingent assets, liabilities and deferred inflows at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual amounts could differ from those estimates.

II. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

A. Budgetary Information

The City implemented biennial budgeted effective July 1, 2019 for the biennium ending June 30, 2021. Appropriations are for the biennial period. Appropriations reported in the supplemental budget schedules report the amount for the biennial period. Appropriations lapse at the end of the biennial period.

A budget is prepared in the early winter preceding the biennial period in which the budget will be used. The City is required to budget for all funds. The budget committee, with public input, deliberates and approves the budget for transmittal to the City Council in early spring. After public notices and a hearing, the final budget is adopted, appropriations made, and a tax levy declared no later than June 30th.

The City Council resolution adopting the budget and authorizing appropriations for each fund sets the level by with expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriation. Appropriations lapse at the end of the biennial period.

Expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations except in the case of grants which could not be estimated at the time of budget adoption. Supplemental appropriations and appropriation transfers may occur with notice and City Council action.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, expenditures exceeded appropriations as follows:

Fund	Budget Category	Amou	nt
Debt Service Fund	Materials and services	\$	60
Debt Service Fund	Capital outlay		60,503
Airport Fund	Capital outlay		7,406

III. Detailed Notes on Accounts

A. Cash and Investments

The City maintains a cash and investment pool for its cash and cash equivalents in which each fund participates. Cash and investments comprise the following as of June 30, 2020:

Cas LGI	sh on hand sh in bank P gon Community Foundation	\$ 1,500 538,621 7,704,069 74,864
	Total	\$ 8,319,054
Cash and Investments ar	re reported as follows:	
Bus	vernmental activities siness-type activities ency funds	\$ 5,389,071 2,885,204 44,779
Tota	al	\$ 8,319,054

Oregon Revised Statutes authorize the City to invest in general obligations of the U.S. Government and its agencies; certain bonded obligations of Oregon municipalities; bank repurchase agreements; certificates of deposit; bankers' acceptances; the State of Oregon Local Government Investment Pool; and certain corporate indebtedness, which includes only the four highest ratings by the ratings agencies.

The State of Oregon Local Government Investment Pool (Pool) is not registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company. The Oregon Revised Statutes and the Oregon Investment Council govern the Pool's investment policies. The State Treasurer is the investment officer for the Pool and is responsible for all funds in the Pool. These funds must be invested, and the investments managed as a prudent investor would, exercising reasonable care, skill, and caution. Investments in the Pool are further governed by portfolio guidelines issued by the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board which establishes diversification percentages and specifies the types and maturities of investments. The Oregon Audits Division audits the Pool annually. The Division's report on the Pool as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020 was unmodified. The fair value of the City's position in the Pool at June 30, 2020 was 100 percent of the value of the Pool shares. The Pool does not have a credit quality rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization and is therefore unrated.

At year end, the City's investment balance was \$74,864 held by the Oregon Community Foundation for the Florence Events Center Endowment Subfund. The weighted average maturity on the investments was about 3 months. The City's investments include co-mingled trusts and pooled funds-equity category which represents investments in equities, both U.S and international, including investments in developed and emerging markets as well as in energy, real estate, and commodity stocks.

At year end, the City's total book balance for deposits with financial institutions was \$538,621 and the bank balance was \$675,702. The City's bank balances were covered by \$250,000 Federal Depository Insurance. Of the Department's bank balances, \$387,726 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance. As required by Oregon Revised Statutes, deposits in excess of federal depository insurance were held at a qualified depository for public funds. All qualified depositories for public funds are included in the multiple financial institution collateral pool that is maintained by and in the name of the Office of the State Treasurer.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of failure of a counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in the possession of an outside party. The City does not have a policy relating to custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2020, the City does not have investments exposed to custodial credit risk.

The City's investment policy allows 100 percent of the City's investments to be invested in the Pool. As a means to limit exposure to fair value losses arising from changes in interest rates, the City's investment policy requires that all investments other than the Pool mature in less than one year.

B. Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

Uncollected taxes and assessments are deemed to be substantially collectible or recoverable through liens. Therefore, no allowance for uncollectible accounts has been established.

Accounts receivable for business-type activities are reported net of an allowance of doubtful accounts as follows as of June 30, 2020:

Water operations	\$ 13,125
Wastewater operations	17,738
Storm water operations	 2,495
Total allowance for doubtful accounts	\$ 33,358

C. Receivables

1. Interfund Transfers

The interfund transfer activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

	Transfers In							
	Nonmajor Debt FURA Debt Govern- Wastew ater Events General Service Service mental Operations Center Totals							
insfers Out:								
General	\$ -	\$ 383,600	\$-	\$ 700,000	\$ 240,000	\$ -	\$1,323,600	
FURA General	-	-	647,100	-	-	-	647,100	
Streets Program	-	173,400	-	-	-	-	173,400	
Nonmajor Governmental	100,000	-	-	-	-	235,487	335,487	
Public Works Admin	-	219,700	-	-	-	-	219,700	
	\$ 100,000	\$ 776,700	\$ 647,100	\$ 700,000	\$ 240,000	\$ 235,487	\$2,699,287	

Transfers are budgeted and made to move financial resources from the Transient Room Tax Fund to the Events Center Fund to fund operations. Additionally, transfers are made to move financial resources to the Debt Service and FURA Debt Service Funds to fund the repayment of debt.

2. Interfund Note Receivable/Payable

The City entered into an intergovernmental agreement with the Florence Urban Renewal Agency (FURA) to facilitate the use of the City's credit to fund FURA's urban renewal plan projects and programs with more favorable terms and conditions. The IGA provides for \$7.0 million in loans to FURA, with repayment of principal and interest consistent with the terms and conditions of the City's loans with Banner Bank. Additionally, FURA must levy sufficient taxes to ensure a minimum 1.25 debt coverage ratio. FURA used the loans to refinance \$1.6 million of existing debt and \$5.4 million for new projects and programs described in the Florence Urban Renewal Plan. The City and FURA anticipate additional debt obligations will be utilized as FURA's property tax revenue and debt capacity increase to facilitate and goals and objectives of the urban renewal plan.

The City established the City FURA Debt Service Fund to account for the activities associated with the City's use of its credit for the benefit of the City's urban renewal agency. At June 30, 2020, FURA owed the City \$6,352,109 for bank loans the City took out on FURA's behalf.

D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 2,031,030	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,031,030
Construction in progress	4,204,963	2,098,080		6,303,043
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	6,235,993	2,098,080		8,334,073
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Buildings and improvements	12,165,409	55,433	-	12,220,842
Equipment and vehicles	3,174,557	146,087	-	3,320,644
Infrastructure	15,180,879	742,139		15,923,018
Total capital assets being depreciated	30,520,845	943,659		31,464,504
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	(4,244,778)	(336,183)	-	(4,580,961)
Equipment and vehicles	(2,480,704)	(208,590)	-	(2,689,294)
Infrastructure	(7,138,132)	(592,470)		(7,730,602)
Total accumulated depreciation	(13,863,614)	(1,137,243)		(15,000,857)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	16,657,231	(193,584)		16,463,647
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$22,893,224	\$ 1,904,496	\$ -	\$24,797,720

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Ending Balance
Business-type activities:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:	• 1 0 CO 10 0	¢	¢	¢	¢ 1.0.00 10 0
Land	\$ 1,868,428	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,868,428
Construction in progress	2,948,871	684,901		(2,195,912)	1,437,860
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	4,817,299	684,901		(2,195,912)	3,306,288
Capital assets, being depreciated					
Buildings and improvements	32,199,185	435,111	-	1,020,831	33,655,127
Utility systems	14,070,494	108,987	-	1,166,586	15,346,067
Equipment and vehicles	4,493,149	617,683	-	8,495	5,119,327
Infrastructure	11,200,587	53,596			11,254,183
Total capital assets being depreciated	61,963,415	1,215,377		2,195,912	65,374,704
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and improvements	(16,004,484)	(885,957)	-	-	(16,890,441)
Utility systems	(8,629,085)	(300,231)	-	289	(8,929,316)
Equipment and vehicles	(3,088,636)	(322,383)	-	(289)	(3,411,019)
Infrastructure	(2,087,147)	(490,176)			(2,577,323)
Total accumulated depreciation	(29,809,352)	(1,998,747)			(31,808,099)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	32,154,063	(783,370)		2,195,912	33,566,605
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$36,971,362	\$ (98,469)	\$ -	\$ -	\$36,872,893

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:		
Administration	\$	168,034
Community development		29,933
Public safety		189,795
Parks		36,671
Transportation		678,862
Non-departmental	5 <u>-</u>	33,948
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 1	,137,243
Business-type activities:		
Water operations	\$	541,812
Wastewater operations		980,534
Stormwater operations		80,550
Airport operations		130,236
Events center		142,638
Public works admin	-	122,977
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	¢ 1	,998,747

E. Long-Term Liabilities

1. General Obligation Bonds – Governmental Activities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

		30, 2019 alance	Addit	ions	R	eductions	Ju	ine 30, 2020 Balance	 Due in 1 Year
Governmental Activities: Bonds payable Unamortized bond premium Notes from direct borrowings		2,364,658 16,016),832,895	\$		\$	(274,987) (1,056) (537,173)	\$	2,089,671 14,960 10,295,722	\$ 282,719 - 523,080
Total long-term debt Compensated absences Total		3,213,569 282,621 3,496,190	299 \$299	- ,955 ,955	\$ ((813,216) (282,621) (1,095,837)	\$	12,400,353 299,955 12,700,308	\$ 805,799 299,955 1,105,754
Business-Type Activities: Bonds payable Unamortized bond premium Notes from direct borrowings Unamortized bond premium	·	2,507,626 71,972 3,210,480 6,400	\$	- - -	\$	(814,107) (26,738) (457,793) (400)	\$	1,693,519 45,234 7,752,687 6,000	\$ 831,376 - 463,984 -
Total long-term debt Compensated absences Total),796,478 109,559),906,037	118 \$118	<u> </u>		(1,299,038) (109,559) (1,408,597)	\$	9,497,440 118,381 9,615,821	 1,295,360 118,381 1,413,741

Bonds outstanding at June 30, 2020 were as follows:

Purpose	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities
During the 2010, the City issued \$8,750,000 of full faith and credit		
refunding obligations debt with \$8,310,000 at 3.064% and		
\$440,000 as 3.75%. This bond was used to fund projects for		
enterprise funds as well as governmental funds. \$600,000 was		
used by governmental funds and \$8,150,000 was used by		
enterprise funds. Bond principal and interest is payable		
semiannually through December 2030. The unamortized		
premium included in the balance of this bond is \$55,044.		
	\$ 382,060	\$ 1,297,984
During 2010, the City issued \$1,478,000 of limited tax		
improvement bonds at 3.81% for the Spruce St LID. Semiannual		
payments are made from assessments on the property		
benefitting from the improvements. Bond principal and interest is		
payable semiannually through December 2030.	1 025 000	
	1,035,000	-

