



City of Florence, Oregon Annual Financial Report Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Annual Financial Report

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Table of Contents

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

Principal City Officials	i
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report	1 - 3
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements: Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	10 11
Governmental Fund Financial Statements: Balance Sheet Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	12 14 15
Proprietary Fund Financial Statements: Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Statement of Cash Flows	18 19 20
Fiduciary Fund Financial Statement: Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	22
Notes to the Financial Statements	23
Required Supplementary Information: Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	51
Schedule of Pension Contributions	51
Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	52
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis): General Fund Streets Fund Street System Development Fund FURA General Fund	53 54 55 56
Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules:	
Major Debt Service Funds: Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis): Spruce Street LID Bond Fund City/FURA Debt Service Fund FURA Debt Service Fund	57 58 59

Financial Statements and Supplemental Information

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Table of Contents, Continued

FINANCIAL SECTION, Continued

Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules, Continued:

Nonmajor Governmental Funds: Combining Balance Sheet Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis): 9-1-1 Emergency Fund Room Tax Fund General Obligation Bond Fund	60 61 62 63 64
Enterprise Funds: Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis): Water Fund	65
Water Fund Water System Development Fund	66
Wastewater Fund	67
Wastewater System Development Fund	68
Airport Fund	69
Stormwater Fund Stormwater System Development Fund	70 71
Events Center Fund	72
Internal Service Fund:	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual	
(Budgetary Basis):	
Public Works Administration Fund	73
Agency Funds:	
Schedule of Changes in Assets and Liabilities	74
COMPLIANCE SECTION	
Comments and Disclosures of Independent Auditor Required by State Statue	75
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based	
on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	77
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over	
compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	79
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	81
	3.
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	83
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	83



Principal City Officials
June 30, 2019

ELECTED OFFICIALS

<u>Mayor</u>	Term Expiration
Joe Henry	12/31/2020
Council Members	
Woody Woodbury, President	12/31/2022
Ron Preisler, Vice President	12/31/2020
Geraldine Lucio	12/31/2022
Joshua Greene	12/31/2020

ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICIALS

Erin Reynolds City Manager

Anne Baker Administrative Services Director

Mailing Address

250 Hwy. 101 Florence, Oregon 97439





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

1976 Garden Ave. Eugene, OR 97403 541.342.5161 www.islercpa.com

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Florence, Oregon

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Florence, Oregon ("City") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Florence, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedules for the general fund and major special revenue funds, the schedule of proportionate share of the net pension liability, the schedule of pension contributions and the schedule of changes in total OPEB liability and related ratios be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

We have applied certain limited procedures to the management's discussion and analysis, the schedule of proportionate share of the net pension liability, the schedule of pension contributions and the schedule of changes in total OPEB liability and related ratios information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The budgetary comparison schedules for the General, Street, Street System Development and FURA General funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the budgetary comparison schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual fund financial statements and other budgetary comparison schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and other budgetary comparison schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and budgetary comparison schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated September 29, 2020, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with the Minimum Standards of Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, we have issued our report dated September 29, 2020 on our consideration of the City of Florence's compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on compliance.

Isler CPA

By:

Paul R Nielson, CPA, a member of the firm

Paul R nielson

Eugene, Oregon

September 29, 2020

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The management of the City of Florence offers readers of the City of Florence's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Florence for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

Financial Highlights

The City's governmental activities assets totaled \$32.5 million at June 30, 2019, consisting of \$22.9 million in net capital assets, \$6.7 million in cash and cash equivalents and \$2.9 million in receivables and other assets. The City's governmental activities liabilities totaled \$17.0 million at June 30, 2019, consisting of \$16.4 million in noncurrent liabilities and \$0.6 million in accounts payable and other current liabilities. Total net position was \$16.2 million, of which \$9.7 million were invested in capital assets, net of related debt, \$6.6 million was restricted and the remaining \$.6 million was unrestricted.

The City's governmental activities net position increased by \$3.4 million or 26.7 percent. Overall governmental activities revenue increased \$4.0 million or 52.6 percent. The most significant change was an increase of \$3.1 million, or 3,710.6 percent, in the capital grants and contributions driven by grants funding the ReVision Florence project. Other factors included increases of \$0.1 million in franchise and lodging taxes, an increase of \$0.2 million, 6.1 percent in property taxes, and an increase of \$0.3 million, 134.3 percent in transfers.

The City's business-type activities assets totaled \$40.9 million at June 30, 2019, consisting of \$36.9 million in capital assets, \$3.2 million in cash and cash equivalents and \$0.8 million in receivables and other assets. The City's business-type activities liabilities totaled \$12.5 million at June 30, 2019, consisting of \$12.0 million in noncurrent liabilities and \$0.5 million in accounts payable and other liabilities. Total net position was \$28.7 million of which \$26.2 million was invested in capital assets, net of related debt, \$0.9 million was restricted and the remaining \$1.6 million was unrestricted.

The City's business-type activities net position increased by \$1.5 million or 5.6 percent. Business-type activities revenue increased by \$3.5 million, or 35.4 percent. Increases in Capital grants and contributions were a major contributing factor increasing \$0.8 million, or 164.7 percent over the prior year due to the Airport runway project. Charges for services decreased \$0.3 million, or (5.3) percent. The City adjusted utility rates (water, wastewater or stormwater) 1.3 percent in fiscal year 2019, based on the CPI-W for March – February of the prior year. Future increases of approximately the consumer price index are anticipated.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Florence's basic financial statements. The City of Florence's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Florence's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City of Florence's assets, and liabilities with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Florence is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Florence that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City of Florence include general government, public safety, highways and streets, culture and recreation, and economic development. The business-type activities include an events center, airport, water, wastewater and stormwater services.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Florence, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Florence can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and change in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City of Florence maintains ten individual governmental funds, which includes two funds from a blended component unit, the Florence Urban Renewal Agency. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Street Fund, Florence Urban Renewal Agency General Fund, Spruce Street LID Fund, City FURA Debt Service Fund and the FURA Debt Service Fund.

Data for the remaining funds are combined into a single aggregate presentation. Individual fund data for each of the remaining funds is provided in the form of combining schedules in the other supplemental information.

Proprietary Funds. The City of Florence maintains two types of proprietary funds. Funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City of Florence uses five enterprise funds to account for its water, wastewater, stormwater, events center, and airport activities.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments. Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information including financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB, but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Budgetary comparison schedule for major governmental funds are presented immediately following the notes to the basic financial statements.

Other Supplementary Information. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds and budgetary comparison schedules for both the non-major governmental funds and the proprietary funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 56 - 73 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Florence, assets exceeded liabilities by \$45.0 million as of June 30, 2019.

The City of Florence's net investment in capital assets reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, infrastructure, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City of Florence uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the City of Florence's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Table 1 - Net Position as of June 30 (Thousands)

	Governmental Activities					usiness-ty	pe A	ctivities	Total		
		2019		2018		2019		2018	2019	2018	
Current and other assets	\$	9,557	\$	7,680	\$	3,942	\$	4,547	\$ 13,499	\$ 12,227	
Capital assets		22,893		18,621		36,971		35,923	59,864	54,544	
Total assets		32,450		26,301		40,913		40,470	73,363	66,771	
Deferred outflow of resources		1,132		1,004		451		383	1,583	1,387	
Long-term liabilities		16,354		13,474		12,053		12,311	28,407	25,785	
Other liabilities		687		868		493		1,318	1,180	2,186	
Total liabilities		17,041		14,342		12,546		13,629	29,587	27,971	
Deferred inflow of resources		310		153		124		59	434	212	
Net position:											
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:		9,680		8,007		26,175		23,816	35,855	31,823	
Public safety		368		247		_		_	368	247	
Urban renewal		3,920		137		_		_	3,920	137	
Tourism/economic development		82		91		_		_	82	91	
Transportation		383		256		-		_	383	256	
System development		490		425		864		862	1,354	1,287	
Debt service		704		978		-		-	704	978	
Event center, non-expendible		-		-		79		79	79	79	
Unrestricted		603		2,669		1,575		2,408	2,178	5,077	
Total net position	\$	16,231	\$	12,810	\$	28,694	\$	27,165	\$ 44,925	\$ 39,975	

At the end of the current and past fiscal years, the City of Florence is able to report positive balances of net position in its governmental activities, business-like activities and the government as a whole.

Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the City of Florence's net position by \$3.42 million, or 26.7 percent. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- Increase in franchise and lodging tax revenue of \$0.11 million, 11.2%
- Increase in operating grants and contributions of \$0.26 million, 23.4%
- Capital grants and contributions increased from prior year by \$3.14 million, over 100.0%
- Decrease in spending on non-departmental of \$0.01 million, -2.48%
- Only a slight overall increase in general government expenditures of \$0.43 million from prior year, 5.72%
- Increase in public safety spending of \$0.07 million, 2.34%
- Increase in culture and recreation spending of \$0.03 million, 19.30%
- Increase in highways and streets spending of \$0.04 million, 4.15%

Table 2 - Changes in Net Position (Thousands)

	G	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities				Total			
		2019		2018		2019		2018		2019		2018
Revenue												
Program revenue												
Charges for services	\$	1,470	\$	1,518	\$	6,512	\$	6,883	\$	7,982	\$	8,401
Operating grants and contributions		1,387		1,124		2		-		1,389		1,124
Capital grants and contributions		3,225		85		1,320		499		4,545		584
General revenue										-		-
Property taxes		3,231		3,046				-		3,231		3,046
Franchise and lodging taxes		1,558		1,438				-		1,558		1,438
Investment earings	_	85		95		137		96		222		191
Total revenue		10,956		7,306		7,971		7,478		18,927		14,784
Expenses												
Governmental activities												
Administration		2,029		1,817		-		-		2,029		1,817
Community development		831		815		-		-		831		815
Public safety		3,247		3,173		-		-		3,247		3,173
Parks		205		172		-		-		205		172
Transportation		1,059		1,016		-		-		1,059		1,016
Non-departmental		395		405		-		-		395		405
Interest expense		329		259		-		-		329		259
Business-type activities										-		-
Water		-		-		1,986		1,841		1,986		1,841
Wastewater		-		-		2,667		2,408		2,667		2,408
Stormwater		-		-		367		263		367		263
Events center		-		-		800		865		800		865
Airport		-		-		198		203		198		203
Total expenses		8,095		7,657		6,018		5,580		14,113		13,237
Change in net position before non-operating	3											
items		2,861		(351)		1,953		1,898		4,814		1,547
Capital Contributions		-		-		-		-		-		-
Transfers		560		239		(560)		(239)		-		-
Change in net position		3,421		(112)		1,393		1,659		4,814		1,547
Net position, beginning		12,810		12,695		27,165		25,454		39,975		38,149
Restatement		-		227		136		52		136		279
Net position, beginning, as restated		12,810		12,922		27,301		25,506		40,111		38,428
Net position, ending	\$	16,231	\$	12,810	\$	28,694	\$	27,165	\$	44,925	\$	39,975

Business-type activities. Business-type activities increased the City of Florence's net position by \$1.53 million, or 5.63 percent. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- Increase in expenditures of \$0.44 million, 7.86%, from the prior year Increase in revenue of \$0.17 million, 2.38%, from the prior year Increase in capital contributions of \$0.82 million, over 100%, from prior year
- Increase in transfers of \$0.32 million, over 100.0%, from the prior year

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Florence uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City of Florence's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Florence's financing requirements. In particular, the *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Florence's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$7.1 million, an increase of \$1.5 million in comparison with the prior year. The increase is attributable to unspent debt proceeds of approximately \$3.3 million in the FURA General Fund to complete the ReVision Florence project, and \$1.7 million decrease spread amongst several other funds. The decreased fund balances were mainly attributable to the General Fund decrease of \$1.36 million decrease due to the City Hall remodel being completed.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City of Florence. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$2.02 million, a decrease of \$1.36 million, or 40.2 percent.

Proprietary funds. The City of Florence's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position as of June 30, 2019 of the City's enterprise funds is as follows:

Water Fund
 Wastewater Fund
 Stormwater Fund
 Airport Fund
 Events Center Fund
 \$8.69 million, an increase of \$0.056 million, 0.64 percent
 \$10.97 million, an increase of \$0.56 million, 5.37 percent
 \$2.65 million, a decrease of \$0.30 million, -3.08 percent
 \$3.66 million, an increase of \$0.97 million, 35.89 percent
 \$2.25 million, a decrease of \$0.04 million, -1.91 percent

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The City adopted a biennial budget for the two year biennium of July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2019. The fiscal year 2019 allocated General Fund budget for revenues was \$7.1 million, including \$0.9 million in debt proceeds. Actual revenue for the fiscal year was \$7.3 million, including \$0.9 million in debt proceeds. A positive variance in revenue of \$0.2 million resulted as franchise fees were \$0.4 million greater than budgeted due to a payment made on a past-due account, and property taxes were \$0.16 million less than budgeted, (3.1) percent. Other revenue categories were near budgeted amounts.

The fiscal year 2019 allocated General Fund budgeted expenditures totaled \$7.0 million, including \$9 million for City Hall. All General Fund departmental budgets were underspent relative to allocated budgets for the fiscal year, with the exception of Administrative (approximately \$0.03 million over allocation). City Hall construction was completed as of June 30, 2019, with a total of \$3.95 million expended to date of the \$3.0 million projected cost/budget making capital outlay \$0.93 million over budgeted appropriations.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The City of Florence's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2019, amounts to \$59.9 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This represents an increase of \$5.3 million, or 9.75 percent. Governmental Activities capital assets increased \$4.3 million, 22.94% resulting from the completion of City Hall in January 2019 and work for the ReVision Florence project to be completed in Summer 2020. The business-type funds realized an increase of \$1.1 million, 2.92% due to continuing investment in the City's water (\$0.6 million), wastewater (\$1.1 million), Stormwater (\$0.1 million), and Airport (\$0.9 million). Additionally, \$1.3 million of debt was paid off during the year while \$1.9 million in depreciation was realized.

The investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, utility infrastructure, vehicles and equipment, park facilities, roads and work in progress within these various categories, net of depreciation.

The following table summarizes the City of Florence's capital assets as of June 30, 2019:

Table 3 - Capital Assets as of June 30th (Thousands)

	Go	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities					Total			
		2019		2018		2019		2018		2019		2018	
Land	\$	2,031	\$	2,031	\$	1,868	\$	1,868	\$	3,899	\$	3,899	
Buildings and improvements		7,921		4,983		16,195		16,639		24,116		21,622	
Equipment and vehicles		694		646		1,405		1,341		2,099		1,987	
Utility systems		-		-		5,441		5,182		5,441		5,182	
Infrastructure		8,043		8,508		9,113		8,097		17,156		16,605	
Construction in progress		4,205		2,453		2,949		2,796		7,154		5,249	
Capital assets, net of depreciation		22,894		18,621		36,971		35,923		59,865		54,544	

Additional information on the City of Florence's capital assets can be found in note III.C.

Long-term debt. At the end of the fiscal year, the City of Florence had total long-term liabilities outstanding of \$24.0 million. During fiscal year 2019 the City completed a \$3.5 million financing to fund the ReVision Florence project. The City paid principal on outstanding debt totaling \$2.4 million. The City timely paid its debt service payments during the year and was in compliance with required debt covenants, with the exception of completing its annual audit timely.

Table 4 - Outstanding Long-term Debt Obligations as of June 30th (Thousands)

	Go	vernmen	Activities	В	usiness-ty	pe A	ctivities	Total						
		2019		2019		2018		2019		2018		2019		2018
Bonds payable	\$	2,381	\$	2,647	\$	2,580	\$	3,405	\$	4,961	\$	6,052		
Notes payable		6,481		3,352		4,337		4,178		10,818		7,530		
Line of credit		4,352		4,615		3,879		4,524		8,231		9,139		
Total		13,214		10,614		10,796	,	12,107		24,010		22,721		

Additional information on the City of Florence's long-term debt and liabilities can be found in note III.E.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

In preparing the budget for the 2017-19 biennium, the City's first biennial budget, City management presented two-year spending in addition to a six year financial plan for consideration and approval by the City's Budget Committee and City Council. The budget included updated assumptions for inflation and adjustments to utility rates and other City fees and charges for the two-year period. City utility rates were increased annually by the CPI-W, with additional phased-in adjustments to address equity considerations identified in the utility rate study, street revenue was increased to provide additional funding for street maintenance. Other fees and charges were adjusted to recover costs associated with inflation.

The local economy shows signs of recovery, with additional real estate development, and increased tourism. Increases to property valuation is slowly meeting expectations, and revenue forecasts were adjusted accordingly. Personnel costs, due to the increased cost of PERS and health care above inflation, are still outpacing increases in revenue. The City continues to offset this disparity by retaining its staff size, investing in technology where beneficial, thus becoming more efficient. Additionally, the City is outsourcing various functions where cost savings can be realized.

Annual inflation is projected to remain in the 1.5 percent to 3.0 percent range, while local population growth is projected to remain below 1.0 percent annually. Development activity is projected to trend upward with the potential for several projects to seek development approval during the next two year period.

Requests for information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Florence's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Administrative Services Director, 250 Highway 101, Florence, 97439.



Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

	Governmental	Business-Type	Takal
	Activities	Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,669,668	\$ 3,156,493	\$ 9,826,161
Receivables:			
Accounts	533,829	1,530,832	2,064,661
Taxes	123,042	-	123,042
Assessments	1,200,951	-	1,200,951
Inventories	-	92,666	92,666
Internal balances	905,392	(905,392)	-
Prepaid expenses	91,642	675	92,317
Notes receivable	32,789	66,780	99,569
Capital assets not being depreciated	6,235,993	4,817,299	11,053,292
Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation	16,657,231	32,154,063	48,811,294
Total assets	32,450,537	40,913,416	73,363,953
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Related to pensions	1,081,155	425,734	1,506,889
Related to OPEB	50,379	24,731	75,110
Total assets and deferred outflows	33,582,071	41,363,881	74,945,952
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	157,776	348,315	506,091
Accrued payroll liabilities	196,389	5 -1 0,515	196,389
Deposits payable	20,000	_	20,000
Interest payable	29,830	35,377	65,207
Compensated absences	282,621	109,559	392,180
Noncurrent liabilities:	202,021	109,559	392,100
Due within one year	756,626	1,299,037	2,055,663
Due in more than one year	12,456,943	9,497,441	21,954,384
Net pension liability	2,937,882	1,156,862	4,094,744
Net OPEB liability	203,009	99,657	302,666
•			
Total liabilities	17,041,076	12,546,248	29,587,324
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	000 000	445.457	400.000
Related to pensions	293,206	115,457	408,663
Related to OPEB	17,074	8,382	25,456
Total liabilities and deferred inflows	17,351,356	12,670,087	30,021,443
NET POSITION			
Net invested in capital assets	9,679,655	26,174,884	35,854,539
Restricted for:			
Public safety	368,411	-	368,411
Urban renewal projects	3,920,260	-	3,920,260
Tourism	82,349	-	82,349
Transportation	383,405	-	383,405
System development	489,825	864,305	1,354,130
Debt service payments	703,563	-	703,563
Events Center, nonexpendable	-	79,167	79,167
Unrestricted	603,247	1,575,438	2,178,685
Total net position	\$ 16,230,715	\$ 28,693,794	\$ 44,924,509

Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position **Program Revenues** Fees, Fines, Operating Capital Grants and Charges Grants and and Governmental Business-type Expenses for Services Contributions Contributions Activities Activities Total Functions/Programs Governmental activities: Administration 2,029,060 718,130 397,845 3,196,221 2,283,136 \$ 2,283,136 Community development 830,721 (830,721)(830,721)Public safety 3,247,340 285,524 302,118 (2,659,698)(2,659,698)Parks 205,266 43,753 (161,513)(161,513)Transportation 1,058,870 466,720 643,183 28,723 79,756 79,756 Non-departmental 395,052 (395,052)(395,052)Interest on long-term liabilities 329,086 (329,086)(329,086)Total governmental activities 1,470,374 1,386,899 3,224,944 8,095,395 (2,013,178)(2,013,178)Business-type activities: Water 1,985,964 2,166,627 1,132 119,140 300,935 300,935 Wastewater 3,260,296 149,739 743,769 2,667,424 1,158 743,769 Stormwater 210 59,950 232,394 232,394 366,590 538,824 **Events Center** 800,512 390,883 118,078 (291,551)(291,551)Airport 197,856 154,937 873,083 830,164 830,164 6,018,346 6,511,567 2,500 1,319,990 1,815,711 1,815,711 Total business-type activities \$ 1,389,399 4,544,934 1,815,711 Total government \$ 14,113,741 \$ 7,981,941 (2,013,178)(197,467)General revenues: Taxes: Property taxes 3,230,831 3,230,831 Transient room taxes 414,195 414,195 Franchise fees 1,144,253 1,144,253 Unrestricted investment earnings 85,203 136,824 222,027 **Transfers** 559,600 (559,600)5,434,082 5,011,306 Total general revenues and transfers (422,776)Change in net position 3,420,904 1,392,935 4,813,839 Net position, beginning, as restated (see note IV.D.) 12,809,811 27,300,859 40,110,670

16,230,715

28,693,794

44,924,509

Net position, ending

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Balance Sheet June 30, 2019

		Comoral		Ctrooto		FURA General		pruce Street		City FURA
		General		Streets		General		LID Bond		ebt Service
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$	1,241,896	\$	787,465	\$	3,586,125	\$	599,791	\$	-
Accounts		208,058		119,000		100,000		-		-
Taxes		98,579		-		-		-		-
Assessments		127,276		17,338		-		1,056,337		-
Due from other funds		905,392		-		348,129		-		-
Prepaid expenses		91,642		-		-		-		-
Notes receivable		-		32,789		-		-		-
Interfund note receivable										6,643,405
Total assets	\$	2,672,843	\$	956,592	\$	4,034,254	\$	1,656,128	\$	6,643,405
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOUR	RCE	S AND FUN	D B	ALANCES						
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable and										
accrued expenses	\$	123,395	\$	13,235	\$	13,994	\$	-	\$	-
Accrued payroll liabilities		196,389		-		-		-		-
Deposits payable		-		20,000		-		-		-
Unearned revenue		-		-		-		-		-
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-		-
Interfund note payable	_		_	-	_		_		_	<u>-</u>
Total liabilities		319,784		33,235	_	13,994			_	<u>-</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources:										
Unavailable revenues:										
Property taxes		89,905		_		_		_		_
Assessments		127,276		17,338		-		1,056,337		-
Intergovernmental		26,057		-		100,000		-		-
Notes receivable		· -		32,789		-		-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		243,238		50,127		100,000		1,056,337		-
Fund Balances:										
Nonspendable: Prepaid items		91,642								
Interfund loans receivable		91,042		_		_		_		6,643,405
Restricted for:		-		-		-		-		0,043,403
Public safety		_		_		_		_		_
Urban renewal projects		-		_		3,920,260		_		_
Tourism		_		_		-		_		_
Transportation		_		383,405		_		_		_
System development		_		489,825		_		_		_
Debt service payments		-		-		-		599,791		-
Unassigned		2,018,179		_		-		-,		-
Total fund balances		2,109,821		873,230		3,920,260		599,791		6,643,405
. otal faria balanoo	_	_,.00,021		0.0,200	_	0,020,200	_	000,701	_	3,0 10, 100
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of										
resources and fund balances	\$	2,672,843	\$	956,592	\$	4,034,254	\$	1,656,128	\$	6,643,405

FURA Debt Service	Nonmajo Governmen Funds	
\$ -	\$ 454,3	391 \$ 6,669,668
-	106,7	771 533,829
17,398		065 123,042
· -	·	- 1,200,951
-		- 1,253,521
-		- 91,642
-		- 32,789
		<u>-</u> <u>6,643,405</u>
\$ 17,398	\$ 568,2	227 \$ 16,548,847
\$ -	\$ 7,7	152 \$ 157,776
-		- 196,389
-		- 20,000
- 240 420		240.400
348,129 6,643,405		- 348,129
	7.	- 6,643,405
6,991,534		7,365,699
15,912	6,5	543 112,360
-		- 1,200,951
-		- 126,057
		- 32,789
15,912	6,5	543 1,472,157
-		- 91,642 - 6,643,405
_	368,4	
_	000,-	- 3,920,260
-	82,3	
-	,	- 383,405
-		- 489,825
-	103,7	
(6,990,048)		- (4,971,869)
(6,990,048)	554,5	7,710,991
<u>\$ 17,398</u>	\$ 568,2	227 \$ 16,548,847

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Net position of governmental activities

Fund balances - governmental funds		\$ 7,710,991
Receivables are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds.		1,472,157
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Nondepreciable assets Depreciable assets Accumulated depreciation	\$ 6,235,993 30,520,845 (13,863,614)	22,893,224
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Compensated absences Accrued interest payable Long-term debt	(282,621) (29,830) (13,213,569)	(13,526,020)
Assets, liabilities, deferred inflows and deferred outflows related to the City's portion of the State-wide pension plan and other post employment benefits are not current resources or requirements and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB Net pension liability Net OPEB liability Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	1,081,155 50,379 (2,937,882) (203,009) (293,206) (17,074)	(2,319,637)

\$16,230,715

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

						Spruce Street	City FURA
		General		Streets	FURA General	LID Bond	Debt Service
Revenues:							
Taxes	\$	2,648,545	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Franchise fees		1,074,194		70,059	-	-	<u>-</u>
Licenses and permits		258,469		-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental		598,440		643,183	3,096,221	-	162,744
Charges for services		407,755		428,685	-	-	-
Fines and forfeitures		214,989		-	-	-	-
Earnings and contributions		71,012		106,947	22,733	121,135	
Total revenues	_	5,273,404		1,248,874	3,118,954	121,135	162,744
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Administration		1,831,966		-	200,265	-	-
Community development		766,367		-	-	-	-
Public safety		2,139,493		-	-	-	-
Parks		166,124		-	-	-	-
Transportation		-		364,660	-	-	-
Non-departmental		185,824		-	-	855	-
Capital outlay		2,250,210		115,357	3,085,573	-	-
Debt service:							
Principal		152,264		183,424	-	55,000	144,035
Interest	_	126,680		44,484		43,561	102,194
Total expenditures	_	7,618,928	_	707,925	3,285,838	99,416	246,229
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	_	(2,345,524)	_	540,949	(166,884)	21,719	(83,485)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers in		1,142,700		-	250,000	-	-
Transfers out		(652,500)		(348,900)	-	-	-
Transfer interfund note payable		-		-	3,700,000	-	-
Loan proceeds		-		-	-	-	3,300,000
Debt issuance costs	_						(60,550)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	490,200	_	(348,900)	3,950,000		3,239,450
Net change in fund balances		(1,855,324)		192,049	3,783,116	21,719	3,155,965
Fund Balances:							
Beginning of year		3,965,145		681,181	137,144	578,072	3,487,440
End of year	\$	2,109,821	\$	873,230	\$ 3,920,260	\$ 599,791	\$ 6,643,405

FURA Debt Service Governmental Funds Total \$ 520,012 \$ 674,892 \$ 3,843,449 - - 1,144,253 - - 258,469 - - 4,500,588 - - 214,989 - - 214,989 - - 214,989 - - 214,989 - - 214,989 - - 214,989 - - 214,989 - - 214,989 - - 214,989 - - 214,989 - - 214,989 - - 26,637 - - 166,367 - - 364,660 - - 174,451 361,130 - - 164,094 698,817 102,194 13,850 432,963 102,194 905,653 12,966,183 -		Nonmajor										
\$ 520,012 \$ 674,892 \$ 3,843,449 -	F	FURA Debt	G	overnmental								
- 1,144,253 - 258,469 - 4,500,588 - 152,648 989,088 - 214,989 - 5,752 327,579 520,012 833,292 11,278,415 - 2,032,231 - 766,367 - 553,258 2,692,751 - 166,124 - 364,660 - 174,451 361,130 - 5,451,140 - 164,094 698,817 102,194 13,850 432,963 102,194 905,653 12,966,183 417,818 (72,361) (1,687,768) - 551,600 1,944,300 - (383,300) (1,384,700) - (3700,000) 3,300,000 - (60,550) (3,700,000) 168,300 3,799,050 (3,282,182) 95,939 2,111,282		Service		Funds		Total						
- 1,144,253 - 258,469 - 4,500,588 - 152,648 989,088 - 214,989 - 5,752 327,579 520,012 833,292 11,278,415 - 2,032,231 - 766,367 - 553,258 2,692,751 - 166,124 - 364,660 - 174,451 361,130 - 5,451,140 - 164,094 698,817 102,194 13,850 432,963 102,194 905,653 12,966,183 417,818 (72,361) (1,687,768) - 551,600 1,944,300 - (383,300) (1,384,700) - (3700,000) 3,300,000 - (60,550) (3,700,000) 168,300 3,799,050 (3,282,182) 95,939 2,111,282												
- 258,469 - 4,500,588 - 152,648 989,088 - 214,989 - 5,752 327,579 520,012 833,292 11,278,415	\$	520,012	\$	674,892	\$	3,843,449						
- 4,500,588 - 152,648 989,088 - 214,989 - 5,752 327,579 520,012 833,292 11,278,415 2,032,231 - 766,367 - 553,258 2,692,751 - 166,124 - 364,660 - 174,451 361,130 - 164,094 698,817 - 102,194 13,850 432,963 102,194 905,653 12,966,183 417,818 (72,361) (1,687,768) - 551,600 1,944,300 - (383,300) (1,384,700) - (383,300) (1,384,700) (3,700,000) 3,300,000 - (60,550) (3,700,000) 168,300 3,799,050 (3,282,182) 95,939 2,111,282		-		-		1,144,253						
- 152,648 989,088 - 214,989 - 5,752 327,579 520,012 833,292 11,278,415 -		-		-		258,469						
- 214,989 - 5,752 - 327,579 520,012		-		-		4,500,588						
- 5,752 327,579 520,012 833,292 11,278,415 - - 2,032,231 - - 766,367 - - 553,258 2,692,751 - - 166,124 - - 364,660 - 174,451 361,130 - - 5,451,140 - - 5,451,140 - - 164,094 698,817 - - 5,451,140 - - 12,966,183 - - 12,966,183 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>152,648</td> <td></td> <td></td>		-		152,648								
520,012 833,292 11,278,415 - 2,032,231 766,367 - 553,258 2,692,751 - 166,124 - 364,660 - 174,451 361,130 - 5,451,140 - 164,094 698,817 102,194 13,850 432,963 102,194 905,653 12,966,183 417,818 (72,361) (1,687,768) - (383,300) (1,384,700) (3,700,000) - - - 3,300,000 - - (60,550) (3,700,000) 168,300 3,799,050 (3,282,182) 95,939 2,111,282 (3,707,866) 458,593 5,599,709		-		-								
2,032,231 - 766,367 - 553,258 2,692,751 - 166,124 - 364,660 - 174,451 361,130 - 5,451,140 - 164,094 698,817 102,194 13,850 432,963 102,194 905,653 12,966,183 417,818 (72,361) (1,687,768) - 551,600 1,944,300 - (383,300) (1,384,700) - (383,300) (1,384,700) (3,700,000) (60,550) (3,700,000) 168,300 3,799,050 (3,282,182) 95,939 2,111,282				5,752		327,579						
- 766,367 - 553,258 2,692,751 - 166,124 - 364,660 - 174,451 361,130 - 5,451,140 - 164,094 698,817 102,194 13,850 432,963 102,194 905,653 12,966,183 417,818 (72,361) (1,687,768) - 551,600 1,944,300 - (383,300) (1,384,700) (3,700,000) (60,550) (3,700,000) 168,300 3,799,050 (3,282,182) 95,939 2,111,282		520,012	_	833,292	_	11,278,415						
- 766,367 - 553,258 2,692,751 - 166,124 - 364,660 - 174,451 361,130 - 5,451,140 - 164,094 698,817 102,194 13,850 432,963 102,194 905,653 12,966,183 417,818 (72,361) (1,687,768) - 551,600 1,944,300 - (383,300) (1,384,700) (3,700,000) (60,550) (3,700,000) 168,300 3,799,050 (3,282,182) 95,939 2,111,282												
- 553,258 2,692,751 - 166,124 - 364,660 - 174,451 361,130 - 5,451,140 - 164,094 698,817 102,194 13,850 432,963 102,194 905,653 12,966,183 417,818 (72,361) (1,687,768) - 551,600 1,944,300 - (383,300) (1,384,700) (3,700,000) (60,550) (3,700,000) 168,300 3,799,050 (3,282,182) 95,939 2,111,282		-		-								
- 166,124 - 364,660 - 174,451 361,130 - 5,451,140 - 164,094 698,817 - 102,194 13,850 432,963 - 102,194 905,653 12,966,183 - 551,600 1,944,300 - (383,300) (1,384,700) (3,700,000) 3,300,000 - (60,550) (3,700,000) 168,300 3,799,050 (3,282,182) 95,939 2,111,282		-		-								
- 364,660 - 174,451 361,130 - 5,451,140 - 164,094 698,817 102,194 13,850 432,963 102,194 905,653 12,966,183 417,818 (72,361) (1,687,768) - 551,600 1,944,300 - (383,300) (1,384,700) - 3,300,000 - (60,550) (3,700,000) 168,300 3,799,050 (3,282,182) 95,939 2,111,282		-		553,258								
- 174,451 361,130 - 5,451,140 - 164,094 698,817 102,194 13,850 432,963 102,194 905,653 12,966,183 417,818 (72,361) (1,687,768) - 551,600 1,944,300 - (383,300) (1,384,700) (3,700,000) 3,300,000 - (60,550) (3,700,000) 168,300 3,799,050 (3,282,182) 95,939 2,111,282		-		-								
5,451,140 - 164,094 698,817 102,194 13,850 432,963 102,194 905,653 12,966,183 417,818 (72,361) (1,687,768) - 551,600 1,944,300 - (383,300) (1,384,700) (3,700,000) (60,550) (3,700,000) 168,300 3,799,050 (3,282,182) 95,939 2,111,282 (3,707,866) 458,593 5,599,709		-		-								
- 164,094 698,817 102,194 13,850 432,963 102,194 905,653 12,966,183 417,818 (72,361) (1,687,768) - 551,600 1,944,300 - (383,300) (1,384,700) (3,700,000) 3,300,000 - (60,550) (3,700,000) 168,300 3,799,050 (3,282,182) 95,939 2,111,282 (3,707,866) 458,593 5,599,709		-		174,451								
102,194 13,850 432,963 102,194 905,653 12,966,183 417,818 (72,361) (1,687,768) - 551,600 1,944,300 - (383,300) (1,384,700) - - 3,300,000 - - (60,550) (3,700,000) 168,300 3,799,050 (3,282,182) 95,939 2,111,282 (3,707,866) 458,593 5,599,709		-		-		5,451,140						
102,194 905,653 12,966,183 417,818 (72,361) (1,687,768) - 551,600 1,944,300 - (383,300) (1,384,700) - - 3,300,000 - - (60,550) (3,700,000) 168,300 3,799,050 (3,282,182) 95,939 2,111,282 (3,707,866) 458,593 5,599,709		-		164,094		698,817						
417,818 (72,361) (1,687,768) - 551,600 1,944,300 - (383,300) (1,384,700) (3,700,000) - - - - (3,300,000) - - (60,550) (3,700,000) 168,300 3,799,050 (3,282,182) 95,939 2,111,282 (3,707,866) 458,593 5,599,709		102,194		13,850		432,963						
417,818 (72,361) (1,687,768) - 551,600 1,944,300 - (383,300) (1,384,700) (3,700,000) - - - - (3,300,000) - - (60,550) (3,700,000) 168,300 3,799,050 (3,282,182) 95,939 2,111,282 (3,707,866) 458,593 5,599,709		102,194		905,653		12,966,183						
- 551,600 1,944,300 - (383,300) (1,384,700) (3,700,000) 3,300,000 (60,550) (3,700,000) 168,300 3,799,050 (3,282,182) 95,939 2,111,282 (3,707,866) 458,593 5,599,709												
- (383,300) (1,384,700) (3,700,000)	_	417,818		(72,361)	_	(1,687,768)						
- (383,300) (1,384,700) (3,700,000)				551 600		1 044 200						
(3,700,000) - - - - 3,300,000 - - (60,550) (3,700,000) 168,300 3,799,050 (3,282,182) 95,939 2,111,282 (3,707,866) 458,593 5,599,709		_										
3,300,000 (60,550) (3,700,000) 168,300 3,799,050 (3,282,182) 95,939 2,111,282 (3,707,866) 458,593 5,599,709		(3 700 000)		(303,300)		(1,304,700)						
(60,550) (3,700,000) 168,300 3,799,050 (3,282,182) 95,939 2,111,282 (3,707,866) 458,593 5,599,709		(3,700,000)		_		3 300 000						
(3,700,000) 168,300 3,799,050 (3,282,182) 95,939 2,111,282 (3,707,866) 458,593 5,599,709		_		_								
(3,282,182) 95,939 2,111,282 (3,707,866) 458,593 5,599,709		(3 700 000)	_	168 300								
(3,707,866) 458,593 5,599,709	_	(3,700,000)		100,300	_	3,799,000						
-		(3,282,182)		95,939		2,111,282						
-		(3,707,866)		458,593		5,599,709						
	\$	(6,990,048)	\$		\$	7,710,991						

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, And Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - governmental funds

\$2,111,282

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.

Change in unavailable revenues

(39,672)

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.

Change in:

Compensated absences \$ (13,252)
Expenses related to pension obligations (316,523)
Expenses related to pension obligations OPEB 6,292

(323,483)

Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

However, the Statement of Activities allocates the cost of capital outlays over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.

Expenditures for capital assets Current year depreciation

5,384,657 (1,112,380)

4,272,277

Proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt provide current financial resources to governmental funds and are reported as other financing sources. In the same way, repayments of long-term debt use current financial resources and are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, neither the receipt of debt proceeds nor the payment of debt principal affect the Statement of Activities, but are reported as increases and decreases in noncurrent liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

Proceeds from issuance of debt Repayment of long-term debt Amortization of premiums (3,300,000) 698,817

1,683

(2,599,500)

Change in net position of governmental activities

\$3,420,904

PROPRIETARY FUNDS Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

		Enterprise Funds								
		Major Funds			or Funds		Internal Service			
					Events		Public Works			
	Water	Wastewater	Airport	Stormwater	Center	Total	Admin			
ASSETS										
Current assets:										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,224,980	\$ 381,586	\$ -	\$ 971,537	\$ 475,562					
Accounts receivable, net	208,086	265,126	1,009,096	46,024	-	1,528,332	2,500			
Prepaid expenses	- - 52 107	14.762	376	-	299	675	-			
Inventory	53,107	14,762	24,797			92,666				
Total current assets	1,486,173	661,474	1,034,269	1,017,561	475,861	4,675,338	105,328			
Noncurrent assets:										
Notes receivable	5,712	48,915	-	12,153	-	66,780	-			
Capital assets:						-				
Nondepreciable assets	1,229,109	885,365	2,385,905	80,336	236,584	4,817,299	-			
Depreciable assets, net	7,911,857	15,715,025	1,196,304	1,816,944	1,749,085	28,389,215	3,764,848			
Total noncurrent assets	9,146,678	16,649,305	3,582,209	1,909,433	1,985,669	33,273,294	3,764,848			
Total assets	10,632,851	17,310,779	4,616,478	2,926,994	2,461,530	37,948,632	3,870,176			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOU	IDCES									
Related to pensions	57,178	107,420	_	10,178	83,841	258,617	167,117			
Related to OPEB	4,973	6,357	_	1,635	4,110	17,075	7,656			
Related to Of EB	4,910	0,337		1,000	4,110	17,075	7,000			
Total assets & deferred outflows	10,695,002	17,424,556	4,616,478	2,938,807	2,549,481	38,224,324	4,044,949			
LIABILITIES										
Current liabilities:										
Accounts payable and accruals	5,637	270,413	49,396	8,174	9,169	342,789	5,526			
Interest payable	7,452	18,525	-	639	-	26,616	8,761			
Compensated absences	19,191	18,880	-	3,452	23,188	64,711	44,848			
Due to other funds	-	-	905,392	-	· -	905,392	, <u>-</u>			
Current portion of long-term debt	87,601	1,063,576	-	15,801	-	1,166,978	132,059			
Total current liabilities	119,881	1,371,394	954,788	28,066	32,357	2,506,486	191,194			
Noncurrent liabilities:										
Net pension liability	155,371	291,897	-	27,655	227,825	702,748	454,114			
Net OPEB liability	20,040	25,616	-	6,587	16,564	68,807	30,850			
Long-term debt, net of current	1,693,997	4,730,680		222,867		6,647,544	2,849,897			
Total liabilities	1,989,289	6,419,587	954,788	285,175	276,746	9,925,585	3,526,055			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOUR	^EQ									
Related to pensions	15,506	29,132	_	2,760	22,738	70,136	45,321			
Related to OPEB	1,686	2,154	_	554	1,393	5,787	2,595			
Total liabilities & deferred inflows	2,006,481	6,450,873	954,788	288,489	300,877	10,001,508	3,573,971			
NET POSITION										
Net investment in capital assets	7,359,368	10,806,134	3,582,209	1,658,612	1,985,669	25,391,992	782,892			
Restricted for:										
System development	347,461	276,243	-	240,601	-	864,305	-			
Events Center, nonexpendable	-	-	-	-	79,167	79,167	-			
Unrestricted	981,692	(108,694)	79,481	751,105	183,768	1,887,352	(311,914)			
Total net position	\$ 8,688,521	\$ 10,973,683	\$ 3,661,690	\$ 2,650,318	\$ 2,248,604	28,222,816	\$ 470,978			
Reconciliation to Business-type Activit	ies:									
Net position of internal service fur						470,978				
Net Position of Business-Typ						\$ 28,693,794				
rect resident of business-Typ	O , IOUVILIES					Ψ 20,000,10 4				

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Internal					
		Major Funds		Nonmajo	Service		
					Events		Public Works
	Water	Wastewater	Airport	Stormwater	Center	Total	Admin
Operating Revenues							
Charges for services	\$ 2,161,471	\$ 3,219,693	\$ 62,552	\$ 537,070	\$ 243,595	\$ 6,224,381	\$ -
Other revenue	5,156	40,603	92,385	1,754	147,288	287,186	
Total operating revenues	2,166,627	3,260,296	154,937	538,824	390,883	6,511,567	
Operating Expenses							
Personal services	389,761	433,936	-	152,947	259,424	1,236,068	584,191
Materials and services	535,842	734,010	94,468	63,684	397,048	1,825,052	183,525
Depreciation	570,755	957,735	84,957	69,145	144,040	1,826,632	104,903
Total operating expenses	1,496,358	2,125,681	179,425	285,776	800,512	4,887,752	872,619
Operating income (loss)	670,269	1,134,615	(24,488)	253,048	(409,629)	1,623,815	(872,619)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)							
Grants and contributions	-	-	873,083	-	118,078	991,161	2,500
Interest income	24,502	88,253	10,529	4,121	9,419	136,824	-
Interest expense	(60,876)	(103,363)		(1,398)		(165,637)	(92,338)
Total nonoperating revenues							
(expenses)	(36,374)	(15,110)	883,612	2,723	127,497	962,348	(89,838)
Income (loss) before							
contributions & transfers	633,895	1,119,505	859,124	255,771	(282,132)	2,586,163	(962,457)
Capital Contributions and Transfers							
System development charges	119,140	149,739	-	59,950	-	328,829	-
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	298,700	298,700	1,037,100
Transfers out	(697,200)	(709,900)	(28,100)	(399,900)	(60,300)	(1,895,400)	
Change in net position	55,835	559,344	831,024	(84,179)	(43,732)	1,318,292	74,643
Net Position:							
Beginning of year, as restated							
(See Note IV.D)	8,632,686	10,414,339	2,830,666	2,734,497	2,292,336		396,335
End of year	\$ 8,688,521	\$ 10,973,683	\$ 3,661,690	\$ 2,650,318	\$ 2,248,604		\$ 470,978
Reconciliation to Business-type Activities							
Change in net position of internal s	ervice funds					74,643	
Change in Net Position of Bus	iness-Type Act	ivities				\$ 1,392,935	

PROPRIETARY FUNDS Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Enterprise Funds

			Enterpris	e runus			
		Major Funds		Nonmajo	r Funds		Internal Service
			_		Events		Public Works
	Water	Wastewater	Airport	Stormwater	Center	Total	Admin
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVI	TIFS		-				
Receipts from customers	\$ 2,157,460	\$ 3,270,831	\$ 154,937	\$ 547,557	\$ 390,883	\$ 6,521,668	\$ (2,500)
Payments to suppliers and contractors	(620,392)	(563,592)	(108,332)	(61,181)	(395,336)	(1,748,833)	(181,510)
Payments to employees	(344,262)	(414,277)	-	(146,989)	(251,992)	(1,157,520)	(518,057)
Net cash provided by (used in)							
operating activities	1,192,806	2,292,962	46,605	339,387	(256,445)	3,615,315	(702,067)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	298,700	298,700	1,037,100
Transfers out	(697,200)	(709,900)	(28,100)	(399,900)	(60,300)	(1,895,400)	-
Receipt (repayment) on interfund loan			855,092			855,092	
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	(697,200)	(709,900)	826,992	(399,900)	238,400	(741,608)	1,037,100
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELA FINANCING ACTIVITIES	TED						
System development charges received	120,242	169,242	-	64,167	-	353,651	-
Acquisition of capital assets	(660,528)	(1,119,148)	(884,126)	(119,835)	(7,846)	(2,791,483)	(188,045)
Principal paid on debt	(85,445)	(1,060,315)	-	(5,244)	-	(1,151,004)	(128,464)
Interest paid on debt	(60,667)	(131,241)	-	(1,860)	-	(193,768)	(91,146)
Grants and contributions received					118,078	118,078	2,500
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(686,398)	(2,141,462)	(884,126)	(62,772)	110,232	(3,664,526)	(405,155)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVIT	IES						
Interest received	24,502	88,253	10,529	4,121	9,419	136,824	
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(166,290)	(470,147)	-	(119,164)	101,606	(653,995)	(70,122)
Cash and cash equivalents:							
Beginning of year	1,391,270	851,733		1,090,701	373,956	3,707,660	172,950
End of year	\$ 1,224,980	\$ 381,586	<u> </u>	\$ 971,537	\$ 475,562	\$ 3,053,665	\$ 102,828

Continued on next page

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Statement of Cash Flows, Continued For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Enterprise Funds													
		Major Funds				Nonmajor Funds						Internal Service			
								Events					Public Works		
	\	Nater	V	Vastewater		Airport	S	tormwater		Center		Total		Admin	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:															
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income	\$	670,269	\$	1,134,615	\$	(24,488)	\$	253,048	\$ ((409,629)	\$	1,623,815	\$	(872,619)	
(loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		570 755		057.705		04.057		00.445		444.040		4 000 000		404.000	
Depreciation Changes in operating assets and		570,755		957,735		84,957		69,145		144,040		1,826,632		104,903	
liabilities and deferred outflows and inflows of resources:															
Receivables		(9,167)		10,535		-		8,733		-		10,101		(2,500)	
Prepaid expenses		-		-		(376)		-		(299)		(675)		-	
Inventory		12,169		714		(10,413)		-		-		2,470		-	
Net pension and OPEB liability and related changes in deferred outflows and inflows of															
resources		37,779		21,362		-		5,740		9,319		74,200		74,992	
Accounts payable and accrued															
expenses		(96,719)		169,704		(3,075)		2,503		2,011		74,424		2,015	
Payroll and related expenses		7,720	_	(1,703)	_			218		(1,887)		4,348		(8,858)	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	<u>\$ 1.</u>	,192,806	\$	2,292,962	\$	46,605	\$	339,387	\$ ((256,445)	\$	3,615,315	\$	(702,067)	

City of Florence, Oregon

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2019

	<u>Ager</u>	ncy Fund
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	48,885
LIABILITIES		
Amount held for others	\$	48,885

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2019

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Florence (City) is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor and four-member council. These financial statements present the primary government and its component unit, the Florence Urban Renewal Agency, a separate legal entity for which the City is considered to be financially accountable.

Blended component unit. The Florence Urban Renewal Agency (Agency) was formed to plan, direct, and manage certain projects within Florence. Pursuant to ORS 457.055 and under Lane County's order No. 86-8-27-1H, the City Council has appointed a nine member board as the governing body of the Agency. The Agency was formed by the City as a separate legal entity to implement the programs in the revitalization plan of the City. Upon completion, all projects constructed become assets of the City. The Florence Urban Renewal Agency General Fund and Florence Urban Renewal Agency Debt Service Fund are reported as governmental funds. Separate financial statements for the Florence Urban Renewal Agency can be obtained from the City.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements display information about the reporting government as a whole. These statements focus on the sustainability of the City as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from the activities of the fiscal period. These aggregated statements consist of the statement of net position and the statement of activities.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between them reported as net position.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and allocated indirect expenses of a given function or program are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or program. *Indirect expenses* are those costs, usually administrative in nature, that support all City functions, programs, and enable direct services to be provided. *Program revenues* include 1) fees, fines, and charges to customers who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or program and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or program. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major and nonmajor individual enterprise funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor governmental funds are aggregated in a single column on these statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide and proprietary funds financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and *available*. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2019

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation, Continued

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

- General Fund. This is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all of the financial
 operations of the City except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Principal sources of
 revenue are property taxes, franchise taxes, and state shared revenues. Primary expenditures are for
 general government and public safety.
- Streets Program. This program reports activity from the following budgeted funds:

Street Fund. This was established as a requirement of Oregon Revised Statues 366.815. Monies received from the State of Oregon (gasoline tax apportionment), the City's street maintenance fee, and grants are the major sources of revenue. These monies are to be used exclusively for the construction, reconstruction, improvement, repair, maintenance, operation and use of public highways, roads, streets, sidewalks, bike lanes, and paths.

Street System Development Fund. This fund is used to account for major street improvements. The primary source of revenues is street system development fees on new construction within the City. The use of these funds is restricted by State statute and City ordinance.

- FURA General Fund. This fund accounts for the activities associated with the City's Urban Renewal Plan. The primary resources are debt proceeds, grants and developer contributions.
- Spruce Street LID Bond Fund. This fund is used to account for special assessment revenue from a
 local improvement district (LID) and the servicing of related bonded debt incurred for the improvement
 of Spruce Street.
- City FURA Debt Service Fund. This fund accounts for the issuance and repayment of City issued
 debt obligations that are loaned by the City to FURA per the terms of an intergovernmental agreement
 (IGA) between the parties. The source of repayment are payments from FURA.
- FURA Debt Service Fund. This fund accounts for the repayment of debt issued to finance the urban renewal agency's projects and programs, including debt obligations to the City. The primary revenue source is property taxes.

Additionally, the City reports the following nonmajor funds within the governmental fund type:

Special revenue funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted or committed to expenditures for specific purposes.

Debt service funds account for the servicing of general long-term debt. Revenue sources are property taxes levied for general obligation bonds and other general governmental revenues.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

• Water Operations. This program reports activity from the following budgeted funds:

Water *Fund*. This fund accounts for the financial activities of the city-owned water utility operations. Sales of water and related charges are the major revenue sources.

Water Systems Development Fund. This fund accounts for monies accumulated from water systems development charges for facility expansion or improvement. The use of these funds is restricted by State statute and City ordinance.

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation, Continued

• Wastewater Operations. This program reports activity from the following budgeted funds:

Wastewater Fund. This fund accounts for the financial activities of the city-owned sewer service. Wastewater charges are the major revenue sources.

Water Systems Development Fund. This fund accounts for monies accumulated from wastewater systems development charges for facility expansion or improvement. The use of these funds is restricted by State statute and City ordinance.

Airport Operations. This fund accounts for all activities of the City's municipal airport. Expenditures
include facility and grounds maintenance, aviation fuel, and capital investment. Primary revenue
sources are fuel sales, ground leases, land sales, and intergovernmental grants.