Purpose	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities
During 2011, the City issued \$1,245 of full faith and credit refunding obligations debt at 4.14% for the Local Oregon Capital Asset Program (LOCAP). This bond was used to fund projects for enterprise funds as well as governmental funds. This governmental portion as \$558,980 and the enterprise funds portion was \$686,020. Bond principal and interest is payable semiannually through June 2031. The unamortized premium included in the balance of this bond is \$5,150.	359,381	440.769
During 2013, the City issued \$1,460,000 of direct placement Water GO bonds for refunding of existing General Obligation Water Bonds for water system improvements. The bond pays interest of 2.11%. The bond matures in June 2022. Loan principal and interest is payable semiannually through June 2022. In the event of a default the Bank may at its election increase the interest rate to 5.11%.	328,190	
Total bonds outstanding Less current portion	2,104,631 (282,719)	1,738,753 (831,376)
Long-term portion	\$ 1,821,912	\$ 907,377

Direct placement notes payable outstanding at June 30, 2020 were as follows:

Purpose	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities
On March 21, 2018, the City received proceeds in the amount of \$3,395,000 from Banner bank to finance improvements to City Hall and the Justice Center and the purchase of land. Loan principal and interest is payable semiannually at 4.375% through December 2037. If an event of default occurs, the Bank may exercise any remedy available at law or in equity; but the Note shall not be subject to acceleration.	\$ 3,056,857	\$ -
On June 20, 2019, the City received proceeds in the amount of \$3,150,000 from Banner Bank to finance the projects of the Florence Urban Renewal Agency. Loan principal and interest is payable semiannually at 3.3% through March 2039. If an event of default occurs, the Bank may exercise any remedy available at law or in equity; but the Note shall not be subject to acceleration.	3,006,772	•
On June 20, 2019, the City received proceeds in the amount of \$150,000 from Banner Bank to finance the projects of the Florence Urban Renewal Agency. Interest only payments at 5.3% are required semiannually through March 2024. Loan principal is due in full on March 1, 2024. If an event of default occurs, the Bank may exercise any remedy available at law or in equity; but the Note shall not be subject to acceleration.	0,000,772	-
	150,000	-

Purpose	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities
During 2018, the City termed out its tax-exempt non-revolving line of credit with Banner Bank. Annual principal and interest payments are required on June 1 and December 1. The interest rate for the line of credit is 2.92% through December 15,2026 as which point the interest rate become variable, with a maximum rate of 5.25% through December 15, 2031, when the maximum rate increases to 7.2%. The minimum interest rate for years eleven through twenty is 2.75%. The note payable has a scheduled maturity of December 1, 2026 for the outstanding balance allocated to the Street Project and December 1, 2036 for the remaining balances. If an event of default occurs, the Bank may exercise any remedy available at law or in equity; but the Note shall not be subject to acceleration. The projects funded and their balances at June 30, 2020 were as follows:		
<i>Street Project</i> – Financing of improvements to the City's streets and related issuance costs in the original amount of \$1,300,000. This portion of the note matures on December 1, 2026.	886,756	_
Agency Project \$3,700,000 was allocated to finance and refinance the projects of the Florence Urban Renewal Agency. This portion of the notes mature on December 1, 2036.	3,195,337	_
<i>Water Project</i> – Financing of improvements to the City's water system and related issuance costs in the original amount of \$1,500,000. This portion matures on December 1, 2036.		1,295,410
<i>Facility Project</i> – Financing of the City's public works facility and related issuance costs in the original amount of \$3,300,000. This portion of the note matures on December 1, 2036.		2,849,898
On August 31, 2010, the City entered into a loan agreement with the Oregon Business Development Department to receive a loan in the amount of \$657,057 to permanently finance the Florence Wastewater Transition Line & Intersection Improvements. Loan interest rate is variable between 2% and 4%. Loan principal and interest is payable annually through December 2034. Upon the event of a default OBDD may declare the loan immediately due and payable, declare the City ineligible to receive future awards from the OBDD, withhold all or a portion of any amounts otherwise due tot the City, or foreclosing liens or security interests upon collateral. The unamortized premium included in the balance of this bond is \$6,000.	-	2,043,030
	-	464,559

Purpose	 vernmental Activities	siness-Type Activities
On February 12, 2010, the City entered into an agreement with		
the State of Oregon Department of Environmental Quality for a		
loan in the amount of \$4,923,260 to finance rehabilitation to a		
major wastewater trunk sewer. Loan principal payments		
commenced upon completion of the project (June 24,2013). The		
loan has a twenty year maturity (June , 2023) with loan fees of 0.5% of the outstanding balance payable annually. Upon the		
event of a default, DEQ may declare the loan immediately due		
and payable, appoint a receiver to operate the Facility, set and		
collect utility rates, direct the State Treasurer to withhold amounts		
due, or pursue any other legal or equitable remedy it may have.	 -	 3,142,820
Total notes payable outstanding	10,295,722	7,752,687
Less current portion	 (523,080)	(463,984)
Long-term portion	\$ 9,772,642	\$ 7,288,703

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for long-term debt at June 30, 2020 are as follows:

	Total Governmental Activities											
	Public Offe	ring Bonds		Direct Placement Bonds						Direct Bo	rrow	ings
	Principal	Interest		Р	rincipal	In	terest		Р	rincipal	Ι	nterest
2021	\$ 118,624	\$ 62,836	2021	\$	164,095	\$	6,925	2021	\$	523,080	\$	332,389
2022	124,796	64,735	2022		164,095		3,462	2022		539,850		315,620
2023	134,184	60,096	2023		-		-	2023		557,161		298,309
2024	141,327	54,802	2024		-		-	2024		724,528		280,941
2025	148,572	49,012	2025		-		-	2025		593,459		254,061
2026-2030	882,856	144,886	2026-2030		-		-	2026-2030		2,712,646		996,510
2031-2035	211,122	5,386	2031-2035		-		-	2031-2035		2,930,040		553,001
2036-2040			2036-2040		-		-	2036-2040		1,714,958		101,563
Total	\$1,761,481	\$ 441,753	Total	\$	328,190	\$	10,387	Total	\$1	0,295,722	\$3	3,132,394

Total Business-Type Activ	ities	
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	Total Business-Type Activities							
	Public Offe	ring Bonds		Direct Bo	rrowings			
	Principal	Interest		Principal	Interest			
2021	\$ 831,376	\$ 57,770	2021	\$ 463,984	\$ 154,223			
2022	70,204	34,459	2022	470,037	146,261			
2023	75,816	31,693	2023	476,271	138,119			
2024	78,673	28,639	2024	482,392	130,190			
2025	81,428	25,448	2025	494,256	121,491			
2026-2030	452,144	74,976	2026-2030	2,577,754	467,848			
2031-2035	103,878	3,299	2031-2035	2,322,718	214,712			
2036-2040	-		2036-2040	465,275	13,881			
Total	\$1,693,519	\$ 256,284	Total	\$ 7,752,687	\$1,386,725			

F. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

1. Financial Statement Presentation

The City's two OPEB plans are presented in the aggregate on the Statement of Net Position. The amounts on the financial statements relate to the plans as follows:

	Implicit Rate Subsidy	PERS RHIA Plan	Total OPEB on Financials
Net OPEB Asset	\$ -	\$ 57,382	\$ 57,382
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Change in Assumptions	6,546	-	6,546
Change in Proportionate Share	-	274	274
Difference between expected and			
actual experience	32,933	-	32,933
Contributions After MD	35,016	1,149	36,165
Total OPEB Liability	(302,648)	-	(302,648)
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Difference in Expected and Actual			
Experience	-	(7,567)	(7,567)
Difference in Earnings	-	(3,542)	(3,542)
Change in Assumptions	(21,977)	(59)	(22,036)
Change in Proportionate Share	-	(313)	(313)
OPEB Expense/(Income)*	32,134	(7,698)	24,436

*Included in program expenses on Statement of Activities

2. Implicit Rate Subsidy

Plan Description:

The City's single-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan is administered by City County Insurance Services (CIS). Benefit provisions are established through negotiations between the City and representatives of collective bargaining units or through resolutions passed by City Council. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

The City's postemployment healthcare plan administrator issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for CIS. This report may be obtained through their website at: <u>https://www.cisoregon.org/About/TrustDocs</u>.

Benefits Provided:

The plan provides eligible retirees and their dependents under age 65 the same health care coverage at the same premium rates as offered to active employees. The retiree is responsible for the premiums. As of the valuation date of July 1, 2019, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active employees	59
Eligible retirees	6
Spouses of ineligible retirees	0
Total participants	65

OPEB Plan Liability, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB:

The City's total OPEB liability of \$302,648 was measured as of June 30, 2019 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the City recognized OPEB expense from this plan of \$32,134. At June 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to this OPEB plan from the following sources:

	 d Outflows of sources	 ed Inflows of sources
Differences between expected and actual		
experience	\$ 32,933	\$ -
Changes of assumptions	6,546	21,977
Total (prior to post-MD contributions)	39,479	21,977
Contributions subsequent to the MD	 35,016	 -
Total	\$ 74,495	\$ 21,977

Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB of \$35,016 resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2021	\$ 1,821
2022	1,821
2023	1,821
2024	1,821
2025	1,821
Thereafter	8,397
Total	\$ 17,502

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2019 valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Inflation Rate	2.50 percent
Discount Rate	3.50 percent
Projected Salary Increases	3.50 percent overall payroll growth
Retiree Healthcare Participation	40% of eligible employees 60% of male members and 35% of female members will elect spouse coverage.
Mortality	Health retirees and beneficiaries: RP-2014 healthy annuitant, sex distinct mortality tables blended 50/50 blue collar and white collar, set back one year for males. Mortality is projected on a generational basis using the Unisex Social Security Data scale.
	Healthcare cost trend rate: Medical and vision: 7.00 percent per year

Dental: 4.50 percent per year

decreasing to 4.75 percent.

The discount rate was based on Bond Buyer 20-Year General Obligation Bond Index.

Changes in Total OPEB Liability:

Changes in assumptions is the result of the change in the discount rate from 3.87% to 3.50%.

	 otal OPEB Liability
Balance as of June 30, 2019	\$ 302,666
Changes for the year: Service cost	18,602
Interest on Total OPEB Liability	11,711
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs Benefit payments	 7,335 (37,666)
Balance as of June 30, 2020	\$ 302,648

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate:

The following presents the City's OPEB liability, as well as what the liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.50 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.50 percent) than the current discount rate. A similar sensitivity analysis is then presented for changes in the healthcare trend assumption.

Discount Rate:

	1% Dec	crease (2.50%)	 Discount Rate (3.50%)	1% Inc	rease (4.50%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$	322,016	\$ 302,648	\$	284,941
Healthcare Cost Trend:					
	1%	Decrease	 nt Health Care end Rates	1%	Increase
Total OPEB Liability	\$	279,373	\$ 302,648	\$	330,533

3. PERS Retirement Health Insurance Account

The City contributes to the PERS Retirement Health Insurance Account (RHIA) for each of its eligible employees. RHIA is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit plan administered by PERS. RHIA pays a monthly contribution toward the cost of Medicare companion health insurance premiums for eligible retirees. ORS 238.420 established this trust fund. The Oregon Legislature has delegated authority to the Public Employees Retirement Board to administer and manage the system. The plan is closed to new entrants hired after August 29, 2003. PERS issues publicly available financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, PO Box 23700, Tigard, OR 97281-3700, or online at https://www.oregon.gov/pers/Documents/Financials/CAFR/2019-CAFR.pdf.