Additionally, the City reports the following funds as nonmajor enterprise funds:

• Stormwater Operations. This program reports activity from the following budgeted funds:

Stormwater Operations Fund. This fund accounts for the financial activities of the city-owned storm drainage system. Revenues consist primarily of stormwater charges.

Stormwater Systems Development Fund. This fund accounts for monies accumulated from storm drainage systems development charges for facility expansion or improvement. The use of these funds is restricted by State statute and City ordinance.

Events Center Fund. This fund is used to account for the activities of the Florence Events Center.
Expenditures are for the operation of the Events Center facility including personnel, show booking
costs, facility operating and maintenance costs, licensing, and equipment expenditures. The primary
sources of revenue are facility and equipment rental fees, ticket fees, commissions, and show
revenue.

The City also reports an *internal service fund* to account for the service the Public Works Administration Fund provides to other funds of the City. The internal service fund primarily operates for the benefit of the enterprise funds and is reported with Business-type Activities on the statement of activities.

The agency fund is used for tracking of activities for the Municipal Court agency fund. The assets are held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other organizations.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. The City allocates charges as reimbursement for services provided by the general fund in support of those functions based on levels of service provided. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned. These charges are included in direct program expenses.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Significant operating expenses include personnel, contracted services, repairs and maintenance, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance

1. Cash and Investments

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Investments included in cash and cash equivalents are reported at fair value. The City invests in the State of Oregon Local Government Investment Pool, which is authorized by Oregon Revised Statutes. Interest earned from pooled investments is allocated based on a fund's portion of the total investment balance. The City maintains depository insurance under federal depository insurance funds and state and financial institution collateral pools for its cash deposits and investments, except the Local Government Investment Pool, which is exempt from statutes requiring such insurance.

2. Receivables and Payables

Service and property taxes receivables that meet the measurable and available criteria for revenue recognition are accrued as revenue in the governmental funds financial statements. Receivables in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are accrued as revenue when earned. In governmental funds, any revenues not meeting the revenue recognition criteria are offset by unavailable revenue accounts.

Special assessments receivable in the governmental funds and proprietary funds are recognized at the time the property owners are assessed for property improvements. In governmental funds special assessments receivable are offset by unavailable revenue accounts and, accordingly, have not been recognized as revenue.

Property taxes are levied and become a lien on July 1st. Property taxes are assessed in October and tax payments are due November 15th of the same year. Under the partial payment schedule, the first one-third of taxes are due November 15th of the same year, the second one-third on February 15th, and the remaining one-third on May 15th. A three percent discount is allowed if full payment is made by November 15th and a two percent discount is allowed if two-thirds payment is made by November 15th. Taxes become delinquent if not paid by the due date and interest accrues after each trimester at a rate of one percent per month. Property foreclosure proceedings are initiated four years after the due date.

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans).

Amounts related to the intergovernmental agreement between the City and FURA are reported as interfund note receivable/payable.

In the government-wide financial statements any residual balances outstanding between the governmental and business-type activities are reported as "internal balances."

3. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories of materials and supplies in the proprietary funds are stated at cost, on a first-in, first-out basis, and charged to expense as used.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2019

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance, Continued

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, street lights, etc.) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are charged to expenditures as purchased in the governmental fund statements, and capitalized in the proprietary fund statements. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual cost is not available. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are valued at acquisition value. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more, and having useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Additions or improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset, or that significantly increase the capacity of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. No interest costs were capitalized during the year ended June 30, 2019.

Depreciation on exhaustible assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position and is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	40
Improvements	25
Infrastructure	25 - 40
Vehicles	5
Furniture & Equipment	5

Depreciation is recorded in the year the assets are acquired or retired from the date of acquisition or to the date of disposition. Gains and losses from sales or retirements of capital assets are included in operations of the current period.

5. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The government-wide statements and the enterprise funds report deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and other post employment benefits (OPEB).

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City reports two types of deferred inflows. Unavailable revenues, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, are reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes, assessments and notes receivable. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The government-wide statements and the enterprise funds report deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB.

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance, Continued

5. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, Continued

Detailed descriptions of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB and how they are calculated can be found in notes III.F. and III.G., respectively.

6. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences, such as vacation and comp time pay is accrued as it is earned. For governmental funds, compensated absences is maintained separately and represents a reconciling item between the fund level and government-wide presentations. No liability is recorded for non-vesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it.

Funds used to liquidate accrued compensated absences include the general fund, street fund, water fund, wastewater fund, event center fund, stormwater fund, and public works administration fund.

7. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the bonds-outstanding method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures in the year the debt is issued.

8. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) and additions to/deductions from OPERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by OPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

9. Net Position Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular resource from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance, Continued

10. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

11. Fund Balance Policies

In the fund financial statements, the fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. The fund balance classifications are:

Nonspendable - resources cannot be spent because they are either in a nonspendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Resources in nonspendable form include inventories, prepaids and deposits, and assets held for sale.

Restricted - constraints placed on the use of resources are either: (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grants, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - Includes items committed by the City Council, by formal council action. Commitments of fund balance must be made prior to the end of the fiscal year.

Assigned - Includes items assigned for specific uses, authorized by the City. Assignments of fund balance can be done at any time, including after the fiscal year end date.

Unassigned - resources that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned within the General Fund. This classification is also used to report any negative fund balance amounts in other governmental funds.

12. Use of Estimates

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

Note II - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

A. Budgetary Information

The City implemented biennial budgeting effective July 1, 2017 for the biennium ending June 30, 2019. Appropriations are for the biennial period. Appropriations reported in the supplemental budget schedules report the amount for the biennial period. Appropriations lapse at the end of the biennial period.

A budget is prepared in the early winter preceding the biennial period in which the budget will be used. The City is required to budget for all funds. The budget committee, with public input, deliberates and approves the budget for transmittal to the City Council in early spring. After public notices and a hearing, the final budget is adopted, appropriations made, and a tax levy declared no later than June 30.

The City Council resolution adopting the budget and authorizing appropriations for each fund sets the level by which expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriation. Appropriations lapse at the end of the biennial period.

Expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations except in the case of grants which could not be estimated at the time of budget adoption. Supplemental appropriations and appropriation transfers may occur with notice and City Council action.

B. Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

For the year ended June 30, 2019, expenditures exceeded appropriations as follows:

Fund	Appropriation Category	Amount		
General	Administrative	\$	35,977	
General	Capital outlay		931,899	
General	Transfers out		500,000	
Street	Personal services		1,950	
Spruce Street LID Bond	Materials and services		455	
City FURA Debt Service	Notes issued to FURA		600,012	
City FURA Debt Service	Debt issuance costs		60,550	
FURA Debt Service	Debt service		375,259	
Room Tax	Materials and services		15,355	
Water	Debt service		379	
Wastewater	Personal services		10,151	
Wastewater	Debt service		65,453	
Events Center	Materials and services		295	
Public Works Admin	Materials and services		29,185	
Public Works Admin	Debt service		1,020	

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2019

Note III - Detailed Notes On All Funds

A. Deposits and Investments

The City maintains a cash and investment pool for its cash and cash equivalents in which each fund participates. Cash and investments comprise the following as of June 30, 2019:

Cash on hand	\$ 1,500
Cash in bank	1,254,095
LGIP	8,540,284
Oregon Community Foundation	 79,167
Total	\$ 9,875,046

Cash and investments are reported as follows:

Governmental activities	\$ 6,669,668
Business-type activities	3,156,493
Agency funds	 48,885
Total	\$ 9,875,046

Deposits. All deposits not covered by FDIC insurance are covered by the Public Funds Collateralization Program ("PFCP") of the State of Oregon. The PFCP is a shared liability structure for participating bank depositories. Barring any exceptions, a bank depository is required to pledge collateral valued at least 10% of their quarter-end public fund deposits if they are well capitalized, 25% of their quarter-end public fund deposits if they are undercapitalized or assigned to pledge 110% by the Office of State Treasurer. In the event of a bank failure, the entire pool of collateral pledged by all qualified Oregon public funds bank depositories is available to repay deposits of public funds of government entities.

State statutes authorize the City of Florence to invest in general obligations of the U.S. Government and its agencies, certain bonded obligations of Oregon municipalities, bank repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances, and the State Treasure's Oregon Local Government Investment Pool, among others. The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

All investments of the City shall be made in accordance with Oregon Revised Statutes: ORS 294.035 (Investment of surplus funds of political subdivisions; approved investments), ORS 294.040 (Restriction on investments under ORS 294.035), ORS 294.135 (Investment maturity dates), ORS 294.145 (Prohibited conduct for custodial officer), ORS 294.805 to 294.895 (Local Government Investment Pool). Any revisions or extensions of these sections of the ORS shall be assumed to be part of this investment policy immediately upon being enacted.

The Oregon Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) is an open-ended, no-load diversified portfolio offered to any municipality, political subdivision or public corporation of the State that by law is made the custodian of, or has control of, any public funds. The Office of the State Treasurer (OST) manages the LGIP. The LGIP is commingled with other State funds in the Oregon Short-Term Fund (OSTF). The OSTF is not managed as a stable net asset value fund; therefore, the preservation of principal is not assured. Additional information about the OSTF can be obtained at www.ost.state.or.us and www.ost.state.or.us and www.oregon.gov/treasury.

Custodial Credit Risk. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. At June 30, 2019, the City's deposits were covered and collateralized by federal depository insurance and the PFCP.

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2019

Note III - Detailed Notes On All Funds, Continued

B. Allowance for doubtful accounts

Uncollected taxes and assessments are deemed to be substantially collectible or recoverable through liens. Therefore, no allowance for uncollectible accounts has been established.

Accounts receivable for business-type activities are reported net of an allowance of doubtful accounts as follows as of June 30, 2019:

Water operations	\$ 35,588
Wastewater operations	53,921
Stormwater operations	10,784
Total allowance for doubtful accounts	\$ 100.293

C. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases_	_Decreases_	Adjustments	Ending Balance
Governmental activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$ 2,031,030 2,452,859	\$ - <u>3,039,636</u>	\$ - 	\$ - _(1,287,532)	\$ 2,031,030 4,204,963
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	4,483,889	3,039,636		(1,287,532)	6,235,993
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Equipment and vehicles Infrastructure	8,941,324 2,881,445 15,065,523	2,092,959 136,706 115,356	- - -	1,131,126 156,406	12,165,409 3,174,557 15,180,879
Total capital assets, being depreciated	26,888,292	2,345,021		1,287,532	30,520,845
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements Equipment and vehicles Infrastructure	(3,958,062) (2,234,862) (6,558,310)	(286,716) (245,842) (579,822)	- - -	- - -	(4,244,778) (2,480,704) (7,138,132)
Total accumulated depreciation	(12,751,234)	(1,112,380)			(13,863,614)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	14,137,058	1,232,641		1,287,532	16,657,231
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 18,620,947	\$ 4,272,277	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 22,893,224

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

Note III - Detailed Notes On All Funds, Continued

C. Capital Assets, Continued

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Adjustments	Ending Balance
Business-type activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$ 1,868,428 2,795,825	\$ - 1,726,636	\$ - -	\$ - (1,573,590)	\$ 1,868,428 2,948,871
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	4,664,253	1,726,636		(1,573,590)	4,817,299
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Utility systems Equipment and vehicles Infrastructure	31,755,431 13,526,809 4,144,052 9,710,641	443,754 458,813 349,097 1,228	- - - -	- 84,872 - 	32,199,185 14,070,494 4,493,149 11,200,587
Total capital assets, being depreciated	59,136,933	1,252,892		1,573,590	61,963,415
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements Utility systems Equipment and vehicles Infrastructure	(15,116,526) (8,345,060) (2,802,660) (1,613,571)	(887,958) (284,025) (285,976) (473,576)	- - - -	- - - -	(16,004,484) (8,629,085) (3,088,636) (2,087,147)
Total accumulated depreciation	(27,877,817)	(1,931,535)			(29,809,352)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	31,259,116	(678,643)		1,573,590	32,154,063
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 35,923,369	\$ 1,047,993	\$ -	<u>\$</u>	\$ 36,971,362

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2019

Note III - Detailed Notes On All Funds, Continued

C. Capital Assets, Continued

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:		
Administration	\$	135,411
Community development		29,933
Public safety		214,197
Parks		34,745
Transportation		666,214
Non-departmental		31,880
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$	1,112,380
Business-type activities:		
Water operations	\$	570,755
Wastewater operations		957,735
Airport operations		84,957
Stormwater operations		69,145
Events Center		144,040
Public works admin		104,903
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	<u>\$</u>	1,931,535

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2019

Note III - Detailed Notes On All Funds, Continued

D. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

At June 30, 2019 the City's Airport Fund owed the City's General Fund \$348,129 to pay for expenditures pending receipt of reimbursable grant expenditures.

At June 30, 2019 the FURA Debt Service Fund owed the FURA General Fund \$348,129 to pay for debt service pending receipt of property taxes.

Interfund Transfers

The interfund transfer activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

	Transfers In:							
				Nonmajor	Public		_	
			FURA	Govern-	Events	Works		
	Gene	ral	General	mental	_Center_	Admin		Totals
Transfers Out:								
General	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 551,600	\$ 50,000	\$ 50,900	\$	652,500
Streets Program	149,8	800	-	-	-	199,100		348,900
Nonmajor Governmental	134,0	600	-	-	248,700	-		383,300
Water Operations	347,	500	-	-	-	349,700		697,200
Wastewater Operations	352,	300	-	-	-	357,600		709,900
Stormwater Operations	85,	100	250,000	-	-	64,800		399,900
Airport	13,	100	-	-	-	15,000		28,100
Events Center	60,	300						60,300
Totals	\$1,142, ⁻	700	\$ 250,000	<u>\$ 551,600</u>	\$298,700	\$1,037,100	\$3	3,280,100

Transfers are budgeted for, and made, to reimburse the General Fund and the Public Works Administrative Fund for administrative charges. In addition, transfers are budgeted and made to move financial resources from the Transient Room Tax Fund to the Events Center Fund to fund operations and the Stormwater Operations to the FURA General Fund to cover stormwater improvements.

Interfund Note Payable Transfer

The transfer from the FURA Debt Service Fund to the FURA General Fund, in the amount of \$3,700,000, is an accounting adjustment to move the Interfund Note Payable from the fund that received the cash (the FURA General Fund) to the fund that will pay back the advance (the FURA Debt Service Fund).

Interfund Note Receivable/Payable

The City entered into an intergovernmental agreement with the Florence Urban Renewal Agency (FURA) to facilitate the use of the City's credit to fund FURA's urban renewal plan projects and programs with more favorable terms and conditions. The IGA provides for \$7.0 million in loans to FURA, with repayment of principal and interest consistent with the terms and conditions of the City's loans with Banner Bank. Additionally, FURA must levy sufficient taxes to ensure a minimum 1.25 debt coverage ratio. FURA used the loans to refinance \$1.6 million of existing debt and \$5.4 million for new projects and programs described in the Florence Urban Renewal Plan. The City and FURA anticipate additional debt obligations will be utilized as FURA's property tax revenue and debt capacity increases to facilitate the goals and objectives of the urban renewal plan.

The City established the City FURA Debt Service Fund to account for the activities associated with the City's use of its credit for the benefit of the City's urban renewal agency. At June 30, 2019, FURA owed the City \$6,643,405 for bank loans the City took out on FURA's behalf.

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

Note III - Detailed Notes On All Funds, Continued

E. Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

		Beginning Balance	Additions		Reductions		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year	
Governmental Activities:			_	7 taattions	_	reductions	_	Dalarioc	_	One rear
Bonds payable Notes from direct	\$	2,647,232	\$	-	\$	(266,558)	\$	2,380,674	\$	276,043
borrowings	_	7,966,837	_	3,300,000	_	(433,942)	_	10,832,895		480,583
Total long-term debt Compensated absences	_	10,614,069 269,369		3,300,000 282,621		(700,500) (269,369)	_	13,213,569 282,621		756,626 282,621
Governmental activities long-term liabilities	<u>\$</u>	10,883,438	\$	3,582,621	\$	(969,869)	\$	13,496,190	\$	1,039,247
Business-Type Activities: Bonds payable Notes from direct	\$	3,404,415	\$	-	\$	(824,817)	\$	2,579,598	\$	840,844
borrowings	_	8,702,528			_	(485,648)	_	8,216,880		458,193
Total long-term debt Compensated absences		12,106,943 114,069		- 109,559		(1,310,465) (114,069)	_	10,796,478 109,559		1,299,037 109,559
Business-type activities long-term liabilities	\$	12,221,012	\$	109,559	\$	(1,424,534)	\$	10,906,037	\$	1,408,596

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2019

Note III - Detailed Notes On All Funds, Continued

E. Long-Term Liabilities, Continued

Bonds outstanding at June 30, 2019 were as follows:

Purpose	G	overnmental Activities	Business- pe Activities
During 2010, the City issued \$8,750,000 of full faith and credit refunding obligations debt with \$8,310,000 at 3.064% and \$440,000 at 3.75%. This bond was used to fund projects for enterprise funds as well as governmental funds. \$600,000 was used by governmental funds and \$8,150,000 was used by enterprise funds. Bond principal and interest is payable semiannually through December 2030. The unamortized premium included in the balance of this bond is \$82,481.	\$	409,146	\$ 2,108,335
During 2010, the City issued \$1,478,000 of limited tax improvement bonds at 3.81% for the Spruce St LID. Semiannual payments are made from assessments on the property benefiting from the improvements. Bond principal and interest is payable semiannually through December 2030.		1,095,000	-
During 2011, the City issued \$1,245,000 of full faith and credit refunding obligations debt at 4.14% for the Local Oregon Capital Assets Program (LOCAP). This bond was used to fund projects for enterprise funds as well as governmental funds. The governmental portion was \$558,980 and the enterprise funds portion was \$686,020. Bond principal and interest is payable semiannually through June 2031. The unamortized premium included in the balance of this bond is \$5,507.		384,244	471,263
During 2013, the City issued \$1,460,000 of direct placement Water GO bonds for refunding of existing General Obligation Water Bonds for water system improvements. The bond pays interest of 2.11%. The bond matures in June 2022. Loan principal and interest is payable semiannually through June 2022. In the event of a default the Bank may at its election increase the interest rate to 5.11%.		492,284	<u>-</u>
Total bonds outstanding Less current portion	_	2,380,674 (276,043)	2,579,598 (840,844)
Long-term portion	\$	2,104,631	\$ 1,738,754

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2019

Note III - Detailed Notes On All Funds, Continued

E. Long-Term Liabilities, Continued

Direct placement notes payable outstanding at June 30, 2019 were as follows:

Purpose	Governmental Activities	Business- Type Activities
On March 21, 2018, the City received proceeds in the amount of \$3,395,000 from Banner Bank to finance improvements to City Hall and the Justice Center and the purchase of land. Loan principal and interest is payable semiannually at 4.375% through December 2037. If an event of default occurs, the Bank may exercise any remedy available at law or in equity; but the Note shall not be subject to acceleration.	\$ 3,180,799	\$ -
On June 20, 2019, the City received proceeds in the amount of \$3,150,000 from Banner Bank to finance the projects of the Florence Urban Renewal Agency. Loan principal and interest is payable semiannually at 3.3% through March 2039. If an event of default occurs, the Bank may exercise any remedy available at law or in equity; but the Note shall not be subject to acceleration.	3,150,000	_
On June 20, 2019, the City received proceeds in the amount of \$150,000 from Banner Bank to finance the projects of the Florence Urban Renewal Agency. Interest only payments at 5.3% are required semiannually through March 2024. Loan principal is due in full on March 1. 2024. If an event of default occurs, the Bank may exercise any remedy available at law or in equity; but the Note shall not be subject to acceleration.	150,000	_
During 2018, the City termed out its tax-exempt non-revolving line of credit with Banner Bank. Annual principal and interest payments are required on June 1 and December 1. The interest rate for the line of credit is 2.92% through December 15, 2026, at which point the interest rate becomes variable, with a maximum rate of 5.25% through December 15, 2031, when the maximum rate increases to 7.25%. The minimum interest rate for years eleven through twenty is 2.75%. The note payable has a scheduled maturity of December 1, 2026 for the outstanding balance allocated to the Street Project and December 1, 2036 for the remaining balances. If an event of default occurs, the Bank may exercise any remedy available at law or in equity; but the Note shall not be subject to acceleration. The projects funded and their balances at June 30, 2019 were as follows:		
Street Project. Financing of improvements to the City's streets and related issuance costs in the original amount of \$1,300,000. This portion of the note matures on December 1, 2026.	1,008,693	-
Agency Project. \$3,700,000 was allocated to finance and refinance the projects of the Florence Urban Renewal Agency. This portion of the note matures on December 1, 2036.	3,343,403	-
Water Project. Financing of improvements to the City's water system and related issuance costs in the original amount of \$1,500,000. This portion of the note matures on December 1, 2036.	-	1,355,437
Facility Project. Financing of the City's public works facility and related issuance costs in the original amount of \$3,300,000. This portion of the note matures on December 1, 2036.	-	2,981,956

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2019

Note III - Detailed Notes On All Funds, Continued

E. Long-Term Liabilities, Continued

Purpose	Governmental Activities	Business- Type Activities
On August 31, 2010, the City entered into a loan agreement with the Oregon Business Development Department to receive a loan in the amount of \$657,057 to permanently finance the Florence Wastewater Transmission Line & Intersection Improvements. Loan interest rate is variable between 2% and 4%. Loan principal and interest is payable annually through December 2034. Upon the event of a default OBDD may declare the loan immediately due and payable, declare the City ineligible to receive future awards from the OBDD, withhold all or a portion of any amounts otherwise due to the City, or foreclosing liens or security interests upon collateral. The unamortized premium included in the balance of this bond is \$6,400.	_	494,911
On February 12, 2010, the City entered into an agreement with the State of Oregon Department of Environmental Quality for a loan in the amount of \$4,923,260 to finance rehabilitation to a major wastewater trunk sewer. Loan principal payments commenced upon completion of the project (June 24, 2013). The loan has a twenty year maturity (June 1, 2033) with loan fees of 0.5% of the outstanding balance payable annually. Upon the event of a default DEQ may declare the loan immediately due and payable, appoint a receiver to operate the Facility, set and collect utility rates, direct the State Treasurer to withhold amounts dues, or pursue any other legal or equitable		
remedy it may have.		3,384,576
Total notes outstanding Less current portion	10,832,895 (480,583)	8,216,880 (458,193)
Long-term portion	\$ 10,352,312	\$ 7,758,687

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for long-term debt at June 30, 2019 are as follows:

	_	Governmental Activities											
		Public Offering Bonds				Direct Place	nt Bonds	Direct Borrowings					
Year Ending June 30,		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	
2020	\$	111,949	\$	60,374	\$	164,094	\$	10,387	\$	480,583	\$	265,344	
2021		119,712		62,836		164,095		6,925		521,199		334,271	
2022		125,924		64,735		164,095		3,462		537,905		317,565	
2023		135,400		60,095		-		-		555,151		300,319	
2024		142,616		54,802		-		-		722,452		283,018	
2025 - 2029		841,708		179,960		-		-		2,722,283		1,211,404	
2030 - 2034		411,081		19,322		-		-		2,801,749		864,003	
2035 - 2039		-		-		-		-		2,386,541		236,412	
2040 - 2044		-					_			105,032	_	2,099	
Total	\$	1,888,390	\$	502,124	\$	492,284	\$	20,774	\$	10,832,895	\$	3,814,435	

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

Note III - Detailed Notes On All Funds, Continued

	Business-Type Activities										
	 Public Offe	g Bonds		Direct Borrowings							
Year Ending June 30,	Principal		Interest		Principal	Interest					
2020	\$ 840,844	\$	91,937	\$	458,193	\$	162,222				
2021	858,622		57,770		464,384	154,222					
2022	71,666		34,459		470,437		146,261				
2023	77,392		31,693		476,670		138,118				
2024	80,346		28,639		482,790		130,190				
2025 - 2029	444,406		92,987		2,490,238		663,823				
2030 - 2034	206,322		10,737		2,486,798		531,892				
2035 - 2039	 				887,370		97,225				
Total	\$ 2,579,598	\$	348,222	\$	8,216,880	\$	2,023,953				

F. Pension Plans

Substantially all employees of the City are provided with pensions through the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. The Oregon Legislature has delegated authority to the Public Employees Retirement Board to administer and manage the system. All benefits of the System are established by the legislature pursuant to ORS Chapters 238 and 238A. Tier One/Tier Two Retirement Benefit plan, established by ORS Chapter 238, is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003. The Pension Program, established by ORS Chapter 238A, provides benefits to members hired on or after August 29, 2003. OPERS issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report and Actuarial Valuation that can be obtained at:

http://www.oregon.gov/pers/Pages/section/financial_reports/financials.aspx.

Risk Pooling

The City has elected to participate in the State and Local Government Rate Pool (SLGRP). Pooling allows separate employers to be part of one group for the purpose of determining employer pension costs and contribution rates. Pool participants share pension assets and future pension liabilities and surpluses. Employers in the pool jointly fund the future pension costs of all of the pooled participants.

Benefits Provided

1. Tier One/Tier Two Retirement Benefit (ORS Chapter 238)

Pension Benefits

The PERS retirement allowance is payable monthly for life. It may be selected from 13 retirement benefit options. These options include survivorship benefits and lump-sum refunds. The basic benefit is based on years of service and final average salary. A percentage (2.0 percent for police and fire employees, 1.67 percent for general service employees) is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Benefits may also be calculated under either a formula plus annuity (for members who were contributing before August 21, 1981) or a money match computation if a greater benefit results.

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2019

Note III - Detailed Notes On All Funds, Continued

F. Pension Plans, Continued

A member is considered vested and will be eligible at minimum retirement age for a service retirement allowance if he or she has had a contribution in each of five calendar years or has reached at least 50 years of age before ceasing employment with a participating employer (age 45 for police and fire members). General service employees may retire after reaching age 55. Police and fire members are eligible after reaching age 50. Tier One general service employee benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 58 with fewer than 30 years of service. Police and fire member benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 55 with fewer than 25 years of service. Tier Two members are eligible for full benefits at age 60. The ORS Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Pension Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003.

Death Benefits

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives a lump-sum refund of the member's account balance (accumulated contributions and interest). In addition, the beneficiary will receive a lump-sum payment from employer funds equal to the account balance, provided one or more of the following conditions are met:

- the member was employed by a PERS employer at the time of death,
- the member died within 120 days after termination of PERS-covered employment,
- the member died as a result of injury sustained while employed in a PERS-covered job, or
- the member was on an official leave of absence from a PERS-covered job at the time of death.

Disability Benefits

A member with 10 or more years of creditable service who becomes disabled from other than duty-connected causes may receive a non-duty disability benefit. A disability resulting from a job-incurred injury or illness qualifies a member (including PERS judge members) for disability benefits regardless of the length of PERS-covered service. Upon qualifying for either a non-duty or duty disability, service time is computed to age 58 (55 for police and fire members) when determining the monthly benefit.

Benefit Changes After Retirement

Members may choose to continue participation in a variable equities investment account after retiring and may experience annual benefit fluctuations due to changes in the market value of equity investments. Under ORS 238.360 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes. All monthly pension and annuity benefits except unit purchases are eligible for post-retirement adjustments. As a result of the Senate Bills 822 and 861 and the Oregon Supreme Court decision in Moro v. State of Oregon, automatic post-retirement adjustments are based on a blended COLA rate.

The Supreme Court decision in Moro requires that members "will be entitled to receive during retirement a blended COLA rate that reflects the different COLA provision applicable to benefits earned at different times." The Supreme Court did not articulate a specific methodology for determining the blended COLA. For purposes of this valuation, PERS has determined the blend based on creditable service earned before and after October 2013. This approach is consistent with OAR 459-005-0510 adopted by the PERS Board in September 2015.

Automatic COLA for benefits earned prior to SB 822 and SB 861

Benefits are adjusted annually to reflect the increase or decrease in the Consumer Price Index (Portland area - all items) as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. The maximum adjustment to be made for any year is 2 percent of the previous year's benefit, except for 2013 when the adjustment is limited to 1.5%. Any CPI change in excess of the limit is accumulated for future benefit adjustments that would otherwise be less than the limit. No benefit will be decreased below its original amount.

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2019

Note III - Detailed Notes On All Funds, Continued

F. Pension Plans, Continued

Automatic adjustments for benefits earned post 2013

In 2014 and future years benefits will be increased annually based on a marginal rate schedule. The increase is calculated as 1.25% on the first \$60,000 of annual benefit and 0.15% on amounts above \$60,000 of annual benefit.

2. OPSRP Pension Program (OPSRP DB)

Pension Benefits

The Pension Program (ORS Chapter 238A) provides benefits to members hired on or after August 29, 2003. This portion of OPSRP provides a life pension funded by employer contributions. Benefits are calculated with the following formula for members who attain normal retirement age:

Police and Fire: 1.8 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for police and fire members is age 60 or age 53 with 25 years of retirement credit. To be classified as a police and fire member, the individual must have been employed continuously as a police and fire member for at least five years immediately preceding retirement.

General service: 1.5 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for general service members is age 65, or age 58 with 30 years of retirement credit.

A member of the OPSRP Pension Program becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, and, if the pension program is terminated, the date on which termination becomes effective.

Death Benefits

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the spouse or other person who is constitutionally required to be treated in the same manner as the spouse, receives for life 50 percent of the pension that would otherwise have been paid to the deceased member.

Disability Benefits

A member who has accrued 10 or more years of retirement credits before the member becomes disabled or a member who becomes disabled due to job-related injury shall receive a disability benefit of 45 percent of the member's salary determined as of the last full month of employment before the disability occurred.

Benefit Changes After Retirement

Under ORS 238A.210 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes. Under current law, the cap on the COLA in fiscal year 2015 and beyond will vary based on 1.25 percent on the first \$60,000 of annual benefit and 0.15 percent on annual benefits above \$60,000.

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

Note III - Detailed Notes On All Funds, Continued

F. Pension Plans, Continued

3. OPSRP Individual Account Program (OPSRP IAP)

Pension Benefits

An IAP member becomes vested on the date the employee account is established or on the date the rollover account was established. If the employer makes optional employer contributions for a member, the member becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, the date the IAP is terminated, the date the active member becomes disabled, or the date the active member dies.

Upon retirement, a member of the OPSRP Individual Account Program (IAP) may receive the amounts in his or her employee account, rollover account, and vested employer account as a lump-sum payment or in equal installments over a 5-, 10-, 15-, 20-year period or an anticipated life span option. Each distribution option has a \$200 minimum distribution limit.

Death Benefits

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives in a lump sum the member's account balance, rollover account balance, and vested employer optional contribution account balance. If a retired member dies before the installment payments are completed, the beneficiary may receive the remaining installment payments or choose a lump-sum payment.

Recordkeeping

OPERS contracts with VOYA Financial to maintain IAP participant records.

Contributions

PERS funding policy provides for monthly employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. This funding policy applies to the PERS Defined Benefit Plan and the Other Postemployment Benefit Plans. Employer contribution rates during the period were based on the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation. The rates based on a percentage of payroll, first became effective July 1, 2017. Employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2019 were \$312,862 excluding amounts to fund employer specific liabilities. The rates in effect for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 were 14.98 percent for Tier One/Tier Two General Service Member, 14.98 percent for Tier One/Tier Two Police and Fire, 5.93 percent for OPSRP Pension Program General Services, 10.70 percent for OPSRP Police and Fire members and 6 percent for OPSRP Individual Account Program.

Pension Assets, Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019 the City reported a liability of \$4,094,744 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2016 rolled forward to June 30, 2018. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2018, the City's proportion was 0.02703036 percent, which was a changed from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017 of 0.02733098 percent.

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2019

Note III - Detailed Notes On All Funds, Continued

F. Pension Plans, Continued

For the year ended June 30, 2019 the City recognized pension expense of \$759,825. At June 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	139,291	\$	-	
Change in assumptions		952,020		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		181,830	
Changes in proportionate share		122,101		81,071	
Differences between City contributions and proportionate share of contributions		758	_	145,762	
Subtotal before post-measurement date contributions		1,214,170		408,663	
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date		292,719	_	-	
Total	\$	1,506,889	\$	408,663	

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions of \$292,719 resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as either a reduction of the net pension liability or an increase in the net pension asset in the year ended June 30, 2019. Net deferred outflows (inflows) of resources of \$805,507 will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	
2020	\$ 477,808
2021	327,215
2022	(53,953)
2023	34,551
2024	19,886
Total	\$ 805,507

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2019

Note III - Detailed Notes On All Funds, Continued

F. Pension Plans, Continued

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	December 31, 2016
Measurement Date	June 30, 2018
Experience Study Report	2016, published July 26, 2017
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Inflation Rate	2.50 percent
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	7.20 percent
Discount Rate	7.20 percent
Project Salary Increases	3.50 percent overall payroll growth
Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA)	Blend of 2.00% COLA and Graded COLA (1.25%/0.15%0 in accordance with <i>Moro</i> decision; blend based on service.
Mortality	Healthy retirees and beneficiaries: RP-2014 Healthy annuitant, sex-distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Date Scale, with collar adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation.
	Active Members: RP-2014 Employees, sex distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with collar adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation
	Disabled retirees: RP-2014 Disabled retirees, sex distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of projected benefits and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Experience studies are performed as of December 31 of even numbered years. The methods and assumptions shown above are based on the 2016 Experience Study which reviewed experience for the four-year period ending on December 31, 2016.

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2019

Note III - Detailed Notes On All Funds, Continued

F. Pension Plans, Continued

Long-term Expected Rate of Return

To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in July 2015 the PERS Board reviewed long-term assumptions developed by both Milliman's capital market assumptions team and the Oregon Investment Council's (OIC) investment advisors. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. For more information on the Plan's portfolio, assumed asset allocation, and the long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class, calculated using both arithmetic and geometric means, see PERS' audited financial statements at:

http://www.oregon.gov/pers/Documents/Financials/CAFR/2018-CAFR.pdf

Depletion Date Projection

GASB 68 generally requires that a blended discount rate be used to measure the total pension liability (the actuarial accrued liability calculated using the Individual Entry Age Normal Cost Method). The long-term expected return on plan investments may be used to discount liabilities to the extent that the plan's Fiduciary Net Position is projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses. A 20-year high quality (AA/Aa or higher) municipal bond rate must be used for periods where the Fiduciary Net Position is not projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses. Determining the discount rate under GASB 68 will often require that the actuary perform complex projections of future benefit payments and pension plan investments. GASB 68 (paragraph 67) does allow for alternative evaluations of projected solvency, if such evaluation can reliably be made. GASB does not contemplate a specific method for making an alternative evaluation of sufficiency; it is left to professional judgment.