Benefits Provided

Because RHIA was created by enabling legislation (ORS 238.420), contribution requirements of the plan members and the participating employers were established and may be amended only by the Oregon Legislature. ORS require that an amount equal to \$60 or the total monthly cost of Medicare companion health insurance premiums coverage, whichever is less, shall be paid from the RHIA established by the employer, and any monthly cost in excess of \$60 shall be paid by the eligible retired member in the manner provided in ORS 238.410. To be eligible to receive this monthly payment toward the premium cost, the member must: (1) have eight years or more of qualifying service in PERS at the time of retirement or receive a disability allowance as if the member had eight years or more of creditable service in PERS, (2) receive both Medicare Parts A and B coverage, and (3) enroll in a PERS-sponsored health plan. A surviving spouse or dependent of a deceased PERS retiree who was eligible to receive the subsidy is eligible to receive the subsidy if he or she (1) is receiving a retirement benefit or allowance from PERS or (2) was insured at the time the member died and the member retired before May 1, 1991.

Contributions

PERS funding policy provides for employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Employer contribution rates for the period were based on the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation and a percentage of payroll that first became effective July 1, 2019. The City contributed 0.06% of PERS-covered salaries for Tier One/Tier Two members to fund the normal cost portion of RHIA benefits and 0.00% of all PERS-covered salaries to amortize the unfunded actuarial accrued liability over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities being amortized over 20 years. The City's total for the year ended June 30, 2020 contributions was \$1,149.

OPEB Assets, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2020, the City reported an asset of \$57,382 for its proportionate share of the Oregon PERS net OPEB asset. The net OPEB asset was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB asset used to calculate the net OPEB asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017 rolled forward to June 30, 2019. The City's proportion of the net OPEB asset was based on the City's contributions to the RHIA program during the measurement period relative to contributions from all participating employers. At June 30, 2019, the City's proportionate share was 0.0297%, which is a decrease from its proportion of 0.0302% as of June 30, 2018.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the City recognized OPEB income from this plan of \$7,698. At June 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to this OPEB plan from the following sources:

	 d Outflows of sources	 ed Inflows of sources
Differences between expected and actual		
experience	\$ -	\$ 7,567
Changes of assumptions	-	59
Net difference between projected and		
actual earnings on investments	-	3,542
Changes in proportionate share	274	313
Total (prior to post-MD contributions)	 274	 11,481
Contributions subsequent to the MD	 1,149	 -
Total	\$ 1,423	\$ 11,481

Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB of \$1,149 resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase in the net OPEB asset in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:		
2021	- \$	(5,894)
2022		(5,035)
2023		(641)
2024		363
2025		-
Total	\$	(11,207)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The total OPEB asset in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the actuarial methods and assumptions are the same as listed below in **Note G** – **Pension Plan Actuarial Assumptions.**

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

Are the same as listed above in Note G – Pension Plan Long-term Expected Rate of Return.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.20% for the RHIA Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the RHIA plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the RHIA Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset calculated using the discount rate of 7.20%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.20%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.20%) than the current rate:

Discount Rate:

			Current Disco	ount Rate		
	1% Decrease	(6.20%)	(7.20%	6)	1%Increase	(8.20%)
Total OPEB Asset	\$	44,486	\$	57,382	\$	68,370

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Oregon PERS financial report.

Changes in Plan Provisions During the Measurement Period

There were no changes during the June 30, 2019 measurement period that require disclosure.

Changes in Plan Provisions Subsequent to Measurement Date

There were no changes subsequent to the June 30, 2019 measurement period that require disclosure.

G. Pension Plans

Employees of the City are provided with pensions through the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (Oregon PERS) a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, the Oregon Legislature has delegated authority to the Public Employees Retirement Board to administer and manage the system. All benefits of the System are established by the legislature pursuant to ORS Chapters 238 and 238A. Tier One/Tier Two Retirement Benefit plan, established by ORS Chapter 238, is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003. The Pension Program, established by ORS Chapter 238A, provides benefits to members hired on or after August 29, 2003. Oregon PERS issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report and Actuarial Valuation that can be obtained at http://www.oregon.gov/pers/Pages/Financials/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx.

Benefits Provided

1. Tier One/Tier Two Retirement Benefit (ORS Chapter 238)

Pension Benefits

The PERS retirement allowance is payable monthly for life. It may be selected from 13 retirement benefit options. These options include survivorship benefits and lump-sum refunds. The basic benefit is based on years of service and final average salary. A percentage (2.0 percent for police and fire employees, 1.67 percent for general service employees) is multiplied by the number of years of

service and the final average salary. Benefits may also be calculated under either a formula plus annuity (for members who were contributing before August 21, 1981) or a money match computation if a greater benefit results.

A member is considered vested and will be eligible at minimum retirement age for a service retirement allowance if he or she has had a contribution in each of five calendar years or has reached at least 50 years of age before ceasing employment with a participating employer (age 45 for police and fire members). General service employees may retire after reaching age 55. Police and fire members are eligible after reaching age 50. Tier One general service employee benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 58 with fewer than 30 years of service. Police and fire member benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 55 with fewer than 25 years of service. Tier Two members are eligible for full benefits at age 60. The ORS Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Pension Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003.

Death Benefits

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives a lump-sum refund of the member's account balance (accumulated contributions and interest). In addition, the beneficiary will receive a lumpsum payment from employer funds equal to the account balance, provided one or more of the following conditions are met:

- the member was employed by a PERS employer at the time of death,
- the member died within 120 days after termination of PERS-covered employment,
- the member died as a result of injury sustained while employed in a PERS-covered job, or
- the member was on an official leave of absence from a PERS-covered job at the time of death.

Disability Benefits

A member with 10 or more years of creditable service who becomes disabled from other than dutyconnected causes may receive a non-duty disability benefit. A disability resulting from a job-incurred injury or illness qualifies a member (including PERS judge members) for disability benefits regardless of the length of PERS-covered service. Upon qualifying for either a non-duty or duty disability, service time is computed to age 58 (55 for police and fire members) when determining the monthly benefit.

Benefit Changes After Retirement

Members may choose to continue participation in a variable equities investment account after retiring and may experience annual benefit fluctuations due to changes in the market value of equity investments. Under ORS 238.360 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living (COLA) changes. The COLA is capped at 2.0 percent.

2. OPSRP Pension Program (OPSRP DB)

Pension Benefits

The Pension Program (ORS Chapter 238A) provides benefits to members hired on or after August 29, 2003. This portion of OPSRP provides a life pension funded by employer contributions. Benefits are calculated with the following formula for members who attain normal retirement age:

Police and Fire: 1.8 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for police and fire members is age 60 or age 53 with 25 years of retirement credit. To be classified as a police and fire member, the individual must have been employed continuously as a police and fire member for at least five years immediately preceding retirement. General service: 1.5 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for general service members is age 65, or age 58 with 30 years of retirement credit.

A member of the OPSRP Pension Program becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the

member reaches normal retirement age, and, if the pension program is terminated, the date on which termination becomes effective.

Death Benefits

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the spouse or other person who is constitutionally required to be treated in the same manner as the spouse, receives for life 50 percent of the pension that would otherwise have been paid to the deceased member.

Disability Benefits

A member who has accrued 10 or more years of retirement credits before the member becomes disabled or a member who becomes disabled due to job-related injury shall receive a disability benefit of 45 percent of the member's salary determined as of the last full month of employment before the disability occurred.

Benefit Changes After Retirement

Under ORS 238A.210 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes. Under current law, the cap on the COLA in fiscal year 2015 and beyond will vary based on 1.25 percent on the first \$60,000 of annual benefit and 0.15 percent on annual benefits above \$60,000.

3. OPSRP Individual Account Program (OPSRP IAP)

Pension Benefits

The IAP is an individual account-based program under the PERS tax-qualified governmental plan as defined under ORS 238A.400. An IAP member becomes vested on the date the employee account is established or on the date the rollover account was established. If the employer makes optional employer contributions for a member, the member becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, the date the IAP is terminated, the date the active member becomes disabled, or the date the active member dies.

Upon retirement, a member of the OPSRP Individual Account Program (IAP) may receive the amounts in his or her employee account, rollover account, and vested employer account as a lump-sum payment or in equal installments over a 5-, 10-, 15-, 20-year period or an anticipated life span option. Each distribution option has a \$200 minimum distribution limit.

Death Benefits

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives in a lump sum the member's account balance, rollover account balance, and vested employer optional contribution account balance. If a retired member dies before the installment payments are completed, the beneficiary may receive the remaining installment payments or choose a lump-sum payment.

Recordkeeping

Oregon PERS contracts with VOYA Financial to maintain IAP participant records.

Contributions

1. Employer Contributions

PERS funding policy provides for monthly employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. This funding policy applies to the PERS Defined Benefit Plan and the Other Postemployment Benefit Plans. Employer contribution rates during the period were based on the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation. The rates based on a percentage of payroll, first became effective July 1, 2017. Employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2020 were \$312,862 excluding amounts to fund employer specific liabilities. The rates in effect for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 were 18.79 percent for Tier One/Tier Two General Service Member,

18.79 percent for Tier One/Tier Two Police and Fire, 10.14 percent for OPSRP Pension Program General Services, 14.77 percent for OPSRP Police and Fire members and 6 percent for OPSRP Individual Account Program.

2. Employee Contributions

Beginning January 1, 2004, all employee contributions were placed in the OPSRP Individual Account Program (IAP), a defined contribution pension plan established by the Oregon Legislature. Prior to that date, all member contributions were credited to the Defined Benefit Pension Plan. Member contributions are set by statute at 6.0 percent of salary and are remitted by participating employers. The contributions are either deducted from member salaries or paid by the employers on the members behalf. The IAP member accounts represent member contributions made on or after January 1, 2004, plus earnings allocations less disbursements for refunds, death benefits, and retirements. Contributions made by employees were \$207,173 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Pension Assets, Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020 the City reported a liability of \$4,823,081 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017 rolled forward to June 30, 2019. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019, the City's proportion was 0.0279 percent, which was a changed from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018 of 0.0270 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the City recognized pension expense of \$727,952. At June 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 ed Outflows of esources	 ed Inflows of esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 265,979	\$ -
Changes of assumptions	654,306	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments Changes in proportion	-	136,729
Differences between employer contributions and	158,348	50,711 242,828
proportionate share of contributions Total (prior to post-MD contributions)	 1,078,633	 430,268
Contributions subsequent to the MD	 450,246	 -
Total	\$ 1,528,879	\$ 430,268

City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$450,246 are reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year	ended June 30:	_	
	2021	\$	384,615
	2022		10,276
	2023		119,625
	2024		112,866
	2025		20,983
Total		\$	648,365

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	December 31, 2017
Measurement Date	June 30, 2019
Experience Study Report	2016, published July 26, 2017
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Inflation Rate	2.50 percent
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	7.20 percent
Discount Rate	7.20 percent
Projected Salary Increases	3.50 percent overall payroll growth
Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA)	Blend of 2.00% COLA and grade COLA (1.25%/0.15%) in accordance with <i>Moro</i> decision, blend based on service.
Mortality	Health retirees and beneficiaries: RP-2014 healthy annuitant, sex-distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with collar adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation.
Mortality	healthy annuitant, sex-distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with collar adjustments and set-backs as described in the

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of projected benefits and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates

are made about the future. Experience studies are performed as of December 31 of even numbered years. The methods and assumptions shown above are based on the 2016 Experience Study which reviewed experience for the four-year period ending on December 31, 2016.