The following circumstances justify an alternative evaluation of sufficiency for PERS:

- PERS has a formal written policy to calculate an Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC), which is articulated in the actuarial valuation report.
- The ADC is based on a closed, layered amortization period, which means that payment of the full ADC each year will bring the plan to a 100% funded position by the end of the amortization period if future experience follows assumption.
- GASB 68 specifies that the projections regarding future solvency assume that plan assets earn the
 assumed rate return and there are no future changes in the plan provisions or actuarial methods and
 assumptions, which means that the projections would not reflect any adverse future experience which
 might impact the plan's funded position.

Based on these circumstances, it is PERS' independent actuary's opinion that the detailed depletion date projections outlined in GASB 68 would clearly indicate that the Fiduciary Net Position is always projected to be sufficient to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability of the Plan was 7.20 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2019

Note III - Detailed Notes On All Funds, Continued

F. Pension Plans, Continued

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.20 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.20 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.20 percent) than the current rate:

	19	% Decrease	D	iscount Rate	•	1% Increase	
		(6.20%)		(7.20%)		(8.20%)	
Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	6,843,090	\$	4,094,744	\$	1,826,208	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued OPERS financial report.

Changes in Assumptions and Other Inputs

Changes in actuarial methods and assumptions implemented since the December 31, 2016 valuation are described in the 2016 Experience Study (Study), published July 2017.

Changes in assumptions from that Study are reported in the table of actuarial methods and assumptions, modifications to the allocation of actuarial accrued liabilities, administrative expense assumptions, healthcare cost inflation, and mortality tables can be found in the Study at:

http://www.oregon.gov/PERS/Documents/2016-Exp-Study.pdf

G. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

Plan Description

The City provides an implicit rate subsidy for retiree health insurance premiums. The City's single-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan is administered by City County Insurance Services. Benefit provisions are established through negotiations between the City and representatives of collective bargaining units or through resolutions passed by the City. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

Benefits Provided

The plan provides eligible retirees and their dependents under age 65 the same health care coverage at the same premium rates as offered to active employees. The retiree is responsible for the premiums. As of the valuation date of July 1, 2018, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries receiving benefits	6
Active employees	59
Total	65

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2019

Note III - Detailed Notes On All Funds, Continued

G. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB), Continued

Financial Statement Presentation

The amounts on the financial statements relate to the plans as follows:

	Oi	Deferred utflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	37,444	\$	-	
Change in assumptions				25,456	
Subtotal before post-measurement date contributions		37,444		25,456	
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date		37,666			
Total	\$	75,110	\$	25,456	

Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB of \$37,666 resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Net deferred outflows (inflows) of resources of \$11,988 will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,

2020	\$	1,032
2021	Ψ	1,032
2022		1,032
2023		1,032
2024		1,032
Thereafter		6,828
Therealter		0,020
	\$	11,988

Total OPEB Liability and OPEB Expense

The City's total OPEB liability of \$- was measured as of June 30, 2018, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the City recognized OPEB expense from this plan of \$28,635.

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

Note III - Detailed Notes On All Funds, Continued

G. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB), Continued

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2018 valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal Inflation 2.5 percent Annual pay increases 3.5 percent Mortality RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant, sex distinct mortality tables blended 50/50 blue collar and white collar, set back one year for males. Mortality is projected on a generational basis using the Unisex Social Security Data Scale. 3.87 percent (change from 3.58 percent in previous Discount rate measurement period) 6.75 percent per year decreasing to 4.75 percent Health Care Cost Trend

The discount rate was based on a 20-year general obligation bond yield index published by The Bond Buyer.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance as of June 30, 2018	\$ 280,332
Changes for the year	
Service cost	17,474
Interest on total OPEB liability	10,129
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses	41,955
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs	(17,222)
Benefit payments	(30,002)
Balance as of June 30, 2019	\$ 302,666

Changes in assumptions is the result of the change in the discount rate from 3.58 to 3.50 and changes in health care cost trends.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability

The following presents the City's total OPEB liability, as well as what the liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.87 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.87 percent) than the current discount rate. A similar sensitivity analysis is then presented for changes in the healthcare trend assumption.

	1% Decrease	Rate	1 % Increase
Discount Rate - Total OPEB Liability	321,840	302,666	285,162
Healthcare Trend Rate - Total OPEB Liability	279,942	302,666	329,826

Notes to the Financial Statements

June 30, 2019

Note IV - Other Information

A. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries commercial insurance. In 1981, the League of Oregon Cities joined together with the Association of Oregon Cities to form City County Insurance Services ("CCIS"), a public entity risk pool currently operating a common risk management and insurance program. The City pays an annual premium to CCIS for insurance coverage. Based on the experience of the City and CCIS, the City may be liable for an additional premium of up to 20% of its initial premium or it may receive a refund. The City has not had to pay an additional premium. Predetermined limits and deductible amounts are stated in the policy. Settled claims have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

B. Commitments and Contingencies

Under terms of federal and state grants, periodic audits are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under terms of the grants. Such audits could lead to reimbursement to the grantor agencies. The City believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

C. Contingent Liabilities

The City is contingently liable with respect to lawsuits and other claims incidental to the ordinary course of its operations and capital projects. Management intends to contest these matters and does not believe their ultimate resolution will have a material effect upon the City's financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

D. Prior Period Restatement

At June 30, 2018 grants receivable and unrestricted net position were misstated by \$136,013 in the Airport Fund and the Business-Type Activities column of the government-wide Statement of Net Position. The City did not report intergovernmental revenue earned during the fiscal year 2018 as receivable at year-end because it did not request reimbursement from the granting agency for the related expenditures until August 2019, when the project was completed.



CITY OF FLORENCE

Oregon Public Employees Retirement System June 30, 2019

Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

	2019 2018		_	2017		2016		2015		2014		
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.0	02703036 %	0.0)2733098 %	0.0	02535152 %	0.0	02730409 %	0.0	02378761 %	0.2	23787610 %
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	4,094,744	\$	3,684,226	\$	3,805,852	\$	1,567,653	\$	(539,197)	\$	1,213,917
Covered payroll	\$	3,669,227	\$	3,257,585	\$	3,354,642	\$	3,238,206	\$	3,154,516	\$	3,015,337
Proportionate share of the pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered employee payroll		111.60 %		113.10 %		113.45 %		48.41 %		(17.09)%		40.26 %
Plan net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		82.1 %		83.1 %		80.5 %		91.9 %		103.6 %		92.0 %
		Sch	ned	ule of Pens	oia	n Contribut	ion	s				
		2019	_	2018	_	2017	_	2016		2015		2014
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$	312,862	\$	331,774	\$	227,630	\$	239,728	\$	228,397	\$	251,436
contractually required contribution	_	312,862		331,774	_	227,630		239,728		228,397	_	251,436
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
Covered employee payroll	\$	3,762,260	\$	3,669,227	\$	3,257,585	\$	3,354,642	\$	3,238,206	\$	3,154,516
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll		8.32 %		9.04 %		6.99 %		7.15 %		7.05 %		7.97 %

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Note I - Measurement Period

Amounts presented are for the measurement period, which for FY 2019 is July 1, 2017 - June 30, 2018.

Note II - Changes in Benefit Terms

The Oregon Supreme Court on April 30, 2015, ruled that the provisions of Senate Bill 861, signed into law in October 2013, that limited the post-retirement COLA on benefits accrued prior to the signing of the law was unconstitutional. Benefits could be modified prospectively, but not retrospectively. As a result, those who retired before the bills were passed will continue to receive a COLA tied to the Consumer Price Index that normally results in a 2% increase annually. OPERS will make restoration payments to those benefit recipients. OPERS members who have accrued benefits before and after the effective dates of the 2013 legislation will have a blended COLA rate when they retire. This change in benefit terms was not included in the net pension liability (asset) proportionate shares provided by OPERS for the year ending June 30, 2015.

Note III - Changes in Assumptions

Details and a comprehensive list of changes in methods and assumptions can be found in the 2012, 2014, and 2016 Experience Studies. These reports can be found at:

http://www.oregon.gov/pers/Pages/section/financial_reports/mercer_reports.aspx

CITY OF FLORENCE

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios June 30, 2019

	2019		2018
Balance at beginning of year	\$ 280,332	\$	298,324
Service costs	17,474		18,661
Interest on total OPEB liability	10,129		8,583
Effect of economic/demographic gains or losses	41,955		-
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs	(17,222)		(13,340)
Benefit payments	 (30,002)		(31,896)
Balance at end of year	302,666		280,332
Covered payroll	 3,669,227	;	3,257,585
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	 8.25 %	_	8.61 %

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Note I - Measurement Period

Amounts presented are for the measurement period reported during the fiscal year, which for FY 2019 is July 1, 2017 - June 30, 2018.

GENERAL FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Bienniur	n Budget				
		_	1st Year	2nd Year	_	
	Original	Final	FY 2017-18	FY 2018-19	Total	Variance
Revenues:						
Taxes	\$ 5,084,300	\$ 5,313,800	\$ 2,501,550	\$ 2,648,545	\$ 5,150,095	\$ (163,705)
Franchise fees	1,627,000	1,627,000	969,341	1,074,194	2,043,535	416,535
Licenses and permits	561,400	561,400	281,348	258,469	539,817	(21,583)
Intergovernmental	939,500	939,500	459,348	598,440	1,057,788	118,288
Charges for services	1,036,200	1,036,200	560,363	407,755	968,118	(68,082)
Fines and forfeitures	440,000	440,000	230,361	214,989	445,350	5,350
Earnings and contributions	91,000	91,000	69,662	71,012	140,674	49,674
Total revenues	9,779,400	10,008,900	5,071,973	5,273,404	10,345,377	336,477
Expenditures:						
Police	4,421,300	4,421,300	2,152,243	2,139,493	4,291,736	129,564
Community development	1,611,600	1,611,600	740,316	766,367	1,506,683	104,917
Parks	331,500	331,500	127,986	166,124	294,110	37,390
Municipal court	564,900	564,900	248,396	280,310	528,706	36,194
Administrative	2,763,600	2,863,600	1,347,921	1,551,656	2,899,577	(35,977)
City hall	182,800	202,800	105,684	89,315	194,999	7,801
Non-departmental	262,000	762,000	140,891	96,509	237,400	524,600
Capital outlay	3,015,600	3,015,600	1,697,289	2,250,210	3,947,499	(931,899)
Debt service	298,200	544,900	174,817	278,944	453,761	91,139
Contingency	1,266,629	1,266,629				1,266,629
Total expenditures	14,718,129	15,584,829	6,735,543	7,618,928	14,354,471	1,230,358
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	(4,938,729)	(5,575,929)	(1,663,570)	(2,345,524)	(4,009,094)	1,566,835
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in	2,353,800	2,353,800	1,030,000	1,142,700	2,172,700	(181,100)
Transfers out/Note issued to FURA	(1,302,900)	(1,702,900)	(1,150,400)	(1,052,500)	(2,202,900)	(500,000)
Loan proceeds/FURA repayments	2,200,000	3,100,000	3,395,000	900,000	4,295,000	1,195,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,250,900	3,750,900	3,274,600	990,200	4,264,800	513,900
Net change in fund balance	(1,687,829)	(1,825,029)	1,611,030	(1,355,324)	255,706	2,080,735
Fund Balance:						
Beginning of year	1,687,829	1,825,029	1,854,115	3,465,145	1,854,115	29,086
End of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,465,145	\$ 2,109,821	\$ 2,109,821	\$ 2,109,821

STREET FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Bienniu	m Budget				
			1st Year	2nd Year		
	Original	Final	FY 2017-18	FY 2018-19	Total	Variance
Revenues:						
Franchise fees	\$ 141,100	\$ 141,100	\$ 59,350	\$ 70,059	129,409	\$ (11,691)
Intergovernmental	1,797,100	1,797,100	597,035	643,183	1,240,218	(556,882)
Charges for services	902,200	902,200	381,239	428,685	809,924	(92,276)
Earnings and contributions	7,100	7,100	9,684	41,219	50,903	43,803
Total revenues	2,847,500	2,847,500	1,047,308	1,183,146	2,230,454	(617,046)
Expenditures:						
Personal services	143,100	143,100	69,504	75,546	145,050	(1,950)
Materials and services	563,550	563,550	261,783	288,406	550,189	13,361
Capital outlay	1,585,800	1,585,800	260,888	115,357	376,245	1,209,555
Debt service	439,500	484,500	255,903	227,908	483,811	689
Contingency	373,442	328,442				328,442
Total expenditures	3,105,392	3,105,392	848,078	707,217	1,555,295	1,550,097
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	(257,892)	(257,892)	199,230	475,929	675,159	933,051
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in	228,000	228,000	228,000	-	228,000	-
Transfers out	(662,000)	(662,000)	(313,100)	(348,900)	(662,000)	-
Loan proceeds	500,000	500,000				(500,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	66,000	66,000	(85,100)	(348,900)	(434,000)	(500,000)
Net change in fund balance	(191,892)	(191,892)	114,130	127,029	241,159	433,051
Fund Balance:						
Beginning of year	191,892	191,892	142,246	256,376	142,246	(49,646)
End of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 256,376	383,405	\$ 383,405	\$ 383,405
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis:						
Street System Development Fund fund	balance			489,825		
GAAP Fund Balance - End of Ye	ar			\$ 873,230		

STREET SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Bienniun	n Budget				
			1st Year	2nd Year		
	Original	Final	FY 2017-18	FY 2018-19	Total	Variance
Revenues:						
Earnings and contributions	\$ 132,100	\$ 132,100	\$ 60,433	\$ 65,728	126,161	\$ (5,939)
Expenditures:						
Materials and services	122,400	122,400	710	708	1,418	120,982
Contingency	353,296	353,296				353,296
Total expenditures	475,696	475,696	710	708	1,418	474,278
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(343,596)	(343,596)	59,723	65,020	124,743	468,339
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers out	(228,000)	(228,000)	(228,000)		(228,000)	
Net change in fund balance	(571,596)	(571,596)	(168,277)	65,020	(103,257)	468,339
Fund Balance: Beginning of year End of year	571,596 \$ -	571,596 \$ -	593,082 \$ 424,805	424,805 489,825	593,082 \$ 489,825	21,486 \$ 489,825

Reconciliation to GAAP Basis:

The Street System Development Fund is budgeted as an individual fund but is combined with the Street Fund for GAAP reporting.

GAAP Fund Balance - End of Year

(489,825) \$ -

FURA GENERAL FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance
Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Biennium Budget					
			1st Year	2nd Year		
	Original	Final	FY 2017-18	FY 2018-19	Total	Variance
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$ 2,750,000	\$ 2,750,000	\$ -	\$ 3,096,221	3,096,221	\$ 346,221
Earnings and contributions	1,000	1,000	13,609	22,733	36,342	35,342
Total revenues	2,751,000	2,751,000	13,609	3,118,954	3,132,563	381,563
Expenditures:						
Materials and services	430,200	1,391,200	208,755	200,265	409,020	982,180
Capital outlay	7,230,000	6,269,000	1,724,498	3,085,573	4,810,071	1,458,929
Contingency	156,284	156,284				156,284
Total expenditures	7,816,484	7,816,484	1,933,253	3,285,838	5,219,091	2,597,393
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	(5,065,484)	(5,065,484)	(1,919,644)	(166,884)	(2,086,528)	2,978,956
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in	250,000	250,000	-	250,000	250,000	-
Loan proceeds	3,900,000	3,900,000	1,100,012	3,700,000	4,800,012	900,012
Total other financing sources (uses)	4,150,000	4,150,000	1,100,012	3,950,000	5,050,012	900,012
Net change in fund balance	(915,484)	(915,484)	(819,632)	3,783,116	2,963,484	3,878,968
Fund Balance:						
Beginning of year	915,484	915,484	956,776	137,144	956,776	41,292
End of year	\$ -	\$ -	<u>\$ 137,144</u>	3,920,260	\$ 3,920,260	\$ 3,920,260

Reconciliation to GAAP Basis:

GASB requires the City to report transactions with FURA as interfund transactions. For budget purposes issuances of loans from the City are reported as other financing sources and repayments are reported as debt service. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting the issuance and repayment of loans are reported as an increase and decrease in the Interfund Note Payable. Loan proceeds received during the year are a reconciling item.

(3,700,000)

The FURA General Fund received the proceeds from the note issued by the City. However, it is the FURA Debt Service Fund that will repay the Note Payable. For the modified accrual basis of accounting a transfer of the liability from the FURA General Fund to the FURA Debt Service Fund is recorded. This transfer is a reconciling item.

3,700,000 \$ 3,920,260

GAAP Fund Balance - End of Year





SPRUCE STREET LID BOND FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Biennium Budget					
			1st Year	2nd Year		
	Original	Final	FY 2017-18	FY 2018-19	Total	Variance
Revenues:	_					
Earnings and contributions	\$ 115,000	\$ 115,000	\$ 125,353	\$ 121,135	\$ 246,488	\$ 131,488
Expenditures:						
Materials and services	800	800	400	855	1,255	(455)
Debt service	193,517	193,517	94,956	98,561	193,517	-
Contingency	271,425	271,425				271,425
Total expenditures	465,742	465,742	95,356	99,416	194,772	270,970
Net change in fund balance	(350,742)	(350,742)	29,997	21,719	51,716	402,458
Fund Balance:						
Beginning of year	350,742	350,742	548,075	578,072	548,075	197,333
End of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 578,072	\$ 599,791	\$ 599,791	\$ 599,791

CITY FURA DEBT SERVICE FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Biennium	n Budget				
			1st Year	2nd Year		
	Original	Final	FY 2017-18	FY 2018-19	Total	Variance
Revenues:	Φ 700.000	4 7 00 000	4.10.000	A 000 770	750.000	A 40.000
Intergovernmental	\$ 703,200	\$ 703,200	\$ 446,230	\$ 306,779	753,009	\$ 49,809
Expenditures:						
Debt service	703,200	703,200	246,230	246,229	492,459	210,741
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures			200,000	60,550	260,550	260,550
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Notes issued to FURA	(3,300,000)	(3,300,000)	(600,012)	(3,300,000)	(3,900,012)	(600,012)
Loan proceeds	3,300,000	3,300,000	-	3,300,000	3,300,000	-
Debt issuance costs				(60,550)	(60,550)	(60,550)
Total other financing sources (uses)			(600,012)	(60,550)	(660,562)	(660,562)
Net change in fund balance	-	-	(400,012)	-	(400,012)	(400,012)
Fund Balance:						
Beginning of year			400,012		400,012	400,012
End of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$ -

Reconciliation to GAAP Basis:

GASB requires the City to report transactions with FURA as interfund transactions. For budget purposes issuances of loans to FURA are reported as other financing uses and repayments are reported as revenue. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting the issuance and repayment of loans are reported as an increase and decrease in the Interfund Note Receivable. The note receivable at June 30, 2019 is a reconciling item.

GAAP Fund Balance - End of Year

6,643,405 \$ 6,643,405

FURA DEBT SERVICE FUND

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Biennium Budget		Actual								
						1st Year	:	2nd Year				
		Original		Final	FY	/ 2017-18	_F	Y 2018-19		Total	,	Variance
Revenues:												
Taxes	\$	815,400	\$	815,400	\$	439,591	\$	520,012	\$	959,603	\$	144,203
Earnings and contributions	_	9,000		9,000		4,908				4,908		(4,092)
Total revenues	_	824,400	_	824,400		444,499		520,012	_	964,511	_	140,111
Expenditures:												
Debt service		1,217,200		1,217,200		446,230		1,146,229		1,592,459		(375,259)
Contingency	_	387,390	_	387,390	_	-				-	_	387,390
Total expenditures	_	1,604,590	_	1,604,590		446,230		1,146,229	_	1,592,459		12,131
Net change in fund balance		(780,190)		(780,190)		(1,731)		(626,217)		(627,948)		152,242
Fund Balance:										-		
Beginning of year		780,190		780,190		281,305		279,574		281,305		(498,885)
End of year	\$	<u> </u>	\$		\$	279,574		(346,643)	\$	(346,643)	\$	(346,643)

Reconciliation to GAAP Basis:

GASB requires the City to report transactions with FURA as interfund transactions. For budget purposes issuances of loans from the City are reported as other financing sources and repayments are reported as debt service. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting the issuance and repayment of loans are reported as an increase and decrease in the Interfund Note Payable. The Note Payable at yearend is a reconciling item.

(6,643,405)

GASB requires the City to report transactions with FURA as interfund transactions. For budget purposes issuances of loans from the City are reported as other financing sources and repayments are reported as debt service. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting the issuance and repayment of loans are reported as an increase and decrease in the Interfund Note Payable. Loan proceeds received during the year are a reconciling item.

3,700,000

The FURA General Fund received the proceeds from the note issued by the City. However, it is the FURA Debt Service Fund that will repay the Note Payable. For the modified accrual basis of accounting a transfer of the liability from the FURA General Fund to the FURA Debt Service Fund is recorded. This transfer is a reconciling item.

(3,700,000)

GAAP Fund Balance - End of Year

\$ (6,990,048)

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds account for revenues derived from specific tax or other earmarked revenue sources, including federal and state grant awards, which are restricted to finance particular functions or activities. Funds included in this fund category are:

9-1-1 Emergency Fund - The 911 Emergency Fund is used to account for revenue from the 911 telephone tax and user fees from various special districts for operation of the Western Lane County Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP).

Room Tax Fund - The Room Tax Fund is used to account for the City's room tax receipts. These taxes are used to help support the Florence Events Center and to accomplish specific marketing of the City and tourism-related projects.

Debt Service Funds account for the accumulation of resources for and payment of general long-term debt principal and interest. Funds included in this category are:

General Obligation Bond Fund - The General Obligation Bond Fund is used to account for the City's general obligation bond activity. Currently, a bond issued to fund construction of water utility infrastructure is accounted for in this fund.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2019

	Special Revenue				D	ebt Service	
	9-1-1					General	
	Emergency			Room Tax	(Obligation	
		Fund		Fund	Е	Bond Fund	Total
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$	342,989	\$	8,152	\$	103,250	\$ 454,391
Accounts		26,002		80,769		-	106,771
Taxes				<u>-</u>	_	7,065	 7,065
Total assets	\$	368,991	\$	88,921	\$	110,315	\$ 568,227
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOUR	RCES	AND FUN	D B	ALANCES			
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable and							
accrued expenses	\$	580	\$	6,572	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 7,152
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenues:							
Property taxes			_		_	6,543	 6,543
Fund Balances: Restricted for:							
Public safety		368,411		-		-	368,411
Tourism		-		82,349		-	82,349
Debt service payments				-		103,772	 103,772
Total fund balances		368,411		82,349		103,772	 554,532
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of							
resources and fund balances	\$	368,991	\$	88,921	\$	110,315	\$ 568,227

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Special I	nue	Del	bt Service			
		9-1-1			(General		
	En	nergency	R	loom Tax	О	bligation		
		Fund	Fund		Вс	and Fund		Total
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$	104,670	\$	414,195	\$	156,027	\$	674,892
Charges for services		152,648		-		-		152,648
Earnings and contributions		696				5,056		5,752
Total revenues		258,014		414,195		161,083	_	833,292
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Public Safety		553,258		-		-		553,258
Non-departmental		-		174,451		-		174,451
Debt service:						404004		101001
Principal		-		-		164,094		164,094
Interest						13,850		13,850
Total expenditures		553,258		174,451		177,944		905,653
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(295,244)		239,744		(16,861)		(72,361)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in		551,600		-		-		551,600
Transfers out		(134,600)		(248,700)				(383,300)
Total other financing sources (uses)		417,000		(248,700)				168,300
Net change in fund balances		121,756		(8,956)		(16,861)		95,939
Fund Balances:								
Beginning of year		246,655		91,305		120,633		458,593
End of year	\$	368,411	\$	82,349	\$	103,772	\$	554,532

911 EMERGENCY FUND

	Bienniun	n Budget				
			1st Year	2nd Year		
	Original	Final	FY 2017-18	FY 2018-19	Total	Variance
Revenues:						
Taxes	\$ 154,200	\$ 154,200	\$ 101,912	\$ 104,670	\$ 206,582	\$ 52,382
Charges for services	329,900	329,900	172,548	152,648	325,196	(4,704)
Earnings and contributions			3,140	696	3,836	3,836
Total revenues	484,100	484,100	277,600	258,014	535,614	51,514
Expenditures:						
Personal services	1,139,200	1,139,200	522,812	500,980	1,023,792	115,408
Materials and services	160,900	160,900	72,924	52,278	125,202	35,698
Capital outlay	20,000	20,000	-	-	-	20,000
Contingency	142,852	142,852				142,852
Total expenditures	1,462,952	1,462,952	595,736	553,258	1,148,994	313,958
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	(978,852)	(978,852)	(318,136)	(295,244)	(613,380)	365,472
over (under) expenditures						
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in	1,087,100	1,087,100	535,500	551,600	1,087,100	-
Transfers out	(265,300)	(265,300)	(130,700)	(134,600)	(265,300)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	821,800	821,800	404,800	417,000	821,800	
Net change in fund balance	(157,052)	(157,052)	86,664	121,756	208,420	365,472
Fund Balance:						
Beginning of year	157,052	157,052	159,991	246,655	159,991	2,939
End of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 246,655	\$ 368,411	\$ 368,411	\$ 368,411

ROOM TAX FUND

	Biennium Budget				Actual						
					1st Year	2nd Year					
	Original		Final	FY	2017-18	FY	′ 2018-19		Total	\	/ariance
Revenues:											
Taxes	\$ 785,300	\$	785,300	\$	409,343	\$	414,195	\$	823,538	\$	38,238
Expenditures:											
Materials and services	314,100		314,100		155,004		174,451		329,455		(15,355)
Contingency	80,402		80,402		<u>-</u>						80,402
Total expenditures	394,502	_	394,502		155,004		174,451		329,455		65,047
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	390,798		390,798		254,339		239,744		494,083		103,285
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers out	(481,200)		(481,200)		(232,500)	_	(248,700)		(481,200)		<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance	(90,402)		(90,402)		21,839		(8,956)		12,883		103,285
Fund Balance:											
Beginning of year	90,402		90,402		69,466		91,305		69,466		(20,936)
End of year	<u>\$ -</u>	\$		\$	91,305	\$	82,349	\$	82,349	\$	82,349

GENERAL OBLIGATION BOND FUND

	 Bienniun	n Βι	ıdget	Actual						
				1st Year		2nd Year				
	 Original		Final	FY	2017-18	_F\	/ 2018-19		Total	 /ariance
Revenues:										
Taxes	\$ 299,000	\$	299,000	\$	150,814	\$	156,027	\$	306,841	\$ 7,841
Earnings and contributions	 1,500		1,500		6,800		5,056		11,856	 10,356
Total revenues	300,500		300,500		157,614		161,083		318,697	18,197
Expenditures:										
Debt service	 359,400		359,400		181,406		177,944		359,350	 50
Net change in fund balance	(58,900)		(58,900)		(23,792)		(16,861)		(40,653)	18,247
Fund Balance:										
Beginning of year	137,311		137,311		120,633		96,841		120,633	 (16,678)
End of year	\$ 78,411	\$	78,411	\$	96,841	\$	79,980	\$	79,980	\$ 1,569



WATER FUND

	Bienniun	n Budget		Actual		
			1st Year	2nd Year		
	Original	Final	FY 2017-18	FY 2018-19	Total	Variance
Revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 4,505,500	\$ 4,505,500	\$ 2,201,046	\$ 2,161,471	4,362,517	\$ (142,983)
Earnings and contributions	287,400	287,400	56,215	5,156	61,371	(226,029)
Total revenues	4,792,900	4,792,900	2,257,261	2,166,627	4,423,888	(369,012)
Expenditures:						
Personal services	664,000	714,000	320,766	344,262	665,028	48,972
Materials and services	1,047,500	1,047,500	515,295	519,212	1,034,507	12,993
Capital outlay	3,730,000	3,730,000	1,537,599	660,528	2,198,127	1,531,873
Debt service	315,400	315,400	169,667	146,112	315,779	(379)
Contingency	597,844	547,844				547,844
Total expenditures	6,354,744	6,354,744	2,543,327	1,670,114	4,213,441	2,141,303
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	(1,561,844)	(1,561,844)	(286,066)	496,513	210,447	1,772,291
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in	200,000	200,000	71,972	-	71,972	(128,028)
Transfers out	(1,352,200)	(1,352,200)	(655,000)	(697,200)	(1,352,200)	(500,000)
Loan proceeds	500,000	500,000			<u>-</u>	(500,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(652,200)	(652,200)	(583,028)	(697,200)	(1,280,228)	(628,028)
Net change in fund balance	(2,214,044)	(2,214,044)	(869,094)	(200,687)	(1,069,781)	1,144,263
Fund Balance:						
Beginning of year	2,214,044	2,214,044	2,155,461	1,286,367	2,155,461	(58,583)
End of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,286,367	1,085,680	\$ 1,085,680	\$ 1,085,680
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis:						
Water System Development Fund net po	sition			347,461		
Capital assets				9,140,966		
Inventory				53,107		
Accrued interest payable Compensated absences				(7,452) (19,191)		
Long-term debt				(1,781,598)		
Net pension asset (liability)				(1,761,396)		
Deferred outflow (inflow) related to pensi	ions			41,672		
Net OPEB asset (liability)				(20,040)		
Deferred outflow (inflow) related to OPEI	В			3,287		
GAAP Net Position - End of Year				\$ 8,688,521		
2.				,-30,021		

WATER SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT FUND

	Biennium Budget			Actual							
					1st Year	2	nd Year				
	Original		Final	F١	Y 2017-18	FY	2018-19	Total		Variance	
Revenues:											
Earnings and contributions	\$ 218,300	\$	218,300	\$	136,929	\$	144,744		281,673	\$	63,373
Expenditures:											
Materials and services	20,000		20,000		1,775		4,461		6,236		13,764
Contingency	124,710		124,710		-		-		-		124,710
Total expenditures	144,710		144,710		1,775		4,461		6,236		138,474
Excess (deficiency) of revenues											
over (under) expenditures	73,590		73,590		135,154		140,283		275,437		201,847
Other Financing Sources (Uses):											
Transfers out	(200,000)		(200,000)		(71,972)				(71,972)		128,028
Net change in fund balance	(126,410)		(126,410)		63,182		140,283		203,465		329,875
Fund Balance:											
Beginning of year	126,410		126,410		138,284		201,466		138,284		11,874
End of year	\$ -	\$		\$	201,466		341,749	\$	341,749	\$	341,749
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis:											
Unavailable revenues - notes receivable							5,712				
GAAP Net Position - End of Year,	before transfer						347,461				
The Water System Development Fund is	budgeted as a	n ind	lividual								
fund but is combined with the Water Fun							(347,461)				
GAAP Net Position - End of Year			•			\$	(077, 701)				
GAAF NEL FUSILION - ENU OF TEAT						φ	<u>-</u>				

WASTEWATER FUND

	Bienniur	n Budget				
	`	_	1st Year	2nd Year		
	Original	Final	FY 2017-18	FY 2018-19	Total	Variance
Revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 6,515,400	\$ 6,515,400	\$ 3,225,921	\$ 3,219,693	6,445,614	\$ (69,786)
Earnings and contributions	923,700	991,300	254,259	115,735	369,994	(621,306)
Total revenues	7,439,100	7,506,700	3,480,180	3,335,428	6,815,608	(691,092)
Expenditures:						
Personal services	720,800	780,800	376,675	414,276	790,951	(10,151)
Materials and services	1,327,400	1,527,400	681,141	725,119	1,406,260	121,140
Capital outlay	2,362,500	2,562,500	970,924	1,119,148	2,090,072	472,428
Debt service	2,356,600	2,320,100	1,193,996	1,191,557	2,385,553	(65,453)
Contingency	610,457	322,057	-	-	-	322,057
Total expenditures	7,377,757	7,512,857	3,222,736	3,450,100	6,672,836	840,021
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	61,343	(6,157)	257,444	(114,672)	142,772	148,929
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in	757,500	757,500	429,264	328,236	757,500	_
Transfers out	(1,382,500)	(1,382,500)	(672,600)	(709,900)	(1,382,500)	_
Total other financing sources (uses)	(625,000)	(625,000)	(243,336)	(381,664)	(625,000)	
Net change in fund balance	(563,657)	(631,157)	14,108	(496,336)	(482,228)	148,929
Fund Balance:						
Beginning of year	563,657	631,157	631,199	645,307	631,199	42
End of year	\$ -	<u> </u>	\$ 645,307	148,971	<u>\$ 148,971</u>	<u>\$ 148,971</u>
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis:						
Wastewater System Development Fund	I net position			276,243		
Capital assets				16,600,390		
Inventory				14,762		
Accrued interest payable				(18,525)		
Compensated absences				(18,880)		
Long-term debt				(5,794,256)		
Net pension asset (liability)				(291,897)		
Deferred outflow (inflow) related to pens	sions			78,288		
Net OPEB asset (liability)	_			(25,616)		
Deferred outflow (inflow) related to OPE	В			4,203		
GAAP Net Position - End of Year				\$ 10,973,683		

WASTEWATER SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT FUND

	Biennium Budget			Actual							
					1st Year	2	nd Year				
	Original		Final	FY	/ 2017-18	FY 2018-19		Total		Variance	
Revenues:											
Earnings and contributions	\$ 217,40	0 \$	217,400	\$	183,141	\$	182,363		365,504	\$	148,104
Expenditures:											
Materials and services	19,20	0	19,200		1,775		8,177		9,952		9,248
Contingency	41,72	0	41,720								41,720
Total expenditures	60,92	0	60,920		1,775		8,177	_	9,952		50,968
Excess (deficiency) of revenues											
over (under) expenditures	156,48	0	156,480		181,366		174,186		355,552		199,072
Other Financing Sources (Uses):											
Transfers out	(757,50	0)	(757,500)		(429,264)		(328,236)		(757,500)		<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance	(601,02	0)	(601,020)		(247,898)		(154,050)		(401,948)		199,072
Fund Balance:											
Beginning of year	601,02	0	601,020		629,276		381,378		629,276		28,256
End of year	\$	<u>-</u> \$		\$	381,378		227,328	\$	227,328	\$	227,328
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis:											
Unavailable revenues - notes receivable							48,915				
GAAP Net Position - End of Year,	before transf	er					276,243				
individual fund but is combined with the			for GAAP								
reporting.							(276,243)				
GAAP Net Position - End of Year						\$					