Long-term Expected Rate of Return

To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in July 2017 the PERS Board reviewed long-term assumptions developed by both Milliman's capital market assumptions team and the Oregon Investment Council's (OIC) investment advisors. The table below shows Milliman's assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the plan was invested at that time based on the OIC long-term target asset allocation. The OIC's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions and includes adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

	Assu	ation		
Asset Class/Strategy	Low Range	High Range	Target	
Debt Securities	15.0%	25.0%	20.0%	
Public Equity	32.5%	42.5%	37.5%	
Real Estate	9.5%	15.5%	12.5%	
Private Equity	14.0%	21.0%	17.5%	
Alternative Equity	0.0%	12.5%	12.5%	
Opportunity Portfolio	0.0%	3.0%	0.0%	
Total			100.0%	

	Torrest Allocation	Compounded Annual		
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Return (Geometric)		
Core Fixed Income	8.00%	3.49%		
Short-Term Bonds	8.00%	3.38%		
Bank/Leveraged Loans	3.00%	5.09%		
High Yield Bonds	1.00%	6.45%		
Large/Mid Cap US Equities	15.75%	6.30%		
Small Cap US Equities	1.30%	6.69%		
Micro Cap US Equities	1.30%	6.80%		
Developed Foreign Equities	13.13%	6.71%		
Emerging Foreign Equities	4.12%	7.45%		
Non-US Small Cap Equities	1.88%	7.01%		
Private Equities	17.50%	7.82%		
Real Estate (Property)	10.00%	5.51%		
Real Estate (REITS)	2.50%	6.37%		
Hedge Fund of Funds - Diversified	2.50%	4.09%		
Hedge Fund - Event-Driven	0.63%	5.86%		
Timber	1.88%	5.62%		
Farmland	1.88%	6.15%		
Infrastructure	3.75%	6.60%		
Commodities	1.88%	3.84%		
Total	100.00%			

Assumed Inflation - Mean

2.50%

Compounded Appual

Depletion Date Projection

GASB 68 generally requires that a blended discount rate be used to measure the total pension liability (the actuarial accrued liability calculated using the Individual Entry Age Normal Cost Method). The long-term expected return on plan investments may be used to discount liabilities to the extent that the plan's Fiduciary Net Position is projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses. A 20-year high quality (AA/Aa or higher) municipal bond rate must be used for periods where the Fiduciary Net Position is not projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses. Determining the discount rate under GASB 68 will often require that the actuary perform complex projections of future benefit payments and pension plan investments. GASB 68 (paragraph 67) does allow for alternative evaluations of projected solvency, if such evaluation can reliably be made. GASB does not contemplate a specific method for making an alternative evaluation of sufficiency; it is left to professional judgment.

The following circumstances justify an alternative evaluation of sufficiency for PERS:

- PERS has a formal written policy to calculate an Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC), which is articulated in the actuarial valuation report.
- The ADC is based on a closed, layered amortization period, which means that payment of the full ADC each year will bring the plan to a 100% funded position by the end of the amortization period if future experience follows assumption.
- GASB 68 specifies that the projections regarding future solvency assume that plan assets earn the assumed rate return and there are no future changes in the plan provisions or actuarial methods and assumptions, which means that the projections would not reflect any adverse future experience which might impact the plan's funded position.

Based on these circumstances, it is PERS' independent actuary's opinion that the detailed depletion date projections outlined in GASB 68 would clearly indicate that the Fiduciary Net Position is always projected to be sufficient to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability of the Plan was 7.20 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.20 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.20 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.20 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Dec	1% Decrease (6.20%)		Discount Rate (7.20%)		1%Increase (8.20%)	
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	7,723,736	\$	4,823,081	\$	2,395,632	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Oregon PERS financial report.

Changes in Plan Provisions During the Measurement Period

There were no changes during the June 30, 2019 measurement period that require disclosure.

Changes in Plan Provisions Subsequent to Measurement Date

A legislative change that occurred after the December 31, 2017 valuation date affected the plan provisions reflected for financial reporting purposes. Senate Bill 1049, signed into law in June 2019, introduced a limit on the amount of annual salary included for the calculation of benefits. Beginning in 2020, annual salary in excess of \$195,000 (as indexed in future years) will be excluded when determining member benefits. As a result, future Tier 1/Tier 2 and OPSRP benefits for certain active members are now projected to be lower than prior to the legislation. Senate Bill 1049 was reflected in the June 30, 2019 Total Pension Liability as a reduction in liability.

IV. Other Information

A. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; natural disasters for which the government carried commercial insurance. In 1981, the League of Oregon Cities joined together with the Association of Oregon Cities to form City County Insurance Services (CIS), a public entity risk pool currently operating a common risk management and insurance program. The City pays an annual premium to CIS for insurance coverage. Based on the experience of the City and CIS, the City may be liable for an additional premium of up to 20% of its initial premium or it may receive a refund. The City has not had to pay an additional premium. Predetermined limits and deductible amounts are stated in the policy. Settled claims have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

B. Commitments and Contingencies

Under terms of federal and state grants, periodic audits are required, and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under terms of the grant. Such audits could lease to reimbursement to the grantor agencies. The City believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

C. Contingency Liabilities

The City is contingency liable with respect to lawsuits and other claims incidental to the ordinary course of its operations and capital projects. Management intends to contest these matters and does not believe their ultimate resolution will have a material effect upon the City's financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

D. Accounting Pronouncements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued Statement No. 95, Postponement of the Effective Date of Certain Authoritative Guidance to provide temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic. The effective dates of certain provisions and pronouncements have been postponed for either a twelve or eighteen month period, depending upon the statement or implementation guide.

E. Subsequent Events

As stated above and in the Management Discussion and Analysis, the COVID-19 pandemic was declared by the World Health Organization in March 2020. The operational and financial impacts are far reaching and will not be fully assessed until sometime in 2021, when the anticipated vaccines are widely distributed. All cities have been affected, and Florence has endeavored to monitor, plan and address issues on a proactive basis. As of release of this report, the current state of emergency declaration regarding COVID-19 extended through June 28, 2021.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements.

- Budgetary Comparison Schedules
 - General Fund
 - Street Fund
 - Florence Urban Renewal Agency General Fund
- Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
- Schedule of Contributions Pension
- Schedule of the Proportionate Share of OPEB RHIA
- Schedule of Contributions to OPEB RHIA
- Schedule of Changes in OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Implicit Rate Subsidy
- Schedule of Contributions to OPEB Impicit Rate Subsidy

CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON GENERAL FUND - BUDGETARY BASIS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Bud	lget		Actual		Variance with
	Original	Final	FY 2019-20	FY 2020-21	Biennium	Final Budget
REVENUES:						
Taxes	\$ 5,353,000	\$ 5,353,000	\$ 2,691,318	\$-	\$ 2,691,318	\$(2,661,682)
Franchise fees	2,303,800	2,303,800	1,032,926	-	1,032,926	(1,270,874)
Licenses and permits	549,900	549,900	286,683	-	286,683	(263,217)
Intergovernmental	1,223,600	1,223,600	434,792	-	434,792	(788,808)
Charges for services	3,764,100	3,764,100	1,828,472	-	1,828,472	(1,935,628)
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	217,781	-	217,781	217,781
Miscellaneous	557,000	557,000	74,074		74,074	(482,926)
Total revenues	13,751,400	13,751,400	6,566,046		6,566,046	(7,185,354)
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Administration	1,580,400	1,580,400	745,279	-	745,279	835,121
Administrative services	2,221,400	2,221,400	992,441	-	992,441	1,228,959
Community development	1,774,800	1,774,800	714,557	-	714,557	1,060,243
Public safety	4,937,900	4,937,900	2,574,676	-	2,574,676	2,363,224
Municipal court	579,100	579,100	-	-	-	579,100
Parks	560,700	560,700	257,778	-	257,778	302,922
Non-departmental	214,200	214,200	120,372	-	120,372	93,828
Capital outlay	745,500	745,500	339,259	-	339,259	406,241
Contingency	1,260,300	1,260,300				1,260,300
Total expenditures	13,874,300	13,874,300	5,744,362		5,744,362	8,129,938
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(122,900)	(122,900)	821,684		821,684	944,584
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in	275,000	275,000	100,000	-	100,000	(175,000)
Transfers out	(2,130,100)	(2,130,100)	(1,323,600)		(1,323,600)	806,500
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,855,100)	(1,855,100)	(1,223,600)		(1,223,600)	631,500
Net change in fund balance	(1,978,000)	(1,978,000)	(401,916)	-	(401,916)	1,576,084
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING - BUDGETARY BASIS	1,978,000	1,978,000	2,109,821		2,109,821	131,821
FUND BALANCE, ENDING BUDGETARY BASIS	\$ -	\$-	\$ 1,707,905	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 1,707,905	\$ 1,707,905

CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON STREET FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Buc	lget			Variance with	
	Original	Final	FY 2019-20	FY 2020-21	Biennium	Final Budget
REVENUES:						
Franchise fees	\$ 163,000	\$ 163,000	\$ 82,642	\$ -	\$ 82,642	\$ (80,358)
Intergovernmental	2,542,000	2,542,000	603,688	-	603,688	(1,938,312)
Charges for services	870,000	870,000	497,956	-	497,956	(372,044)
Miscellaneous	4,200	4,200	4,901		4,901	701
Total revenues	3,579,200	3,579,200	1,189,187		1,189,187	(2,390,013)
EXPENDITURES:						
Personnel service	171,600	171,600	83,944	-	83,944	87,656
Materials and service	1,345,500	1,345,500	631,406	-	631,406	714,094
Capital outlay	6,440,000	6,440,000	847,986	-	847,986	5,592,014
Contingency	276,100	276,100				276,100
Total expenditures	8,233,200	8,233,200	1,563,336		1,563,336	6,669,864
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(4,654,000)	(4,654,000)	(374,149)		(374,149)	4,279,851
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Issuance of debt	4,500,000	4,500,000	-	-	-	(4,500,000)
Transfers in	480,000	480,000	380,000	-	380,000	(100,000)
Transfers out	(520,600)	(520,600)	(173,400)		(173,400)	347,200
Total other financing sources (uses)	4,459,400	4,459,400	206,600		206,600	(4,252,800)
Net change in fund balance	(194,600)	(194,600)	(167,549)	-	(167,549)	27,051
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING-BUDGETARY BASIS	194,600	194,600	383,405		383,405	188,805
FUND BALANCE, ENDING -BUDGETARY BASIS	\$ -	\$-	215,856	\$ -	\$ 215,856	\$ 215,856
The Street Fund is budgeted as an individual fund b with the Street System Development Fund for GAAI						
			174,183			
FUND BALANCE, ENDING			\$ 390,039			

CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON FLORENCE URBAN RENEWAL AGENCY GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Buc	lget			Variance with	
	Original	Final	FY 2019-20	FY 2020-21	Biennium	Final Budget
REVENUES:						
Taxes	\$ 1,071,500	\$ 1,071,500	\$ 540,348	\$ -	\$ 540,348	\$ (531,152)
Intergovernmental	1,639,700	1,639,700	340,036	-	340,036	(1,299,664)
Miscellaneous	16,000	16,000	47,470		47,470	31,470
Total revenues	2,727,200	2,727,200	927,854		927,854	(1,799,346)
EXPENDITURES:						
Materials and service	670,100	670,100	289,413	-	289,413	380,687
Capital outlay	3,482,500	3,482,500	1,875,868	-	1,875,868	1,606,632
Contingency	158,700	158,700	-	-	-	158,700
Total expenditures	4,311,300	4,311,300	2,165,281		2,165,281	2,146,019
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,584,100)	(1,584,100)	(1,237,427)		(1,237,427)	346,673
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Issuance of debt	400,000	400,000	-	-	-	(400,000)
Transfers out	(800,000)	(800,000)	(647,100)	-	(647,100)	152,900
Total other financing sources (uses)	(400,000)	(400,000)	(647,100)		(647,100)	(247,100)
Net change in fund balance	(1,984,100)	(1,984,100)	(1,884,527)	-	(1,884,527)	99,573
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING-BUDGETARY BASIS	1,984,100	1,984,100	3,920,260			1,936,160
FUND BALANCE, ENDING -BUDGETARY BASIS	\$-	\$ -	\$ 2,035,733	\$ -	\$ (1,884,527)	\$ 2,035,733

CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY For the Last Ten Fiscal Years¹

Measurement Date June 30,	(a) City's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	of th	(b) City's rtionate share e net pension bility (asset)	(c) City's covered payroll	(b/c) City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	
2019	0.02788294%	\$	4,823,081	\$ 3,762,260	128.20%	80.20%	
2018	0.02703036%		4,094,744	3,669,227	111.60%	82.10%	
2017	0.02733098%		3,684,226	3,257,585	113.10%	83.10%	
2016	0.02535152%		3,805,852	3,354,642	113.45%	80.53%	
2015	0.02730409%		1,567,653	3,238,206	48.41%	91.90%	
2014	0.02378761%		(539,197)	3,154,516	-17.09%	103.60%	
2013	0.02378761%		1,213,917	3,015,337	40.26%	91.97%	

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarial determined at December 31 and rolled forward to the measurement date.

¹This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

NOTES TO SCHEDULE

Changes in Benefit Terms:

The 2013 Oregon Legislature made a series of changes to PERS that lowered projected future benefit payments from the System. These changes included reductions to future Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA) made through Senate Bills 822 and 861. Senate Bill 822 also required the contribution rates scheduled to be in effect from July 2013 to June 2015 to be reduced. The Oregon Supreme Court decision in Moro v. State of Oregon, issued on April 30, 2015, reversed a significant portion of the reductions the 2013 Oregon Legislature made to future System Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA) through Senate Bills 822 and 861. This reversal increased the total pension liability as of June 30, 2015 compared to June 30, 2014 total pension liability.

A legislative change that occurred after the December 31, 2017 valuation date affected the plan provisions reflected for financial reporting purposes. Senate Bill 1049, signed into law in June 2019, introduced a limit on the amount of annual salary included for the calculation of benefits. Beginning in 2020, annual salary in excess of \$195,000 (as indexed in future years) will be excluded when determining member benefits. As a result, future Tier 1/Tier 2 and OPSRP benefits for certain active members are now projected to be lower than prior to the legislation. Senate Bill 1049 was reflected in the June 30, 2019 Total Pension Liability as a reduction in liability.

Changes of Assumptions:

The PERS Board adopted assumption changes that were used to measure the June 30, 2016 total pension liability and June 30, 2018 total pension liability. For June 30, 2016, the changes included the lowering of the long-term expected rate of return to 7.50 percent and lowering of the assumed inflation to 2.50 percent. For June 30, 2018, the long-term expected rate of return was lowered to 7.20 percent. In addition, the healthy mortality assumption was changed to reflect an updated mortality improvement scale for all groups, and assumptions were updated for merit increases, unused sick leave, and vacation pay were updated.

CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSION For the Last Ten Fiscal Years¹

Year Ended June 30,	r	(a) tatutorily equired ntribution	rela statut	(b) tributions in ation to the corily required ontribution	Contr defic	-b) ibution iency cess)	 (c) City's covered payroll	(b/c) Contributions as a percent of covered payroll
2020	\$	450,246	\$	450,246	\$	-	\$ 3,695,621	12.18%
2019		312,862		312,862		-	3,762,260	8.32%
2018		331,774		331,774		-	3,669,227	9.04%
2017		227,630		227,630		-	3,257,585	6.99%
2016		239,728		239,728		-	3,354,642	7.15%
2015		228,397		228,397		-	3,238,206	7.05%
2014		251,436		251,436		-	3,154,516	7.97%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarial determined at December 31 and rolled forward to the measurement date.

¹This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

NOTES TO SCHEDULE

Actuarial Assumptions and Methods Used to Set the Actuarially Determined Contributions

Actuarial valuation:	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2011
Effective:	July 2017 - June 2019	July 2015 - June 2017	July 2013 - June 2015
Actuarial cost method:	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal	Projected Unit Credit
Amortization method:	Level percentage of payroll	Level percentage of payroll	Level percentage of payroll
Asset valuation method:	Market value	Market value	Market value
Remaining amortization periods	: 20 years	20 years	N/A
Actuarial assumptions			
Inflation rate	2.50 percent	2.75 percent	2.75 percent
Projected salary increases	3.50 percent	3.75 percent	3.75 percent
Investment rate of return	7.50 percent	7.75 percent	8.00 percent

CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF OPEB - RHIA For the Last Ten Fiscal Years¹

Measurement Date June 30,	(a) City's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	proport of the	(b) City's ionate share e net OPEB ity (asset)	(c) Covered payroll	(b/c) City's share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability
2019 2018 2017	0.02969519% 0.03019437% 0.02881056%	\$	(57,382) (33,705) (12,024)	\$ 3,762,260 3,669,227 3,257,585	-1.53% -0.92% -0.37%	144.4% 124.0% 108.9%

NOTES TO SCHEDULE

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarial determined at December 31 and rolled forward to the measurement date.

¹This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

Changes of Assumptions:

The PERS Board adopted assumption changes that were used to measure the June 30, 2018 total OPEB liability. The changes include lowering of the long-term expected rate of return to 7.20 percent. In addition, healthy retiree participation and healthy mortality assumptions were changes to reflect an updated trends and mortality improvement scale for all groups.

CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO OPEB - RHIA For the Last Ten Fiscal Years¹

Year Ended June 30,	det	(a) ractually ermined tribution	relat actuari	(b) ibutions in ion to the ally required ntribution	Contri defic	-b) bution iency ess)	 (c) Covered payroll	(b/c) Contributions as a percent of covered payroll
2020	\$	1,149	\$	1,149	\$	-	\$ 3,695,621	0.03%
2019		14,718		14,718		-	3,762,260	0.39%
2018		14,620		14,620		-	3,669,227	0.40%
2017		14,494		14,494		-	3,257,585	0.44%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarial determined at December 31 and rolled forward to the measurement date.

¹This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

NOTES TO SCHEDULE

Actuarial Assumptions and Methods Used to Set the Actuarially Determined Contributions

Actuarial valuation:	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2011
Effective:	July 2017 - June 2019	July 2015 - June 2017	July 2013 - June 2015
Actuarial cost method:	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal	Projected Unit Credit
Amortization method:	Level percentage of payroll, closed	Level percentage of payroll, closed	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Amortization period:	10 years	10 years	10 years
Asset valuation method:	Market value	Market value	Market value
Remaining amortization periods:	20 years	20 years	N/A
Actuarial assumptions			
Inflation rate	2.50 percent	2.75 percent	2.75 percent
Projected salary increases	3.50 percent	3.75 percent	3.75 percent
Investment rate of return	7.50 percent	7.75 percent	8.00 percent
Healthcare cost trend rates	None. Statute stipulates \$60 monthly payment for healthcare insurance	None. Statute stipulates \$60 monthly payment for healthcare insurance	None. Statute stipulates \$60 monthly payment for healthcare insurance

CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - IMPICIT RATE SUBSIDY

For the Last Ten Fiscal Years¹

	 2020	 2019	 2018
Total OPEB Liability			
Service Interest	\$ 18,602	\$ 17,474	\$ 18,661
Interest	11,711	10,129	8,583
Differences between economic/demographic gains or			
losses	-	41,955	-
Changes of assumptions	7,335	(17,222)	(13,340)
Benefit payment	(37,666)	(30,002)	(31,896)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(18)	22,334	(17,992)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	302,666	280,332	298,324
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$ 302,648	\$ 302,666	\$ 280,332
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 3,695,621	\$ 3,762,260	\$ 3,669,227
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	8.19%	8.04%	7.64%

NOTES TO SCHEDULE

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarial determined at July 1 and rolled forward to the measurement date.

¹This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO OPEB - IMPLICIT RATE SUBSIDY For the Last Ten Fiscal Years¹

Year Ended June 30,	de	(a) tuarially termined ntribution	relat actuari	(b) ibutions in ion to the ally required htribution	Contri defic	-b) ibution iency æss)	 (c) Covered payroll	(b/c) Contributions as a percent of covered payroll
2020	\$	35,016	\$	35,016	\$	-	\$ 3,695,621	0.95%
2019		37,666		37,666		-	3,762,260	1.00%
2018		30,002		30,002		-	3,669,227	0.82%
2017		31,896		31,896		-	3,257,585	0.98%

NOTES TO SCHEDULE

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarial determined at July 1 and rolled forward to the measurement date.