AIRPORT FUND

	Bienniun	n Budget		Actual		
			1st Year	2nd Year		
	Original	Final	FY 2017-18	FY 2018-19	Total	Variance
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,143,800	\$ 1,143,800	\$ -	\$ 1,009,096	1,009,096	\$ (134,704)
Charges for services	99,000	99,000	62,592	62,552	125,144	26,144
Earnings and contributions	170,668	170,668	131,799	102,914	234,713	64,045
Total revenues	1,413,468	1,413,468	194,391	1,174,562	1,368,953	(44,515)
Expenditures:						
Materials and services	171,700	221,700	103,134	104,880	208,014	13,686
Capital outlay	1,205,800	1,155,800	203,652	884,127	1,087,779	68,021
Contingency	19,506	19,506				19,506
Total expenditures	1,397,006	1,397,006	306,786	989,007	1,295,793	101,213
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	16,462	16,462	(112,395)	185,555	73,160	56,698
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers out	(54,800)	(54,800)	(26,700)	(28,100)	(54,800)	
Net change in fund balance	(38,338)	(38,338)	(139,095)	157,455	18,360	56,698
Fund Balance:						
Beginning of year	38,338	38,338	36,324	(102,771)	36,324	(2,014)
End of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (102,771)	54,684	\$ 54,684	\$ 54,684
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis:						
Capital assets				3,582,209		
Inventory				24,797		
GAAP Net Position - End of Year				\$ 3,661,690		

STORMWATER FUND

	Bienniun	n Budget		Actual		
		_	1st Year	2nd Year	_	
	Original	Final	FY 2017-18	FY 2018-19	Total	Variance
Revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 1,101,500	\$ 1,101,500	\$ 539,279	\$ 537,070	1,076,349	\$ (25,151)
Earnings and contributions	15,500	15,500	13,866	1,754	15,620	120
Total revenues	1,117,000	1,117,000	553,145	538,824	1,091,969	(25,031)
Expenditures:						
Personal services	239,700	239,700	67,267	146,990	214,257	25,443
Materials and services	114,850	114,850	46,779	61,121	107,900	6,950
Capital outlay	500,000	500,000	84,873	119,835	204,708	295,292
Debt service	33,500	52,100	16,350	7,103	23,453	28,647
Contingency	495,060	495,060				495,060
Total expenditures	1,383,110	1,401,710	215,269	335,049	550,318	851,392
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	(266,110)	(284,710)	337,876	203,775	541,651	826,361
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in	110,000	110,000	84,873	25,127	110,000	-
Transfers out	(542,400)	(542,400)	(142,500)	(399,900)	(542,400)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(432,400)	(432,400)	(57,627)	(374,773)	(432,400)	
Net change in fund balance	(698,510)	(717,110)	280,249	(170,998)	109,251	826,361
Fund Balance:						
Beginning of year	698,510	698,510	671,688	951,937	671,688	(26,822)
End of year	\$ -	\$ (18,600)	\$ 951,937	780,939	\$ 780,939	\$ 799,539
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis:						
Stormwater System Development Fund	net position			240,601		
Capital assets				1,897,280		
Accrued interest payable				(639)		
Compensated absences				(3,452)		
Long-term debt				(238,668)		
Net pension asset (liability)				(27,655)		
Deferred outflow (inflow) related to pensi	ons			7,418		
Net OPEB asset (liability)				(6,587)		
Deferred outflow (inflow) related to OPEI	3			1,081		
GAAP Net Position - End of Year				\$ 2,650,318		
2.2 23 21 21				- -,,		

STORMWATER SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT FUND

		Bienniun	n Bu	ıdget	Actual							
						1st Year	2	nd Year				
	Or	riginal		Final	FY	/ 2017-18	FY	2018-19		Total	\	/ariance
Revenues:												
Earnings and contributions	\$ '	163,600	\$	163,600	\$	87,458	\$	68,288		155,746	\$	(7,854)
Expenditures:												
Materials and services		67,000		67,000		710		2,563		3,273		63,727
Contingency		118,516		99,916		-		-		-		99,916
Total expenditures		185,516		166,916		710		2,563		3,273		163,643
Excess (deficiency) of revenues												
over (under) expenditures		(21,916)		(3,316)		86,748		65,725		152,473		155,789
Other Financing Sources (Uses):												
Transfers out	(110,000)		(110,000)		(84,873)		(25,127)		(110,000)		<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance	(*	131,916)		(113,316)		1,875		40,598		42,473		155,789
Fund Balance:												
Beginning of year		131,916		131,916		185,975		187,850		185,975		54,059
End of year	\$		\$	18,600	\$	187,850		228,448	\$	228,448	\$	209,848
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis:												
Unavailable revenues - notes receivable								12,153				
GAAP Net Position - End of Year, individual fund but is combined with the S				r GAAP				240,601				
reporting.	J.01111V	Tator i un	10	. 3, 0 11				(240,601)				
GAAP Net Position - End of Year							\$					

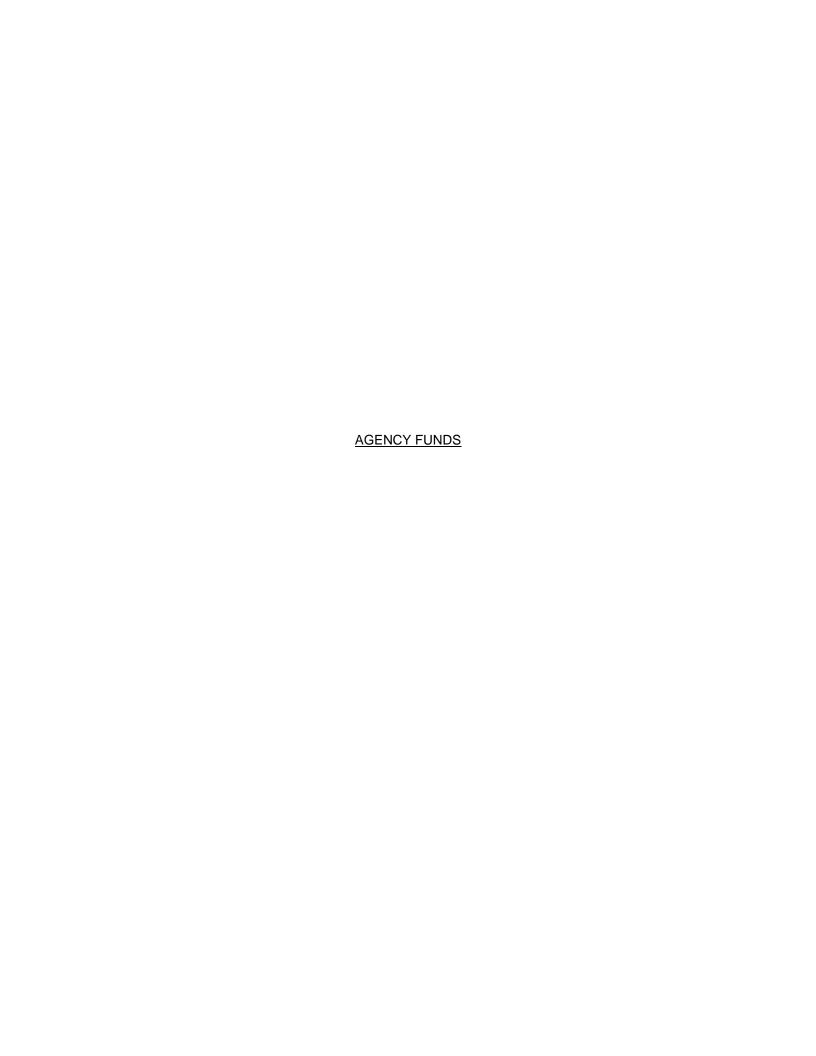
EVENTS CENTER FUND

	Bienniur	n Budget		Actual		
		_	1st Year	2nd Year		
	Original	Final	FY 2017-18	FY 2018-19	Total	Variance
Revenues:	-					
Intergovernmental	\$ 202,000	\$ 202,000	\$ 108,005	\$ 118,078	226,083	\$ 24,083
Charges for services	450,400	450,400	239,712	243,595	483,307	32,907
Earnings and contributions	353,500	353,500	215,836	156,707	372,543	19,043
Total revenues	1,005,900	1,005,900	563,553	518,380	1,081,933	76,033
Expenditures:						
Personal services	677,000	627,000	285,092	251,992	537,084	89,916
Materials and services	732,500	782,500	385,747	397,048	782,795	(295)
Capital outlay	149,000	149,000	112,897	7,846	120,743	28,257
Debt service	14,100	14,100	-	-	-	14,100
Contingency	243,414	243,414				243,414
Total expenditures	1,816,014	1,816,014	783,736	656,886	1,440,622	375,392
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	(810,114)	(810,114)	(220,183)	(138,506)	(358,689)	451,425
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in	596,200	596,200	297,500	298,700	596,200	-
Transfers out	(297,600)	(297,600)	(56,200)	(60,300)	(116,500)	181,100
Loan proceeds	200,000	200,000				(200,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	498,600	498,600	241,300	238,400	479,700	(18,900)
Net change in fund balance	(311,514)	(311,514)	21,117	99,894	121,011	432,525
Fund Balance:						
Beginning of year	390,514	390,514	345,681	366,798	345,681	(44,833)
End of year	\$ 79,000	\$ 79,000	\$ 366,798	466,692	\$ 466,692	\$ 387,692
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis:						
Capital assets				1,985,669		
Compensated absences				(23,188)		
Net pension asset (liability)				(227,825)		
Deferred outflow (inflow) related to pensi	ons			61,103		
Net OPEB asset (liability)				(16,564)		
Deferred outflow (inflow) related to OPEE	3			2,717		
GAAP Net Position - End of Year				\$ 2,248,604		



PUBLIC WORKS ADMIN FUND

	Bienniun	n Budget				
			1st Year	2nd Year	_	
	Original	Final	FY 2017-18	FY 2018-19	Total	Variance
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,500	\$ 2,500	\$ 2,500
Charges for services	36,900	36,900	22,900	-	22,900	(14,000)
Earnings and contributions			21,552		21,552	21,552
Total revenues	36,900	36,900	44,452	2,500	46,952	10,052
Expenditures:						
Personal services	1,136,900	1,124,900	532,032	518,057	1,050,089	74,811
Materials and services	225,523	247,523	93,183	183,525	276,708	(29,185)
Capital outlay	1,975,000	2,275,000	2,078,301	188,045	2,266,346	8,654
Debt service	438,200	438,200	219,610	219,610	439,220	(1,020)
Contingency	96,639	36,489				36,489
Total expenditures	3,872,262	4,122,112	2,923,126	1,109,237	4,032,363	89,749
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	(3,835,362)	(4,085,212)	(2,878,674)	(1,106,737)	(3,985,411)	99,801
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in	2,053,800	2,053,800	1,016,700	1,037,100	2,053,800	
Net change in fund balance	(1,781,562)	(2,031,412)	(1,861,974)	(69,637)	(1,931,611)	99,801
Fund Balance:						
Beginning of year	1,781,562	2,031,412	2,031,413	169,439	2,031,413	1
End of year	<u> </u>	\$ -	\$ 169,439	99,802	\$ 99,802	\$ 99,802
Reconciliation to GAAP Basis:						
Capital assets				3,764,848		
Accrued interest payable				(8,761)		
Compensated absences				(44,848)		
Long-term debt				(2,981,956)		
Net pension asset (liability)				(454,114)		
Deferred outflow (inflow) related to pens	ions			121,796		
Net pension asset (liability)				(30,850)		
Deferred outflow (inflow) related to pens	ions			5,061		
GAAP Net Position - End of Year				\$ 470,978		



City of Florence, Oregon

AGENCY FUNDS

Schedule of Changes in Assets and Liabilities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	 lances 1, 2018	 Additions	D	eductions	В	alances June 30, 2019
Municipal Court Agency Fund ASSETS Cash and investments	\$ 50,384	\$ 309,389	\$	(310,888)	\$	48,88 <u>5</u>
LIABILITIES Amounts held for others	\$ 50,384	\$ 309,389	\$	(310,888)	\$	48,885





COMMENTS AND DISCLOSURES OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR REQUIRED BY STATE STATUE

Honorable Mayor and City Commission City of Florence, Oregon

1976 Garden Ave. Eugene, OR 97403 541.342.5161 www.islercpa.com

We have audited the basic financial statements of the City of Florence, Oregon ("City") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and have issued our report thereon dated September 29, 2020. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants including provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 to 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on determination of financial statements amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

We performed procedures to the extent we considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures which included, but were not limited to the following:

Deposits of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295).

Indebtedness limitations, restrictions and repayment.

Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294).

Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law.

Programs funded from outside sources.

Highway revenues used for public highways, roads, and streets.

Authorized investment of surplus funds (ORS Chapter 294).

Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, 279C).

In connection with our testing nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe the City of Florence, Oregon was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, except as follows:

- 1. Expenditures exceeded budgeted amounts as described in note II.B. to the financial statements.
- 2. Accounting records were not prepared timely and accurately.
- 3. Internal controls were limited due to a lack of segregation of duties.



OAR 162-10-0230 Internal Control

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We identified a deficiency in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be a material weaknesses, as described in the AU Section 325 written communication.

This report is intended for the information of the City Council and the Secretary of State Division of Audits of the State of Oregon. However, this report is a matter of public record and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these parties.

Isler CPA

By:

Paul R Nielson, CPA, a member of the firm

Paul R nielson

Eugene, Oregon

September 29, 2020



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

1976 Garden Ave. Eugene, OR 97403 541.342.5161 www.islercpa.com

Honorable Mayor and City Commission City of Florence

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Florence as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of Florence's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 29, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City of Florence's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Florence's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Florence's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. During our audit we did identify a deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as 2019-001 that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of Florence's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.



Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Isler CPA

By: Paul Nielson, CPA, a member of the firm

Paul R Nielson

Eugene, Oregon September 29, 2020



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Honorable Mayor and City Commission City of Florence

1976 Garden Ave. Eugene, OR 97403 541.342.5161 www.islercpa.com

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the compliance of City of Florence with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of City of Florence's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. The City of Florence's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of City of Florence's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about City of Florence's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of City of Florence's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, City of Florence, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.



Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of City of Florence, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered City of Florence's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Florence's internal control over compliance. A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Isler CPA

By: Paul Nielson, CPA, a member of the firm

Paul R nielson

Eugene, Oregon September 29, 2020

CITY OF FLORENCE

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section I – Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements:

Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
 Material weakness(es) identified? 	Yes
 Significant deficiency(ies) that are not considered to be material weaknesses? 	No
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	No
Federal Awards:	
Internal control over major programs:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	No
Significant deficiency(ies) that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	No
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs?	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 516(a) of the Uniform Guidance?	Yes
Identification of Major Federal Award Programs:	
Name of Federal Program or Cluster	CFDA Number
Airport Improvement Program Highway Planning and Construction	20.106 20.205
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs: Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	\$750,000 No

CITY OF FLORENCE

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs, continued Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section I – Financial Statement Findings

Finding 2019-001

Criteria: Internal controls over financial reporting should include a process for ensuring that the financial records can be closed in a timely manner.

Condition: The City was unable to prepare the original information needed to support the financial statements in a timely manner.

Cause: Review of audit documentation resulted in both changes to the original documentation and the preparation of journal entries to correct the trial balance. The trial balance originally provided to the auditor required 36 journal entries.

Effect: Lack of proper documentation or a correct recording of transactions at year end could result in a material misstatement that is not detected and corrected in a timely manner.

Response

The staff on the June 30, 2019 audit was new (less than six months). Prior staff that had control over the GL had made accounting decisions that weren't conveyed to the new staff. Many of the 36 journal entries that were done were to reverse what had been done by the prior Finance Director and it is expected that there will always be corrections to the trial balance as the auditors complete their work.

Every attempt was made to have all information to the auditors in a timely manner, however when questions are posed on December 26th and later, it makes it difficult on staff to respond in time for a December 31 report. Staff received ten emails from the auditors after the visit in October, two of which were in December (4th and 26th). The average response time for these questions was ten days. Staff received another seven emails from the period of January 2020 to April 2020.

I was not informed of any lack of documenting journal entries and have been working with staff on this since my joining the team in March of 2019. I feel that this finding is unfair in that Isler appeared to not start working on the report until December and has had multiple deadlines for its completion not met. Several requests for ETA's have gone unanswered.

Section II - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None

Section III - Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings

None

CITY OF FLORENCE

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

For the Year Ended

June 30, 2019

Federal Grantor / Pass-Through Grantor / Program Title	CFDA Number	Expenditures		
U.S. Department of Interior				
Passed through State of Oregon Parks and Recreation Department				
Outdoor Recreation, Acquisition, Development and Planning	15.916	\$ 22,275		
U.S. Department of Justice				
Passed through Oregon Department of Justice				
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program	16.607	3,099		
Public Safety Partnership & Community Policing Grants	16.710	26,210		
Total U.S. Department of Justice		29,309		
U.S. Department of Transportation				
Airport Improvement Program	20.106	795,714		
Passed through Oregon Department of Transportation				
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	1,900,395		
Total Highway Planning and Construction Cluster		1,900,395		
Passed through Oregon Association of Chiefs of Police				
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	4,642		
Total U.S. Department of Transportation		2,700,751		
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$ 2,752,335		

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of the City of Florence under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 US Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200 *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principals, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards.* Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operation of the City of Florence, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in financial position, or cash flow for the City of Florence.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Expenditures reported on this schedule are recognized following the cost principles in Title 2 US Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200 *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principals, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, where certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. There where no grant funds pass-through to other entities.

The City of Florence has not elected to use the 10% de minimis cost rate.