¹This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

Actuarial Assumptions and Methods Used to Set the Actuarially Determined Contributions

Actuarial valuation:	July 1, 2018	July 1, 2016
Effective:	June 30, 2018 and 2019	June 30, 2016 and 2017
Actuarial cost method:	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal
Amortization method:	Level percentage of payroll, closed	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Amortization period:	6.8 years	7.7 years
Asset valuation method:	Market value	Market value
Remaining amortization periods:	20 years	20 years
Actuarial assumptions		
Inflation rate	2.50 percent	2.50 percent
Projected salary increases	3.50 percent	3.50 percent

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Other supplementary information includes financial schedules not required by the GASB, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

Such statements and schedules include:

- Street System Development Fund
- Debt Service Fund
- > FURA Debt Service Fund
- > Combining Statements Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- > Combining Statement General Fund Generally Accepted Accounting Principles
- Budgetary Comparison Schedules
- Budgetary Comparison Schedules Enterprise Funds

COMBINING STATEMENTS

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

These funds account for revenue derived from specific taxes or other earmarked revenue sources, which are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. Funds included in this category are:

9-1-1 Emergency Fund

The 911 Emergency Fund is used to account for revenue from the 911 telephone tax and user fees from various special districts for operation of the Western Lane County Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP).

Room Tax Fund

The Room Tax Fund is used to account for the City's room tax receipts. These taxes are used to help support the Florence Events Center and to accomplish specific marketing of the City and tourism-related projects.

Debt Service Funds

These funds are used to account for revenues and expenditures related to the servicing of general long-term debt:

General Obligation Bond Fund

The General Obligation Bond Fund is used to account for the City's general obligation bond activity. Currently, a bond issued to fund construction of water utility infrastructure is accounted for in this fund.

CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON STREET SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Buc	lget		Actual		Variance with
	Original	Final	FY 2019-20	FY 2020-21	Biennium	Final Budget
REVENUES:						
Charges for services	\$ 70,000	\$ 70,000	\$ 50,209	\$ -	\$ 50,209	\$ (19,791)
Miscellaneous	30,000	30,000	14,622		14,622	(15,378)
Total revenues	100,000	100,000	64,831		64,831	(35,169)
EXPENDITURES:						
Materials and service	2,400	2,400	473	-	473	1,927
Contingency	77,900	77,900	-	-	-	77,900
Total expenditures	80,300	80,300	473		473	79,827
Revenues over (under) expenditures	19,700	19,700	64,358		64,358	44,658
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out	(480,000)	(480,000)	(380,000)		(380,000)	100,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	(480,000)	(480,000)	(380,000)		(380,000)	100,000
Net change in fund balance	(460,300)	(460,300)	(315,642)	-	(315,642)	144,658
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING-BUDGETARY BASIS	460,300	460,300	489,825		489,825	29,525
FUND BALANCE, ENDING -BUDGETARY BASIS	<u>\$ </u>	\$	174,183	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 174,183	\$ 174,183
The Street System Development Fund is be individual fund but is combined with the St GAAP reporting.	0		(174,183)			
			(174,103)			
FUND BALANCE, ENDING			\$ -			

CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Bu	dget		Actual		Variance with
	Original	Final	FY 2019-20	FY 2020-21	Biennium	Final Budget
REVENUES: Miscellaneous	\$ 308,000	\$ 308,000	\$ 94,026	\$ -	\$ 94,026	\$ (213,974)
Total revenues	308,000	308,000	94,026	<u> </u>	94,026	(213,974)
EXPENDITURES:						
Materials and service	800	800	860	-	860	(60)
Capital outlay	-	-	60,503	-	60,503	(60,503)
Debt service:						
Principal	1,415,000	1,415,000	636,896	-	636,896	778,104
Interest	817,500	817,500	387,225		387,225	430,275
Total expenditures	2,233,300	2,233,300	1,085,484		1,085,484	1,147,816
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,925,300)	(1,925,300)	(991,458)		(991,458)	933,842
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in Transfers out	1,673,000	1,673,000	776,700	-	776,700	(1,673,000) 776,700
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,673,000	1,673,000	776,700		776,700	(896,300)
Net change in fund balance	(252,300)	(252,300)	(214,758)	-	(214,758)	37,542
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING - BUDGETARY BASIS	823,600	823,600	599,791		599,791	(223,809)
FUND BALANCE, ENDING - BUDGETARY BASIS	\$ 571,300	\$ 571,300	\$ 385,033	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 385,033	\$ (186,267)

CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON FURA DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Bud	get		Actual		Variance with
	Original	Final	FY 2019-20	FY 2020-21	Biennium	Final Budget
EXPENDITURES:						
Debt service:						
Principal	\$ 496,200	496,200	\$ 143,228	\$-	\$ 143,228	\$ 352,972
Interest	226,600	226,600	76,589	-	76,589	150,011
Contingency	80,600	80,600				80,600
Total expenditures	803,400	803,400	219,817		219,817	583,583
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(803,400)	(803,400)	(219,817)		(219,817)	583,583
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in	800,000	800,000	647,100		647,100	(152,900)
Total other financing sources (uses)	800,000	800,000	647,100		647,100	(152,900)
Net changes in fund balances	(3,400)	(3,400)	427,283	-	427,283	430,683
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING - BUDGETARY BASIS	3,400	3,400	(346,643)		(346,643)	(350,043)
FUND BALANCE, ENDING - BUDGETARY BASIS	<u>\$</u>	\$	\$ 80,640	\$-	\$ 80,640	\$ 80,640

CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2020

		Special Rev	/enue F	unds	Debt S	Service Fund		
	9-1-1 Emergency Fund		Room Tax Fund			General jation Bond Fund	Go۱	onmajor /ernmental Funds
ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	520,830	\$	20,187	\$	85,844	\$	626,861
Receivable, net:	φ	520,850	φ	20,107	φ	05,044	φ	020,001
Accounts		46,554		-		655		47,209
Taxes				-		7,366		7,366
Total assets	\$	567,384	\$	20,187	\$	93,865	\$	681,436
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES:								
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	8,375	\$	20,043	\$	-	\$	28,418
Total liabilities		8,375		20,043				28,418
DEREFFED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:								
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		-		-		6,844		6,844
Unavailable revenue - other		10,584		-		-		10,584
Total deferred inflows of resources		10,584		-		6,844		17,428
FUND BALANCE:								
Restricted for:								
Public safety		548,425		-		-		548,425
Tourism		-		144		-		144
Debt service		-		-		87,021		87,021
Total fund balance		548,425		144		87,021		635,590
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund								
balance	\$	567,384	\$	20,187	\$	93,865	\$	681,436

CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Special Rev	enue F	unds	Debt	Service Fund		
	9-1-	1 Emergency Fund	Roo	m Tax Fund		General gation Bond Fund		lonmajor vernmental Funds
REVENUES:	۴		۴	204 222	۴	450 500	¢	447 750
Taxes	\$	-	\$	294,222	\$	153,530	\$	447,752
Intergovernmental		113,379		-		-		113,379
Charges for services		173,353		-		-		173,353
Miscellaneous		4,983		-		4,191		9,174
Total revenues		291,715		294,222		157,721		743,658
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Administration		-		140,940		-		140,940
Public safety		680,030		-		-		680,030
Capital outlay		31,671		-		-		31,671
Debt service:		- ,-						- ,-
Principal		-		-		164,094		164,094
Interest		-		-		10,378		10,378
Total expenditures		711,701		140,940		174,472		1,027,113
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(419,986)		153,282		(16,751)		(283,455)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in		700,000		-		-		700,000
Transfers out		(100,000)		(235,487)		-		(335,487)
		(, ,		(, - ,				(, -)
Total other financing sources (uses)		600,000		(235,487)		-		364,513
Net change in fund balance		180,014		(82,205)		(16,751)		81,058
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		368,411		82,349		103,772		554,532
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	548,425	\$	144	\$	87,021	\$	635,590

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

Pursuant to the provisions of Oregon Revised Statute, an individual schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance - budget and actual be displayed for each fund where legally adopted budgets are required.

Governmental Budgetary Comparison schedules not included in required supplemental information include the following:

- Special Revenue Funds
 - 9-1-1 Emergency Fund
 - Room Tax Fund
- Debt Service Funds
 - General Obligation Bond Fund

CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON 9-1-1 EMERGENCY FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Bu	dget		Actual		Variance with
	Original	Final	FY 2019-20	FY 2020-21	Biennium	Final Budget
REVENUES:						
Intergovernmental	\$ 220,000	\$ 220,000	\$ 113,379	\$-	\$ 113,379	\$ (106,621)
Charges for services	340,000	340,000	173,353	-	173,353	(166,647)
Miscellaneous	1,000	1,000	4,983		4,983	3,983
Total revenues	561,000	561,000	291,715		291,715	(269,285)
EXPENDITURES:						
Personnel service	1,130,900	1,130,900	568,708	-	568,708	562,192
Materials and service	275,000	275,000	111,322	-	111,322	163,678
Capital outlay	50,000	50,000	31,671	-	31,671	18,329
Contingency	551,500	551,500				551,500
Total expenditures	2,007,400	2,007,400	711,701		711,701	1,295,699
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,446,400)	(1,446,400)	(419,986)		(419,986)	1,026,414
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in	1,417,000	1,417,000	700,000	-	700,000	(717,000)
Transfers out	(275,000)	(275,000)	(100,000)		(100,000)	175,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,142,000	1,142,000	600,000		600,000	(542,000)
Net change in fund balance	(304,400)	(304,400)	180,014	-	180,014	484,414
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING - BUDGETARY BASIS	304,400	304,400	368,411			64,011
FUND BALANCE, ENDING - BUDGETARY BASIS	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 548,425	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 180,014	\$ 548,425

CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON ROOM TAX FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Buc	lget		Actual						riance with
	(Original		Final	FY	2019-20	FY 2020-21	E	Biennium	Fir	nal Budget
REVENUES:											
Taxes	\$	866,600	\$	866,600	\$	294,222	\$ -	\$	294,222	\$	(572,378)
Total revenues		866,600		866,600		294,222			294,222		(572,378)
EXPENDITURES:											
Materials and service		327,200		327,200		140,940	-		140,940		186,260
Contingency		134,700		134,700		-	-		-		134,700
Total expenditures		461,900		461,900		140,940			140,940		320,960
Revenues over (under) expenditures		404,700		404,700		153,282			153,282		(251,418)
······································		101,700		101,700		100,202			100,202		(201,110)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):											
Transfers out		(507,300)		(507,300)		(235,487)			(235,487)		271,813
Total other financing sources (uses)		(507,300)		(507,300)		(235,487)	-		(235,487)		271,813
,		<u>, </u>		<u>, ,</u>		<u>, , ,</u>			<u> </u>		
Net change in fund balance		(102,600)		(102,600)		(82,205)	-		(82,205)		20,395
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING -											
BUDGETARY BASIS		102,600		102,600		82,349			82,349		(20,251)
FUND BALANCE, ENDING -											
BUDGETARY BASIS	\$	-	\$	-	\$	144	\$ -	\$	144	\$	144

CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON GENERAL OBLIGATION BOND FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budget							Variance with				
		Original		Final	FY	2019-20	FY 2	020-21	E	Biennium	Fir	nal Budget
REVENUES:		-										
Taxes	\$	318,100	\$	318,100		153,530		-		153,530		(164,570)
Miscellaneous		100		100	\$	4,191	\$	-	\$	4,191	\$	4,091
Total revenues		318,200		318,200		157,721		-		157,721		(160,479)
EXPENDITURES:												
Debt service:												
Principal		328,189		328,189		164,094		-		164,094		164,095
Interest		17,411		17,411		10,378		-		10,378		7,033
Total expenditures		345,600		345,600		174,472		-		174,472		171,128
Net change in fund balance		(27,400)		(27,400)		(16,751)		-		(16,751)		10,649
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING - BUDGETARY BASIS		29,200		29,200		103,772		-		103,772		74,572
FUND BALANCE, ENDING - BUDGETARY BASIS	\$	1,800	\$	1,800	\$	87,021	\$		\$	87,021	\$	85,221

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

Enterprise Funds

Pursuant to the provisions of Oregon Revised Statute, an individual schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance - budget and actual be displayed for each fund where legally adopted budgets are required.

Enterprise Budgetary Comparison schedules include the following:

- Water Funds
 - Water Fund
 - Water System Development Fund
- Wastewater Fund
 - Wastewater Fund
 - Wastewater Systems Development Fund
- Airport Fund
 - Airport Fund
- Stormwater Funds
 - Stormwater Fund
 - Stormwater Systems Development Fund
- Events Center
 - Events Center Fund

CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON WATER FUNDS COMBINED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Deferred outflows related to OPEB

	W	/ater Fund		ter System velopment Fund	Т	otal Water Funds
REVENUES:					•	
Intergovernmental	\$	117	\$	-	\$	117
Charges for services		2,244,412		-		2,244,412
Miscellaneous		25,412		153,461		178,873
Total revenues		2,269,941		153,461		2,423,402
EXPENDITURES:						
Personal services		345,269		-		345,269
Materials and services		1,489,179		-		1,489,179
Capital outlay		813,948		-		813,948
Debt service:		010,010				010,010
Principal		87,415		_		87,415
Interest		57,602		_		57,602
merest		57,002		-		57,002
Total expenditures		2,793,413				2,793,413
Net change in fund balance		(523,472)		153,461		(370,011)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING -						
BUDGETARY BASIS		1,085,680		341,749		1,427,429
FUND BALANCE, ENDING - BUDGETARY BASIS	\$	562,208	\$	495,210		1,057,418
	φ	302,208	φ	495,210		1,037,418
RECONCILIATION TO NET POSITION - GAA	P BA	SIS				
Inventory						34,172
Capital assets, net						9,416,544
Net OPEB asset						2,459
Deferred outflows related to pensions						65,516
Deferred outflows related to OPEB						3,253
Unavailable revenue						6,238
Accrued interest						(4,566)
Compensated absences payable						(19,926)
Long-term debt						(1,693,995)
Net pension liability						(206,680)
Net OPEB liability						(12,969)
Deferred outflows related to pensions						. ,
Deterted outflows related to peristoris						(18,438)

NET POSITION	\$ 8,627,592

(1,434)

CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON WATER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Bienniun	n Budget		Actual		Variance with
	Original	Final	FY 2019-20	FY 2020-21	Biennium	Final Budget
REVENUES:						
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$-	\$ 117	\$-	\$ 117	\$ 117
Charges for services	4,475,000	4,475,000	2,244,412	-	2,244,412	(2,230,588)
Miscellaneous	10,000	10,000	25,412		25,412	15,412
Total revenues	4,485,000	4,485,000	2,269,941		2,269,941	(2,215,059)
EXPENDITURES:						
Personal services	764,200	764,200	345,269	-	345,269	418,931
Materials and services	3,017,200	3,017,200	1,489,179	-	1,489,179	1,528,021
Capital outlay	3,125,000	3,125,000	813,948	-	813,948	2,311,052
Debt service:						
Principal	173,100	173,100	87,415	-	87,415	85,685
Interest	118,800	118,800	57,602	-	57,602	61,198
Contingency	905,100	905,100				905,100
Total expenditures	8,103,400	8,103,400	2,793,413		2,793,413	5,309,987
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(3,618,400)	(3,618,400)	(523,472)		(523,472)	3,094,928
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Issuance of debt	2,200,000	2,200,000	-	-	-	(2,200,000)
Transfers in	250,000	250,000				(250,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,450,000	2,450,000				(2,450,000)
Net change in fund balance	(1,168,400)	(1,168,400)	(523,472)	-	(523,472)	644,928
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING -						
BUDGETARY BASIS	1,168,400	1,168,400	1,085,680		1,085,680	(82,720)
FUND BALANCE, ENDING -						
BUDGETARY BASIS	\$ -	\$-	\$ 562,208	\$ -	\$ 562,208	\$ 562,208

CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON WATER SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Biennium Budget						Variance with				
	0	riginal		Final	FY	2019-20	FY 2020	-21	В	liennium	Fir	nal Budget
REVENUES:		_ _										-
Charges for services	\$	193,500	\$	193,500	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(193,500)
Miscellaneous		30,000		30,000	. <u> </u>	153,461		-		153,461		123,461
Total revenues		223,500		223,500		153,461		-		153,461		(70,039)
EXPENDITURES:												
Contingency		174,000		174,000		-		-		-		174,000
Total expenditures		174,000		174,000		-		-				174,000
Revenues over (under) expenditures		49,500		49,500		153,461		-		153,461		103,961
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):												
Transfers out		(250,000)		(250,000)		-		-		-		250,000
Total other financing sources (uses)		(250,000)		(250,000)		-		-				250,000
Net change in fund balance		(200,500)		(200,500)		153,461		-		153,461		353,961
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING - BUDGETARY BASIS		200,500		200,500		341,749		_		341,749		141,249
FUND BALANCE, ENDING - BUDGETARY BASIS	\$	_	\$	_	\$	495,210	\$	_	\$	495,210	\$	495,210
BUDGETARY BASIS	\$	-	\$	-	\$	495,210	\$	-	\$	495,210	\$	495

CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON WASTEWATER FUND COMBINED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Wastewater Fund	Wastewater Systems Development Fund	Total Wastewater Fund
REVENUES:	• • • • • • •	٠	ф <u>447</u>
Intergovernmental	\$ 117	\$-	\$ 117
Charges for services Miscellaneous	3,314,331	-	3,314,331
Miscellaneous	96,570	338,264	434,834
Total revenues	3,411,018	338,264	3,749,282
EXPENDITURES:			
Personnel service	451,825	-	451,825
Materials and service	1,693,922	709	1,694,631
Capital outlay	553,046	-	553,046
Debt service:			
Principal	1,037,144	-	1,037,144
Interest	107,600	-	107,600
	,	·	,
Total expenditures	3,843,537	709	3,844,246
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(432,519)	337,555	(94,964)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			
Transfers in	490,000	-	490,000
Transfers out	-	(250,000)	(250,000)
		((,)
Total other financing sources (uses)	490,000	(250,000)	240,000
Net change in fund balance	57,481	87,555	145,036
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING - BUDGETARY BASIS	148,971	227,328	376,299
FUND BALANCE, ENDING - BUDGETARY BASIS	\$ 206,452	\$ 314,883	521,335
RECONCILIATION TO NET POSITION - GAAP BASIS Inventory Capital assets, net Net OPEB asset Deferred outflows related to pensions Deferred outflows related to OPEB			15,498 16,172,900 4,583 122,117 6,064 26,462
Unavailable revenue Accrued interest			26,462
			(13,440)
Compensated absences payable			(25,147)
Long-term debt			(4,730,680)
Net pension liability			(385,237)
Net OPEB liability			(24,174)
Deferred outflows related to pensions Deferred outflows related to OPEB			(34,367) (2,672)
NET POSITION			\$ 11,653,242

CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON WASTEWATER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Bienniun	n Budget		Actual		Variance with
	Original	Final	FY 2019-20	FY 2020-21	Biennium	Final Budget
REVENUES:						
Intergovernmental	\$-	\$-	\$ 117	\$-	\$ 117	\$ 117
Charges for services	6,660,000	6,660,000	3,314,331	-	3,314,331	(3,345,669)
Miscellaneous	411,000	411,000	96,570	-	96,570	(314,430)
Total revenues	7,071,000	7,071,000	3,411,018		3,411,018	(3,659,982)
EXPENDITURES:						
Personnel service	883,900	883,900	451,825	-	451,825	432,075
Materials and service	3,283,500	3,283,500	1,693,922	-	1,693,922	1,589,578
Capital outlay	2,345,000	2,345,000	553,046	-	553,046	1,791,954
Debt service:	, ,	, ,	,			, ,
Principal	2,089,300	2,089,300	1,037,144	-	1,037,144	1,052,156
Interest	177,300	177,300	107,600	-	107,600	69,700
Contingency	891,800	891,800	-	-	-	891,800
Total expenditures	9,670,800	9,670,800	3,843,537		3,843,537	5,827,263
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(2,599,800)	(2,599,800)	(432,519)	-	(432,519)	2,167,281
	(2,000,000)	(2,000,000)	(102,010)		(102,010)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Issuance of debt	1,250,000	1,250,000	-	-	-	(1,250,000)
Transfers in	550,000	550,000	490,000	-	490,000	(60,000)
						<u></u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,800,000	1,800,000	490,000		490,000	(1,310,000)
Net change in fund balance	(799,800)	(799,800)	57,481	-	57,481	857,281
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING -	700 000	700 000	440.074		440.074	(050,000)
BUDGETARY BASIS	799,800	799,800	148,971		148,971	(650,829)
FUND BALANCE, ENDING -						
BUDGETARY BASIS	\$-	\$-	\$ 206,452	\$-	\$ 206,452	\$ 206,452
	¥ -	Ψ <u>-</u>	ψ 200,402	Ψ <u>-</u>	ψ 200,+32	Ψ 200,+02

CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON WASTEWATER SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Bienniu	n Budget		Actual		Variance with
	Original	Final	FY 2019-20	FY 2020-21	Biennium	Final Budget
REVENUES:						
Charges for services	\$ 214,000	\$ 214,000	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$ (214,000)
Miscellaneous	15,000	15,000	338,264		338,264	323,264
Total revenues	229,000	229,000	338,264		338,264	109,264
EXPENDITURES:						
Materials and service	3,600	3,600	709	-	709	2,891
Contingency	63,300	63,300			-	63,300
Total expenditures	66,900	66,900	709		709	66,191
Revenues over (under) expenditures	162,100	162,100	337,555		337,555	175,455
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers out	(550,000)	(550,000)	(250,000)		(250,000)	300,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	(550,000)	(550,000)	(250,000)		(250,000)	300,000
Net change in fund balance	(387,900)	(387,900)	87,555	-	87,555	475,455
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING - BUDGETARY BASIS	387,900	387,900	227,328		227,328	(160,572)
FUND BALANCE, ENDING - BUDGETARY BASIS	\$-	\$-	\$ 314,883	\$	\$ 314,883	\$ 314,883

CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON AIRPORT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Bienniur	n Budget		Actual		Variance with
	Original	Final	FY 2019-20	FY 2020-21	Biennium	Final Budget
REVENUES:						
Intergovernmental	\$ 78,000	\$ 78,000	\$ 79,359	\$-	\$ 79,359	\$ 1,359
Charges for services	120,000	120,000	60,322	-	60,322	(59,678)
Miscellaneous	167,200	167,200	85,433	-	85,433	(81,767)
Total revenues	365,200	365,200	225,114		225,114	(140,086)
EXPENDITURES:						
Materials and service	293,500	293,500	136,827	-	136,827	156,673
Capital outlay	135,000	135,000	142,406	-	142,406	(7,406)
Contingency	158,400	158,400			-	158,400
Total expenditures	586,900	586,900	279,233		279,233	307,667
Net change in fund balance	(221,700)	(221,700)	(54,119)	-	(54,119)	167,581
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING -						
BUDGETARY BASIS	221,700	221,700	54,684		54,684	(167,016)
FUND BALANCE, ENDING -						
BUDGETARY BASIS	\$-	\$-	565	\$-	\$ 565	\$ 565
RECONCILIATION TO NET POSITION -	GAAP BASIS					
Inventory			20,644			
Capital assets, net			3,594,378			
Unavailable revenue			2,691			
NET POSITION			\$ 3,618,278			

CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON STORMWATER FUNDS COMBINED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Storn	nwater Fund	S	ormwater Systems opment Fund	Tota	Stormwater Funds
REVENUES:						
Charges for services	\$	563,923	\$	-	\$	563,923
Miscellaneous		178		78,954		79,132
Total revenues		564,101		78,954		643,055
EXPENDITURES:						
Personnel service		156,976		-		156,976
Materials and service		270,456		197		270,653
Capital outlay		80,899		-		80,899
Debt service:		,				,
Principal		15,283		-		15,283
Interest		1,409		-		1,409
		.,				.,
Total expenditures		525,023		197		525,220
Revenues over (under) expenditures		39,078		78,757		117,835
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in		200,000		-		200,000
Transfers out		-		(200,000)		(200,000)
				<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Total other financing sources (uses)		200,000		(200,000)		-
Net changes in fund balances		239,078		(121,243)		117,835
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING BUDGETARY BASIS		780,939		228,448		1,009,387
FUND BALANCE, ENDING BUDGETARY BASIS	\$	1,020,017	\$	107,205		1,127,222
RECONCILIATION TO NET POSITION - GAAP BASIS Capital assets, net Net OPEB asset Deferred outflows related to pensions Deferred outflows related to OPEB Unavailable revenue Accrued interest Compensated absences payable Long-term debt Net pension liability Net OPEB liability Deferred outflows related to pensions Deferred outflows related to OPEB						1,897,629 990 26,366 1,309 7,684 (371) (3,982) (222,867) (83,176) (5,219) (7,420) (577)
NET POSITION					\$	2,737,588

CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON STORMWATER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Bienniun	n Budget		Actual		Variance Positive
	Original	Final	FY 2019-20	FY 2020-21	Biennium	(Negative)
REVENUES:						
Charges for services	\$ 1,124,300	\$ 1,124,300	\$ 563,923	\$ -	\$ 563,923	\$ (560,377)
Miscellaneous	1,000	1,000	178		178	(822)
Total revenues	1,125,300	1,125,300	564,101		564,101	(561,199)
EXPENDITURES:						
Personnel service	311,500	311,500	156,976	-	156,976	154,524
Materials and service	583,800	583,800	270,456	-	270,456	313,344
Capital outlay	890,000	890,000	80,899	-	80,899	809,101
Debt service:						
Principal	30,900	30,900	15,283	-	15,283	15,617
Interest	5,900	5,900	1,409	-	1,409	4,491
Contingency	229,600	229,600				229,600
Total expenditures	2,051,700	2,051,700	525,023		525,023	1,526,677
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(926,400)	(926,400)	39,078	-	39,078	965,478
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in	200,000	200,000	200,000		200,000	
Total other financing sources (uses)	200,000	200,000	200,000		200,000	
Net changes in fund balances	(726,400)	(726,400)	239,078	-	239,078	965,478
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING - BUDGETARY BASIS	726,400	726,400	780,939		780,939	54,539
FUND BALANCE, ENDING - BUDGETARY BASIS	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 1,020,017	<u>\$</u>	\$ 1,020,017	\$ 1,020,017

CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON STORMWATER SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Bienniu	ım Budget		Actual		Variance Positive
	Original	Final	FY 2019-20	FY 2020-21	Biennium	(Negative)
REVENUES:						
Charges for services	\$ 118,000	\$ 118,000	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (118,000)
Miscellaneous	2,000	2,000	78,954		78,954	76,954
Total revenues	120,000	120,000	78,954		78,954	(41,046)
EXPENDITURES:						
Materials and service	1,000	1,000	197	-	197	803
Contingency	97,400	97,400		-		97,400
Total expenditures	98,400	98,400	197		197	98,203
Revenues over (under) expenditures	21,600	21,600	78,757	-	78,757	57,157
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers out	(200,000)	(200,000)	(200,000)	-	(200,000)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(200,000)	(200,000)	(200,000)		(200,000)	
Net changes in fund balances	(178,400)	(178,400)	(121,243)	-	(121,243)	57,157
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING - BUDGETARY BASIS	178,400	178,400	228,448		228,448	50,048
FUND BALANCE, ENDING - BUDGETARY BASIS	\$	<u>\$</u>	\$ 107,205	<u>\$</u>	\$ 107,205	\$ 107,205

CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON EVENTS CENTER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Bienniun	n Budget		Actual		Variance Positive
	Original	Final	FY 2019-20	FY 2020-21	Biennium	(Negative)
REVENUES:						
Intergovernmental	\$ 227,500	\$ 227,500	\$ 128,524	\$-	\$ 128,524	\$ (98,976)
Charges for services	414,900	582,400	217,871	-	217,871	(364,529)
Miscellaneous	307,000	307,000	103,358		103,358	(203,642)
Total revenues	949,400	1,116,900	449,753		449,753	(667,147)
EXPENDITURES:						
Personnel service	507,300	507,300	244,200	-	244,200	263,100
Materials and service	1,021,300	1,178,800	498,271	-	498,271	680,529
Capital outlay	250,000	260,000	35,474	-	35,474	224,526
Contingency	293,900	293,900				293,900
Total expenditures	2,072,500	2,240,000	777,945		777,945	1,462,055
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,123,100)	(1,123,100)	(328,192)	-	(328,192)	794,908
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Issuance of debt	150,000	150,000	-	-	-	(150,000)
Transfers in	507,300	507,300	235,487		235,487	(271,813)
Total other financing sources (uses)	657,300	657,300	235,487		235,487	(421,813)
Net changes in fund balances	(465,800)	(465,800)	(92,705)	-	(92,705)	373,095
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	465,800	465,800	466,692		466,692	892
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$-	\$-	373,987	\$-	\$ 373,987	\$ 373,987

RECONCILIATION TO NET POSITION - GAAP BASIS

Capital assets, net	1,878,505
Net OPEB asset	2,706
Deferred outflows related to pensions	72,107
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	3,581
Compensated absences payable	(20,667)
Net pension liability	(227,474)
Net OPEB liability	(14,274)
Deferred outflows related to pensions	(20,293)
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	(1,578)
NET POSITION	\$ 2,046,600

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

Internal Service Funds

Pursuant to the provisions of Oregon Revised Statute, an individual schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - budget and actual be displayed for each fund where legally adopted budgets are required.

> Public Works Admin Fund

CITY OF FLORENCE, OREGON PUBLIC WORKS ADMIN FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Bienniun	n Budget		Actual		Variance with
	Original	Final	FY 2019-20	FY 2020-21	Biennium	Final Budget
REVENUES:						
Intergovernmental	\$ 93,600	\$ 93,600	\$ 10,731	\$-	\$ 10,731	\$ (82,869)
Charges for services	2,588,100	2,588,100	1,258,185		1,258,185	(1,329,915)
Total revenues	2,681,700	2,681,700	1,268,916		1,268,916	(1,412,784)
EXPENDITURES:						
Personal services	1,540,800	1,540,800	646,960	-	646,960	893,840
Material services	366,600	366,600	206,677	-	206,677	159,923
Capital outlay	700,000	700,000	271,066	-	271,066	428,934
Contingency	171,200	171,200				171,200
Total expenditures	2,778,600	2,778,600	1,124,703		1,124,703	1,653,897
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(96,900)	(96,900)	144,213		144,213	241,113
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Issuance of debt	350,000	350,000	-	-	-	(350,000)
Transfers out	(439,400)	(439,400)	(219,700)		(219,700)	219,700
Total other financing sources (uses)	(89,400)	(89,400)	(219,700)		(219,700)	(130,300)
Net change in fund balance	(186,300)	(186,300)	(75,487)	-	(75,487)	110,813
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING BUDGETARY BASIS	186,300	186,300	99,802		99,802	(86,498)
FUND BALANCE, ENDING BUDGETARY BASIS	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	24,315	\$ -	\$ 24,315	\$ 24,315
RECONCILIATION TO NET POSITION - GA Capital assets, net	AAP BASIS		3,912,937			
Net OPEB asset			6,411			
Deferred outflows related to pensions			170,806			
Deferred outflows related to OPEB			8,482			
Accrued interest			(6,948)			
Compensated absences payable			(48,659)			
Long-term debt			(2,849,898)			
Net pension liability			(538,833)			
Net OPEB liability			(33,812)			
Deferred outflows related to pensions			(48,069)			
Deferred outflows related to OPEB			(3,738)			
NET POSITION			\$ 592,994			

AUDIT COMMENTS AND DISCLOSURES

7624 SW Mohawk Street Tualatin, OR 97062 www.merina.com 503.723.0300

MERINA+CO

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH OREGON STATE REGULATION

The Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Florence, Oregon

We have audited the basic financial statements of City of Florence, Oregon, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020 and have issued our report thereon dated May 7, 2021. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the provisions of the *Minimum Standards of Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*, prescribed by the Secretary of State and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Florence's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in the Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-330 of the *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*, as set forth below, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements:

- Deposits of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295).
- Indebtedness limitations, restrictions, and repayments.
- Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294).
- Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law.
- Programs funded from outside sources.
- Highway revenues used for public highways, roads, and streets.
- Authorized investment of surplus funds. (ORS Chapter 294).
- Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, and 279C).
- Accountability for collecting or receiving money by elected officials. The City does not have any elected officials collecting or receiving money.

However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations* except as follows.

Expenditures in the following funds exceeded appropriations for the year ended June 30, 2020:

Fund	Budget Category	Amount
Debt Service Fund	Materials and service	\$ 60
Debt Service Fund	Capital outlay	\$ 60,503
Airport Fund	Capital outlay	\$ 7,406

FIRMFOUNDATION

INDEPENDENTLY OWNED MEMBER

OAR 162-10-0230 Internal Control

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City of Florence's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Florence's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Florence's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Minimum Standards of Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*, prescribed by the Secretary of State, in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

For Merina+Co Tualatin, Oregon May 7, 2021